

**STATE OF FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL**

**Financial Audit**

**INDIAN RIVER STATE COLLEGE**

For the Fiscal Year Ended  
June 30, 2017



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Auditor General

## Board of Trustees and President

During the 2016-17 fiscal year, Dr. Edwin R. Massey served as President of Indian River State College and the following individuals served as Members of the Board of Trustees:

	<u>County</u>
Jose L. Conrado, Chair from 8-23-16, Vice Chair through 8-22-16	Indian River
Susan R. Caron, Vice Chair from 8-23-16	St. Lucie
Phoebe Raulerson, Chair through 8-22-16	Okeechobee
Vicki H. Davis	Martin
Mark A. Feurer	Indian River
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Sandra J. Krischke	St. Lucie
Christa Luna	Okeechobee
J. Brantley Schirard Jr.	St. Lucie

The Auditor General conducts audits of governmental entities to provide the Legislature, Florida's citizens, public entity management, and other stakeholders unbiased, timely, and relevant information for use in promoting government accountability and stewardship and improving government operations.

The team leader was Mark D. Kenny, CPA, and the audit was supervised by Tim L. Tucker, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Jaime N. Hoelscher, CPA, Audit Manager, by e-mail at [jaimehoelscher@aud.state.fl.us](mailto:jaimehoelscher@aud.state.fl.us) or by telephone at (850) 412-2868.

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**INDIAN RIVER STATE COLLEGE**  
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## SUMMARY

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### SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit disclosed that the basic financial statements of Indian River State College (a component unit of the State of Florida) were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

### SUMMARY OF REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Our audit did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### AUDIT OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

Our audit objectives were to determine whether Indian River State College and its officers with administrative and stewardship responsibilities for College operations had:

- Presented the College's basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- Established and implemented internal control over financial reporting and compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements; and
- Complied with the various provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that are material to the financial statements.

The scope of this audit included an examination of the College's basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We obtained an understanding of the College's environment, including its internal control, and assessed the risk of material misstatement necessary to plan the audit of the basic financial statements. We also examined various transactions to determine whether they were executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

An examination of Federal awards administered by the College is included within the scope of our Statewide audit of Federal awards administered by the State of Florida.

### AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Auditor General

# AUDITOR GENERAL STATE OF FLORIDA

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111 West Madison Street  
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1450



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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the  
House of Representatives, and the  
Legislative Auditing Committee

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Indian River State College, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its discretely presented component unit as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### ***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### ***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, which represent 100 percent of the transactions and account balances of the discretely presented component unit's columns. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the

assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### ***Opinions***

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Indian River State College and of its discretely presented component unit as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### ***Other Matter***

#### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**, the **Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits Plan**, **Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of College Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, **Schedule of College Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, and **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 19, 2018, on our consideration of the Indian River State College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON**

**INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.** The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Indian River State College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Tallahassee, Florida  
March 19, 2018

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

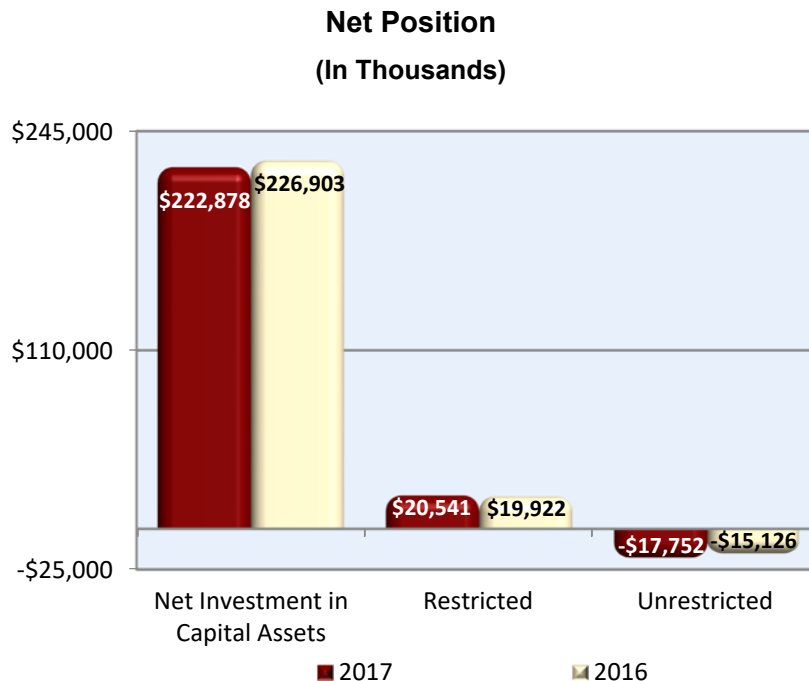
Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial position and activities of the College for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto. The MD&A, and financial statements and notes thereto, are the responsibility of College management. The MD&A contains financial activity of the College for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, and June 30, 2016.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The College's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled \$294.6 million at June 30, 2017. This balance reflects a \$5.9 million, or 2.1 percent, increase as compared to the 2015-16 fiscal year. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased by \$12 million, or 21 percent, totaling \$68.9 million at June 30, 2017, compared to \$56.9 million at June 30, 2016. As a result, the College's net position decreased by \$6 million, or 2.6 percent, resulting in a year-end balance of \$225.7 million.

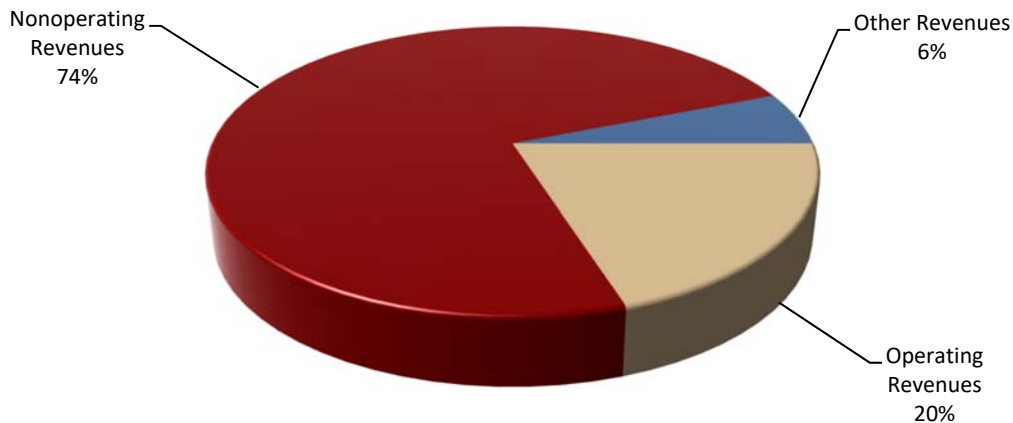
The College's operating revenues totaled \$25.2 million for the 2016-17 fiscal year, representing a 2.7 percent decrease compared to the 2015-16 fiscal year. Operating expenses totaled \$133.5 million for the 2016-17 fiscal year, representing an increase of 3.8 percent.

Net position represents the residual interest in the College's assets and deferred outflows of resources after deducting liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The College's comparative total net position by category for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, and June 30, 2016, is shown in the following graph:



The following chart provides a graphical presentation of College revenues by category for the 2016-17 fiscal year:

## Total Revenues 2016-17 Fiscal Year



### OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 35, the College's financial report consists of three basic financial statements: the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and the statement of cash flows. The financial statements, and notes thereto, encompass the College and its component unit, Indian River State College Foundation, Inc. (Foundation). Based on the application of the criteria for determining component units, the Foundation is included within the College reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit.

Information regarding the component unit is presented in the notes to financial statements. This MD&A focuses on the College, excluding the discretely presented component unit.

#### **The Statement of Net Position**

The statement of net position reflects the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the College, using the accrual basis of accounting, and presents the financial position of the College at a specified time. Assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is one indicator of the College's current financial condition. The changes in net position that occur over time indicate improvement or deterioration in the College's financial condition.

The following summarizes the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position at June 30:

## Condensed Statement of Net Position at June 30

(In Thousands)

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
<b>Assets</b>		
Current Assets	\$ 21,730	\$ 20,986
Capital Assets, Net	224,083	228,404
Other Noncurrent Assets	29,331	30,255
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u>275,144</u>	<u>279,645</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<u>19,443</u>	<u>9,001</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Current Liabilities	8,005	9,042
Noncurrent Liabilities	59,556	43,642
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<u>67,561</u>	<u>52,684</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<u>1,359</u>	<u>4,263</u>
<b>Net Position</b>		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	222,878	226,903
Restricted	20,541	19,922
Unrestricted	(17,752)	(15,126)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<u>\$ 225,667</u>	<u>\$ 231,699</u>

Total assets decreased \$4.5 million primarily from a \$4.3 million decrease in capital assets, net of depreciation. Total liabilities increased \$14.9 million primarily from a \$15.7 million increase in net pension liability. Deferred outflows of resources increased \$10.4 million and deferred inflows of resources decreased \$2.9 million relating to pension activity. Further information related to pension expenses, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and other relevant actuarial data are found in the notes to financial statements and required supplementary information of this report.

### **The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position**

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the College's revenue and expense activity, categorized as operating and nonoperating. Revenues and expenses are recognized when earned or incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The following summarizes the College's activity for the 2016-17 and 2015-16 fiscal years:

**Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position  
For the Fiscal Years**

(In Thousands)

	<u>2016-17</u>	<u>2015-16</u>
Operating Revenues	\$ 25,194	\$ 25,883
Less, Operating Expenses	<u>133,514</u>	<u>128,594</u>
<b>Operating Loss</b>	(108,320)	(102,711)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	<u>94,611</u>	<u>92,274</u>
<b>Loss Before Other Revenues</b>	(13,709)	(10,437)
Other Revenues	<u>7,677</u>	<u>16,898</u>
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) In Net Position</b>	<u>(6,032)</u>	<u>6,461</u>
Net Position, Beginning of Year	<u>231,699</u>	<u>225,238</u>
<b>Net Position, End of Year</b>	<u><u>\$ 225,667</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 231,699</u></u>

**Operating Revenues**

GASB Statement No. 35 categorizes revenues as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions where each of the parties to the transaction either gives or receives something of equal or similar value.

The following summarizes the operating revenues by source that were used to fund operating activities for the 2016-17 and 2015-16 fiscal years:

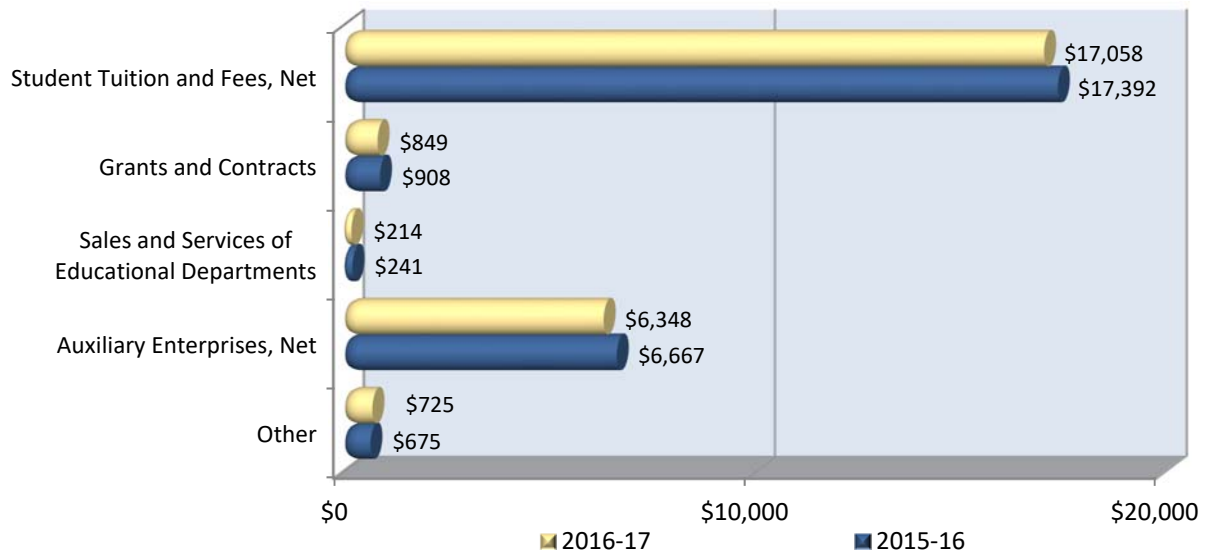
**Operating Revenues  
For the Fiscal Years**

(In Thousands)

	<u>2016-17</u>	<u>2015-16</u>
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 17,058	\$ 17,392
Grants and Contracts	849	908
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	214	241
Auxiliary Enterprises, Net	6,348	6,667
Other	<u>725</u>	<u>675</u>
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	<u><u>\$ 25,194</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 25,883</u></u>

The following chart presents the College's operating revenues for the 2016-17 and 2015-16 fiscal years:

**Operating Revenues**  
(In Thousands)



College operating revenue changes were primarily the result of the following factors:

- A decrease in net student tuition and fees of \$0.3 million, or 1.9 percent.
- A decrease in net auxiliary enterprises of \$0.3 million, or 4.8 percent, resulting primarily from bookstore and corporate training revenues.

**Operating Expenses**

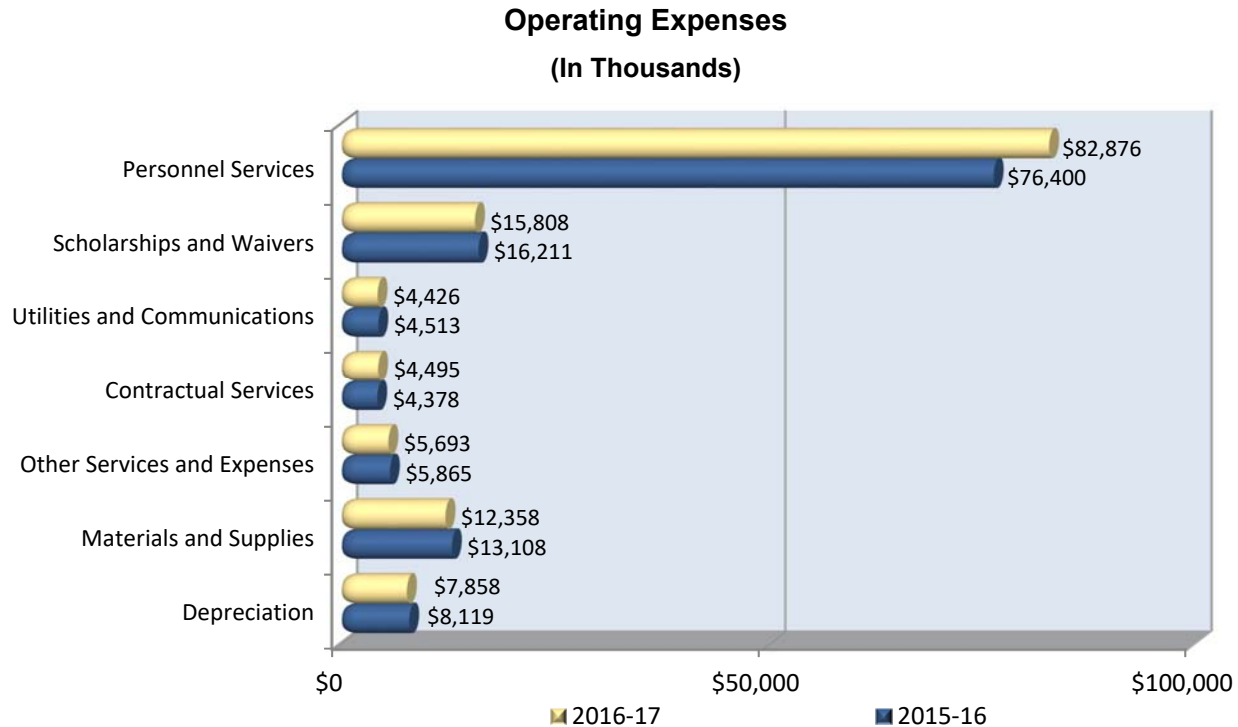
Expenses are categorized as operating or nonoperating. The majority of the College’s expenses are operating expenses as defined by GASB Statement No. 35. GASB gives financial reporting entities the choice of reporting operating expenses in the functional or natural classifications. The College has chosen to report the expenses in their natural classification on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and has displayed the functional classification in the notes to financial statements.

The following summarizes operating expenses by natural classification for the 2016-17 and 2015-16 fiscal years:

**Operating Expenses**  
**For the Fiscal Years**  
(In Thousands)

	<u>2016-17</u>	<u>2015-16</u>
Personnel Services	\$ 82,876	\$ 76,400
Scholarships and Waivers	15,808	16,211
Utilities and Communications	4,426	4,513
Contractual Services	4,495	4,378
Other Services and Expenses	5,693	5,865
Materials and Supplies	12,358	13,108
Depreciation	7,858	8,119
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b><u>\$ 133,514</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 128,594</u></b>

The following chart presents the College's operating expenses for the 2016-17 and 2015-16 fiscal years:



College operating expense changes were primarily the result of the following factors:

- An increase in personnel services of \$6.5 million, or 8.5 percent, related to an annual salary increase and employer share of collective pension expense.
- A decrease in materials and supplies of \$0.8 million, or 5.7 percent, related to items purchased for resale in the College's bookstore.

**Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses**

Certain revenue sources that the College relies on to provide funding for operations, including State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, certain gifts and grants, and investment income, are defined by GASB as nonoperating. Nonoperating expenses include capital financing costs related to capital assets. The following summarizes the College's nonoperating revenues and expenses for the 2016-17 and 2015-16 fiscal years:

**Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)**  
**For the Fiscal Years**  
(In Thousands)

	<u>2016-17</u>	<u>2015-16</u>
State Noncapital Appropriations	\$ 51,447	\$ 48,491
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	30,184	30,947
Gifts and Grants	12,886	12,605
Investment Income	178	313
Interest on Capital Asset-Related Debt	(84)	(82)
<b>Net Nonoperating Revenues</b>	<b><u>\$ 94,611</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 92,274</u></b>

Net nonoperating revenues increased overall by \$2.3 million, or 2.5 percent, as compared to prior year, primarily due to an increase in State noncapital appropriations.

**Other Revenues**

This category is composed of State capital appropriations and capital grants, contracts, gifts, and fees. The following summarizes the College’s other revenues for the 2016-17 and 2015-16 fiscal years:

<b>Other Revenues For the Fiscal Years</b>		
<b>(In Thousands)</b>		
	<b><u>2016-17</u></b>	<b><u>2015-16</u></b>
State Capital Appropriations	\$ 3,470	\$ 1,187
Capital Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Fees	<u>4,207</u>	<u>15,711</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 7,677</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 16,898</u></b>

Overall other revenues decreased by \$9.2 million, or 54.6 percent, primarily as a result of the following factors:

- \$11.5 million decrease in capital grants, contracts, gifts, and fees as a result of a prior year one-time donation of land and buildings at Pruitt Campus.
- \$2.1 million increase in Public Education Capital Outlay allocations.

**The Statement of Cash Flows**

The statement of cash flows provides information about the College’s financial results by reporting the major sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. This statement will assist in evaluating the College’s ability to generate net cash flows, its ability to meet its financial obligations as they come due, and its need for external financing. Cash flows from operating activities show the net cash used by the operating activities of the College. Cash flows from capital financing activities include all plant funds and related long-term debt activities. Cash flows from investing activities show the net source and use of cash related to purchasing or selling investments, and earning income on those investments. Cash flows from noncapital financing activities include those activities not covered in other sections.

The following summarizes the College’s cash flows for the 2016-17 and 2015-16 fiscal years:

**Condensed Statement of Cash Flows  
For the Fiscal Years**

(In Thousands)

	<b>2016-17</b>	<b>2015-16</b>
Cash Provided (Used) by:		
Operating Activities	\$ (97,308)	\$ (98,927)
Noncapital Financing Activities	96,356	92,044
Capital and Related Financing Activities	1,607	3,474
Investing Activities	108	122
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	763	(3,287)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	16,962	20,249
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 17,725</b>	<b>\$ 16,962</b>

Major sources of funds came from proceeds from sales and maturities of investments (\$64.1 million), State noncapital appropriations (\$51.4 million), Federal and State student financial aid (\$32 million), net student tuition and fees (\$17.2 million), and gifts and grants received for other than capital and endowment purposes (\$12.9 million). Major uses of funds were for payments to employee salaries and benefits (\$80.3 million), purchases of investments (\$64.2 million), payments to suppliers (\$22.7 million), and payments for student scholarships (\$15.9 million).

<b>CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION</b>
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**Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2017, the College had \$354.8 million in capital assets, less accumulated depreciation of \$130.7 million, for net capital assets of \$224.1 million. Depreciation charges for the current fiscal year totaled \$7.9 million. The following table summarizes the College's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30:

**Capital Assets, Net at June 30**

(In Thousands)

	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
Land	\$ 24,860	\$ 24,860
Computer Software in Progress	3,840	1,942
Construction in Progress	95	1,195
Buildings	188,141	192,215
Other Structures and Improvements	3,358	3,688
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	1,528	1,773
Computer Software	1,976	2,365
Assets Under Capital Lease and Leasehold Improvements	285	366
<b>Capital Assets, Net</b>	<b>\$ 224,083</b>	<b>\$ 228,404</b>

Capital assets decreased by \$4.3 million due to asset additions totaling \$3.5 million being offset by \$7.8 million in depreciation. The asset additions were primarily related to construction projects and the new enterprise resource planning system.

Additional information about the College’s capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

**Debt Administration**

As of June 30, 2017, the College had \$1.2 million in outstanding bonds payable and capital lease payables, and had a net decrease of \$295 thousand, or 19.7 percent, from the prior fiscal year. The following table summarizes the outstanding long-term debt by type for the fiscal years ended June 30:

**Long-Term Debt at June 30**

(In Thousands)

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Bonds Payable	\$ 825	\$ 1,048
Capital Lease Payable	381	453
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 1,206</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 1,501</u></b>

The State Board of Education (SBE) issues capital outlay bonds on behalf of the College. During the 2016-17 fiscal year, there were no bond sales and debt repayments totaled \$223 thousand.

**ECONOMIC FACTORS THAT WILL AFFECT THE FUTURE**

Indian River State College’s economic condition is closely tied to that of the State of Florida. Economic growth is anticipated to be limited and there will continue to be a demand for State resources; however, State funding is expected to be approximately the same in the coming year. The District Board of Trustees elected to maintain the 2016-17 level of tuition and fees for all 2017-18 credit and non-credit hour courses. The College’s current financial and capital plans indicate a slight increase in student enrollment, continued implementation of cost-saving measures, and the utilization of fund balance reserves in order to maintain its commitment to ensure student success.

**REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplementary information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Sheryl S. Vittitoe, CPA, Vice President of Financial Services/CFO, Indian River State College, 3209 Virginia Avenue, Fort Pierce, Florida 34981.

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# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## INDIAN RIVER STATE COLLEGE A Component Unit of the State of Florida Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

	College	Component Unit
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,485,139	\$ 9,246,216
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,713,881	-
Investments	-	20,752,592
Accounts Receivable, Net	2,154,044	-
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	3,889,024	-
Due from Component Unit	65,724	-
Inventories	2,360,300	-
Prepaid Expenses	1,050,677	-
Deposits	10,744	58,637
Other Assets	-	6,384,166
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>21,729,533</b>	<b>36,441,611</b>
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,525,913	-
Investments	15,488,241	57,910,174
Restricted Investments	8,316,503	-
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	195,288,577	6,321,000
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	28,794,639	389,324
Other Assets	-	1,340,673
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	<b>253,413,873</b>	<b>65,961,171</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>275,143,406</b>	<b>102,402,782</b>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>		
Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	19,443,383	-
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	733,425	8,380
Salary and Payroll Taxes Payable	2,548,029	-
Retainage Payable	20,241	-
Unearned Revenue	1,032,351	-
Deposits Held for Others	2,541,482	2,170,916
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion:		
Bonds Payable	110,000	-
Note Payable	-	217,679
Capital Lease Payable	93,301	-
Compensated Absences Payable	369,002	-
Net Pension Liability	556,790	-
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>8,004,621</b>	<b>2,396,975</b>

**INDIAN RIVER STATE COLLEGE**  
**A Component Unit of the State of Florida**  
**Statement of Net Position (Continued)**

**June 30, 2017**

	<b>College</b>	<b>Component Unit</b>
<b>LIABILITIES (Continued)</b>		
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Bonds Payable	715,000	-
Note Payable	-	5,305,951
Capital Lease Payable	287,463	-
Compensated Absences Payable	9,828,457	-
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	787,463	-
Net Pension Liability	47,937,594	-
<b>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</b>	<b>59,555,977</b>	<b>5,305,951</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>67,560,598</b>	<b>7,702,926</b>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>		
Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	1,359,211	-
<b>NET POSITION</b>		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	222,877,602	1,186,694
Restricted:		
Nonexpendable:		
Endowment	-	25,148,177
Expendable:		
Grants and Loans	5,866,234	-
Scholarships	116,782	32,121,308
Capital Projects	14,540,553	-
Debt Service	17,533	616,050
Other	-	6,891,629
Unrestricted	(17,751,724)	28,735,998
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 225,666,980</b>	<b>\$ 94,699,856</b>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**INDIAN RIVER STATE COLLEGE**  
**A Component Unit of the State of Florida**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017**

	<u>College</u>	<u>Component Unit</u>
<b>REVENUES</b>		
Operating Revenues:		
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarship Allowances of \$14,475,987	\$ 17,058,280	\$ -
Federal Grants and Contracts	502,068	-
State and Local Grants and Contracts	260,211	161,867
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	87,442	7,234,299
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	213,600	-
Auxiliary Enterprises, Net of Scholarship Allowances of \$2,921,785	6,347,657	-
Other Operating Revenues	724,817	-
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	<b>25,194,075</b>	<b>7,396,166</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>		
Operating Expenses:		
Personnel Services	82,876,164	320,326
Scholarships and Waivers	15,808,272	3,099,610
Utilities and Communications	4,426,021	-
Contractual Services	4,494,736	-
Other Services and Expenses	5,692,312	1,416,050
Materials and Supplies	12,358,091	-
Depreciation	7,858,019	474,958
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>133,513,615</b>	<b>5,310,944</b>
<b>Operating Income (Loss)</b>	<b>(108,319,540)</b>	<b>2,085,222</b>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>		
State Noncapital Appropriations	51,447,117	-
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	30,184,324	-
Gifts and Grants	12,885,505	-
Investment Income	177,888	954,747
Net Gain on Investments	-	9,698,483
Other Nonoperating Revenues	-	1,613,646
Interest on Capital Asset-Related Debt	(83,767)	(96,911)
<b>Net Nonoperating Revenues</b>	<b>94,611,067</b>	<b>12,169,965</b>
<b>Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues</b>	<b>(13,708,473)</b>	<b>14,255,187</b>
State Capital Appropriations	3,470,058	5,255
Capital Grants, Contracts, Gifts, and Fees	4,206,856	-
Additions to Endowments	-	1,130,607
<b>Total Other Revenues</b>	<b>7,676,914</b>	<b>1,135,862</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Position</b>	<b>(6,031,559)</b>	<b>15,391,049</b>
Net Position, Beginning of Year	231,698,539	79,308,807
<b>Net Position, End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 225,666,980</b>	<b>\$ 94,699,856</b>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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**INDIAN RIVER STATE COLLEGE**  
**A Component Unit of the State of Florida**  
**Statement of Cash Flows**

**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017**

	<b>College</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 17,152,763
Grants and Contracts	2,001,428
Payments to Suppliers	(22,715,053)
Payments for Utilities and Communications	(4,426,021)
Payments to Employees	(64,442,455)
Payments for Employee Benefits	(15,883,646)
Payments for Scholarships	(15,863,672)
Auxiliary Enterprises, Net	5,190,137
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	213,600
Other Receipts	1,465,282
<b>Net Cash Used by Operating Activities</b>	<b>(97,307,637)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	
State Noncapital Appropriations	51,447,117
Federal and State Student Financial Aid	32,023,184
Federal Direct Loan Program Receipts	9,035,618
Federal Direct Loan Program Disbursements	(9,035,618)
Gifts and Grants Received for Other Than Capital or Endowment Purposes	12,885,503
<b>Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities</b>	<b>96,355,804</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Proceeds from Capital Debt	18,081
State Capital Appropriations	1,941,126
Capital Grants and Gifts	3,642,321
Purchases of Capital Assets	(3,597,411)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt and Leases	(313,793)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt and Leases	(83,767)
<b>Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities</b>	<b>1,606,557</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments	64,097,329
Purchases of Investments	(64,167,160)
Investment Income	177,888
<b>Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities</b>	<b>108,057</b>
<b>Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>762,781</b>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	16,962,152
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 17,724,933</b>

**INDIAN RIVER STATE COLLEGE**  
**A Component Unit of the State of Florida**  
**Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017**

	<b>College</b>
<b>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS</b>	
<b>TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Operating Loss	\$ (108,319,540)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation Expense	7,858,019
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Receivables, Net	804,370
Inventories	(98,010)
Prepaid Expenses	(9,404)
Accounts Payable	(1,011,549)
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	(7,181)
Salaries and Payroll Taxes Payable	(49,298)
Unearned Revenue	207,359
Deposits Held for Others	747,646
Compensated Absences Payable	246,720
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	43,363
Net Pension Liability	15,626,427
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(10,442,404)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(2,904,155)
	<b>\$ (97,307,637)</b>
<b>NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH</b>	
<b>CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Donation of capital assets were recognized on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, but are not cash transactions for the statement of cash flows.	\$ 7,200

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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## **1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Reporting Entity.** The governing body of Indian River State College, a component unit of the State of Florida, is the College Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees constitutes a corporation and is composed of nine members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The Board of Trustees is under the general direction and control of the Florida Department of Education, Division of Florida Colleges, and is governed by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules. However, the Board of Trustees is directly responsible for the day-to-day operations and control of the College within the framework of applicable State laws and SBE rules. The College serves Martin, St. Lucie, Indian River, and Okeechobee Counties.

Criteria for defining the reporting entity are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, Sections 2100 and 2600. These criteria were used to evaluate potential component units for which the Board of Trustees is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Board of Trustees are such that exclusion would cause the College's financial statements to be misleading. Based on the application of these criteria, the College is a component unit of the State of Florida, and its financial balances and activities are reported in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by discrete presentation.

**Discretely Presented Component Unit.** Based on the application of the criteria for determining component units, the Indian River State College Foundation, Inc. (Foundation), a legally separate entity, is included within the College's reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit and is governed by a separate board.

The Foundation is also a direct-support organization, as defined in Section 1004.70, Florida Statutes, and although legally separate from the College, is financially accountable to the College. The Foundation is managed independently, outside the College's budgeting process, and its powers generally are vested in a governing board pursuant to various State statutes. The Foundation receives, holds, invests, and administers property, and makes expenditures to or for the benefit of the College.

The Foundation is audited by other auditors pursuant to Section 1004.70(6), Florida Statutes. The Foundation's audited financial statements are available to the public and can be obtained from the Vice President for Financial Services/CFO, Indian River State College, 3209 Virginia Avenue, Fort Pierce, Florida 34981. The financial data reported on the accompanying financial statements was derived from the Foundation's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017.

**Basis of Presentation.** The College's accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to public colleges and universities as prescribed by GASB. The National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO) also provides the College with recommendations prescribed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by GASB and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). GASB allows public colleges various reporting options. The College has elected to report as an entity engaged in only

business-type activities. This election requires the adoption of the accrual basis of accounting and entitywide reporting including the following components:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements:
  - Statement of Net Position
  - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
  - Statement of Cash Flows
  - Notes to Financial Statements
- Other Required Supplementary Information

**Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.** Basis of accounting refers to when revenues, expenses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The College's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange activities are generally recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. The College follows GASB standards of accounting and financial reporting.

The College's component unit uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and follows FASB standards of accounting and financial reporting for not-for-profit organizations.

Significant interdepartmental sales between auxiliary service departments and other institutional departments have been accounted for as reductions of expenses and not revenues of those departments.

The College's principal operating activity is instruction. Operating revenues and expenses generally include all fiscal transactions directly related to instruction as well as administration, academic support, student services, physical plant operations, and depreciation of capital assets. Nonoperating revenues include State noncapital appropriations, Federal and State student financial aid, gifts and grants, investment income, and other revenues for capital construction projects. Interest on capital asset-related debt is a nonoperating expense.

The statement of net position is presented in a classified format to distinguish between current and noncurrent assets and liabilities. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to fund certain programs, it is the College's policy to first apply the restricted resources to such programs followed by the use of the unrestricted resources.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position is presented by major sources and is reported net of tuition scholarship allowances. Tuition scholarship allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is actually paid by

the student or the third party making payment on behalf of the student. The College determines its scholarship allowances by determining through its accounting records, those transactions where the student's classes and books were paid by an applicable financial aid resource. To the extent that these resources are used to pay student charges, the College records a scholarship allowance against tuition and fees and auxiliary revenue.

The statement of cash flows is presented using the direct method in compliance with GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**. The amount reported as cash and cash equivalents consists of cash on hand, cash in demand accounts, and cash invested with the State Treasury Special Purpose Investment Account (SPIA), and the State Board of Administration (SBA) Florida PRIME investment pools. For reporting cash flows, the College considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, that are not held solely for income or profit to be cash equivalents. Under this definition, the College considers amounts invested in the State Treasury SPIA and Florida PRIME investment pools to be cash equivalents.

College cash deposits are held in banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All such deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Cash and cash equivalents that are externally restricted to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, or to purchase or construct capital or other restricted assets are classified as restricted.

At June 30, 2017, the College reported as cash equivalents at fair value \$2,718,679 in the State Treasury SPIA investment pool representing ownership of a share of the pool, not the underlying securities (Level 3 inputs, as discussed in Note 3.). Pooled investments with the State Treasury are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Oversight of the pooled investments with the State Treasury is provided by the Treasury Investment Committee per Section 17.575, Florida Statutes. The authorized investment types are set forth in Section 17.57, Florida Statutes. The State Treasury SPIA investment pool carried a credit rating of A+f by Standard & Poor's, had an effective duration of 2.8 years and fair value factor of 0.9923 at June 30, 2017. Participants contribute to the State Treasury SPIA investment pool on a dollar basis. These funds are commingled and a fair value of the pool is determined from the individual values of the securities. The fair value of the securities is summed and a total pool fair value is determined. A fair value factor is calculated by dividing the pool's total fair value by the pool participant's total cash balances. The fair value factor is the ratio used to determine the fair value of an individual participant's pool balance. The College relies on policies developed by the State Treasury for managing interest rate risk or credit risk for this investment pool. Disclosures for the State Treasury SPIA investment pool are included in the notes to financial statements of the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

At June 30, 2017, the College reported as cash equivalents \$1,219,125 in the Florida PRIME investment pool administered by the SBA pursuant to Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The College's investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool, which the SBA indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission

Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. The Florida PRIME investment pool carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's and had a weighted-average days to maturity (WAM) of 39 days as of June 30, 2017. A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating-rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the Florida PRIME investment pool to interest rate changes. The investments in the Florida PRIME investment pool are reported at amortized cost. Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "the principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board [State Board of Administration] can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days." As of June 30, 2017, there were no redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

**Capital Assets**. College capital assets consist of land; computer software in progress; construction in progress; buildings; other structures and improvements; furniture, machinery, and equipment; computer software; and assets under capital lease and leasehold improvements. These assets are capitalized and recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or at acquisition value at the date received in the case of gifts and purchases of State surplus property. Additions, improvements, and other outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The College has a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for tangible personal property and \$25,000 for buildings and other structures and improvements (excluding disaster restoration). Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

- Buildings – 40 or 50 years
- Other Structures and Improvements – 10 years
- Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment:
  - Computer Equipment – 3 years
  - Vehicles, Office Machines, and Educational Equipment – 5, 7, or 10 years
  - Furniture – 7 or 10 years
- Capitalized Computer Software – 7 years

- Assets under Capital Lease and Leasehold Improvements – 5 years

Land, buildings, and equipment of the College’s component unit are stated at cost except for donated property which is stated at fair market value at the date of the donation, and is net of accumulated depreciation of \$3,738,543. The College’s component unit depreciates buildings and equipment using the straight-line method over estimated life ranging from 3 to 40 years.

**Noncurrent Liabilities.** Noncurrent liabilities include bonds payable, capital lease payable, compensated absences payable, other postemployment benefits payable, and net pension liability that are not scheduled to be paid within the next fiscal year.

**Pensions.** For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and HIS fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## 2. Deficit Net Position in Individual Funds

The College reported an unrestricted net position which included a deficit in the current funds - unrestricted, as shown below. This deficit can be attributed to the full recognition of long-term liabilities (i.e., compensated absences payable, other postemployment benefits payable, and net pension liabilities) in the current unrestricted funds.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Net Position</u>
Current Funds - Unrestricted	\$ (30,001,060)
Auxiliary Funds	<u>12,249,336</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ (17,751,724)</u></b>

## 3. Investments

The Board of Trustees has adopted a written investment policy providing that surplus funds of the College shall be invested in those institutions and instruments permitted under the provisions of Florida Statutes. Section 218.415(16), Florida Statutes, authorizes the College to invest in the Florida PRIME investment pool administered by the SBA; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits and savings accounts in qualified public depositories, as defined by Section 280.02, Florida Statutes; direct obligations of the United States Treasury; obligations of Federal agencies and instrumentalities; securities of, or interests in, certain open-end or closed-end management type investment companies; and other investments approved by the Board of Trustees as authorized by law. SBE Rule 6A-14.0765(3), Florida Administrative Code, provides that College loan, endowment, annuity, and life income funds may also be invested pursuant to Section 215.47, Florida Statutes. Investments authorized by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, include bonds, notes, commercial paper, and various other types of investments.

Investments set aside to make debt service payments, maintain sinking or reserve funds, or to purchase or construct capital assets are classified as restricted.

**Fair Value Measurement.** The College categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The College's investments at June 30, 2017, are reported as follows:

Investments by fair value level	Amount	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
SBA Debt Service Accounts	\$ 17,533	\$ 17,533	\$ -	\$ -
Obligations of United States Government				
Agencies and Instrumentalities	13,130,639	-	13,130,639	-
Bonds and Notes				
Corporate Bonds and Notes	6,107,738	-	6,107,738	-
Foreign Bonds - Notes and Debentures	1,593,277	-	1,593,277	-
Asset Backed Securities	2,641,559	2,061,046	580,513	-
Mutual Funds				
Bonds	9,498	9,498	-	-
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 23,500,244	\$ 2,088,077	\$ 21,412,167	\$ -
<b>Investments measured at the net asset value</b>				
Money Market Funds	304,500			
<b>Total investments measured at fair value</b>	<b>\$ 23,804,744</b>			

### **State Board of Administration Debt Service Accounts.**

The College reported investments totaling \$17,533 at June 30, 2017, in the SBA Debt Service Accounts. These investments are used to make debt service payments on bonds issued by the SBE for the benefit of the College. The College's investments consist of United States Treasury securities, with maturity dates of 6 months or less, and are reported at fair value. The College relies on policies developed by the SBA for managing interest rate risk and credit risk for this account. Disclosures for the Debt Service Accounts are included in the notes to financial statements of the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

### **Managed Investments.**

The College's other investments totaling \$23,787,211 at June 30, 2017, are reported at fair value and are managed by a contracted investment management firm. The following risks apply to other College investments:

*Interest Rate Risk.* Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt instruments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The College's investment policy provides that the maximum effective maturity of the type of security will not be greater than 5.5 years and limits the

maximum allocation to all corporate and bank credit instruments to 50 percent combined. The maximum exposure to any one Federal agency investment is 40 percent and the maturity limit for mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities is based on the expected average life at the time of purchase. At June 30, 2017, the College had \$2,682,454 in United States Treasury bonds and \$10,448,185 in Federal agency bonds with final maturity dates between October 2018 and June 2020. The College's investment in corporate securities totaled \$6,107,738 and foreign securities totaled \$1,593,277 with final maturity dates between October 2017 and June 2020. The College's investment in asset-backed-securities totaling \$2,641,559 have maturity dates between February 2020 and November 2022. The College's investments in mutual funds totaled \$9,498 and money market funds totaled \$304,500.

*Credit Risk.* Credit risk is the risk an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The College's investment policy addresses credit risk through the authorization of the following investments:

- United States Treasury bills, notes, bonds, strips, and other obligations whose principal and interest is fully guaranteed by the United States of America, any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- Government Sponsored Enterprises: Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Student Loan Marketing Association (SLMA), Financing Corporation (FICO), the Resolution Funding Corporation (REFCO), Farm Credit System Financial Assistance Corporation, the Federal Housing Finance Board, and all other government sponsored agencies and enterprises.
- Repurchase agreements rated at least "A1/P1" or the equivalent.
- Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and savings account in State-certified qualified public depositories.
- Agency mortgage-backed securities guaranteed by the United States Government or a Federal agency.
- Money market funds, including, but not limited to, commercial paper, time deposits and bankers' acceptances, rated at least "AAAm/Aaa-mf" or the equivalent by Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Service, and all other nationally recognized credit rating organizations.
- Corporate bonds and notes with an "A-/A3" rating.
- Supranationals where United States is a shareholder and voting member with a rating of "A-1+/P-1, AAA/Aaa" or equivalent.
- Asset Backed Securities with a rating of "A-1+/P-1, AAA/Aaa" or equivalent.
- Any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, as provided in Section 163.01, Florida Statutes, which maintains a similar investment objective.

United States Government obligations are not considered to have credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, the College's investments in Federal agency obligations (Government sponsored enterprises) are rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's. Corporate notes are investment grade debt securities which have credit quality ratings given by Standard & Poor's and are available for purchase in the United States and are issued or guaranteed by a corporation or a financial institution.

*Custodial Credit Risk.* Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the College will not be able to recover that value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The College’s investment policy addresses this by requiring that all securities purchased shall be properly designated as an asset of the College and held in safe keeping by a third-party custodial bank or institution. Further, the policy states that no withdrawal of securities, in whole or in part, shall be made from safekeeping except those designated within the Investment Management and Custodial Agreement between the Custodian and the College. The College’s investments of \$23,787,211 are all held by the safekeeping agent in the name of the College.

### **Component Unit Investments**

Investments held by the Indian River State College Foundation, Inc. at March 31, 2017, are reported as follows:

<b>Investments by fair value level</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Fair Value Measurements Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)</b>
Fixed Income Investments	\$ 14,032,375	\$ 14,032,375
Equities	64,630,391	64,630,391
<b>Total Component Unit Investments</b>	<b>\$ 78,662,766</b>	<b>\$ 78,662,766</b>

#### **4. Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable represent amounts for student fee deferments, uncollected commissions for food service and vending machine sales, unused credit memos, and contract and grant reimbursements due from third parties. The accounts receivable are reported net of a \$333,738 allowance for doubtful accounts.

#### **5. Due From Other Governmental Agencies**

The amount due from other governmental agencies primarily consists of \$274,452 for Federal restricted grants and contracts, \$2,275,549 of Public Education Capital Outlay allocations due from the State for construction, remodeling and renovation of College facilities, and \$754,205 for Federal Student Financial Aid.

#### **6. Due From Component Unit**

The College recorded an amount of \$65,724 representing scholarships that will be reimbursed by the Foundation, pursuant to agreements between the College and the Foundation. The College’s financial statements are reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The College’s component unit’s financial statements are reported as of March 31, 2017. Although the College reported an amount as due from the component unit on the statement of net position, the component unit has not reported an amount due to the College.

## 7. Inventories

Inventories consist of items for resale by the campus bookstore and items for resale by the Cosmetology and the Treasure Coast Public Safety Institute departments, and are valued using the last invoice cost, which approximates the first-in, first-out method of inventory valuation.

## 8. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, is shown in the following table:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 24,860,099	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,860,099
Computer Software in Progress	1,942,283	1,897,411	-	3,839,694
Construction in Progress	1,194,915	1,128,675	2,228,744	94,846
<b>Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets</b>	<b>\$ 27,997,297</b>	<b>\$ 3,026,086</b>	<b>\$ 2,228,744</b>	<b>\$ 28,794,639</b>
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	\$ 286,090,549	\$ 2,023,658	\$ -	\$ 288,114,207
Other Structures and Improvements	15,174,707	205,086	-	15,379,793
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	19,063,156	493,058	908,149	18,648,065
Computer Software	2,721,609	-	-	2,721,609
Assets Under Capital Lease and Leasehold Improvements	1,497,616	18,081	398,934	1,116,763
<b>Total Depreciable Capital Assets</b>	<b>324,547,637</b>	<b>2,739,883</b>	<b>1,307,083</b>	<b>325,980,437</b>
Less, Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	93,875,030	6,098,614	-	99,973,644
Other Structures and Improvements	11,487,021	535,072	-	12,022,093
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	17,290,371	737,382	908,149	17,119,604
Computer Software	356,401	388,801	-	745,202
Assets Under Capital Lease and Leasehold Improvements	1,132,101	98,150	398,934	831,317
<b>Total Accumulated Depreciation</b>	<b>124,140,924</b>	<b>7,858,019</b>	<b>1,307,083</b>	<b>130,691,860</b>
<b>Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net</b>	<b>\$ 200,406,713</b>	<b>\$ (5,118,136)</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 195,288,577</b>

## 9. Unearned Revenue

As of June 30, 2017, unearned revenue of \$1,032,351 includes amounts for restricted grants and contracts received prior to fiscal year end related to subsequent accounting periods.

## 10. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, is shown below:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Current Portion</u>
Bonds Payable	\$ 1,048,000	\$ -	\$ 223,000	\$ 825,000	\$ 110,000
Capital Lease Payable	453,476	18,081	90,793	380,764	93,301
Compensated Absences Payable	9,950,739	1,572,521	1,325,801	10,197,459	369,002
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	744,100	186,645	143,282	787,463	-
Net Pension Liability	32,867,957	25,894,380	10,267,953	48,494,384	556,790
<b>Total Long-Term Liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 45,064,272</b>	<b>\$ 27,671,627</b>	<b>\$ 12,050,829</b>	<b>\$ 60,685,070</b>	<b>\$ 1,129,093</b>

**Bonds Payable.** SBE issues capital outlay bonds on behalf of the College. These bonds mature serially and are secured by a pledge of the College's portion of the State-assessed motor vehicle license tax and by the State's full faith and credit. The SBE and the SBA administer the principal and interest payments, investment of debt service resources, and compliance with reserve requirements. The College had the following bonds payable at June 30, 2017:

<u>Bond Type</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>	<u>Interest Rates (Percent)</u>	<u>Annual Maturity To</u>
SBE Capital Outlay Bonds: Series 2011A	<u>\$ 825,000</u>	3 - 5	2023

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>SBE Capital Outlay Bonds</u>		
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ 110,000	\$ 34,850	\$ 144,850
2019	120,000	29,350	149,350
2020	130,000	23,350	153,350
2021	145,000	16,850	161,850
2022	155,000	9,600	164,600
2023	165,000	4,950	169,950
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 825,000</b>	<b>\$ 118,950</b>	<b>\$ 943,950</b>

**Capital Lease Payable.** Vehicles in the amount of \$527,527 are being acquired under a capital lease agreement. The average interest rate is 6.77 percent. Future minimum payments under the capital lease agreements and the present value of the minimum payments as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2018	\$ 124,938
2019	124,938
2020	117,198
2021	100,300
2022	385
	<hr/>
<b>Total Minimum Payments</b>	467,759
Less, Amount Representing Interest	86,995
	<hr/>
<b>Present Value of Minimum Payments</b>	<b>\$ 380,764</b>
	<hr/> <hr/>

**Note Payable – Component Unit.** The long-term debt of the component unit as of March 31, 2017, is as follows:

Promissory note to bank secured by all income related to student housing, with \$25,932 monthly payments beginning January 1, 2015, including interest at 1.7 percent per annum, maturing April 1, 2038.	\$ 5,523,630
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Maturities of the long-term debt are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending March 31</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2018	\$ 217,679
2019	221,461
2020	225,075
2021	229,218
2022	233,201
Thereafter	4,396,996
	<hr/>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 5,523,630</b>
	<hr/> <hr/>

**Compensated Absences Payable.** College employees may accrue annual and sick leave based on length of service, subject to certain limitations regarding the amount that will be paid upon termination. The College reports a liability for the accrued leave; however, State noncapital appropriations fund only the portion of accrued leave that is used or paid in the current fiscal year. Although the College expects the liability to be funded primarily from future appropriations, generally accepted accounting principles do not permit the recording of a receivable in anticipation of future appropriations. At June 30, 2017, the estimated liability for compensated absences, which includes the College's share of the Florida Retirement System and FICA contributions, totaled \$10,197,459. The current portion of the compensated absences liability, \$369,002, is the amount expected to be paid in the coming fiscal year, and represents payments for employees in the Deferred Retirement Option Program.

**Other Postemployment Benefits Payable.** The College follows GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for other postemployment healthcare benefits provided by the Florida College Risk Management Consortium (Consortium) and life insurance benefits through purchased commercial insurance.

*Plan Description.* The College contributes to an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Consortium for postemployment healthcare benefits and has a single-employer defined benefit plan for life insurance benefits. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the College are eligible to participate in the College's healthcare and life insurance benefits. The College subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the OPEB Plan on average than those of active employees. The College does not offer any explicit subsidies for retiree coverage. Retirees are required to enroll in the Federal Medicare (Medicare) program for their primary health coverage as soon as they are eligible. Neither the College nor the Consortium issue a stand-alone annual report for the OPEB Plan and the OPEB Plan is not included in the annual report of a public employee retirement system or another entity.

*Funding Policy.* OPEB Plan benefits are pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, and the Board of Trustees can amend OPEB Plan benefits and contribution rates. The College has not advance-funded or established a funding methodology for the annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) costs or the net OPEB obligation, and the OPEB Plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the 2016-17 fiscal year, 62 retirees received postemployment healthcare benefits, and 64 retirees received postemployment life insurance benefits. The College provided required contributions of \$143,282 toward the annual OPEB cost, composed of benefit payments made on behalf of retirees for claim expenses (net of reinsurance), administrative expenses, and reinsurance premiums. Retiree contributions totaled \$567,114, which represents 1.13 percent of covered payroll.

*Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation.* The College's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the College's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year, the amount actually contributed to the OPEB Plan, and changes in the College's net OPEB obligation:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Normal Cost (Service Cost for One Year)	\$ 98,436
Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	<u>85,939</u>
<b>Annual Required Contribution</b>	184,375
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	29,764
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	<u>(27,494)</u>
<b>Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)</b>	186,645
Contribution Toward the OPEB Cost	<u>(143,282)</u>
<b>Increase in Net OPEB Obligation</b>	43,363
Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year	<u>744,100</u>
<b>Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year</b>	<u><u>\$ 787,463</u></u>

The College's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the OPEB Plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2017, and for the 2 preceding fiscal years, were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<b>Percentage of</b>		
	<u>Annual</u>	<u>Annual</u>	<u>Net OPEB</u>
	<u>OPEB Cost</u>	<u>OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Obligation</u>
		<u>Contributed</u>	
2014-15	\$ 192,939	55.2%	\$ 699,652
2015-16	186,509	76.2%	744,100
2016-17	186,645	76.8%	787,463

*Funded Status and Funding Progress.* As of July 1, 2015, the most recent valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,325,881 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$2,325,881 and a funded ratio of 0 percent. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active participating employees) was \$50,099,666 for the 2016-17 fiscal year, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 4.64 percent.

Actuarial valuations for an OPEB plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts regarding the funded status of the OPEB Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of OPEB Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

*Actuarial Methods and Assumptions.* Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive OPEB Plan provisions, as understood by the employer and participating members, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and participating members. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB Plan reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with this perspective, the actuarial valuations

used actuarial methods and assumptions that include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The College's OPEB actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, used the entry age normal actuarial method to estimate the actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 2017, and the College's 2016-17 fiscal year ARC. Because the OPEB liability is currently unfunded, the actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent rate of return on invested assets. The actuarial assumptions also included a payroll growth rate of 3.25 percent per year, an inflation rate of 2.6 percent per year and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.75 percent pre-Medicare and 5.25 percent Medicare for the 2016-17 fiscal year, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent in 2020 for pre-Medicare and in 2017 for Medicare. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll amortized over 30 years on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2017, was 20 years.

**Net Pension Liability.** As a participating employer in the Florida Retirement System, the College recognizes its proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities of the FRS cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. As of June 30, 2017, the College's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities totaled \$48,494,384. Note 11. includes a complete discussion of defined benefit pension plans.

## **11. Retirement Plans – Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

### **General Information about the Florida Retirement System (FRS).**

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the HIS Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance. Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, also provides for nonintegrated, optional retirement programs in lieu of the FRS to certain members of the Senior Management Service Class employed by the State and faculty and specified employees of State colleges.

Essentially all regular employees of the College are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services Web site ([www.dms.myflorida.com](http://www.dms.myflorida.com)).

The College's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$6,050,037 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

## **FRS Pension Plan.**

*Plan Description.* The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- *Regular Class* – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Senior Management Service Class (SMSC)* – Members in senior management level positions.
- *Special Risk Class* – Members who are employed as law enforcement officers and meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS-participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

*Benefits Provided.* Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on retirement plan and/or the class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following table shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

<u>Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service</u>	<u>% Value</u>
<b><u>Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011</u></b>	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
<b><u>Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011</u></b>	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
<b><u>Senior Management Service Class</u></b>	2.00
<b><u>Special Risk Class</u></b>	
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member was initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member was initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

*Contributions.* The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2016-17 fiscal year were:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Salary</u>	
	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employer (1)</u>
FRS, Regular	3.00	7.52
FRS, Senior Management Service	3.00	21.77
FRS, Special Risk	3.00	22.57
Deferred Retirement Option Program (applicable to members from all of the above classes)	0.00	12.99
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)

Notes: (1) Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.06 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.

(2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The College's contributions to the Plan totaled \$2,970,213 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

*Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.* At June 30, 2017, the College reported a liability of \$29,121,371 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined

by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016. The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the College's 2015-16 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2015-16 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2016, the College's proportionate share was 0.115331804 percent, which was a decrease of 0.008293566 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the College recognized pension expense of \$4,440,392. In addition, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,229,756	\$ 271,140
Change of assumptions	1,761,756	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS Plan investments	7,555,141	-
Changes in proportion and differences between College FRS contributions and proportionate share of contributions	661,847	1,043,946
College FRS contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,970,213	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 15,178,713</b>	<b>\$ 1,315,086</b>

The deferred outflows of resources \$2,970,213, resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2018	\$ 1,553,818
2019	1,553,818
2020	4,488,513
2021	2,932,924
2022	264,786
Thereafter	99,555
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 10,893,414</b>

*Actuarial Assumptions.* The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.60 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation (1)</u>	<u>Annual Arithmetic Return</u>	<u>Compound Annual (Geometric) Return</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
Cash	1%	3.0%	3.0%	1.7%
Fixed Income	18%	4.7%	4.6%	4.6%
Global Equity	53%	8.1%	6.8%	17.2%
Real Estate (Property)	10%	6.4%	5.8%	12.0%
Private Equity	6%	11.5%	7.8%	30.0%
Strategic Investments	12%	6.1%	5.6%	11.1%
<b>Total</b>	<u>100%</u>			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.6%	1.9%

Note: (1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

*Discount Rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

*Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.* The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.60 percent, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (6.60%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (7.60%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (8.60%)</u>
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$53,614,416	\$29,121,371	\$8,734,146

*Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.* Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

*Payables to the Pension Plan.* At June 30, 2017, the College reported a payable of \$487,343 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

## **HIS Pension Plan.**

*Plan Description.* The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

*Benefits Provided.* For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

*Contributions.* The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The College contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which HIS payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The College's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$864,573 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

*Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.* At June 30, 2017, the College reported a net pension liability of \$19,373,013 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the College's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within one year, net of the College's proportionate share of the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016. The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the College's 2015-16 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2015-16 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2016, the College's proportionate share was 0.166226524 percent, which was an increase of 0.000513895 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the College recognized pension expense of \$1,609,645. In addition, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Change of assumptions	\$ 3,040,118	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS Plan investments	9,795	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	44,125
Changes in proportion and differences between College HIS contributions and proportionate share of HIS contributions	350,184	-
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	864,573	-
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 4,264,670</u>	<u>\$ 44,125</u>

The deferred outflows of resources totaling \$864,573, resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2018	\$ 612,236
2019	612,236
2020	610,370
2021	609,475
2022	504,207
Thereafter	407,448
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 3,355,972</u>

*Actuarial Assumptions.* The total pension liability at July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	2.85 percent

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projected Scale BB.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

*Discount Rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.85 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate

selected by the plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index. The discount rate used to determine the total pension liability decreased from 3.80 percent from the prior measurement date.

*Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.* The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.85 percent, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.85 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.85 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (1.85%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (2.85%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (3.85%)</u>
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$22,225,247	\$19,373,013	\$17,005,814

*Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.* Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

*Payables to the Pension Plan.* At June 30, 2017, the College reported a payable of \$17,785 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the HIS Plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

## **12. Retirement Plans – Defined Contribution Pension Plans**

**FRS Investment Plan.** The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. College employees already participating in the State College System Optional Retirement Program or DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Service retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contributions rates, that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Senior Management Service Class, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan member accounts during the 2016-17 fiscal year were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Compensation</u>
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Senior Management Service	7.67
FRS, Special Risk Regular	14.00

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the College.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided in which the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The College's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$1,038,499 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

**State College System Optional Retirement Program.** Section 1012.875, Florida Statutes, provides for an Optional Retirement Program (Program) for eligible college instructors and administrators. The Program is designed to aid colleges in recruiting employees by offering more portability to employees not expected to remain in the FRS for 8 or more years.

The Program is a defined contribution plan, which provides full and immediate vesting of all contributions submitted to the participating companies on behalf of the participant. Employees in eligible positions can make an irrevocable election to participate in the Program, rather than the FRS, and purchase retirement and death benefits through contracts provided by certain insurance carriers. The employing college contributes 5.15 percent of the participant's salary to the participant's account, 2.83 percent to cover the unfunded actuarial liability of the FRS pension plan, and 0.01 percent to cover the administrative costs, for a total of 7.99 percent, and employees contribute 3 percent of the employee's salary. Additionally, the employee may contribute, by payroll deduction, an amount not to exceed the percentage contributed by the college to the participant's annuity account. The contributions are invested in the company or companies selected by the participant to create a fund for the purchase of annuities at retirement.

The College's contributions to the Program totaled \$163,556 and employee contributions totaled \$63,295 for the 2016-17 fiscal year.

### 13. Operating Lease Commitments

The College leased building space and four copiers under operating leases which expire between years 2018 and 2022. These leased assets and the related commitments are not reported on the College's statement of net position. Operating lease payments are recorded as expenses when paid or incurred. Outstanding commitments resulting from these lease agreements are contingent upon future appropriations. Future minimum lease commitments for these noncancelable operating leases are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2018	\$ 178,657
2019	178,657
2020	178,657
2021	144,863
2022	144,863
<b>Total Minimum Payments Required</b>	<b>\$ 825,697</b>

### 14. Risk Management Programs

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The College provided coverage for these risks primarily through the Florida College System Risk Management Consortium (Consortium), which was created under authority of Section 1001.64(27), Florida Statutes, by the boards of trustees of the Florida public colleges for the purpose of joining a cooperative effort to develop, implement, and participate in a coordinated Statewide college risk management program. The Consortium is self-sustaining through member assessments (premiums) and purchases excess insurance through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. Excess insurance from commercial companies provided coverage of up to \$200 million for property insurance. Insurance coverage obtained through the Consortium included health, dental, fire and extended property, general and automobile liability, workers' compensation, and other liability coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past 3 fiscal years.

Life insurance is obtained through purchased commercial insurance.

### 15. Litigation

The College is involved in several pending and threatened legal actions. The range of potential loss from all such claims and actions, as estimated by the College's legal counsel and management, should not materially affect the College's financial position.

### 16. Functional Distribution of Operating Expenses

The functional classification of an operating expense (instruction, academic support, etc.) is assigned to a department based on the nature of the activity, which represents the material portion of the activity attributable to the department. For example, activities of an academic department for which the primary

departmental function is instruction may include some activities other than direct instruction such as public service. However, when the primary mission of the department consists of instructional program elements, all expenses of the department are reported under the instruction classification. The operating expenses on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are presented by natural classifications. The following are those same expenses presented in functional classifications as recommended by NACUBO:

<u>Functional Classification</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Instruction	\$ 51,079,668
Public Services	676,809
Academic Support	11,114,127
Student Services	14,187,420
Institutional Support	9,664,002
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	15,789,931
Scholarships and Waivers	15,642,492
Depreciation	7,858,019
Auxiliary Enterprises	7,501,147
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>\$ 133,513,615</b>

## 17. Related Party Transactions

As permitted by Section 1004.70, Florida Statutes, the College receives direct and indirect support from its direct-support organization, Indian River State College Foundation, Inc. (Foundation). The Foundation is included within the College's reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit.

The College approved lease agreements with the Foundation for the use of classroom and office space at the Indian River Academy in Fort Pierce at total annual rents of \$118,455 during the 2016-17 fiscal year.

In April 1993, the College entered into an agreement with the Foundation to lease 2.5 acres of land to the Foundation for the establishment of student housing. The agreement provided for a lease term of 99 years in consideration of a one-time payment of \$99 for the life of the lease.

## OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (1) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
7/1/2011	\$ -	\$ 2,148,429	\$ 2,148,429	0%	\$ 37,981,872	5.7%
7/1/2013	-	2,264,789	2,264,789	0%	45,194,221	5.0%
7/1/2015	-	2,325,881	2,325,881	0%	47,670,679	4.9%

Note: (1) The OPEB actuarial valuation used the projected unit credit method for the 2011 and 2013 valuations and the entry age normal actuarial cost method for the 2015 valuation to estimate the actuarial accrued liability.

### Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

	2016 (1)	2015 (1)	2014 (1)	2013 (1)
College's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0.115331804%	0.12362537%	0.124172421%	0.116832507%
College's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 29,121,371	\$ 15,967,875	\$ 7,576,344	\$ 20,112,074
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 53,429,522	\$ 52,413,012	\$ 50,924,935	\$ 48,550,130
College's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	54.50%	30.47%	14.88%	41.43%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%	88.54%

Notes: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State college optional retirement program members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

### Schedule of College Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

	2017 (1)	2016 (1)	2015 (1)	2014 (1)
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$ 2,970,213	\$ 2,826,006	\$ 3,014,092	\$ 2,719,903
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,970,213)	(2,826,006)	(3,014,092)	(2,719,903)
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 54,114,126	\$ 53,429,522	\$ 52,413,012	\$ 50,924,935
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	5.49%	5.29%	5.75%	5.34%

Notes: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, State college optional retirement program members, and members in DROP because total employer contributions are determined on a uniform basis (blended rate) as required by Part III of Chapter 121, Florida Statutes.

**Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share  
of the Net Pension Liability –  
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**

	<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>	<u>2013 (1)</u>
College's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.166226524%	0.165712629%	0.163637400%	0.160220204%
College's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 19,373,013	\$ 16,900,082	\$ 15,300,528	\$ 13,949,275
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 53,429,522	\$ 52,413,012	\$ 50,924,935	\$ 48,550,130
College's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	36.26%	32.24%	30.05%	28.73%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%	1.78%

Notes: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

**Schedule of College Contributions –  
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**

	<u>2017 (1)</u>	<u>2016 (1)</u>	<u>2015 (1)</u>	<u>2014 (1)</u>
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 864,573	\$ 852,320	\$ 633,457	\$ 560,568
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required HIS contribution	(864,573)	(852,320)	(633,457)	(560,568)
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
College's covered payroll (2)	\$ 52,082,711	\$ 53,429,522	\$ 52,413,012	\$ 50,924,935
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.66%	1.60%	1.21%	1.10%

Notes: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

(2) Covered payroll includes defined benefit plan actives, investment plan members, and members in DROP.

**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**1. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions –  
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**

*Changes of Assumptions.* The long-term expected rate of return decreased from 7.65 percent to 7.60 percent, and the active mortality assumption was updated.

**2. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions –  
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**

*Changes of Assumptions.* The municipal rate used to determine total pension liability decreased from 3.80 percent to 2.85 percent.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the  
House of Representatives, and the  
Legislative Auditing Committee

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Indian River State College, a component unit of the State of Florida, and its discretely presented component unit as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 19, 2018, included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the College's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the College's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control

that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA  
Tallahassee, Florida  
March 19, 2018