

STATE OF FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL

Financial and Federal Single Audit

Report No. 2017-124
March 2017

**WAKULLA COUNTY
DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD**

For the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2016



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

Board Members and Superintendent

During the 2015-16 fiscal year, Robert Pearce served as Superintendent of the Wakulla County Schools and the following individuals served as School Board Members:

	<u>District No.</u>
Verna Brock	1
Melisa Taylor	2
Becky Cook, Vice Chair	3
Greg Thomas, Chair	4
JoAnn Daniels	5

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The team leader was Shirley Dong, CPA, and the audit was supervised by Karen L. Revell, CPA.

Please address inquiries regarding this report to Micah E. Rodgers, CPA, Audit Supervisor, by e-mail at micahrodgers@aud.state.fl.us or by telephone at (850) 412-2905.

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SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our audit disclosed that the Wakulla County District School Board (District's) basic financial statements were presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with prescribed financial reporting standards.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Our audit did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

SUMMARY OF REPORT ON FEDERAL AWARDS

We audited the District's compliance with applicable Federal awards requirements. The Title I and Race-to-the-Top programs were audited as major Federal programs. The results of our audit indicated that the District materially complied with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs.

AUDIT OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

Our audit objectives were to determine whether the School Board and its officers with administrative and stewardship responsibilities for District operations had:

- Presented the District's basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- Established and implemented internal control over financial reporting and compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements or on a major Federal program; and
- Complied with the various provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that are material to the financial statements, and those applicable to the District's major Federal programs.

The scope of this audit included an examination of the District's basic financial statements and the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We obtained an understanding of the District's environment, including its internal control, and assessed the risk of material misstatement necessary to plan the audit of the basic financial statements and Federal awards. We also examined various transactions to determine whether they were executed, in both manner and substance, in accordance with governing provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements.

AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; applicable standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wakulla County District School Board, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the school internal funds, which represent 49 percent of the assets and 96 percent of the liabilities of the aggregate remaining fund information. In addition, we did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, which represent 100 percent of the transactions and account balances of the discretely presented component unit's columns. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the school internal funds and the discretely presented component unit, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain

reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the school internal funds were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wakulla County District School Board, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**, the **Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General and Major Special Revenue Funds**, **Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits Plan**, **Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of District Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan**, **Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, **Schedule of District Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan**, and **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic

financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated February 24, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
February 24, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the Wakulla County District School Board has prepared the following discussion and analysis to provide an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The information contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to highlight significant transactions, events, and conditions and should be considered in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to financial statements found immediately following the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2015-16 fiscal year are as follows:

- The District's total net position decreased by \$1,038,735.43, which represents a 1.6 percent decrease from the 2014-15 fiscal year.
- General Fund expenditures exceeded revenues by \$784,999.61. This may be compared to last year's results in which General Fund expenditures exceeded revenues by \$1,332,904.56.
- The unassigned and assigned fund balances for the General Fund, representing the net current financial resources available for general appropriation by the Board, totaled \$3,220,015.84, or 8.3 percent of General Fund expenditures totaling \$38,745,079.51. This represents a 2 percent increase from the previous year's unassigned and assigned fund balances of \$3,156,119.93.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements; and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional details to support the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial condition in a manner similar to those of a private-sector business. The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities that are designed to provide consolidated financial information about the governmental and business-type activities of the District presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position provides information about the District's financial position, its assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, using an economic resources measurement focus. Assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, which is a measure of the District's financial health. The statement of activities presents information about the change in the District's net position, the results of operations, during the fiscal year. An increase or decrease in net position is an indication of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The government-wide statements present the District's activities in the following categories:

- Governmental activities – This represents most of the District's services, including its educational programs: basic, vocational, adult, and exceptional education. Support functions such as transportation and administration are also included. Local property taxes and the State's education finance program provide most of the resources that support these activities.

- Business-type activities – As the fiscal agent of the Small School District Council Consortium, the District charges fees to cover the cost of certain services it provides.
- Component unit – The District presents Wakulla’s Charter School of Arts, Science and Technology, Inc. as a separate legal entity in this report. Although the school is legally separate organization, it is considered a component unit for financial reporting purposes and is included in this report because the school meets the criteria for inclusion provided by generally accepted accounting principles. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are one of the components of the basic financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and prudent fiscal management. Certain funds are established by law while others are created by legal agreements, such as bond covenants. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District’s financial activities, focusing on its most significant or “major” funds rather than fund types. This is in contrast to the entitywide perspective contained in the government-wide statements. All of the District’s funds may be classified within one of the broad categories discussed below.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government’s near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government’s near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide detailed information about the District’s most significant funds. The District’s major funds are the General Fund, Special Revenue - Other Fund, and Capital Projects - Other Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General and major Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary Funds: Proprietary funds may be established to account for activities in which a fee is charged for services. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as business-type activities

in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for the activities of the Small School District Council Consortium, for which the District is fiscal agent.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity for the benefit of external parties, such as student activity funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources are not available to support the District's own programs. In its fiduciary capacity, the District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes. The District uses agency funds to account for resources held for student activities and groups.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and its progress in funding its obligation to provide other postemployment benefits to its employees.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial health. The following is a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2016, compared to net position as of June 30, 2015:

Net Position, End of Year

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	6-30-16	6-30-15	6-30-16	6-30-15	6-30-16	6-30-15
Current and Other Assets	\$ 6,227,956.02	\$ 7,017,589.13	\$ 21,503.05	\$ 32,229.86	\$ 6,249,459.07	\$ 7,049,818.99
Capital Assets	79,680,359.59	80,338,082.59	-	-	79,680,359.59	80,338,082.59
Total Assets	85,908,315.61	87,355,671.72	21,503.05	32,229.86	85,929,818.66	87,387,901.58
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,672,915.00	3,628,160.00	-	-	4,672,915.00	3,628,160.00
Long-Term Liabilities	22,359,599.93	17,189,052.80	-	-	22,359,599.93	17,189,052.80
Other Liabilities	457,881.02	426,590.74	950.50	8,588.40	458,831.52	435,179.14
Total Liabilities	22,817,480.95	17,615,643.54	950.50	8,588.40	22,818,431.45	17,624,231.94
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,291,022.00	6,859,814.00	-	-	2,291,022.00	6,859,814.00
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	78,993,834.09	79,342,140.39	-	-	78,993,834.09	79,342,140.39
Restricted	1,030,927.09	1,280,902.72	-	-	1,030,927.09	1,280,902.72
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(14,552,033.52)	(14,114,668.93)	20,552.55	23,641.46	(14,531,480.97)	(14,091,027.47)
Total Net Position	\$65,472,727.66	\$66,508,374.18	\$ 20,552.55	\$ 23,641.46	\$65,493,280.21	\$66,532,015.64

The largest portion of the District's net position is investment in capital assets (e.g., land; buildings; furniture, fixtures, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

As of June 30, 2016, the unrestricted portion of the District's net position remains negative due to the recognized pension liability.

The key elements of the changes in the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, and June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Operating Results for the Fiscal Year Ended

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	6-30-16	6-30-15	6-30-16	6-30-15	6-30-16	6-30-15
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 355,140.44	\$ 521,709.52	\$ 105,450.00	\$ 105,450.00	\$ 460,590.44	\$ 627,159.52
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,558,457.46	3,255,087.44	-	-	3,558,457.46	3,255,087.44
Capital Grants and Contributions	191,704.69	219,252.31	-	-	191,704.69	219,252.31
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes	7,318,321.92	7,178,874.61	-	-	7,318,321.92	7,178,874.61
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	27.69	636,524.61	-	-	27.69	636,524.61
Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects	1,722,026.50	1,689,998.94	-	-	1,722,026.50	1,689,998.94
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	31,180,294.40	30,194,062.81	-	-	31,180,294.40	30,194,062.81
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	37,453.60	6,315.84	-	-	37,453.60	6,315.84
Miscellaneous	553,922.95	1,583,765.22	-	-	553,922.95	1,583,765.22
Total Revenues	44,917,349.65	45,285,591.30	105,450.00	105,450.00	45,022,799.65	45,391,041.30
Functions/Program Expenses:						
Instruction	23,176,795.67	21,893,404.89	-	-	23,176,795.67	21,893,404.89
Student Support Services	2,437,139.70	2,467,687.70	-	-	2,437,139.70	2,467,687.70
Instructional Media Services	501,428.34	491,081.01	-	-	501,428.34	491,081.01
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	715,613.92	526,564.59	-	-	715,613.92	526,564.59
Instructional Staff Training Services	509,544.06	472,885.01	-	-	509,544.06	472,885.01
Instruction-Related Technology	275,891.35	255,960.85	-	-	275,891.35	255,960.85
Board	644,825.80	760,136.10	-	-	644,825.80	760,136.10
General Administration	509,582.98	480,490.26	-	-	509,582.98	480,490.26
School Administration	2,586,550.48	2,597,144.62	-	-	2,586,550.48	2,597,144.62
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	572,507.74	266,723.20	-	-	572,507.74	266,723.20
Fiscal Services	410,532.47	403,814.58	-	-	410,532.47	403,814.58
Food Services	2,250,491.71	2,179,475.26	-	-	2,250,491.71	2,179,475.26
Central Services	850,537.43	878,421.78	-	-	850,537.43	878,421.78
Student Transportation Services	3,001,474.54	3,026,761.75	-	-	3,001,474.54	3,026,761.75
Operation of Plant	4,268,662.30	4,216,811.88	-	-	4,268,662.30	4,216,811.88
Maintenance of Plant	1,002,897.59	979,519.93	-	-	1,002,897.59	979,519.93
Administrative Technology Services	145,697.33	117,696.29	-	-	145,697.33	117,696.29
Community Services	6,510.91	6,452.02	-	-	6,510.91	6,452.02
Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt	28,283.30	51,516.44	-	-	28,283.30	51,516.44
Unallocated Depreciation Expense	2,058,028.55	2,020,027.96	-	-	2,058,028.55	2,020,027.96
Small School District Council Consortium	-	-	108,538.91	108,871.00	108,538.91	108,871.00
Total Functions/Program Expenses	45,952,996.17	44,092,576.12	108,538.91	108,871.00	46,061,535.08	44,201,447.12
Change in Net Position	(1,035,646.52)	1,193,015.18	(3,088.91)	(3,421.00)	(1,038,735.43)	1,189,594.18
Net Position - Beginning	66,508,374.18	80,654,232.00	23,641.46	27,062.46	66,532,015.64	80,681,294.46
Adjustment to Beginning Net Position (1)	-	(15,338,873.00)	-	-	-	(15,338,873.00)
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	<u>66,508,374.18</u>	<u>65,315,359.00</u>	<u>23,641.46</u>	<u>27,062.46</u>	<u>66,532,015.64</u>	<u>65,342,421.46</u>
Net Position - Ending	\$ 65,472,727.66	\$ 66,508,374.18	\$ 20,552.55	\$ 23,641.46	\$ 65,493,280.21	\$ 66,532,015.64

Note: (1) The adjustment to beginning net position was due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 in the prior fiscal year, which was a change in accounting principle that required employers participating in cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans to report the employers' proportionate share of the net pension liability of the defined benefit pension plans.

The largest revenue source is the State of Florida (66 percent). Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily received through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding formula. The FEFP formula utilizes student enrollment data, and is designed to maintain equity in funding across all Florida school districts, taking into consideration the District's funding ability based on the local property tax base. Compared to the previous fiscal year, the base student allocation multiplied by the District cost differential increased by 3.1 percent from \$3,848.32 per full-time equivalent student to \$3,966.67 per full-time equivalent student. Overall State revenues totaled \$29,913,172.10, an increase of \$1,212,430.13.

Property tax revenues decreased by \$465,022.05, or 4.9 percent, primarily because the District no longer levies millage for debt service on the 1999 General Obligation bond series that was retired in June 2015.

Miscellaneous revenues decreased by \$1,029,842, or 65 percent, primarily due to a litigation settlement received in the previous fiscal year.

Instruction expense represents 50.4 percent of total governmental expenses in the 2015-16 fiscal year. Instruction expense increased by \$1,283,391, or 5.9 percent, from the previous fiscal year, primarily due to Florida Best and Brightest Teachers Scholarship Program expenses and an increase in instructional material purchases in the current fiscal year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Major Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the District's chief operating fund. For the current fiscal year, 82.8 percent of revenues and 84.8 percent of expenditures of the governmental funds were accounted for in the General Fund. General Fund State revenues totaled \$29,268,650.33, an increase of \$1,264,685.18 from the prior fiscal year. During the fiscal year, the total fund balance decreased by \$67,534.97 to \$3,792,607.50. The unassigned and assigned fund balances of the General Fund are an important indicator of the District's financial condition. Through fiscal prudence, the District attempts to maintain an unassigned plus assigned fund balance of at least 5 percent of General Fund revenues for any given fiscal year. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned plus assigned fund balance is \$3,220,015.84, or 8.5 percent of General Fund revenues totaling \$37,960,079.90. The unassigned plus assigned fund balance increased \$63,895.91 from the unassigned plus assigned fund balance of \$3,156,119.93 in the previous fiscal year.

The Special Revenue – Other Fund is used to account for certain Federal grant program activities, including revenues and expenditures totaling \$2,423,817.29 each. Because grant revenues attributed to grants accounted for in this fund are not recognized until expenditures are incurred, this fund generally does not accumulate a fund balance.

The Capital Projects – Other Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,418,117.15. The fund balance for this fund is restricted or assigned for the acquisition, construction, and maintenance of capital assets. Of the total fund balance, \$570,485 has been encumbered for the Wakulla Middle Tech Labs heating, ventilating, and air conditioning renovations and the purchases of classroom portables.

Proprietary Fund

The only proprietary fund for the District is the Small School District Council Consortium Enterprise Fund, which reported unrestricted net position of \$20,552.55. This balance represents a 13.1 percent decrease from the previous fiscal year primarily because of the increased costs for the consulting firm utilized by the Consortium.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the 2015-16 fiscal year, the District amended its General Fund budget several times, which resulted in an increase in total budgeted revenues of \$38,795.09, and an increase in final appropriations of \$771,081.63 from the original budgeted amounts. Budget revisions were due primarily to changes in estimated State funding levels related to the Florida Best and Brightest Teachers Scholarship Program and additional funds received and expended for the School Recognition categorical.

Actual revenues are \$195,052.81, or 0.5 percent, more than the final budgeted amounts while actual expenditures are \$1,328,006.34, or 3.3 percent, less than final budget amounts. The positive variance in expenditures was mainly because instruction expenditures were less than planned. The actual ending fund balance exceeded the estimated fund balance contained in the final amended budget by \$1,480,083.79.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2016, totaled \$79,680,359.59 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land; land improvements, construction in progress; improvements other than buildings; buildings and fixed equipment; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; motor vehicles; and audio visual materials and computer software. During the 2015-16 fiscal year, the District completed the Wakulla High School gym and track renovations project.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Notes I.F.4., II.C., and II.F. to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2016, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$686,525.50, which is comprised of \$263,000 in bonds payable and \$423,525.50 in installment-purchases payable.

During the current fiscal year, retirement of debt totaled \$309,416.70.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes I.F.6., II.H., and II.I. to the financial statements.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning information provided in the MD&A or other required supplementary information, and financial statements and notes thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Wakulla County District School Board, 69 Arran Road, Crawfordville, Florida 32327.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Wakulla County District School Board Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,520,206.09	\$ 21,503.05	\$ 5,541,709.14	\$ 227,567.00
Investments	6,445.52	-	6,445.52	25,021.00
Accounts Receivable	26,154.52	-	26,154.52	-
Due from Other Agencies	464,157.97	-	464,157.97	6,363.00
Prepaid Items	-	-	-	7,671.00
Inventories	210,991.92	-	210,991.92	-
Capital Assets:				
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	3,876,534.50	-	3,876,534.50	-
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	75,803,825.09	-	75,803,825.09	640,251.00
TOTAL ASSETS	85,908,315.61	21,503.05	85,929,818.66	906,873.00
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions	4,672,915.00	-	4,672,915.00	-
LIABILITIES				
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	5,691.20	-	5,691.20	-
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	45,375.55	-	45,375.55	-
Accounts Payable	389,274.85	950.50	390,225.35	3,237.00
Accrued Interest Payable	17,139.42	-	17,139.42	-
Deposits Payable	400.00	-	400.00	-
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Portion Due Within One Year	764,029.31	-	764,029.31	23,961.00
Portion Due After One Year	21,595,570.62	-	21,595,570.62	140,928.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	22,817,480.95	950.50	22,818,431.45	168,126.00
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions	2,291,022.00	-	2,291,022.00	-
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	78,993,834.09	-	78,993,834.09	475,362.00
Restricted for:				
State Required Carryover Programs	460,882.84	-	460,882.84	-
Capital Projects	425,540.26	-	425,540.26	7,858.00
Food Service	144,503.99	-	144,503.99	3,222.00
Unrestricted	(14,552,033.52)	20,552.55	(14,531,480.97)	252,305.00
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 65,472,727.66	\$ 20,552.55	\$ 65,493,280.21	\$ 738,747.00

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Wakulla County District School Board
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016**

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government				
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction	\$ 23,176,795.67	\$ 21,045.10	\$ -	\$ -
Student Support Services	2,437,139.70	-	-	-
Instructional Media Services	501,428.34	-	-	-
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	715,613.92	-	-	-
Instructional Staff Training Services	509,544.06	-	-	-
Instruction-Related Technology	275,891.35	-	-	-
Board	644,825.80	-	-	-
General Administration	509,582.98	-	-	-
School Administration	2,586,550.48	-	-	-
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	572,507.74	-	-	72,359.63
Fiscal Services	410,532.47	-	-	-
Food Services	2,250,491.71	334,095.34	1,736,287.46	-
Central Services	850,537.43	-	-	-
Student Transportation Services	3,001,474.54	-	1,669,139.00	-
Operation of Plant	4,268,662.30	-	-	-
Maintenance of Plant	1,002,897.59	-	153,031.00	-
Administrative Technology Services	145,697.33	-	-	-
Community Services	6,510.91	-	-	-
Unallocated Interest on Long-Term Debt	28,283.30	-	-	-
Unallocated Depreciation Expense*	2,058,028.55	-	-	119,345.06
Total Governmental Activities	45,952,996.17	355,140.44	3,558,457.46	191,704.69
Business-Type Activities:				
Small School District Council Consortium	108,538.91	105,450.00	-	-
Total Primary Government	\$ 46,061,535.08	\$ 460,590.44	\$ 3,558,457.46	\$ 191,704.69
Component Unit				
Wakulla's Charter School of Arts, Science and Technology, Inc.	\$ 1,245,921.00	\$ 1,103.00	\$ 378,481.00	\$ 41,754.00

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for Operational Purposes

Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service

Property Taxes, Levied for Capital Projects

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

* This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various functions.

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Primary Government			
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit
\$ (23,155,750.57)	\$ -	\$ (23,155,750.57)	\$ -
(2,437,139.70)	-	(2,437,139.70)	-
(501,428.34)	-	(501,428.34)	-
(715,613.92)	-	(715,613.92)	-
(509,544.06)	-	(509,544.06)	-
(275,891.35)	-	(275,891.35)	-
(644,825.80)	-	(644,825.80)	-
(509,582.98)	-	(509,582.98)	-
(2,586,550.48)	-	(2,586,550.48)	-
(500,148.11)	-	(500,148.11)	-
(410,532.47)	-	(410,532.47)	-
(180,108.91)	-	(180,108.91)	-
(850,537.43)	-	(850,537.43)	-
(1,332,335.54)	-	(1,332,335.54)	-
(4,268,662.30)	-	(4,268,662.30)	-
(849,866.59)	-	(849,866.59)	-
(145,697.33)	-	(145,697.33)	-
(6,510.91)	-	(6,510.91)	-
(28,283.30)	-	(28,283.30)	-
(1,938,683.49)	-	(1,938,683.49)	-
(41,847,693.58)	-	(41,847,693.58)	-
-	(3,088.91)	(3,088.91)	-
(41,847,693.58)	(3,088.91)	(41,850,782.49)	-
-	-	-	(824,583.00)
7,318,321.92	-	7,318,321.92	-
27.69	-	27.69	-
1,722,026.50	-	1,722,026.50	-
31,180,294.40	-	31,180,294.40	857,289.00
37,453.60	-	37,453.60	536.00
553,922.95	-	553,922.95	(65.00)
40,812,047.06	-	40,812,047.06	857,760.00
(1,035,646.52)	(3,088.91)	(1,038,735.43)	33,177.00
66,508,374.18	23,641.46	66,532,015.64	705,570.00
\$ 65,472,727.66	\$ 20,552.55	\$ 65,493,280.21	\$ 738,747.00

**Wakulla County District School Board
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2016**

	General Fund	Special Revenue - Other Fund	Capital Projects - Other Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,655,956.87	\$ 1,016.19	\$ 1,416,448.35
Investments	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable	25,851.33	303.19	-
Due from Other Funds	166,336.82	-	-
Due from Other Agencies	203,016.99	207,087.50	4,873.80
Inventories	111,708.82	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,162,870.83	\$ 208,406.88	\$ 1,421,322.15
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	\$ -	\$ 5,691.20	\$ -
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	44,799.61	-	-
Accounts Payable	324,901.34	39,583.86	-
Deposits Payable	400.00	-	-
Due to Other Funds	162.38	163,131.82	3,205.00
Total Liabilities	370,263.33	208,406.88	3,205.00
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Unavailable Revenue - Capital Outlay and Debt Service	-	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-	-
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Inventories	111,708.82	-	-
Restricted for:			
State Required Carryover Programs	460,882.84	-	-
Capital Projects	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-
Food Service	-	-	-
Total Restricted Fund Balance	460,882.84	-	-
Assigned for:			
School Operations	502,532.76	-	-
Capital Projects	-	-	1,418,117.15
Purchases on Order	123,598.45	-	-
Total Assigned Fund Balance	626,131.21	-	1,418,117.15
Unassigned Fund Balance	2,593,884.63	-	-
Total Fund Balances	3,792,607.50	-	1,418,117.15
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 4,162,870.83	\$ 208,406.88	\$ 1,421,322.15

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 446,784.68	\$ 5,520,206.09
6,445.52	6,445.52
-	26,154.52
162.38	166,499.20
49,179.68	464,157.97
99,283.10	210,991.92
<u>\$ 601,855.36</u>	<u>\$ 6,394,455.22</u>
\$ -	\$ 5,691.20
575.94	45,375.55
24,789.65	389,274.85
-	400.00
-	166,499.20
<u>25,365.59</u>	<u>607,240.80</u>
1,307.11	1,307.11
<u>1,307.11</u>	<u>1,307.11</u>
99,283.10	210,991.92
-	460,882.84
424,233.15	424,233.15
6,445.52	6,445.52
45,220.89	45,220.89
<u>475,899.56</u>	<u>936,782.40</u>
-	502,532.76
-	1,418,117.15
-	123,598.45
-	2,044,248.36
-	2,593,884.63
<u>575,182.66</u>	<u>5,785,907.31</u>
<u>\$ 601,855.36</u>	<u>\$ 6,394,455.22</u>

**Wakulla County District School Board
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2016**

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 5,785,907.31
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.		79,680,359.59
Interest on long-term debt is accrued as a liability in the government-wide statements, but is not recognized in the governmental funds until due.		(17,139.42)
A portion of capital outlay and debt service revenue is not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue on the governmental fund statements.		1,307.11
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Bonds Payable	\$ (263,000.00)	
Installment-Purchase Payable	(423,525.50)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(2,473,916.43)	
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	(2,803,673.00)	
Net Pension Liability	<u>(16,395,485.00)</u>	(22,359,599.93)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the cost-sharing pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	\$ 4,672,915.00	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	<u>(2,291,022.00)</u>	<u>2,381,893.00</u>
Net Position - Governmental Activities		<u>\$ 65,472,727.66</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Wakulla County District School Board
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Special Revenue - Other Fund	Capital Projects - Other Fund
Revenues			
Intergovernmental:			
Federal Direct	\$ 62,399.76	\$ -	\$ -
Federal Through State and Local	561,695.55	2,423,817.29	-
State	29,268,650.33	-	310,749.75
Local:			
Property Taxes	7,318,321.92	-	-
Charges for Services - Food Service	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	749,012.34	-	801,353.38
Total Local Revenues	<u>8,067,334.26</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>801,353.38</u>
Total Revenues	<u>37,960,079.90</u>	<u>2,423,817.29</u>	<u>1,112,103.13</u>
Expenditures			
Current - Education:			
Instruction	21,462,231.01	1,674,533.75	-
Student Support Services	2,201,638.93	248,861.79	-
Instructional Media Services	490,162.07	449.10	-
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	587,877.72	66,902.80	-
Instructional Staff Training Services	208,278.03	284,921.04	-
Instruction-Related Technology	277,772.24	-	-
Board	646,201.65	-	-
General Administration	428,246.12	74,695.37	-
School Administration	2,542,017.38	2,607.57	-
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	322,707.25	-	201,015.94
Fiscal Services	413,243.71	-	-
Food Services	51,838.26	-	-
Central Services	870,383.52	7,802.14	-
Student Transportation Services	2,641,979.41	7,830.68	-
Operation of Plant	4,258,543.54	-	-
Maintenance of Plant	1,028,959.34	-	-
Administrative Technology Services	147,001.40	-	-
Community Services	6,570.17	-	-
Fixed Capital Outlay:			
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	23,078.00	-	434,041.59
Other Capital Outlay	136,349.76	55,213.05	-
Debt Service:			
Principal	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	<u>38,745,079.51</u>	<u>2,423,817.29</u>	<u>635,057.53</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(784,999.61)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>477,045.60</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	746,231.00	-	1,122.90
Sale of Capital Assets	20,846.40	-	-
Insurance Loss Recoveries	33,965.29	-	-
Transfers Out	(39,770.50)	-	(60,105.90)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>761,272.19</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(58,983.00)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>(23,727.42)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>418,062.60</u>
Fund Balances, Beginning	3,860,142.47	-	1,000,054.55
Decrease in Nonspendable Inventory	(43,807.55)	-	-
Fund Balances, Ending	<u>\$ 3,792,607.50</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 1,418,117.15</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 62,399.76
1,977,081.48	4,962,594.32
333,772.02	29,913,172.10
1,722,054.19	9,040,376.11
334,095.34	334,095.34
4,293.35	1,554,659.07
<u>2,060,442.88</u>	<u>10,929,130.52</u>
<u>4,371,296.38</u>	<u>45,867,296.70</u>
199,685.48	23,336,450.24
-	2,450,500.72
-	490,611.17
-	654,780.52
20,205.94	513,405.01
-	277,772.24
-	646,201.65
-	502,941.49
-	2,544,624.95
83,879.81	607,603.00
-	413,243.71
2,216,529.13	2,268,367.39
-	878,185.66
-	2,649,810.09
-	4,258,543.54
-	1,028,959.34
-	147,001.40
-	6,570.17
860,293.13	1,317,412.72
169,047.10	360,609.91
309,416.70	309,416.70
32,250.70	32,250.70
<u>3,891,307.99</u>	<u>45,695,262.32</u>
<u>479,988.39</u>	<u>172,034.38</u>
39,770.50	787,124.40
-	20,846.40
-	33,965.29
<u>(687,248.00)</u>	<u>(787,124.40)</u>
<u>(647,477.50)</u>	<u>54,811.69</u>
(167,489.11)	226,846.07
742,671.77	5,602,868.79
-	(43,807.55)
<u>\$ 575,182.66</u>	<u>\$ 5,785,907.31</u>

**Wakulla County District School Board
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 226,846.07

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense in excess of capital outlays in the current fiscal year. (660,673.89)

Donated capital assets are reported as revenue in the statement of activities but do not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. 2,950.89

Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount of repayments in the current fiscal year.

Bond Principal Payments	\$	104,000.00	
Installment-Purchase Principal Payments		205,416.70	309,416.70

Accrued interest expense reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. This is the decrease in accrued interest during the current fiscal year. 3,747.72

The governmental funds reported deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable capital outlay and debt service revenue. This amount is accrued and reported as revenue on the statements of activities. The prior year amount is reported as revenue in the governmental funds in the current year.

Deferred Inflows - Unavailable Revenue - Current Year	\$	1,307.11	
Deferred Inflows - Unavailable Revenue - Prior Year		(9,016.74)	(7,709.63)

Revenue is recognized in the government-wide statements for receivable related to litigation settlement and recorded as a deferred inflow of resources under the modified accrual method for governmental funds. This is the amount of revenue that became available in the current fiscal year. (1,000,000.00)

In the statement of activities, the cost of compensated absences is measured by the amounts earned during the year, while in the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized based on the amounts actually paid for compensated absences. This is the net amount of compensated absences earned in excess of the amount used in the current fiscal year. (131,085.83)

Other postemployment benefits costs are recorded in the statement of activities under the full accrual basis of accounting, but are not recorded in the governmental funds until paid. This is the net increase in the other postemployment benefits liability for the current fiscal year. (226,666.00)

Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as a pension expense.

FRS Pension Contribution	\$	1,434,891.00	
HIS Pension Contribution		399,350.00	
FRS Pension Expense		(705,606.00)	
HIS Pension Expense		(637,300.00)	491,335.00

The purchases method of inventory accounting is used in the governmental funds for the transportation inventories, while the government-wide statement inventories are accounted for on the consumption method. (43,807.55)

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities **\$ (1,035,646.52)**

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Wakulla County District School Board
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund
June 30, 2016**

	Business-Type Activities - Nonmajor Enterprise Fund
	Small School District Council Consortium
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 21,503.05
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	950.50
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 20,552.55

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Wakulla County District School Board
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund
Net Position – Proprietary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016**

	Business-Type Activities - Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Small School District Council Consortium
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for Services	\$ 105,450.00	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Purchased Services	108,538.91	
Operating Loss	<u>(3,088.91)</u>	
Total Net Position - Beginning		<u>23,641.46</u>
Total Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 20,552.55</u>	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Wakulla County District School Board
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016**

	<u>Business-Type Activities - Nonmajor Enterprise Fund Small School District Council Consortium</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash Received from Services	\$ 111,150.00
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	<u>(116,176.81)</u>
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	<u>(5,026.81)</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	<u>26,529.86</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	<u>\$ 21,503.05</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Operating Loss	\$ <u>(3,088.91)</u>
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease in Due From Other Agencies	5,700.00
Decrease in Accounts Payable	<u>(7,637.90)</u>
Total Adjustments	<u>(1,937.90)</u>
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	<u>\$ (5,026.81)</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Wakulla County District School Board
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2016

	<u>Agency Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ <u>605,855.00</u>
LIABILITIES	
Internal Accounts Payable	\$ <u>605,855.00</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the Wakulla County School District's (District) governmental activities and for each segment of the business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expense associated with the District's transportation department is allocated to the student transportation services function, while remaining depreciation expense is not readily associated with a particular function and is reported as unallocated.

B. Reporting Entity

The Wakulla County District School Board (Board) has direct responsibility for operation, control, and supervision of District schools and is considered a primary government for financial reporting. The District is considered part of the Florida system of public education, operates under the general direction of the Florida Department of Education (FDOE), and is governed by State law and State Board of Education (SBE) rules. The governing body of the District is the Board, which is composed of five elected members. The elected Superintendent of Schools is the executive officer of the Board. Geographic boundaries of the District correspond with those of Wakulla County.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units that should be reported within the District's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any legally separate entities for which the Board is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Board are such that exclusion would cause the District's basic financial statements to be misleading. Based on the application of these criteria, the following component unit is included within the District's reporting entity.

Discretely Presented Component Unit. The component unit columns in the government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the District's component unit. A separate column is used to emphasize that it is legally separate from the District.

Wakulla's Charter School of Arts, Science and Technology, Inc. is a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not For Profit Corporation Act, and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The charter school operates under a charter approved by its sponsor, the Wakulla County District School Board. The charter school is considered to be a component unit of the District because the District is financially accountable for the charter school as the District established the charter schools by approval of the charter, which is tantamount to the initial appointment of the charter school, and there is the potential for the charter school to impose specific financial burdens on the District. In addition, pursuant to the Florida Constitution, the charter school is a public school and the District is responsible for the operation, control, and supervision of public schools within the District.

The financial data reported on the accompanying statements was derived from the charter school's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The audit report is filed in the District's administrative offices located at 69 Arran Road, Crawfordville, Florida 32327.

C. Basis of Presentation: Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise fund. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements except for interfund services provided and used.

D. Basis of Presentation: Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including the fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund – to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund, and for certain revenues from the State that are legally restricted to be expended for specific current operating purposes.
- Special Revenue – Other Fund – to account for certain Federal grant program resources.
- Capital Projects – Other Fund – to account for various financial resources generated by various State and local sources to be used for educational capital outlay needs, including new construction, and renovation and remodeling projects.

Additionally, the District reports the following proprietary and fiduciary fund types:

- Enterprise Fund – to account for the financing of the Small School District Council Consortium for which the District is fiscal agent.

- Agency Funds – to account for resources of the school internal funds, which are used to administer moneys collected at several schools in connection with school, student athletic, class, and club activities.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise fund) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in and out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, except for certain grant revenues, are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for Federal, State, and other grant resources, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, claims and judgments, pension benefits, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences, are only recorded when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of

long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

The proprietary fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency funds have no measurement focus but utilize the accrual basis of accounting for reporting assets and liabilities.

The charter school is accounted for as governmental organizations and follows the same accounting model as the District's governmental activities.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less. Investments classified as cash equivalents include amounts placed with the State Board of Administration (SBA) in Florida PRIME, formerly known as the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool.

Cash deposits are held by banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All deposits are insured by Federal depository insurance, up to specified limits, or collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

2. Investments

Investments consist of amounts placed in the SBA debt service accounts for investment of debt service moneys and amounts placed with the SBA for participation in the Florida PRIME investment pool created by Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The investment pool operates under investment guidelines established by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes.

The District's investments in Florida PRIME, which the SBA indicates is a Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a7-like external investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. These investments are reported at fair value, which is amortized cost.

Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year-end are described in a subsequent note.

3. Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption in the course of District operations. Inventories are stated at cost on the first-in, first-out basis except that United States Department of Agriculture donated foods are stated at their fair value as determined at the time of donation to the District's food service program by the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Bureau of Food Distribution. The costs of food service inventories are recorded as expenditures when used rather than purchased. The costs of transportation inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and the reported inventories

are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance which indicates they do not constitute “available spendable resources.”

4. Capital Assets

Expenditures for capital assets acquired or constructed for general District purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition or construction. The capital assets so acquired are reported at cost in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as those costing more than \$750. However, for renovations to buildings, the threshold of capitalization is \$50,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Interest costs incurred during construction of capital assets are not considered material and are not capitalized as part of the cost of construction.

Capital assets are depreciated using the weighted average composite method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Lives</u>
Improvements Other Than Buildings	8 - 35 years
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	10 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	3 - 10 years
Motor Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	5 - 7 years

Current year information relative to changes in capital assets is described in a subsequent note.

5. Pensions

In the government-wide statement of net position, liabilities are recognized for the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) defined benefit plan and additions to/deductions from the FRS and the HIS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and the HIS plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The District's retirement plans and related amounts are described in a subsequent note.

6. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term obligations that will be financed from resources to be received in the future by governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as liabilities until due.

Changes in long-term liabilities for the current year are reported in a subsequent note.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, deferred outflows related to pensions, is reported in the government-wide statement of net position and discussed in a subsequent note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting as deferred inflows of resources. The first is the deferred amount on pension reported only in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred amount on pension results from the difference in the expected and actual amounts of experience, earnings, and contributions. This amount is deferred and amortized over the service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan except earnings which are amortized over 5 years. The remaining item is an unavailable revenue from the State of Florida for Capital Outlay and Debt Service. This item arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet.

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

The District occasionally funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. Consequently, it is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The District may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). To calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation. The District reported no committed fund balances at June 30, 2016.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has by Board Resolution 11/12-01 authorized the Superintendent, or his designee, to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

2. State Revenue Sources

Significant revenues from State sources for current operations include the Florida Education Finance Program administered by the FDOE under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes. In accordance with this law, the District determines and reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the FDOE. The FDOE performs certain edit checks on the reported number of FTE and related data and calculates the allocation of funds to the District. The District is permitted to amend its original reporting for a period of 5 months following the date of the original reporting. Such amendments may impact funding allocations for

subsequent fiscal years. The FDOE may also adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations based upon an audit of the District's compliance in determining and reporting FTE and related data. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue in the fiscal year when the adjustments are made.

The State provides financial assistance to administer certain educational programs. SBE rules require that revenue earmarked for certain programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided, and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following fiscal year to be expended for the same educational programs. The FDOE generally requires that these educational program revenues be accounted for in the General Fund. A portion of the fund balance of the General Fund is restricted in the governmental fund financial statements for the balance of categorical and earmarked educational program resources.

The State allocates gross receipts taxes, generally known as Public Education Capital Outlay money, to the District on an annual basis. The District is authorized to expend these funds only upon applying for and receiving an encumbrance authorization from the FDOE.

A schedule of revenue from State sources for the current year is presented in a subsequent note.

3. District Property Taxes

The Board is authorized by State law to levy property taxes for district school operations, capital improvements, and debt service.

Property taxes consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. Property values are determined by the Wakulla County Property Appraiser, and property taxes are collected by the Wakulla County Tax Collector.

The Board adopted the 2015 tax levy on September 8, 2015. Tax bills are mailed in October and taxes are payable between November 1 of the year assessed and March 31 of the following year at discounts of up to 4 percent for early payment.

Taxes become a lien on the property on January 1, and are delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. State law provides for enforcement of collection of personal property taxes by seizure of the property to satisfy unpaid taxes, and for enforcement of collection of real property taxes by the sale of interest-bearing tax certificates to satisfy unpaid taxes. The procedures result in the collection of essentially all taxes prior to June 30 of the year following the year of assessment.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the government-wide financial statements when the Board adopts the tax levy. Property tax revenues are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements when taxes are received by the District, except that revenue is accrued for taxes collected by the Wakulla County Tax Collector at fiscal year-end but not yet remitted to the District.

Millages and taxes levied for the current year are presented in a subsequent note.

4. Federal Revenue Sources

The District receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to, and approved by, various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

5. Compensated Absences

In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences (i.e., paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are accrued as liabilities to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only if it has matured, such as for occurrences of employee resignations and retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

6. Proprietary Fund Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund are charges for services relating to the Small School District Council Consortium. Operating expenses include purchased services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. All bank balances of the District are fully insured or collateralized as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested to extent available. Earnings are allocated monthly to each fund balance on average daily balances.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the District has the following investments and maturities:

<u>Investments</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
SBA:		
Florida PRIME (1)	39 Day Average	\$ 5,345,644.22
Debt Service Accounts	6 Months	<u>6,445.52</u>
Total Investments, Primary Government		<u>\$ 5,352,089.74</u>

Note: (1) This investment is reported as a cash equivalent for financial statement reporting purposes.

Fair Value Measurement

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The SBA debt service accounts are valued using Level 1 inputs.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Florida PRIME uses a weighted average days to maturity (WAM). A portfolio's WAM reflects the average maturity in days based on final maturity or reset date, in the case of floating rate instruments. WAM measures the sensitivity of the portfolio to interest rate changes.

For Florida PRIME, Section 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states that "the principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the executive director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board [State Board of Administration] can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the executive director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the moratorium may be extended by the executive director until the trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the trustees agree with such measures, the trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the trustees exceed 15 days." As of June 30, 2016, there were no

redemption fees or maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Section 218.415(17), Florida Statutes, limits investments to the SBA's Florida PRIME, or any other intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act as provided in Section 163.01, Florida Statutes; Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency; interest-bearing time deposits in qualified public depositories, as defined in Section 280.02, Florida Statutes; and direct obligations of the United States Treasury. The District's investment policy does not limit its investment choices.

The District's investments in the SBA debt service accounts are to provide for debt service payments on bond debt issued by the SBE for the benefit of the District. The District relies on policies developed by the SBA for managing interest rate risk and credit risk for this account. Disclosures for the debt service accounts are included in the notes to financial statements of the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The District's investment in Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

C. Changes in Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets are presented in the table below:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,501,421.43	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,501,421.43
Land Improvements	6,752.00	-	-	6,752.00
Construction in Progress	194,793.39	1,091,391.15	917,823.47	368,361.07
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>3,702,966.82</u>	<u>1,091,391.15</u>	<u>917,823.47</u>	<u>3,876,534.50</u>
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Improvements Other Than Buildings	4,604,113.19	703,624.74	329,735.00	4,978,002.93
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	95,255,290.69	443,171.19	252,673.00	95,445,788.88
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	5,025,642.06	166,877.30	324,590.04	4,867,929.32
Motor Vehicles	5,834,740.74	193,732.61	-	6,028,473.35
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	271,091.70	-	11,629.50	259,462.20
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>110,990,878.38</u>	<u>1,507,405.84</u>	<u>918,627.54</u>	<u>111,579,656.68</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Improvements Other Than Buildings	2,783,530.79	159,214.08	329,735.00	2,613,009.87
Buildings and Fixed Equipment	24,225,680.97	1,605,110.65	252,673.00	25,578,118.62
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	3,515,830.32	287,032.96	324,590.04	3,478,273.24
Motor Vehicles	3,586,455.90	280,667.97	-	3,867,123.87
Audio Visual Materials and Computer Software	244,264.63	6,670.86	11,629.50	239,305.99
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>34,355,762.61</u>	<u>2,338,696.52</u>	<u>918,627.54</u>	<u>35,775,831.59</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	<u>76,635,115.77</u>	<u>(831,290.68)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>75,803,825.09</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 80,338,082.59</u>	<u>\$ 260,100.47</u>	<u>\$ 917,823.47</u>	<u>\$ 79,680,359.59</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

<u>Function</u>	<u>Amount</u>
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
Student Transportation Services	\$ 280,667.97
Unallocated	<u>2,058,028.55</u>
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 2,338,696.52</u>

D. Retirement Plans

1. Florida Retirement System (FRS) – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the FRS

The FRS was created in Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to

provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree HIS Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the District are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The District's FRS and HIS pension expense totaled \$1,342,906 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

FRS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The FRS Pension Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a DROP for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- *Regular Class* – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- *Elected County Officers Class* – Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

Employees enrolled in the Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service. All members enrolled in the Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service. Employees enrolled in the Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional

personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided. Benefits under the Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

<u>Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service</u>	<u>Percent Value</u>
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions. The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Contribution rates during the 2015-16 fiscal year were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Salary</u>	
	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employer (1)</u>
FRS, Regular	3.00	7.26
FRS, Elected County Officers	3.00	42.27
DROP - Applicable to Members from All of the Above Classes	0.00	12.88
FRS, Reemployed Retiree	(2)	(2)

Notes: (1) Employer rates include 1.66 percent for the postemployment health insurance subsidy. Also, employer rates, other than for DROP participants, include 0.04 percent for administrative costs of the Investment Plan.

(2) Contribution rates are dependent upon retirement class in which reemployed.

The District's contributions to the Plan totaled \$1,434,891 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$8,277,505 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2014-15 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2014-15 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportionate share was 0.064085514 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000900422 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized the Plan pension expense of \$705,606. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 873,859	\$ 196,317
Change of assumptions	549,406	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on FRS pension plan investments	-	1,976,530
Changes in proportion and differences between District FRS contributions and proportionate share of contributions	585,260	118,175
District FRS contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,434,891	-
Total	\$ 3,443,416	\$ 2,291,022

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$1,434,891, resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2017	\$ (541,004)
2018	(541,004)
2019	(541,004)
2020	1,089,694
2021	208,048
Thereafter	42,773
Total	\$ (282,497)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.65 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation (1)</u>	<u>Annual Arithmetic Return</u>	<u>Compound Annual (Geometric) Return</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
Cash	1%	3.2%	3.1%	1.7%
Fixed Income	18%	4.8%	4.7%	4.7%
Global Equity	53%	8.5%	7.2%	17.7%
Real Estate (Property)	10%	6.8%	6.2%	12.0%
Private Equity	6%	11.9%	8.2%	30.0%
Strategic Investments	12%	6.7%	6.1%	11.4%
Total	100%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.6%		1.9%

Note: (1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit

payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.65 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.65%)	Current Discount Rate (7.65%)	1% Increase (8.65%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 21,448,884	\$ 8,277,505	\$ (2,683,248)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

HIS Pension Plan

Plan Description. The HIS Pension Plan (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Federal Medicare.

Contributions. The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The District contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$399,350 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a net pension liability of \$8,117,980 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The current portion of the net pension liability is the District's proportionate share of benefit payments expected to be paid within 1 year, net of the District's proportionate share of the pension plan's fiduciary net position available to pay that amount. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, and update procedures were used to determine liabilities as of July 1, 2015. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2014-15 fiscal year contributions relative to the total 2014-15 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportionate share was 0.079600313 percent, which was an increase of 0.001440033 from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized the HIS Plan pension expense of \$637,300. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>
Change of assumptions	\$ 638,673
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIS pension plan investments	4,394
Changes in proportion and differences between District HIS contributions and proportionate share of HIS contributions	187,082
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	399,350
Total	\$ 1,229,499

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, totaling \$399,350, resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2017	\$ 140,311
2018	140,311
2019	140,311
2020	139,417
2021	138,989
Thereafter	130,810
Total	\$ 830,149

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Municipal bond rate	3.80 percent

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projected Scale BB.

While an experience study had not been completed for the HIS Plan, the actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Plan were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Plan.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.8 percent. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.8 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.8 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.8 percent) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease (2.8%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (3.8%)</u>	<u>1% Increase (4.8%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,250,060	\$ 8,117,980	\$ 7,173,995

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

2. FRS – Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law,

but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Retirement benefits are based upon the value of the member's account upon retirement. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the Investment Plan members' accounts during the 2015-16 fiscal year were as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Percent of Gross Compensation</u>
FRS, Regular	6.30
FRS, Elected County Officers	11.34

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings, regardless of membership class. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the District.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$175,191 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

E. Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

Plan Description. The Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801,

Florida Statutes, employees who retire from the District are eligible to participate in the District's health and hospitalization plan for medical, prescription drug, and life insurance coverage. The District subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees by allowing them to participate in the OPEB Plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the OPEB Plan on average than those of active employees. The District does not offer any explicit subsidies for retiree coverage. Retirees are assumed to enroll in the Federal Medicare program for their primary coverage as soon as they are eligible. The OPEB Plan does not issue a stand-alone report, and is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or other entity.

Funding Policy. Plan contribution requirements of the District and OPEB Plan members are established and may be amended through action from the Board. The District has not advance-funded or established a funding methodology for the annual OPEB costs or the net OPEB obligation, and the OPEB Plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the 2015-16 fiscal year, 201 retirees received postemployment life and 18 retirees received postemployment healthcare benefits. The District provided required contributions of \$238,837 toward the annual OPEB cost, net of retiree contributions totaling \$150,103, which represents 0.6 percent of covered payroll.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The ARC represents a level of funding that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the District's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year, the amount actually contributed to the OPEB Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Normal Cost (service cost for 1 year)	\$ 165,917
Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	<u>444,952</u>
Annual Required Contribution	610,869
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	88,907
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	<u>(234,273)</u>
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	465,503
Contribution Toward the OPEB Cost	<u>(238,837)</u>
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	226,666
Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year	<u>2,577,007</u>
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	<u>\$ 2,803,673</u>

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the OPEB Plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2016, and the 2 preceding fiscal years, were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed</u>	<u>Net OPEB Obligation</u>
2013-14	\$ 403,790	45.7%	\$ 2,345,384
2014-15	456,797	49.3%	2,577,007
2015-16	465,503	51.3%	2,803,673

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of October 1, 2014, the most recent valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$4,651,679, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$4,651,679 and a funded ratio of 0 percent. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active participating employees) was \$23,705,183, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 19.6 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing OPEB Plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the OPEB Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress immediately following the notes to financial statements presents as required supplementary information, multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of OPEB Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive OPEB Plan provisions, as understood by the employer and participating members, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and participating members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The District's OPEB actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2014, used the entry age normal cost actuarial method to estimate the unfunded actuarial liability as of June 30, 2016, and to estimate the District's 2015-16 fiscal year ARC. Because the OPEB liability is currently unfunded, the actuarial assumptions included a 3.45 percent rate of return on invested assets, which is the District's long-term expectation of investment returns under its investment policy. The actuarial assumptions also included a payroll growth rate of 3.45 percent per year, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5 percent initially beginning October 1, 2014, reduced to an ultimate rate of 4.62 percent beginning October 1, 2040. The investment rate of return and payroll growth rate include a general price inflation of 2.5 percent. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis over an 11-year period. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016, was 10 years.

F. Construction and Other Significant Commitments

Encumbrances. Appropriations in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders for goods and services. Even though appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, unfilled purchase orders of the current year are carried forward and the next fiscal year's appropriations are likewise encumbered.

The following is a schedule of encumbrances at June 30, 2016:

Major Funds				
General	Special Revenue - Other	Capital Projects - Other	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 123,598	\$ 16,104	\$ 570,485	\$ 369,173	\$ 1,079,360

Construction Contracts. Encumbrances include the following major construction contract commitments at fiscal year-end:

Project	Contract Amount	Completed to Date	Balance Committed
Wakulla Middle Tech Labs - Heating, Ventilating, Air Conditioning Renovation			
Architect	\$ 16,190	\$ 900	\$ 15,290
Contractor	262,614	-	262,614
Total	\$ 278,804	\$ 900	\$ 277,904

G. Risk Management Programs

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Wakulla County District School Board is a member of the Panhandle Area Educational Consortium - Risk Management Consortium (Consortium) under which several district school boards have established a combined limited self-insurance program for property protection, general liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation, employee dishonesty, equipment breakdown and other coverage deemed necessary by the members of the Consortium. Section 1001.42(12)(k), Florida Statutes, provides the authority for the District to enter into such a risk management program. The Consortium is self-sustaining through member assessments (premiums), and purchases coverage through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. The Board of Directors for the Consortium is composed of superintendents of all participating districts. The Washington County District School Board serves as fiscal agent for the Consortium.

Employee group life and health insurance coverage is being provided through purchased commercial insurance with minimum deductibles for each line of coverage.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past 3 fiscal years.

H. Installment-Purchase Payable

The class and amount of property being acquired under installment-purchase is as follows:

	<u>Asset Balance</u>
School Buses	\$ 1,046,720

Future minimum installment-purchase payments and the present value of the minimum installment-purchase payments as of June 30 are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2017	\$ 218,310.00	\$ 209,627.70	\$ 8,682.30
2018	218,310.00	213,897.80	4,412.20
Total Minimum Installment-Purchase Payments	\$ 436,620.00	\$ 423,525.50	\$ 13,094.50

The stated interest rate is 2.05 percent.

I. Long-Term Liabilities

1. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

<u>Bond Type</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>	<u>Interest Rates (Percent)</u>	<u>Annual Maturity To</u>
State School Bonds:			
Series 2009A, Refunding	\$ 55,000	5.0	2019
Series 2014B, Refunding	208,000	2.0 - 5.0	2020
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 263,000		

The State School Bonds were issued by the State Board of Education (SBE) on behalf of the District to finance capital outlay projects of the District. The bonds mature serially, and are secured by a pledge of the District's portion of the State-assessed motor vehicle license tax. The State's full faith and credit is also pledged as security for these bonds. Principal and interest payments, investment of debt service fund resources, and compliance with reserve requirements are administered by the SBE and the SBA.

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
State School Bonds:			
2017	\$ 117,790	\$ 105,000	\$ 12,790
2018	122,540	115,000	7,540
2019	32,790	31,000	1,790
2020	12,240	12,000	240
Total State School Bonds	\$ 285,360	\$ 263,000	\$ 22,360

2. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due In One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Bonds Payable	\$ 367,000.00	\$ -	\$ 104,000.00	\$ 263,000.00	\$ 105,000.00
Installment-Purchase Payable	628,942.20	-	205,416.70	423,525.50	209,627.70
Compensated Absences Payable	2,342,830.60	349,162.82	218,076.99	2,473,916.43	151,448.61
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	2,577,007.00	465,503.00	238,837.00	2,803,673.00	-
Net Pension Liability	11,273,273.00	10,230,224.00	5,108,012.00	16,395,485.00	297,953.00
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 17,189,052.80	\$ 11,044,889.82	\$ 5,874,342.69	\$ 22,359,599.93	\$ 764,029.31

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, pensions, and other postemployment benefits are generally liquidated with resources of the General Fund.

J. Fund Balance Reporting

In addition to committed and assigned fund balance categories discussed in the **Fund Balance Policies** note disclosure, fund balances may be classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable Fund Balance**. Nonspendable fund balance is the net current financial resources that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Generally, not in spendable form means that an item is not expected to be converted to cash.
- **Restricted Fund Balance**. Restricted fund balance is the portion of fund balance on which constraints have been placed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance places the most binding level of constraint on the use of fund balance.
- **Unassigned Fund Balance**. The unassigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that is the residual classification for the General Fund. This balance represents amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

K. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements:

Funds	Interfund	
	Receivables	Payables
Major:		
General	\$ 166,336.82	\$ 162.38
Special Revenue:		
Other	-	163,131.82
Capital Projects:		
Other	-	3,205.00
Nonmajor Governmental	162.38	-
Total	\$ 166,499.20	\$ 166,499.20

These balances occurred during the normal course of District operations representing temporary advances. These amounts are expected to be repaid within 1 year.

L. Revenues

1. Schedule of State Revenue Sources

The following is a schedule of the District's State revenue sources for the 2015-16 fiscal year:

<u>Source</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 22,813,229.00
Categorical Educational Program - Class Size Reduction	5,316,977.00
School Recognition	400,771.00
Florida Best and Brightest Teachers Scholarship Program	379,788.42
Motor Vehicle License Tax (Capital Outlay and Debt Service)	199,414.32
Workforce Development Program	141,351.00
Voluntary Prekindergarten Program	138,158.27
Gross Receipts Tax (Public Education Capital Outlay)	111,048.00
Miscellaneous	412,435.09
Total	\$ 29,913,172.10

Accounting policies relating to certain State revenue sources are described in Note I.G.2.

2. Property Taxes

The following is a summary of millages and taxes levied on the 2015 tax roll for the 2015-16 fiscal year:

<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Millages</u>	<u>Taxes Levied</u>
Nonvoted School Tax:		
Required Local Effort	5.127	\$ 6,117,279.61
Basic Discretionary Local Effort	0.748	892,476.14
Voted School Tax:		
Additional Operating	0.500	596,574.96
Capital Projects - Local Capital Improvement Fund		
Nonvoted Tax:		
Local Capital Improvements	1.500	1,789,724.87
Total	7.875	\$ 9,396,055.58

M. Interfund Transfers

The following is a summary of interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements:

<u>Funds</u>	<u>Interfund</u>	
	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
Major:		
General	\$ 746,231.00	\$ 39,770.50
Capital Projects:		
Other	1,122.90	60,105.90
Nonmajor Governmental	<u>39,770.50</u>	<u>687,248.00</u>
Total	<u>\$ 787,124.40</u>	<u>\$ 787,124.40</u>

The purpose of the interfund transfers were related to the transfer of charter school capital outlay funds and capital outlay taxes for maintenance, repair, and renovation expenditures of the General Fund. Also, a transfer was made to the nonmajor Special Revenue - Food Service Fund to satisfy minimum school lunch price requirements under the National School Lunch Program.

III. CONSORTIUMS

The District is a member of, and the fiscal agent for, the Small School District Council Consortium (Consortium). The Consortium is an association of small school districts organized to hire a consultant to collect, interpret, and disseminate information regarding educational matters affecting the member districts, as well as consult and communicate as directed to change, influence, and improve the conditions in the affected districts. The District is not the predominant participant in the Consortium and, therefore, has established an enterprise fund to account for the Consortium's resources and operations.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General and Major Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues				
Intergovernmental:				
Federal Direct	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 75,000.00	\$ 62,399.76	\$ (12,600.24)
Federal Through State and Local	520,506.00	528,097.93	561,695.55	33,597.62
State	28,643,137.00	29,223,062.16	29,268,650.33	45,588.17
Local:				
Property Taxes	7,278,228.00	7,278,228.00	7,318,321.92	40,093.92
Miscellaneous	1,209,361.00	660,639.00	749,012.34	88,373.34
Total Local Revenues	<u>8,487,589.00</u>	<u>7,938,867.00</u>	<u>8,067,334.26</u>	<u>128,467.26</u>
Total Revenues	<u>37,726,232.00</u>	<u>37,765,027.09</u>	<u>37,960,079.90</u>	<u>195,052.81</u>
Expenditures				
Current - Education:				
Instruction	21,906,253.97	22,488,642.33	21,462,231.01	1,026,411.32
Student Support Services	2,059,108.97	2,202,968.90	2,201,638.93	1,329.97
Instructional Media Services	527,519.79	526,559.63	490,162.07	36,397.56
Instruction and Curriculum Development Services	580,668.35	590,132.87	587,877.72	2,255.15
Instructional Staff Training Services	169,909.08	213,255.91	208,278.03	4,977.88
Instruction-Related Technology	264,441.06	279,506.89	277,772.24	1,734.65
Board	643,709.55	651,721.44	646,201.65	5,519.79
General Administration	381,456.20	429,676.33	428,246.12	1,430.21
School Administration	2,624,069.89	2,545,581.79	2,542,017.38	3,564.41
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	570,749.90	408,865.81	322,707.25	86,158.56
Fiscal Services	406,437.46	415,405.82	413,243.71	2,162.11
Food Services	10,606.49	65,434.01	51,838.26	13,595.75
Central Services	729,639.09	872,372.17	870,383.52	1,988.65
Student Transportation Services	2,923,358.39	2,760,664.35	2,641,979.41	118,684.94
Operation of Plant	4,217,210.60	4,261,730.71	4,258,543.54	3,187.17
Maintenance of Plant	1,020,682.97	1,032,953.39	1,028,959.34	3,994.05
Administrative Technology Services	259,432.46	161,435.74	147,001.40	14,434.34
Community Services	6,750.00	6,750.00	6,570.17	179.83
Fixed Capital Outlay:				
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	23,078.00	23,078.00	-
Other Capital Outlay	-	136,349.76	136,349.76	-
Total Expenditures	<u>39,302,004.22</u>	<u>40,073,085.85</u>	<u>38,745,079.51</u>	<u>1,328,006.34</u>
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(1,575,772.22)</u>	<u>(2,308,058.76)</u>	<u>(784,999.61)</u>	<u>1,523,059.15</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	737,392.00	770,440.00	746,231.00	(24,209.00)
Sale of Capital Assets	30,000.00	30,000.00	20,846.40	(9,153.60)
Insurance Loss Recoveries	-	-	33,965.29	33,965.29
Transfers Out	(30,000.00)	(40,000.00)	(39,770.50)	229.50
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>737,392.00</u>	<u>760,440.00</u>	<u>761,272.19</u>	<u>832.19</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>(838,380.22)</u>	<u>(1,547,618.76)</u>	<u>(23,727.42)</u>	<u>1,523,891.34</u>
Fund Balances, Beginning	3,860,142.47	3,860,142.47	3,860,142.47	-
Decrease in Nonspendable Inventory	-	-	(43,807.55)	(43,807.55)
Fund Balances, Ending	<u>\$ 3,021,762.25</u>	<u>\$ 2,312,523.71</u>	<u>\$ 3,792,607.50</u>	<u>\$ 1,480,083.79</u>

Special Revenue - Other Fund

Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
3,122,288.78	2,898,533.90	2,423,817.29	(474,716.61)
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
<u>3,122,288.78</u>	<u>2,898,533.90</u>	<u>2,423,817.29</u>	<u>(474,716.61)</u>
2,071,912.48	1,813,150.20	1,674,533.75	138,616.45
393,361.00	370,496.00	248,861.79	121,634.21
-	450.00	449.10	0.90
94,277.41	94,277.41	66,902.80	27,374.61
454,123.41	436,638.98	284,921.04	151,717.94
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
56,181.48	79,867.87	74,695.37	5,172.50
-	2,621.00	2,607.57	13.43
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	17,000.00	7,802.14	9,197.86
52,433.00	28,819.39	7,830.68	20,988.71
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	55,213.05	55,213.05	-
<u>3,122,288.78</u>	<u>2,898,533.90</u>	<u>2,423,817.29</u>	<u>474,716.61</u>
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>

**Schedule of Funding Progress –
Other Postemployment Benefits Plan**

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (1) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
10/01/10	\$ -	\$ 3,399,950	\$ 3,399,950	0.0%	\$ 15,045,711	22.6%
10/01/12	-	3,931,963	3,931,963	0.0%	24,311,735	16.2%
10/01/14	-	4,651,679	4,651,679	0.0%	23,705,183	19.6%

Note: (1) The District's OPEB actuarial valuation used the entry age normal cost actuarial method to estimate the actuarial accrued liability.

**Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share
of the Net Pension Liability –
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)**

	2015	2014	2013
District's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0.064085514%	0.064985936%	0.060004810%
District's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 8,277,505	\$ 3,965,096	\$ 10,329,498
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,887,140	\$ 21,149,066	\$ 20,266,611
District's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	37.82%	18.75%	50.97%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	92.00%	96.09%	88.54%

Note: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

**Schedule of District Contributions –
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (1)**

	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$ 1,434,891	\$ 1,562,459	\$ 1,423,468
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,434,891)	(1,562,459)	(1,423,468)
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,642,302	\$ 21,887,140	\$ 21,149,066
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.63%	7.14%	6.73%

Note: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

**Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share
of the Net Pension Liability –
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)**

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
District's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.079600313%	0.078160280%	0.076962461%
District's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 8,117,980	\$ 7,308,177	\$ 6,700,594
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 24,149,326	\$ 23,224,220	\$ 22,357,945
District's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	33.62%	31.47%	29.97%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.50%	0.99%	1.78%

Note: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

**Schedule of District Contributions –
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan (1)**

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 399,350	\$ 304,282	\$ 267,751
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(399,350)	(304,282)	(267,751)
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 24,055,414	\$ 24,149,326	\$ 23,224,220
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.66%	1.26%	1.15%

Note: (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The Board follows procedures established by State statutes and State Board of Education (SBE) rules in establishing budget balances for governmental funds, as described below:

- Budgets are prepared, public hearings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for all governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervals prescribed by law and SBE rules.
- Appropriations are controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries, purchased services, and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g., instruction, student transportation services, and school administration) and may be amended by resolution at any Board meeting prior to the due date for the annual financial report.
- Budgets are prepared using the same modified accrual basis as is used to account for governmental funds.
- Budgetary information is integrated into the accounting system and, to facilitate budget control, budget balances are encumbered when purchase orders are issued. Appropriations lapse at

fiscal year-end and encumbrances outstanding are honored from the subsequent year's appropriations.

2. Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

The October 1, 2014, unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$4,651,679 was significantly higher than the October 1, 2012, liability of \$3,931,963 as a result of benefit changes and other changes in liabilities and costs as discussed below:

- *Population Changes:* The number of retirees currently receiving postemployment health benefits through the District core plan decreased from 33 in the previous valuation to 18 this valuation. At the same time, the number of active employees eligible for future postemployment benefits increased from 428 to 445. This change had an increasing effect on cost and liability.
- *Initial Cost of Coverage:* The total cost of coverage increased from \$761 per employee per month (as expected from the October 1, 2012, valuation) to \$839 per employee per month for year beginning October 1, 2014, which is lower than the projected \$892 per employee per month. This change decreased cost and liability.
- *Medical Trend Assumptions:* Revisions were made in the assumed trend of medical and prescription cost increases. In the October 1, 2012, valuation, the trends for costs and premiums were assumed to be 7.5 percent for the year beginning October 1, 2015, with rates decreasing 0.5 percent each year thereafter to the ultimate value of 5 percent. The trends for costs and premiums were revised to 7.5 percent then declining over a 25-year period to the ultimate value of 4.24 percent, decreasing cost and liability.
- *Reflecting Provisions of the Affordable Care Act:* Revisions were made in the assumed increase in the cost of coverage due to the Excise Tax on High-Cost Employer Health Plans. In the October 1, 2012 valuation, it was estimated that the excise tax would result in a 0.41 percent increase in the cost of coverage for the plan year 2031 and all subsequent years. The estimates in the cost of coverage were revised to reflect a 0.38 percent increase in the cost of coverage for the plan year 2029, and all subsequent years. This change has the effect of increasing cost and liability.
- *Retiree Medical Coverage Assumptions:* Revisions were made to the assumed rate of coverage acceptance and continuation. In the previous valuation, it was assumed that 50 percent of retiring employees under the age of 65 would elect to continue medical coverage through the District's plan. It is now estimated that 45 percent of employees will elect to keep the coverage upon retirement, decreasing cost and liability.
- *Discount Rate Assumptions:* The discount rate used in valuing future cash flows increased from 3.4 percent to 3.45 percent, decreasing cost and liability.

3. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. As of June 30, 2015, the inflation rate assumption remained at 2.6 percent, the real payroll growth assumption remained at 0.65 percent, and the overall payroll growth rate assumption remained at 3.25 percent. The long-term expected rate of return remained at 7.65 percent.

4. Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan

Changes of Assumptions. The municipal bond rate used to determine total pension liability was decreased from 4.29 percent to 3.8 percent.

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Wakulla County District School Board Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Pass - Through Grantor Number	Amount of Expenditures	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
United States Department of Agriculture:				
Indirect:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	15002	\$ 407,393.83	\$ -
National School Lunch Program	10.555	15001, 15003	1,304,708.63	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>1,712,102.46</u>	<u>-</u>
Florida Department of Financial Services:				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	None	152,581.93	-
Total United States Department of Agriculture			<u>1,864,684.39</u>	<u>-</u>
United States Department of Education:				
Indirect:				
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States:				
Florida Department of Education	84.027	262, 263	1,173,295.99	18,000.00
University of South Florida		None	93,187.00	-
Putnam County District School Board		None	550.12	-
Leon County District School Board		None	42,699.68	-
Total Special Education - Grants to States	84.027		<u>1,309,732.79</u>	<u>18,000.00</u>
Special Education - Preschool Grants:	84.173			
Florida Department of Education		267	52,305.28	-
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>1,362,038.07</u>	<u>18,000.00</u>
Florida Department of Education:				
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	191	68,248.32	-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	212, 222, 226, 228	837,425.68	89,052.00
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	161	98,330.33	-
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	224	194,211.69	-
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act	84.395	RA111, RA211, RG311, RL111	<u>264,979.02</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Indirect			<u>2,825,233.11</u>	<u>107,052.00</u>
Total United States Department of Education			<u>2,825,233.11</u>	<u>107,052.00</u>
United States Department of Health and Human Services:				
Indirect:				
North Florida Child Development Inc.:				
Head Start	93.600	None	79,412.00	-
United States Department of Homeland Security:				
Indirect:				
Florida Department of Education:				
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	532	68,157.81	-
United States Department of Defense:				
Direct:				
Navy Junior Reserve Officers Training Corps	None	N/A	62,399.76	-
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 4,899,887.07</u>	<u>\$ 107,052.00</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

- Notes: (1) Basis of Presentation. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the Federal award activity of the Wakulla County District School Board under programs of the Federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net position of the District.
- (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Expenditures are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles in Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* or the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (3) Indirect Cost Rate. The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- (4) Noncash Assistance - National School Lunch Program. Includes \$147,548.95 of donated food received during the fiscal year. Donated foods are valued at fair value as determined at the time of donation.



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wakulla County District School Board, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2017, included under the heading **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the school internal funds and the discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the District's financial statements. For the discretely presented component unit, this report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the school internal funds were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a

combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
February 24, 2017



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Auditor General

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The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
House of Representatives, and the
Legislative Auditing Committee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Wakulla County District School Board's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of District's major Federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The District's major Federal programs are identified in the **SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS** section of the accompanying **SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

District management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,



Sherrill F. Norman, CPA
Tallahassee, Florida
February 24, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major Federal programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major Federal programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster:
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
84.395	ARRA – State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) – Race-to-the-Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?	Yes

PRIOR AUDIT FOLLOW-UP

There were no prior financial statement findings requiring follow-up.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The District did not have prior audit findings required to be reported under 2 CFR 200.511.