

**STATE OF FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL**

**Financial Audit**

**HILLSBOROUGH COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

For the Fiscal Year Ended  
June 30, 2019



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Auditor General

## **Board of Trustees and President**

During the 2018-19 fiscal year, Dr. Kenneth H. Atwater served as President of Hillsborough Community College and the following individuals served as Members of the Board of Trustees:

Beatriz "Betty" D. Viamontes, Chair from 6-27-19, Vice Chair through 6-26-19

Randall H. Reid, Vice Chair from 6-27-19

Steven P. Cona III, Chair through 12-5-18 <sup>a</sup>

Dipa Shah, Chair from 12-6-18 through 6-26-19

Brigadier General Arthur "Chip" Diehl III (Ret.)

<sup>a</sup> Trustee resigned 12-5-18, and Trustee position vacant through 6-30-19.

The Auditor General conducts audits of governmental entities to provide the Legislature, Florida's citizens, public entity management, and other stakeholders unbiased, timely, and relevant information for use in promoting government accountability and stewardship and improving government operations.

The team leader was Sehrish Ladhani, and the audit was supervised by Rachel P. Sellers, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Jaime N. Hoelscher, CPA, Audit Manager, by e-mail at [jaimehoelscher@aud.state.fl.us](mailto:jaimehoelscher@aud.state.fl.us) or by telephone at (850) 412-2868.

This report and other reports prepared by the Auditor General are available at:

[FLAuditor.gov](http://FLAuditor.gov)

Printed copies of our reports may be requested by contacting us at:

**State of Florida Auditor General**

**Claude Pepper Building, Suite G74 · 111 West Madison Street · Tallahassee, FL 32399-1450 · (850) 412-2722**

**HILLSBOROUGH COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<u>Page No.</u>
SUMMARY .....	i
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT .....	1
Report on the Financial Statements .....	1
Other Reporting Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> .....	2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS .....	4
<b>BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</b>	
Statement of Net Position .....	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position .....	17
Statement of Cash Flows .....	18
Notes to Financial Statements .....	20
<b>OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION</b>	
Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios .....	43
Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan .....	44
Schedule of College Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan .....	44
Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan.....	46
Schedule of College Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan.....	46
Notes to Required Supplementary Information .....	48
<b>INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH <i>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</i> .....</b>	
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting .....	49
Compliance and Other Matters .....	50
Purpose of this Report .....	50

## SUMMARY

---

### SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit disclosed that the basic financial statements of Hillsborough Community College (a component unit of the State of Florida) were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

### SUMMARY OF REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Our audit did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### AUDIT OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

Our audit objectives were to determine whether Hillsborough Community College and its officers with administrative and stewardship responsibilities for College operations had:

- Presented the College's basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- Established and implemented internal control over financial reporting and compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements; and
- Complied with the various provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that are material to the financial statements.

The scope of this audit included an examination of the College's basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We obtained an understanding of the College's environment, including its internal control, and assessed the risk of material misstatement necessary to plan the audit of the basic financial statements. We also examined various transactions to determine whether they were executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

An examination of Federal awards administered by the College is included within the scope of our Statewide audit of Federal awards administered by the State of Florida.

### AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Auditor General

# AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

Claude Denson Pepper Building, Suite G74  
111 West Madison Street  
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1450



Phone: (850) 412-2722  
Fax: (850) 488-6975

The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the  
House of Representatives, and the  
Legislative Auditing Committee

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hillsborough Community College, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its discretely presented component unit as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### ***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### ***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, which represent 100 percent of the transactions and account balances of the discretely presented component unit columns. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the

assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### ***Opinions***

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Hillsborough Community College and of its discretely presented component unit as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### ***Other Matter***

#### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**, the **Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios**, **Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of College Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, **Schedule of College Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, and **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 23, 2020, on our consideration of the Hillsborough Community College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations,

contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Hillsborough Community College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Tallahassee, Florida  
January 23, 2020

## **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

---

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial position and activities of the College for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto. The MD&A, and financial statements and notes thereto, are the responsibility of College management. The MD&A contains financial activity of the College and its component unit, The Hillsborough Community College Foundation, Inc. for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, and June 30, 2018.

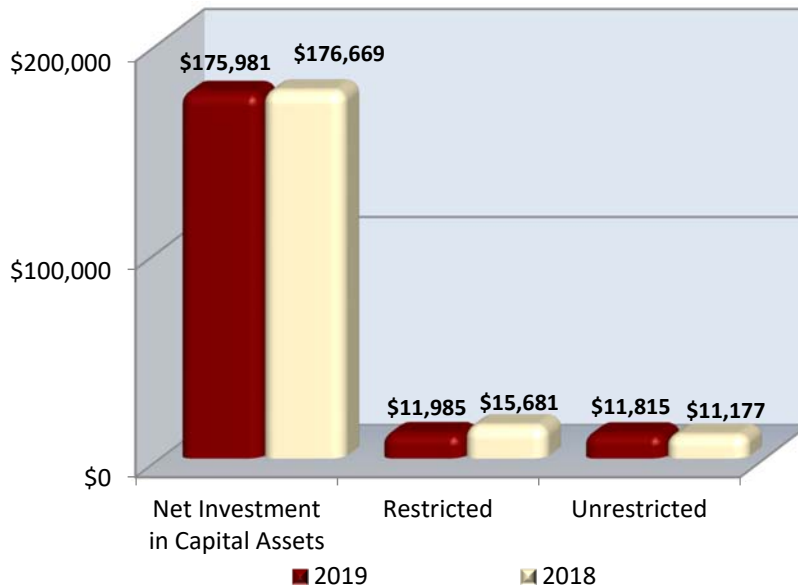
### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The College's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled \$291.5 million at June 30, 2019. This balance reflects a \$4.1 million, or 1.4 percent, decrease as compared to the 2017-18 fiscal year, resulting from \$1.4 million decrease in deferred outflows of resources due to changes in actuarial assumptions related to pension liability and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) payable and net changes in current and noncurrent assets of \$2.7 million. While assets and deferred outflows of resources decreased, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$0.4 million, or 0.4 percent, totaling \$91.7 million at June 30, 2019, including a \$2.6 million increase in deferred inflows of resources due to changes in actuarial assumptions related to pension liability and OPEB payable and net changes in current and noncurrent liabilities of \$3 million. As a result, the College's net position decreased by \$3.7 million, resulting in a year-end balance of \$199.8 million.

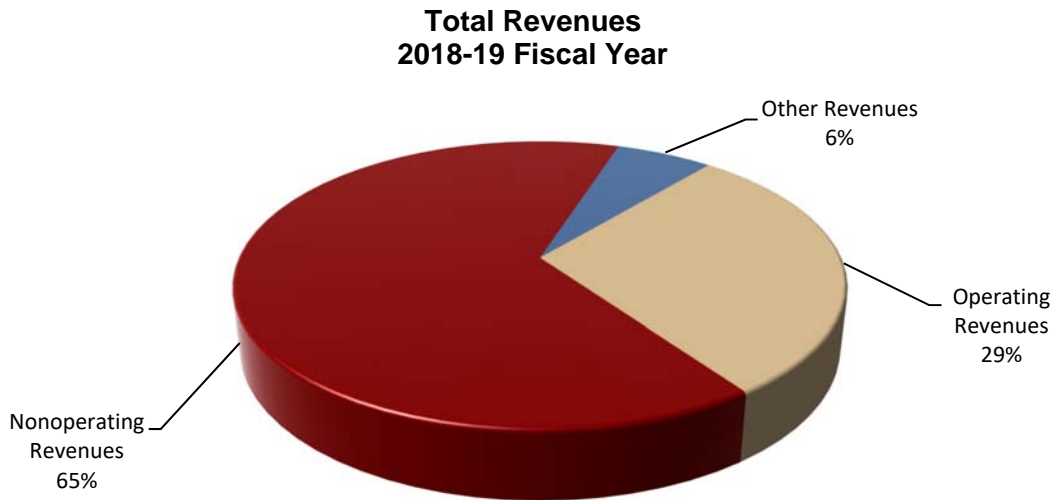
The College's operating revenues totaled \$58.1 million for the 2018-19 fiscal year, representing a 0.8 percent increase compared to the 2017-18 fiscal year due mainly to an increase in net tuition and fees. Operating expenses totaled \$203.2 million for the 2018-19 fiscal year, representing an increase of 6.5 percent as compared to the 2017-18 fiscal year due mainly to an increase of \$5.4 million in materials and supplies related to renovation projects and \$4.7 million in personnel services due to increases in other professional expenses and actuarial adjustments related to pension and OPEB Plan.

Net position represents the residual interest in the College's assets and deferred outflows of resources after deducting liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The College's comparative total net position by category for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, and June 30, 2018, is shown in the following graph:

**Net Position  
(In Thousands)**



The following chart provides a graphical presentation of College revenues by category for the 2018-19 fiscal year:



**OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 35, the College's financial report consists of three basic financial statements: the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and the statement of cash flows. The financial statements, and notes thereto, provide information on the College as a whole, present a long-term view of the College's finances, and include activities for the following entities:

- Hillsborough Community College (Primary Institution) – Most of the programs and services generally associated with a college fall into this category, including instruction, public service, and support services.
- The Hillsborough Community College Foundation, Inc. (Component Unit) – Although legally separate, this component unit is important because the College is financially accountable for it, as the College reports its financial activities to the State of Florida.

### **The Statement of Net Position**

The statement of net position reflects the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the College, using the accrual basis of accounting, and presents the financial position of the College at a specified time. Assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is one indicator of the College's current financial condition. The changes in net position that occur over time indicate improvement or deterioration in the College's financial condition.

A condensed statement of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of the College and its component unit as of June 30, 2019, and June 30, 2018, is shown in the following:

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position at June 30**

(In Thousands)

	<b>College</b>		<b>Component Unit</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
<b>Assets</b>				
Current Assets	\$ 71,079	\$ 74,943	\$ 2,210	\$ 1,944
Capital Assets, Net	185,249	183,174	10,140	10,704
Other Noncurrent Assets	10,349	11,230	14,677	11,984
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>266,677</b>	<b>269,347</b>	<b>27,027</b>	<b>24,632</b>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>24,797</b>	<b>26,224</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Current Liabilities	13,963	15,562	2,132	1,257
Noncurrent Liabilities	70,903	72,287	11,872	12,694
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>84,866</b>	<b>87,849</b>	<b>14,004</b>	<b>13,951</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>6,827</b>	<b>4,195</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Net Position</b>				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	175,981	176,669	(2,559)	(2,205)
Restricted	11,985	15,681	11,116	9,327
Unrestricted	11,815	11,177	4,466	3,559
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>\$ 199,781</b>	<b>\$ 203,527</b>	<b>\$ 13,023</b>	<b>\$ 10,681</b>

The net decrease in current assets is primarily due to the usage of proceeds from the loan acquired in the 2017-18 fiscal year for construction at the Dale Mabry campus, a decrease in current investments offset by an increase of net accounts receivable and an increase in prepaid expenses.

The net increase in capital assets is primarily due to additions to construction in progress which is partially offset by the depreciation of capital assets.

The net increase in the College's deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources and the decrease in noncurrent liabilities are primarily due to the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions related to economic and demographic factors of all active, inactive and retired employees as applied to pensions. As a result of the changes in assets and liabilities, the College's ending net position decreased \$3.7 million or 1.8 percent.

### **The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position**

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the College's revenue and expense activity, categorized as operating and nonoperating. Revenues and expenses are recognized when earned or incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The following summarizes the activities of the College and its component unit for the 2018-19 and 2017-18 fiscal years:

#### **Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years (In Thousands)**

	<b>College</b>		<b>Component Unit</b>	
	<b>2018-19</b>	<b>2017-18</b>	<b>2018-19</b>	<b>2017-18</b>
Operating Revenues	\$ 58,054	\$ 57,566	\$ 7,492	\$ 5,563
Less, Operating Expenses	203,240	190,751	6,399	6,069
<b>Operating Income (Loss)</b>	(145,186)	(133,185)	1,093	(506)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	129,270	127,212	1,249	1,418
<b>Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues</b>	(15,916)	(5,973)	2,342	912
Other Revenues	12,194	17,510	-	-
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) In Net Position</b>	(3,722)	11,537	2,342	912
Net Position, Beginning of Year	203,527	192,203	10,681	9,769
Adjustment to Beginning Net Position (1)	(24)	(213)	-	-
<b>Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated</b>	203,503	191,990	10,681	9,769
<b>Net Position, End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 199,781</b>	<b>\$ 203,527</b>	<b>\$ 13,023</b>	<b>\$ 10,681</b>

(1) For the 2018-19 and 2017-18 fiscal years, the College's beginning net position was decreased due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

### **Operating Revenues**

GASB Statement No. 35 categorizes revenues as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions where each of the parties to the transaction either gives or receives something of equal or similar value.

The following summarizes the operating revenues by source that were used to fund operating activities for the College and its component unit for the 2018-19 and 2017-18 fiscal years:

## Operating Revenues For the Fiscal Years

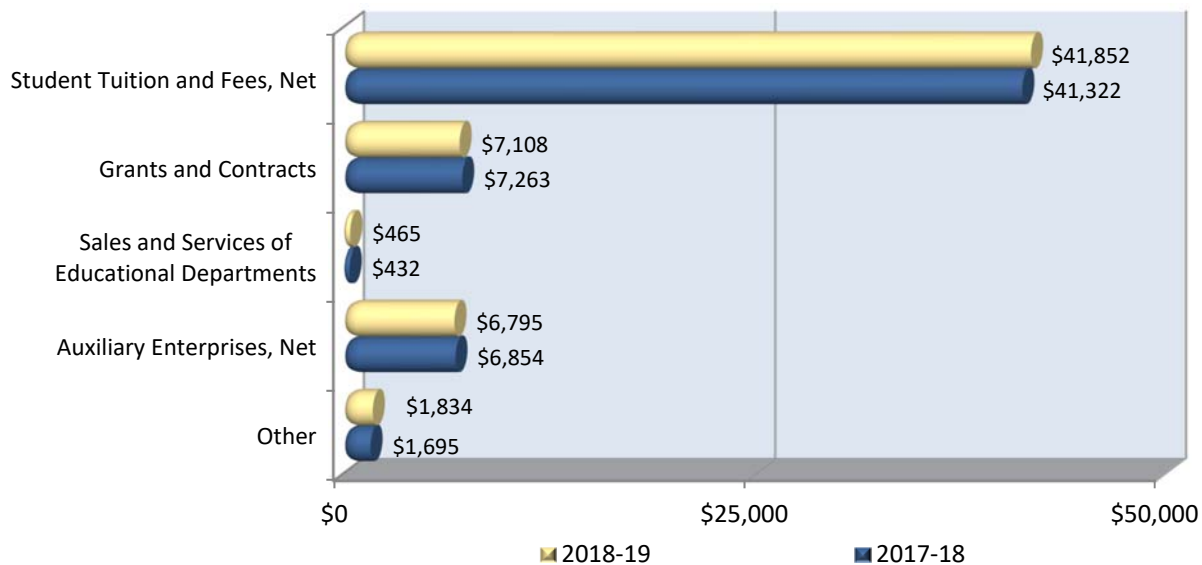
(In Thousands)

	College		Component Unit	
	2018-19	2017-18	2018-19	2017-18
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 41,852	\$ 41,322	\$ -	\$ -
Grants and Contracts	7,108	7,263	3,343	4,108
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	465	432	-	-
Auxiliary Enterprises, Net	6,795	6,854	-	-
Other	1,834	1,695	4,149	1,455
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 58,054</b>	<b>\$ 57,566</b>	<b>\$ 7,492</b>	<b>\$ 5,563</b>

The following chart presents the College's operating revenues for the 2018-19 and 2017-18 fiscal years:

### Operating Revenues

(In Thousands)



College operating revenue increased \$0.5 million mainly due to a slight increase in net tuition and fees.

### Operating Expenses

Expenses are categorized as operating or nonoperating. The majority of the College's expenses are operating expenses as defined by GASB Statement No. 35. GASB gives financial reporting entities the choice of reporting operating expenses in the functional or natural classifications. The College has chosen to report the expenses in their natural classification on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and has displayed the functional classification in the notes to financial statements.

The following summarizes operating expenses by natural classification for the College and its component unit for the 2018-19 and 2017-18 fiscal years:

## Operating Expenses For the Fiscal Years

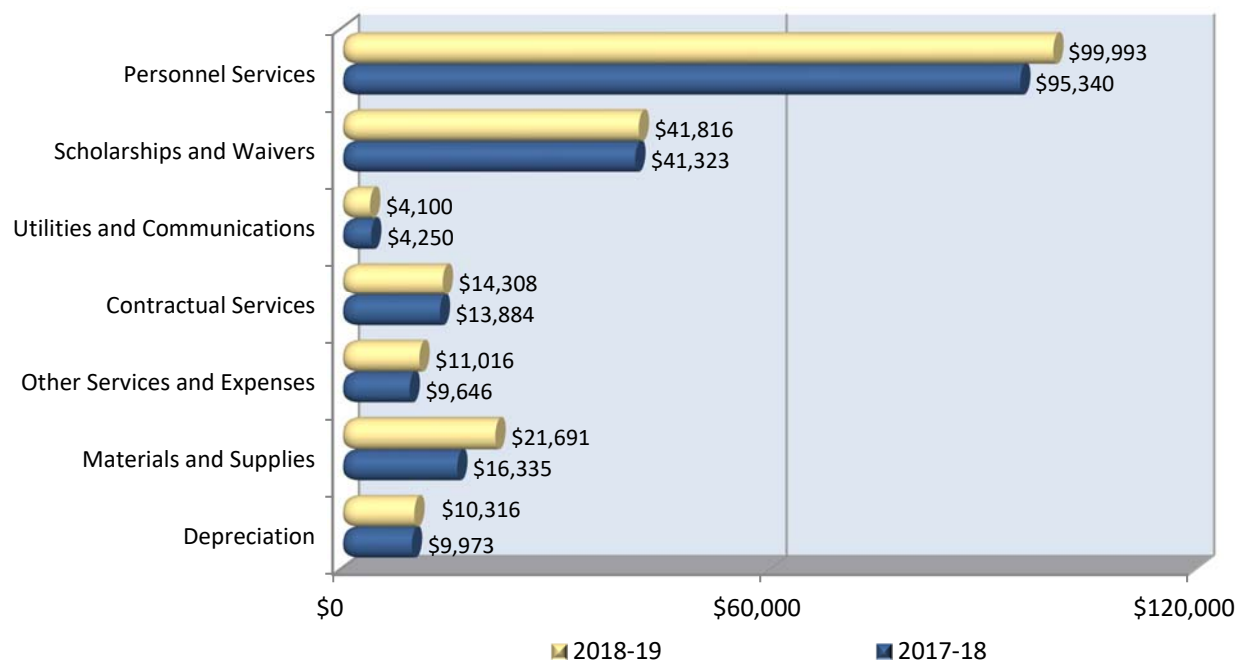
(In Thousands)

	College		Component Unit	
	2018-19	2017-18	2018-19	2017-18
Personnel Services	\$ 99,993	\$ 95,340	\$ 605	\$ 611
Scholarships and Waivers	41,816	41,323	2,849	2,613
Utilities and Communications	4,100	4,250	-	-
Contractual Services	14,308	13,884	-	-
Other Services and Expenses	11,016	9,646	2,024	1,975
Materials and Supplies	21,691	16,335	-	-
Depreciation	10,316	9,973	921	870
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>\$ 203,240</b>	<b>\$ 190,751</b>	<b>\$ 6,399</b>	<b>\$ 6,069</b>

The following chart presents the College's operating expenses for the 2018-19 and 2017-18 fiscal years:

### Operating Expenses

(In Thousands)



College operating expense changes were mainly the result of an increase in spending of \$5.4 million in materials and supplies due to renovation projects and an increase of \$4.7 million in personnel services due to increases in other professional expenses and an actuarial adjustment related to pensions and OPEB, for the 2018-19 fiscal year.

### **Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses**

Certain revenue sources that the College relies on to provide funding for operations, including State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, certain gifts and grants, and investment income, are defined by GASB as nonoperating. Nonoperating expenses include capital

financing costs and other costs related to capital assets. The following summarizes the College's nonoperating revenues and expenses for the 2018-19 and 2017-18 fiscal years:

**Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)  
For the Fiscal Years**

(In Thousands)

	2018-19	2017-18
State Noncapital Appropriations	\$ 66,912	\$ 66,819
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	60,182	59,332
Gifts and Grants	1,333	753
Investment Income	1,118	534
Unrealized Loss on Investments	(50)	(63)
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	138	-
Interest on Capital Asset-Related Debt	(363)	(163)
<b>Net Nonoperating Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 129,270</b>	<b>\$ 127,212</b>

Nonoperating revenues increased by \$2.1 million due to a \$0.9 million increase in Federal and State student financial aid, a \$0.6 million increase in gifts and grants, and a \$0.6 million increase in investment income.

**Other Revenues**

This category is composed of State capital appropriations and capital grants, contracts, gifts, and fees. The following summarizes the College's other revenues for the 2018-19 and 2017-18 fiscal years:

**Other Revenues  
For the Fiscal Years**

(In Thousands)

	2018-19	2017-18
State Capital Appropriations	\$ 7,130	\$ 12,474
Capital Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Fees	5,064	5,036
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 12,194</b>	<b>\$ 17,510</b>

Other revenues decreased by \$5.3 million. This is primarily due to a decrease in the Public Education Capital Outlay appropriation.

**The Statement of Cash Flows**

The statement of cash flows provides information about the College's financial results by reporting the major sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. This statement will assist in evaluating the College's ability to generate net cash flows, its ability to meet its financial obligations as they come due, and its need for external financing. Cash flows from operating activities show the net cash used by the operating activities of the College. Cash flows from capital financing activities include all plant funds and related long-term debt activities. Cash flows from investing activities show the net source and use of cash related to purchasing or selling investments and earning income on those investments. Cash flows from noncapital financing activities include those activities not covered in other sections.

The following summarizes the College's cash flows for the 2018-19 and 2017-18 fiscal years:

**Condensed Statement of Cash Flows  
For the Fiscal Years**

(In Thousands)

	<b>2018-19</b>	<b>2017-18</b>
Cash Provided (Used) by:		
Operating Activities	\$(135,718)	\$(119,626)
Noncapital Financing Activities	128,427	126,904
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(3,389)	13,530
Investing Activities	1,316	(3,998)
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	(9,364)	16,810
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	63,265	46,455
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 53,901</b>	<b>\$ 63,265</b>

Major sources of funds came from State noncapital appropriations (\$66.9 million), Federal and State Student Financial Aid (\$60.2 million), State capital appropriations (\$6.1 million), Federal Direct Student Loan program receipts (\$50.4 million), net student tuition and fees (\$39.9 million), grants and contracts (\$7.2 million), and bookstore receipts (\$6.4 million). Major uses of funds were for payments to employees and for employee benefits (\$96.5 million), disbursements to students for Federal Direct Student Loans (\$50.4 million), payments for scholarships (\$41.6 million), payments to suppliers (\$48.5 million), and purchases of capital assets (\$12.2 million).

Changes in cash and cash equivalents were the result of the following factors:

- The increase in operating activities is due to an increase of \$11.8 million in payments to suppliers and \$4 million increase in payments of employee salaries and benefits.
- The increase in noncapital financing activities is due to an increase of \$0.6 million in other nonoperating receipts and a \$0.9 million increase in Federal and State Student Financial Aid.
- The decrease in capital and related financing activities is primarily due to the \$10 million decrease in proceeds of capital debt and a \$6.4 million decrease in State capital appropriations.
- The increase in investing activities is primarily due to a \$5.5 million increase from purchases of investments and an increase of \$0.2 million from the sale of investments and a \$0.5 million increase in investment income offset by a \$1 million decrease in proceeds from sales and maturities of investments.

<b>CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION</b>
---

**Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2019, the College had \$350.6 million in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation of \$165.4 million, for net capital assets of \$185.2 million. Depreciation charges for the current fiscal year totaled \$10.3 million. The following table summarizes the College's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30:

## Capital Assets, Net at June 30

(In Thousands)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Land	\$ 29,744	\$ 29,756
Construction in Progress	2,117	11,954
Buildings	146,198	133,933
Other Structures and Improvements	898	1,396
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	2,640	2,331
Leasehold Improvements	3,652	3,804
<b>Capital Assets, Net</b>	<b><u>\$185,249</u></b>	<b><u>\$183,174</u></b>

Additional information about the College's capital assets is presented in the notes to financial statements.

### **Debt Administration**

As of June 30, 2019, the College had \$13.2 million in outstanding notes payable, representing a decrease of \$2 million, or 13.1 percent, from the prior fiscal year. The following table summarizes the outstanding long-term debt by type for the fiscal years ended June 30:

### Long-Term Debt at June 30

(In Thousands)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
SBE Capital Outlay Bonds	\$ -	\$ 350
Notes Payable	13,166	14,793
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 13,166</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 15,143</u></b>

The State Board of Education issues capital outlay bonds on behalf of the College. During the 2018-19 fiscal year, there were no bond sales; however, there was a bond retired for \$350,000 and debt repayments totaled \$1.6 million. Additional information about the College's long-term debt is presented in the notes to financial statements.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS THAT WILL AFFECT THE FUTURE

The College will continue to lobby for an increase in tuition and fees where appropriate to develop additional revenue. In keeping with a long-standing College tradition, in developing future budgets management will ensure that revenues and expenditures are balanced.

### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplementary information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Al Erdman, Vice President for Administration/Chief Financial Officer, Hillsborough Community College, 39 Columbia Drive, Tampa, Florida 33606.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## HILLSBOROUGH COMMUNITY COLLEGE A Component Unit of the State of Florida Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

	College	Component Unit
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 41,872,857	\$ 1,275,222
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,109,591	-
Investments	3,622,275	-
Accounts Receivable, Net	10,313,726	916,079
Note Receivable	12,805	-
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	5,247,967	-
Due from Component Unit	472,777	-
Inventories	1,619,604	-
Prepaid Expenses	1,807,392	19,076
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>71,078,994</b>	<b>2,210,377</b>
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,918,941	3,053,605
Investments	4,271,927	10,398,017
Note Receivable	19,994	-
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	153,388,110	10,140,412
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	31,861,275	-
Other Assets	137,500	1,224,684
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	<b>195,597,747</b>	<b>24,816,718</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>266,676,741</b>	<b>27,027,095</b>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>		
Other Postemployment Benefits	774,365	-
Pensions	24,022,679	-
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>24,797,044</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	5,536,987	134,071
Accrued Interest Payable	-	22,710
Salaries and Payroll Taxes Payable	3,712,765	-
Retainage Payable	167,323	-
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	11,563	-
Due to College	-	472,777
Unearned Revenue	15,504	40,292
Estimated Insurance Claims Payable	1,600,839	-
Deposits Held for Others	423,525	-
Other Current Liabilities	-	634,650
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion:		
Notes Payable	1,661,000	828,000
Compensated Absences Payable	400,000	-
Net Pension Liability	433,681	-
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>13,963,187</b>	<b>2,132,500</b>

	<u>College</u>	<u>Component Unit</u>
<b>LIABILITIES (Continued)</b>		
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Notes Payable	11,505,000	11,871,837
Compensated Absences Payable	2,707,845	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	1,498,849	-
Net Pension Liability	55,191,277	-
<b>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</b>	<u>70,902,971</u>	<u>11,871,837</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<u>84,866,158</u>	<u>14,004,337</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>		
Other Postemployment Benefits	87,784	-
Pensions	6,739,040	-
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<u>6,826,824</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	175,981,192	(2,559,425)
Restricted:		
Nonexpendable:		
Endowment	-	4,076,901
Expendable:		
Grants and Loans	2,847,838	1,996,685
Scholarships	220,867	3,108,985
Capital Projects	8,916,279	-
Other	-	1,933,968
Unrestricted	11,814,627	4,465,644
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<u>\$ 199,780,803</u>	<u>\$ 13,022,758</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

**HILLSBOROUGH COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
**A Component Unit of the State of Florida**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

	<u>College</u>	<u>Component Unit</u>
<b>REVENUES</b>		
Operating Revenues:		
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarship Allowances of \$20,746,989	\$ 41,851,879	\$ -
Federal Grants and Contracts	4,719,119	-
State and Local Grants and Contracts	1,774,477	-
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	614,537	3,343,198
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	465,052	-
Auxiliary Enterprises, Net of Scholarship Allowances of \$1,686,017	6,794,721	-
Other Operating Revenues	1,834,378	4,148,991
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	<b>58,054,163</b>	<b>7,492,189</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>		
Operating Expenses:		
Personnel Services	99,993,356	605,369
Scholarships and Waivers	41,815,986	2,848,183
Utilities and Communications	4,099,274	-
Contractual Services	14,308,122	-
Other Services and Expenses	11,016,155	2,023,995
Materials and Supplies	21,691,104	-
Depreciation	10,315,706	921,448
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>203,239,703</b>	<b>6,398,995</b>
<b>Operating Income (Loss)</b>	<b>(145,185,540)</b>	<b>1,093,194</b>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>		
State Noncapital Appropriations	66,911,798	-
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	60,182,181	-
Gifts and Grants	1,333,053	1,357,960
Investment Income	1,117,872	400,244
Unrealized Loss on Investments	(49,917)	(360,700)
Realized Gain on Investments	-	486,181
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	138,262	-
Interest on Capital Asset-Related Debt	(363,345)	-
Other Nonoperating Expenses	-	(634,650)
<b>Net Nonoperating Revenues</b>	<b>129,269,904</b>	<b>1,249,035</b>
<b>Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues</b>	<b>(15,915,636)</b>	<b>2,342,229</b>
State Capital Appropriations	7,129,415	-
Capital Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Fees	5,064,285	-
<b>Total Other Revenues</b>	<b>12,193,700</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Position</b>	<b>(3,721,936)</b>	<b>2,342,229</b>
Net Position, Beginning of Year	203,526,654	10,680,529
Adjustment to Beginning Net Position	(23,915)	-
<b>Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated</b>	<b>203,502,739</b>	<b>10,680,529</b>
<b>Net Position, End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 199,780,803</b>	<b>\$ 13,022,758</b>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**HILLSBOROUGH COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
**A Component Unit of the State of Florida**  
**Statement of Cash Flows**

**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019**

	<b>College</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 39,912,383
Grants and Contracts	7,153,370
Payments to Suppliers	(48,539,282)
Payments for Utilities and Communications	(4,099,274)
Payments to Employees	(75,095,613)
Payments for Employee Benefits	(21,387,269)
Payments for Scholarships	(41,627,138)
Auxiliary Enterprises, Net	6,398,284
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	465,052
Other Receipts	1,101,516
	<b>(135,717,971)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	
State Noncapital Appropriations	66,911,798
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	60,182,181
Federal Direct Loan Program Receipts	50,392,386
Federal Direct Loan Program Disbursements	(50,392,386)
Other Nonoperating Receipts	1,333,053
	<b>128,427,032</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	
State Capital Appropriations	6,103,750
Capital Grants and Gifts	5,064,285
Purchases of Capital Assets	(12,216,683)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(1,977,000)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(363,345)
	<b>(3,388,993)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Sale of Investments	248,680
Investment Income	1,067,955
	<b>1,316,635</b>
<b>Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>(9,363,297)</b>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	63,264,686
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 53,901,389</b>

	<u>College</u>
<b>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Operating Loss	\$ (145,185,540)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation Expense	10,315,706
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Receivables, Net	(2,280,411)
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	195,101
Due from Other Component Unit	(254,424)
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	(654,552)
Inventories	(96,843)
Prepaid Expenses	(1,241,029)
Accounts Payable	(104,390)
Salaries and Payroll Taxes Payable	269,957
Unearned Revenue	(34,805)
Estimated Insurance Claims Payable	132,229
Deposits Held for Others	99,869
Compensated Absences Payable	(372,663)
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	63,267
Net Pension Liability	(628,309)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	130,784
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits	27,127
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	1,296,443
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	2,604,512
<b>NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<u>\$ (135,717,971)</u>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Unrealized losses on investments were recognized on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, but are not cash transactions for the statement of cash flows.	\$ (49,917)

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

---

## **1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Reporting Entity.** The governing body of Hillsborough Community College, a component unit of the State of Florida, is the College Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees constitutes a corporation and is composed of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The Board of Trustees is under the general direction and control of the Florida Department of Education, Division of Florida Colleges, and is governed by State law and State Board of Education rules. However, the Board of Trustees is directly responsible for the day-to-day operations and control of the College within the framework of applicable State laws and SBE rules. The College serves Hillsborough County.

Criteria for defining the reporting entity are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, Sections 2100 and 2600. These criteria were used to evaluate potential component units for which the Board of Trustees is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Board of Trustees are such that exclusion would cause the College's financial statements to be misleading. Based on the application of these criteria, the College is a component unit of the State of Florida, and its financial balances and activities are reported in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by discrete presentation.

**Discretely Presented Component Unit.** Based on the application of the criteria for determining component units, The Hillsborough Community College Foundation, Inc. (Foundation), a legally separate entity, is included within the College's reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit and is governed by a separate board.

The Foundation is also a direct-support organization, as defined in Section 1004.70, Florida Statutes, and although legally separate from the College, is financially accountable to the College. The Foundation is managed independently, outside the College's budgeting process, and its powers generally are vested in a governing board pursuant to various State statutes. The Foundation receives, holds, invests, and administers property, and makes expenditures to or for the benefit of the College.

The Foundation is audited by other auditors pursuant to Section 1004.70(6), Florida Statutes. The Foundation's audited financial statements are available to the public and can be obtained from the Vice President for Financial Administration/Chief Financial Officer, Hillsborough Community College, 39 Columbia Drive, Tampa, Florida 33606. The financial data reported on the accompanying financial statements was derived from the Foundation's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

**Basis of Presentation.** The College's accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to public colleges and universities as prescribed by GASB. The National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO) also provides the College with recommendations prescribed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by GASB and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). GASB allows public colleges various reporting options. The College has elected to report as an entity engaged in only

business-type activities. This election requires the adoption of the accrual basis of accounting and entitywide reporting including the following components:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements:
  - Statement of Net Position
  - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
  - Statement of Cash Flows
  - Notes to Financial Statements
- Other Required Supplementary Information

**Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.** Basis of accounting refers to when revenues, expenses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The College's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange activities are generally recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. The College follows GASB standards of accounting and financial reporting.

The College's component unit uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and follows FASB standards of accounting and financial reporting for not-for-profit organizations.

Significant interdepartmental sales between auxiliary service departments and other institutional departments have been accounted for as reductions of expenses and not revenues of those departments.

The College's principal operating activity is instruction. Operating revenues and expenses generally include all fiscal transactions directly related to instruction as well as administration, academic support, student services, physical plant operations, and depreciation of capital assets. Nonoperating revenues include State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, gifts and grants, and investment income. Interest on capital asset-related debt is a nonoperating expense. Other revenues generally include revenues for capital construction projects.

The statement of net position is presented in a classified format to distinguish between current and noncurrent assets and liabilities. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to fund certain programs, it is the College's policy to first apply the restricted resources to such programs followed by the use of the unrestricted resources.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is presented by major sources and is reported net of tuition scholarship allowances. Tuition scholarship allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is actually paid by

the student or the third party making payment on behalf of the student. The College applied the “Alternate Method” as prescribed in NACUBO Advisory Report 2000-05 to determine the reported net tuition scholarship allowances. Under this method, the College computes these amounts by allocating the cash payments to students, excluding payments for services, using a ratio of total aid to aid not considered third-party aid.

The statement of cash flows is presented using the direct method in compliance with GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents.** The amount reported as cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand, cash in demand accounts, money market funds, and cash invested with the State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida PRIME investment pool. For reporting cash flows, the College considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, that are not held solely for income or profit, to be cash equivalents. Under this definition, the College considers amounts invested in the SBA Florida PRIME investment pool to be cash equivalents.

College cash deposits are held in banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All such deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida’s multiple financial institution collateral pool required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Cash and cash equivalents that are externally restricted to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, or to purchase or construct capital or other restricted assets are classified as restricted.

At June 30, 2019, the College reported as cash equivalents \$33,794,865 in the Florida PRIME investment pool administered by the SBA pursuant to Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The College’s investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool, which the SBA indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. The Florida PRIME investment pool carried a credit rating of AAAM by Standard & Poor’s and had a weighted-average days to maturity (WAM) of 28 days as of June 30, 2019. A portfolio’s WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating-rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the Florida PRIME investment pool to interest rate changes. The investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool are reported at amortized cost. Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, provides that “the principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board [State Board of Administration] can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review

the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days.” As of June 30, 2019, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant’s daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

At June 30, 2019, the College had \$1,064,669 in money market funds that carried a credit of AAAm by Standard & Poor’s and had a WAM of 30 days.

**Inventories.** Inventories consist of items for resale by the campus bookstore, and are valued using the last invoice cost, which approximates the first-in, first-out method of inventory valuation. Consumable laboratory supplies, teaching materials, and office supplies on hand in College departments are expensed when purchased, and are not considered material. Accordingly, these items are not included in the reported inventory.

**Capital Assets.** College capital assets consist of land, construction in progress, buildings, other structures and improvements, furniture, machinery, and equipment, and leasehold improvements. These assets are capitalized and recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or at acquisition value at the date received in the case of gifts and purchases of State surplus property. Additions, improvements, and other outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The College has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for tangible personal property and \$25,000 for buildings and other structures and improvements. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

- Buildings – 40 years
- Other Structures and Improvements – 10 years
- Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment:
  - Computer Equipment – 3 years
  - Vehicles, Office Machines, and Educational Equipment – 5 years
  - Furniture – 7 years
  - Pianos – 10 years
- Leasehold Improvements – 40 years

**Noncurrent Liabilities.** Noncurrent liabilities include notes payable, compensated absences payable, other postemployment benefits payable, and net pension liabilities that are not scheduled to be paid within the next fiscal year.

**Pensions.** For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and HIS fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## 2. Adjustment to Beginning Net Position

The net pension liability for the FRS Pension Plan at July 1, 2017 was increased by \$10,152,810 due to the restatement of the fund's beginning net position as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. The College's proportionate share of this restated beginning net liability was \$23,915.

## 3. Investments

The Board of Trustees has adopted a written investment policy providing that surplus funds of the College shall be invested in those institutions and instruments permitted under the provisions of Florida Statutes. Section 218.415(16), Florida Statutes, authorizes the College to invest in the Florida PRIME investment pool administered by the SBA; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits and savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined by Section 280.02, Florida Statutes; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; obligations of Federal agencies and instrumentalities; securities of, or interests in, certain open-end or closed-end management type investment companies; and other investments approved by the Board of Trustees as authorized by law. SBE Rule 6A-14.0765(3), Florida Administrative Code, provides that College loan, endowment, annuity, and life income funds may also be invested pursuant to Section 215.47, Florida Statutes. Investments authorized by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, include bonds, notes, commercial paper, and various other types of investments.

Investments set aside to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, or to purchase or construct capital assets are classified as restricted.

**Fair Value Measurement.** The College categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

All of the College's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019, are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

The College's investments at June 30, 2019, are reported as follows:

	Amount	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
<b>Investments by fair value level</b>				
United States Treasury Securities	\$ 1,249,350	\$ 1,249,350	\$ -	\$ -
Bonds and Notes	3,026,045	3,026,045	-	-
Certificates of Deposit	3,618,807	3,618,807	-	-
<b>Total investments by fair value level</b>	<b>\$ 7,894,202</b>	<b>\$ 7,894,202</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

**Certificates of Deposit.** The College reported investments totaling \$3,618,807 at June 30, 2019, in certificates of deposits (CDs) with 15 banks. The investments in CDs were fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The CDs carry original maturity dates ranging from 1.30 to 3.08 years and, at June 30, 2019, have a WAM of 713 days. The College's investments in CDs are held in the name of a third-party custodial bank, not in the name of the College.

**U.S. Treasury Securities.** The College reported investments totaling \$1,249,350 at June 30, 2019, in United States (U.S.) Treasury Bills. The U.S. treasury bills have a WAM of 31 days. The U.S. treasury bills are backed by the Treasury Department of the U.S. government and are rated AA+ by Standard and Poor's. The College's investments in U.S. treasury bills are held in the name of a third-party custodial bank, not in the name of the College.

**Corporate Bonds.** The College reported investments totaling \$3,026,045 at June 30, 2019, in corporate bonds. The corporate bonds carry original maturity dates ranging from 1.05 to 2.19 years and, at June 30, 2019, have a WAM of 252 days. The College's investments in corporate bonds have ratings that range from A+ to A- by Standard & Poor's. The College's investments in Corporate Bonds are held in the name of a third party custodial bank, not in the name of the College.

The following risks apply to these investments:

*Interest Rate Risk:* Interest rate is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The College's investment policy, as a means of mitigating this risk, suggests that the investment portfolio shall be constructed in such a manner as to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. To the extent possible, an attempt will be made to match investment maturities with known cash needs and anticipated cash-flow requirements. The intent of the investment policy is to buy and hold financial instruments until maturity whenever feasible. At June 30, 2019, the corporate bonds have a WAM of 252 days.

*Credit Risk:* Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Credit risk is evaluated by independent investment rating organizations such as Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Services. The lower the rating, the greater the risk that the bond issuer may default or fail to meet its payment obligations. The College's investment policy allows investments in certain fixed income securities including Corporate Debt. As of June 30, 2019, the College's investment in corporate bonds had ratings that ranged from A+ to A- by Standard & Poor's.

*Custodial Credit Risk:* Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the College will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The College's investment policy addresses custodial credit risk in that all securities purchased by the College shall be properly designated as an asset of the Districted Board of Trustees of Hillsborough Community College and held in safe keeping by a third party custodial bank or other third party custodial institution. If a bank or trust company serves in the capacity of Investment Manager, said bank or trust company could also perform required custodial and reporting services. The College's \$3,026,045 investment in corporate bonds was uninsured and held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the College.

*Concentration of Credit Risk:* Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The College's investment policy does not limit the amount the College

may invest in any one issuer; however, investments held shall be diversified to control the risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, instrument, dealer or bank through which financial instruments are bought and sold.

**Component Unit Investments.** The College's component unit reported investments totaling \$10,398,017 at June 30, 2019, of which \$9,664,840 is invested in mutual funds and \$733,177 is invested in other investments. The College's component unit recognizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The mutual funds and \$403,918 of its other investments are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs) and \$329,259 of its other investments are valued using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

#### **4. Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable represent amounts for student fee deferments, various student services provided by the College, uncollected commissions for food service and vending machine sales, and contract and grant reimbursements due from third parties. The accounts receivable are reported net of a \$1,757,037 allowance for doubtful accounts.

#### **5. Note Receivable**

Note receivable represents a promissory note issued to the College by a Florida not-for-profit corporation dated September 30, 2011, for \$116,803. The interest rate for the note is 3.21 percent per annum on the unpaid principal balance from the date of the note through and including December 1, 2021. Monthly fixed payments of \$1,139 for principal and interest commenced on January 1, 2012, and are scheduled for 120 consecutive months. As of June 30, 2019, the outstanding balance is \$32,799.

#### **6. Due From Other Governmental Agencies**

The amount due from other governmental agencies primarily consists of \$2,997,338 of Public Education Capital Outlay allocations due from the State for construction, remodeling, and renovation of College facilities, and \$1,503,910 for the Federal student loan program.

#### **7. Due From Component Unit**

The \$472,777 reported as due from component unit consists of amounts owed to the College by the Foundation at June 30, 2019, for private grants awarded to the College, but not paid by the Foundation.

#### **8. Capital Assets**

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, is shown in the following table:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 29,756,180	\$ -	\$ 11,857	\$ 29,744,323
Construction in Progress	11,953,834	10,911,882	20,748,764	2,116,952
<b>Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets</b>	<b>\$ 41,710,014</b>	<b>\$ 10,911,882</b>	<b>\$ 20,760,621</b>	<b>\$ 31,861,275</b>
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	\$ 264,946,409	\$ 20,748,764	\$ 97,155	\$ 285,598,018
Other Structures and Improvements	10,225,228	-	125,961	10,099,267
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	16,168,393	1,491,228	997,082	16,662,539
Leasehold Improvements	6,376,319	-	-	6,376,319
<b>Total Depreciable Capital Assets</b>	<b>297,716,349</b>	<b>22,239,992</b>	<b>1,220,198</b>	<b>318,736,143</b>
Less, Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	131,013,672	8,483,393	97,155	139,399,910
Other Structures and Improvements	8,829,108	497,972	125,961	9,201,119
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	13,837,231	1,182,820	997,082	14,022,969
Leasehold Improvements	2,572,514	151,521	-	2,724,035
<b>Total Accumulated Depreciation</b>	<b>156,252,525</b>	<b>10,315,706</b>	<b>1,220,198</b>	<b>165,348,033</b>
<b>Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net</b>	<b>\$ 141,463,824</b>	<b>\$ 11,924,286</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 153,388,110</b>

## 9. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2019, includes student tuition and fees received prior to fiscal year end related to subsequent accounting periods. As of June 30, 2019, the College reported \$15,504 as unearned revenue.

## 10. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, is shown in the following table:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Current Portion</u>
Bonds Payable	\$ 350,000	\$ -	\$ 350,000	\$ -	\$ -
Notes Payable	14,793,000	-	1,627,000	13,166,000	1,661,000
Compensated Absences Payable	3,480,508	-	372,663	3,107,845	400,000
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	1,435,582	669,243	605,976	1,498,849	-
Net Pension Liability	56,253,267	4,218,836	4,847,145	55,624,958	433,681
<b>Total Long-Term Liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 76,312,357</b>	<b>\$ 4,888,079</b>	<b>\$ 7,802,784</b>	<b>\$ 73,397,652</b>	<b>\$ 2,494,681</b>

**Notes Payable.** On December 13, 2013, the College borrowed \$12 million, at a stated interest rate of 2.09 percent, to construct a new science building at the SouthShore Campus and for renovations and remodeling of the Technology Building at the Dale Mabry Campus. The note matures on December 1, 2020, and principal and interest payments are made semi-annually.

On May 25, 2018, the College borrowed \$10 million at a stated interest rate of 2.5 percent, to complete the construction of the Allied Health Building at the Dale Mabry Campus. The note matures on

May 23, 2025, and principal and interest payments are made semi-annually. The first interest payment began on December 1, 2018, and annual principal payments begin on December 1, 2021.

The College uses fee sources to pledge to repay both the bank notes. Both notes include provisions that in an event of default, the banks will seek to enforce its rights through legal proceedings to require the Board to meet its obligations under the note agreement. Further, one of the bank notes contain provisions that in an event of default the bank may accelerate payment for all principal and interest due under the note.

The College's capital improvement fees collected pursuant to Sections 1009.22 and 1009.23, Florida Statutes, are pledged as security for the notes. The College has pledged a total of \$14,350,297 of capital improvement fees in connection with the notes payable. During the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the College recognized capital improvement fees totaling \$5,064,283 and expensed \$1,972,845 (39 percent) of these revenues for debt service directly collateralized by these revenues. The pledged capital improvement fee revenues are committed until final maturity of the debt on December 1, 2020, and May 23, 2025, respectively. Annual requirements to amortize the outstanding notes as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u> <u>Ending June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 1,661,000	\$ 307,496	\$ 1,968,496
2021	1,505,000	265,727	1,770,727
2022	1,895,000	226,313	2,121,313
2023	1,945,000	178,313	2,123,313
2024	1,995,000	129,063	2,124,063
2025	4,165,000	77,385	4,242,385
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 13,166,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,184,297</b>	<b>\$ 14,350,297</b>

**Revenue Note Payable – Component Unit.** On December 15, 2016, the Foundation refinanced the Student Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, with a revenue note payable in the amount of \$14,734,000 at a fixed interest rate equal to 2.07 percent. The proceeds raised from the issuance of the bonds were used to construct a 420-bed student housing facility. The note payable matures on December 1, 2032. The future scheduled maturities for the revenue note payable are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u> <u>Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 828,000
2021	847,000
2022	864,000
2023	882,000
2024	899,000
2025-2029	4,788,000
2030-2033	3,655,000
<b>Subtotal</b>	12,763,000
Less, Unamortized Loan Costs	(63,163)
<b>Total Revenue Notes Payable</b>	<b>\$ 12,699,837</b>

**Compensated Absences Payable.** College employees may accrue annual and sick leave based on length of service, subject to certain limitations regarding the amount that will be paid upon termination. The College reports a liability for the accrued leave; however, State noncapital appropriations fund only the portion of accrued leave that is used or paid in the current fiscal year. Although the College expects the liability to be funded primarily from future appropriations, generally accepted accounting principles do not permit the recording of a receivable in anticipation of future appropriations. At June 30, 2019, the estimated liability for compensated absences, which includes the College's share of the Florida Retirement System and FICA contributions, totaled \$3,107,845. The current portion of the compensated absences liability, \$400,000, is the amount expected to be paid in the coming fiscal year and represents a historical average of terminal leave payments over the last 10 years.

**Other Postemployment Benefits Payable.** The College follows GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for certain other postemployment benefits administered by the College and life insurance benefits through purchased commercial insurance.

#### ***General Information about the OPEB Plan***

*Plan Description.* The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the College. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the College are eligible to participate in the College's health and hospitalization plan for medical, prescription drug, dental, vision, and life insurance coverage. The College subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the OPEB Plan on average than those of active employees. The College does not offer any explicit subsidies for retiree coverage. Retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare (Medicare) program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

*Benefits Provided.* The OPEB Plan provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents. The OPEB Plan only provides an implicit subsidy as described above.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms.* At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	15
DROP Members	55
Active Employees	918
<b>Total</b>	<u>988</u>

***Total OPEB Liability***

The College's total OPEB liability of \$1,498,849 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

*Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs.* The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Real wage growth	0.65 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Salary increases	
Regular Employees	4.00 - 7.80 percent
Senior Management	4.70 - 7.10 percent
Discount rate	3.87 percent at measurement date
	3.56 percent at prior measurement date
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent for 2017, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023
Medicare	5.50 percent for 2017, decreasing to an ultimate rate 5.00 percent by 2020

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for FRS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2014.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, and withdrawal used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013, adopted by the FRS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017, valuation.

**Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

	<b>Amount</b>
<b>Balance at 6/30/18</b>	<u>\$ 1,435,582</u>
<b>Changes for the year:</b>	
Service Cost	99,936
Interest	41,080
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	528,227
Changes in Assumptions or Other Inputs	(37,692)
Benefit Payments	<u>(568,284)</u>
<b>Net Changes</b>	<u>63,267</u>
<b>Balance at 6/30/19</b>	<u><u>\$ 1,498,849</u></u>

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56 percent in 2017 to 3.87 percent in 2018 due to a change in the Municipal Bond Rate.

*Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.* The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.87 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.87 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (2.87%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (3.87%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (4.87%)</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$1,625,426	\$1,498,849	\$1,385,880

*Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates.* The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$1,303,136	\$1,498,849	\$1,739,892

***OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB***

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$221,178. At June 30, 2019, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 774,365	\$ -
Change of assumptions or other inputs	-	87,784
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 774,365</b>	<b>\$ 87,784</b>

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 80,162
2021	80,162
2022	80,162
2023	80,162
2024	80,162
Thereafter	285,771
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 686,581</b>

**Net Pension Liability.** As a participating employer in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), the College recognizes its proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities of the FRS cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. As of June 30, 2019, the College's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities totaled \$55,624,958. Note 11. includes a complete discussion of defined benefit pension plans.

## 11. Retirement Plans – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

### ***General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS)***

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, also provides for nonintegrated, optional retirement programs in lieu of the FRS to certain members of the Senior Management Service Class employed by the State and faculty and specified employees of State colleges. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the HIS Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the College are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of

Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site ([www.dms.myflorida.com](http://www.dms.myflorida.com)).

The College's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$8,106,763 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

### **FRS Pension Plan**

*Plan Description.* The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- *Regular Class* – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Senior Management Service Class (SMSC)* – Members in senior management level positions.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of creditable service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

The DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS-participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

*Benefits Provided.* Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on retirement plan and/or the class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

<b><u>Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service</u></b>	<b><u>% Value</u></b>
<b>Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011</b>	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
<b>Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011</b>	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
<b>Senior Management Service Class</b>	<b>2.00</b>

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member was initially enrolled in the Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

*Contributions.* The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2018-19 fiscal year were:

<b><u>Class</u></b>	<b><u>Percent of Gross Salary</u></b>	
	<b><u>Employee</u></b>	<b><u>Employer (1)</u></b>
FRS, Regular	3.00	8.26
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	24.06
Deferred Retirement Option Program (applicable to members from all of the above classes)	0.00	14.03
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)

(1) Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.

(2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The College's contributions to the Plan totaled \$3,902,244 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

*Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.* At June 30, 2019, the College reported a liability of \$37,907,015 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the College's 2017-18 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the College's proportionate share was

0.125851136 percent, which was a decrease of 0.002441145 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the College recognized pension expense of \$6,765,424. In addition, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,211,294	\$ 116,555
Change of assumptions	12,386,169	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS Plan investments	-	2,928,779
Changes in proportion and differences between College FRS contributions and proportionate share of contributions	826,457	1,160,166
College FRS contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,902,244	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 20,326,164</b>	<b>\$ 4,205,500</b>

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$3,902,244, resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 5,127,587
2021	3,294,990
2022	226,670
2023	2,004,128
2024	1,372,760
Thereafter	192,285
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 12,218,420</b>

*Actuarial Assumptions.* The total pension liability in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation (1)</u>	<u>Annual Arithmetic Return</u>	<u>Compound Annual (Geometric) Return</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
Cash	1%	2.9%	2.9%	1.8%
Fixed Income	18%	4.4%	4.3%	4.0%
Global Equity	54%	7.6%	6.3%	17.0%
Real Estate (Property)	11%	6.6%	6.0%	11.3%
Private Equity	10%	10.7%	7.8%	26.5%
Strategic Investments	6%	6.0%	5.7%	8.6%
<b>Total</b>	<u>100%</u>			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.9%

(1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

*Discount Rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The discount rate used in the 2018 valuation was updated from 7.10 percent to 7.00 percent.

*Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.* The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (6.00%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (7.00%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (8.00%)</u>
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$69,181,891	\$37,907,015	\$11,931,380

*Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.* Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

*Payables to the Pension Plan.* At June 30, 2019, the College reported a payable of \$321,402 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

## **HIS Pension Plan**

*Plan Description.* The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

*Benefits Provided.* For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

*Contributions.* The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The College contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which HIS payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The College's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$944,901 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

*Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.* At June 30, 2019, the College reported a net pension liability of \$17,717,943 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the College's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within 1 year, net of the College's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the College's 2017-18 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2018, the College's proportionate share was 0.167401314 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0037966 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the College recognized pension expense of \$1,341,339. In addition, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 271,254	\$ 30,102
Change of assumptions	1,970,454	1,873,289
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS Plan investments	10,695	-
Changes in proportion and differences between College HIS contributions and proportionate share of HIS contributions	499,211	630,149
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	944,901	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,696,515</b>	<b>\$ 2,533,540</b>

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$944,901, resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2020	\$ 266,750
2021	265,849
2022	203,528
2023	(1,539)
2024	(333,267)
Thereafter	(183,247)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 218,074</b>

*Actuarial Assumptions.* The total pension liability at July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary Increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	3.87 percent

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

*Discount Rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.87 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate

selected by the plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate used in the 2018 valuation was updated from 3.58 percent to 3.87 percent.

*Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.* The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.87 percent, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.87 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.87 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (2.87%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (3.87%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (4.87%)</u>
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$20,179,699	\$17,717,943	\$15,665,927

*Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.* Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

*Payables to the Pension Plan.* At June 30, 2019, the College reported a payable of \$5,301 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

## **12. Retirement Plans – Defined Contribution Pension Plans**

**FRS Investment Plan.** The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. College employees already participating in the State College System Optional Retirement Program or DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contributions rates, that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Senior Management Service Class, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2018-19 fiscal year were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Compensation</u>
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the College.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may roll over vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The College's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$1,322,797 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

**State College System Optional Retirement Program.** Section 1012.875, Florida Statutes, provides for an Optional Retirement Program (Program) for eligible college instructors and administrators. The Program is designed to aid colleges in recruiting employees by offering more portability to employees not expected to remain in the FRS for 8 or more years.

The Program is a defined contribution plan, which provides full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted to the participating companies on behalf of the participant. Employees in eligible positions can make an irrevocable election to participate in the Program, rather than the FRS, and purchase retirement and death benefits through contracts provided by certain insurance carriers. The employing college contributes 5.15 percent of the participant's salary to the participant's account, 3.5 percent to cover the unfunded actuarial liability of the FRS pension plan for a total of 8.65 percent, and employees contribute 3 percent of the employee's salary. Additionally, the employee may contribute, by payroll deduction, an amount not to exceed the percentage contributed by the college to the participant's annuity account. The contributions are invested in the company or companies selected by the participant to create a fund for the purchase of annuities at retirement.

The College's contributions to the Program totaled \$311,477 and employee contributions totaled \$181,442 for the 2018-19 fiscal year.

### 13. Risk Management Programs

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The College provided coverage for these risks primarily through the Florida College System Risk Management Consortium (Consortium), which was created under authority of Section 1001.64(27), Florida Statutes, by the boards of trustees of the Florida public colleges for the purpose of joining a cooperative effort to develop, implement, and participate in a coordinated Statewide college risk management program. The Consortium is self-sustaining through member assessments (premiums) and purchases excess insurance through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. Excess insurance from commercial companies provided coverage of up to \$100 million for property insurance. Insurance coverage obtained through the Consortium included fire and extended property, general and automobile liability, workers' compensation, health, life, and other liability coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past 3 fiscal years.

Life, dental, vision, and long-term disability coverage are provided through purchased commercial insurance.

**Self-Insured Program.** The Board has established an individual self-insured program to provide group health insurance for its employees, retirees, former employees, and their dependents. The College's liability was limited by excess reinsurance to \$165,000 per insured person to a maximum of \$1 million aggregate for the 2018-19 fiscal year. For claims processing, the College contracted with a third-party administrator. The excess insurer and third-party administrator are both licensed by the Florida Department of Financial Services, Office of Insurance Regulation. The College contributes employee premiums as a fringe benefit. The remaining portion of the employee premium and dependent coverage is by payroll deduction and coverage for retirees, former employees, and their dependents is by prepaid premium.

The College reports a liability when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability includes an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported, and an amount for claims administration expense. Because the actual claims liability depends on such complex factors as inflation, change in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing the claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. The College reevaluates the claims liability periodically and the claims liability totaled \$1,600,839 as of June 30, 2019. Amounts held by the College in excess of the estimated insurance claims liability at June 30, 2019, totaled \$1,400,000 and are classified as insurance claim deposits. The College will use these amounts to pay claims incurred in future fiscal years.

The following schedule represents the changes in claims liability for the current and prior years for the College's self-insured program:

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Beginning of Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Claims and Changes in Estimates</b>	<b>Claims Payments</b>	<b>End of Fiscal Year</b>
2017-18	\$ 1,431,585	\$ 9,501,552	\$ (9,464,527)	\$ 1,468,610
2018-19	1,468,610	11,004,265	(10,872,036)	1,600,839

## 14. Litigation

The College is involved in several pending and threatened legal actions. The range of potential loss from all such claims and actions, as estimated by the College's legal counsel and management, should not materially affect the College's financial position.

## 15. Functional Distribution of Operating Expenses

The functional classification of an operating expense (instruction, academic support, etc.) is assigned to a department based on the nature of the activity, which represents the material portion of the activity attributable to the department. For example, activities of an academic department for which the primary departmental function is instruction may include some activities other than direct instruction such as public service. However, when the primary mission of the department consists of instructional program elements, all expenses of the department are reported under the instruction classification. The operating expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are presented by natural classifications. The following are those same expenses presented in functional classifications as recommended by NACUBO:

<u>Functional Classification</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Instruction	\$ 62,252,252
Public Services	3,866,383
Academic Support	10,565,182
Student Services	20,255,929
Institutional Support	25,540,318
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	20,456,547
Scholarships and Waivers	41,815,986
Depreciation	10,315,706
Auxiliary Enterprises	8,171,400
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b><u><u>\$ 203,239,703</u></u></b>

## **OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

### **Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios**

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>		
Service cost	\$ 99,936	\$ 105,088
Interest	41,080	36,011
Difference between expected and actual experience	528,227	374,504
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(37,692)	(67,434)
Benefit Payments	<u>(568,284)</u>	<u>(414,824)</u>
<b>Net change in total OPEB liability</b>	63,267	33,345
Total OPEB Liability - beginning, as Restated	<u>1,435,582</u>	<u>1,402,237</u>
<b>Total OPEB Liability - ending</b>	<u>\$ 1,498,849</u>	<u>\$ 1,435,582</u>
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 61,045,347	\$ 46,102,662
<b>Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll</b>	2.46%	3.11%

**Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –  
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**

	<u>2018 (1)</u>	<u>2017 (1)</u>	<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>
College's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0.125851136%	0.128292281%	0.132107447%	0.137271167%
College's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 37,907,015	\$ 37,947,996	\$ 33,357,242	\$ 17,730,412
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 61,045,347	\$ 61,034,920	\$ 61,118,190	\$ 58,914,361
College's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	62.10%	62.17%	54.58%	30.10%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the FRS total pension liability	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.
- (2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State college system optional retirement plan members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

**Schedule of College Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**

	<u>2019 (1)</u>	<u>2018 (1)</u>	<u>2017 (1)</u>	<u>2016 (1)</u>
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$ 3,902,244	\$ 3,586,656	\$ 3,339,764	\$ 3,235,617
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(3,902,244)</u>	<u>(3,586,656)</u>	<u>(3,339,764)</u>	<u>(3,235,617)</u>
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 62,966,512	\$ 61,045,347	\$ 61,034,920	\$ 61,118,190
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	6.20%	5.88%	5.47%	5.29%

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.
- (2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State college system optional retirement plan members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

<u>2014 (1)</u>	<u>2013 (1)</u>
0.132161771%	0.117087899%
\$ 8,063,812	\$ 2,894,904
\$ 55,137,419	\$ 54,801,936
14.62%	5.28%
96.09%	88.54%

<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>
\$ 3,346,788	\$ 2,894,902
<u>(3,346,788)</u>	<u>(2,894,902)</u>
\$ _____ -	\$ _____ -
\$ 58,914,361	\$ 55,137,419
5.68%	5.25%

**Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability –  
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**

	<u>2018 (1)</u>	<u>2017 (1)</u>	<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>
College's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.167401314%	0.171197914%	0.174999823%	0.171417391%
College's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 17,717,943	\$ 18,305,271	\$ 20,395,504	\$ 17,481,877
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 54,676,192	\$ 54,666,130	\$ 54,225,234	\$ 52,146,199
College's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	32.41%	33.49%	37.61%	33.52%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the HIS total pension liability	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

**Schedule of College Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**

	<u>2019 (1)</u>	<u>2018 (1)</u>	<u>2017 (1)</u>	<u>2016 (1)</u>
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 944,901	\$ 907,822	\$ 906,029	\$ 900,139
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required HIS contribution	<u>\$ (944,901)</u>	<u>\$ (907,822)</u>	<u>\$ (906,029)</u>	<u>\$ (900,139)</u>
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 56,918,424	\$ 54,676,192	\$ 54,666,130	\$ 54,225,234
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%

(1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

<u>2014 (1)</u>	<u>2013 (1)</u>
0.163854048%	0.164928903%
\$ 15,320,753	\$ 14,359,230
\$ 48,694,269	\$ 47,945,780
31.46%	29.95%
0.99%	1.78%

<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>
\$ 655,264	\$ 561,309
<u>\$ (655,264)</u>	<u>\$ (561,309)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 52,146,199	\$ 48,694,269
1.26%	1.15%

**1. Schedule of Changes in the College's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios**

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

*Changes of Assumptions.* The Municipal Bond Index Rate used to determine total OPEB liability (TOL) increased from 3.56 percent at the prior measurement date to 3.87 percent at the current measurement date.

**2. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**

*Changes of Assumptions.* The long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 7.10 percent to 7.00 percent, and the active member mortality assumption was updated.

**3. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**

*Changes of Assumptions.* The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability increased from 3.58 percent to 3.87 percent.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Auditor General

# AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

Claude Denson Pepper Building, Suite G74  
111 West Madison Street  
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1450



Phone: (850) 412-2722  
Fax: (850) 488-6975

The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the  
House of Representatives, and the  
Legislative Auditing Committee

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Hillsborough Community College, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its discretely presented component unit as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 23, 2020, included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the College's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the College's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control

that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Tallahassee, Florida  
January 23, 2020