

**DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE
HOUSING CORPORATION**

A COMPONENT UNIT OF DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors,
Daytona State College Housing Corporation:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Daytona State College Housing Corporation (the Corporation), a component unit of Daytona State College (the College), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Corporation's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Corporation's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as of June 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

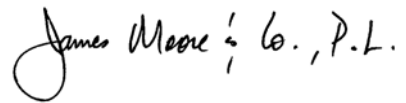
Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 4, 2021 on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Daytona Beach, Florida
August 4, 2021

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE)
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2021

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial position and activities of the Daytona State College Housing Corporation (the Corporation) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Management has prepared the financial statements and the discussion and analysis. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with the preparers and we confirm that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the financial statements are complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Corporation was incorporated on September 19, 2019, as a direct support organization of Daytona State College (the "College") for the purpose of financing and constructing a student housing facility at the College's main campus in Daytona Beach, Florida.

Financial Highlights

The Corporation's current assets were \$12,825,313 in fiscal year 2021 and were \$158,254 in 2020. The increase of \$12,667,059 was primarily due to the bank loan proceeds received in 2021.

The Corporation's noncurrent assets were \$6,446,183 in fiscal year 2021 and \$2,748,326 in fiscal year 2020, representing an increase of \$3,697,857. The increase is primarily due to the increase in construction in progress on the student housing facility.

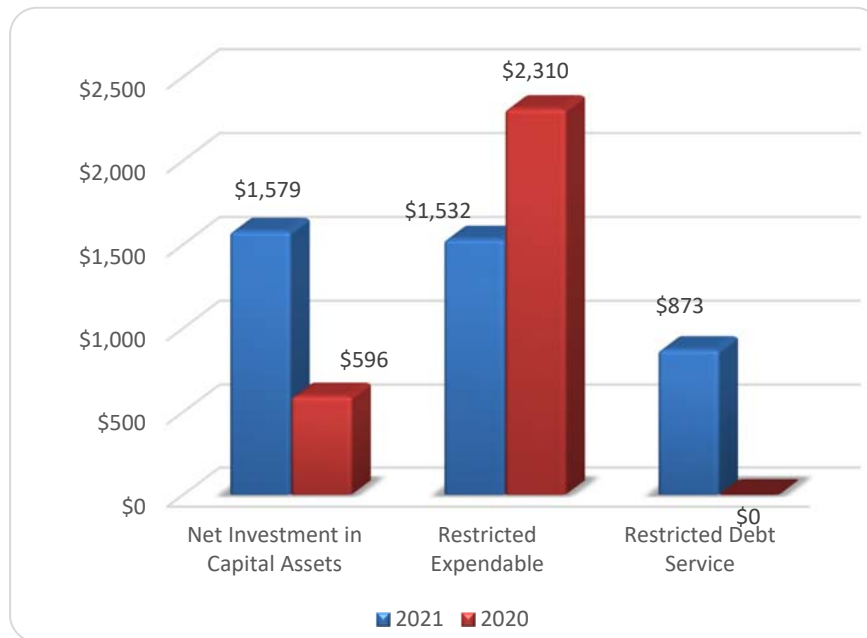
The Corporation's current liabilities were \$2,487,270 in fiscal year 2021 which primarily consisted of reimbursements owed to the College. Noncurrent liabilities in fiscal year 2021 consisted of a \$12,800,000 bank loan obtained to help finance the construction of the facility.

The Corporation's total net position is \$3,984,226 as of June 30, 2021 compared to \$2,906,580 as of June 30, 2020. In fiscal year 2021 net position increased by \$1,077,646, representing a 37.1% increase over 2020. Net position includes restricted funds to be used for specific projects and expenses, the Corporation's net investment in capital assets and restricted for debt service.

The net position section of the Statement of Net Position represents funds available to meet the Corporation's ongoing purpose of constructing and operating a student housing facility for students enrolled at the College. The Corporation's comparative total net position by category for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, is shown in the following graph:

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE)
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2021

Net Position
(In Thousands)



Condensed Statement of Net Position at June 30
(In Thousands)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 12,825	\$ 158
Capital Assets	6,446	2,748
Total Assets	<u>19,271</u>	<u>2,906</u>
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	2,487	-
Noncurrent Liabilities	12,800	-
Total Liabilities	<u>15,287</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,579	596
Restricted Expendable	1,532	2,310
Restricted Debt Service	873	-
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 3,984</u>	<u>\$ 2,906</u>

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE)
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2021

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents the Corporation's revenue and expense activity, categorized as operating and nonoperating. Revenues and expenses are recognized when earned or incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The following summarizes the Corporation's activity for the 2020-21 and 2019-20 fiscal years:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Years
(In Thousands)

	2020-21	2019-20
Operating Revenues	\$ -	\$ 2,923
Less, Operating Expenses	51	17
Operating Income (Loss)	(51)	2,906
Net Nonoperating Revenues	1,129	-
Net Increase In Net Position	1,077	2,906
Net Position, Beginning of Year	2,907	-
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 3,984	\$ 2,906

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

The Corporation received \$1.2 million in contributions from the Foundation for the design and construction of a student housing facility. Expenditures for year ending June 30, 2021, primarily consist of construction costs for the student housing facility and interest expense on the bank loan.

Debt Administration

On March 12, 2021, the Corporation obtained a bank loan in the amount of \$12.8 million. The proceeds of the loan are to be used to finance the design and construction of a 252-bed student housing facility, fund a debt service reserve fund, and fund cost of issuance. Construction of the facility is in progress with an anticipated completion date of May 2022.

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE)
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2021

Capital Expenses and Commitments

Major capital expenses through June 30, 2021, were incurred on the student housing facility. The major construction commitments at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Amount <u>(In Thousands)</u>
Total Committed	\$ 11,040
Completed to Date	<u>(2,651)</u>
Balance Committed	<u>\$ 8,389</u>

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

Questions concerning information provided in the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Financial Statements and notes, thereto, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Martin Cass, Vice President of Finance/CFO, Daytona State College, Post Office Box 2811, Daytona Beach, Florida 32120-2811.

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
(A DIRECT SUPPORT ORGANIZATION)
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS

Current assets	
Restricted cash	\$ 12,825,313
Noncurrent assets	
Restricted investments	3,362,757
Capital assets not being depreciated	3,083,426
Total noncurrent assets	<u>6,446,183</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 19,271,496</u></u>

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

Current liabilities	
Retainage payable	\$ 156,684
Due to Daytona State College	2,330,586
Total current liabilities	<u>2,487,270</u>
Noncurrent liabilities	
Loan payable	12,800,000
Total liabilities	<u>15,287,270</u>

NET POSITION

Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,578,868
Restricted	
Expendable for construction of housing facility	1,532,404
Debt service	872,954
Total net position	<u>3,984,226</u>
Total liabilities and net position	<u><u>\$ 19,271,496</u></u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements
are an integral part of this statement.

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
(A DIRECT SUPPORT ORGANIZATION)
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Expenses	
Operating expenses:	
Contractual services	\$ 7,250
Other services and expenses	43,772
Total operating expenses	<u>51,022</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>(51,022)</u>
Nonoperating revenue (expense)	
Construction contributions from Daytona State College Foundation	1,172,937
Interest and dividends	40,431
Investment expense	(2,780)
Interest expense	(81,920)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	<u>1,128,668</u>
Change in net position	<u>1,077,646</u>
Net position, beginning of year	2,906,580
Net position, end of year	<u><u>\$ 3,984,226</u></u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements
are an integral part of this statement.

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash paid to Daytona State College for vendors and suppliers	\$ (51,022)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>(51,022)</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Contributions restricted for capital asset additions	1,172,937
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	-
Proceeds from issuance of debt	12,800,000
Interest paid on debt	(81,920)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital related and financing activities	<u>13,891,017</u>
Cash flows from investing activities	
Cash received for interest and dividends	40,431
Purchases of investments	(1,210,587)
Investment management fees paid	(2,780)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>(1,172,936)</u>
Net increase (decreases) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>12,667,059</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	158,254
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u><u>\$ 12,825,313</u></u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (51,022)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u><u>\$ (51,022)</u></u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements
are an integral part of this statement.

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2021

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

(a) **Nature of organization**—Daytona State College Housing Corporation (the Corporation) was incorporated on September 20, 2019, as a direct support organization as provided for in Section 1004.70, Florida Statutes, and is considered a discrete component unit of Daytona State College (the College). The Corporation receives significant financial support from the College in the form of capital projects for the construction of a new residence hall. The Corporation's principal function is to organize and operate student housing for the benefit of the College, and to proceed with planning for the necessary sale of the current housing. The Corporation is a not-for-profit corporation as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the IRC) and is exempt from federal and state income taxes pursuant to Section 509(a) of the IRC.

(b) **Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation**—The financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

For financial reporting purposes, the Corporation is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the Corporation prepares its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for proprietary funds, which is similar to those for private business enterprises. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

(c) **Fund accounting**—To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the Corporation, the accounts of the Corporation are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. This is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds established according to their nature and purposes. The assets, liabilities, and net position of the Corporation are reported in two fund groups as follows:

Restricted - restricted with three fund types as follows:

Debt Service - These represent funds that are contractually restricted for debt service.

Expendable - These represent funds that are subject to donor, grantor, or other outside party restrictions on use for the residential housing project.

Nonexpendable - These represent funds that are the historical corpus contribution of a donor endowment and are subject to donor, grantor, or other outside party restrictions as to use. These funds are carried at historical cost and are not adjusted for investment earnings or losses. Investment earnings, realized and unrealized gains or losses on endowment funds are classified as Expendable.

Unrestricted - one fund type as follows:

Unrestricted - This group represents funds that are available without restriction for the purpose of carrying out the Corporation's objectives.

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2021

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:** (Continued)

(d) **Cash and cash equivalents**—The Corporation considers all unrestricted, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

(e) **Operating activities**—Operating revenues and expenses represent ongoing activities of the Corporation, as well as ongoing activities which are in support of the Corporation's student housing for the benefit of the College. Operating activities relate to the Corporation's purpose, organize and operate student housing for the benefit of the College, and to proceed with planning for the necessary sale of the current housing. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

(f) **Estimates**—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(g) **Investments and investment income**—The Corporation states certain investments at their fair value if the investment has a readily determinable market value. Investments received as gifts are recorded at their fair market or appraised value as of the date of the gift.

(h) **Capital assets**—Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from five years for most equipment to forty years for buildings.

(i) **Long-term obligations**—Long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities, net of any outstanding premiums and discounts. Debt issuance costs are expensed when paid.

(j) **Net position flow assumption**—Sometimes the Corporation will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to determine amounts reported as restricted and unrestricted net position, it is the Corporation's policy to consider restricted net position to have been used before unrestricted net position is applied.

(2) **Deposits and Investments:**

(a) **Custodial credit risk - deposits**—Deposits include cash on hand and amounts held in the Corporation's demand accounts. At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Corporation's deposits was \$12,825,313. Each demand account is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. Any balance in excess of FDIC insurance is covered by collateral held by the Corporation's custodial bank, which is pledged to a state trust fund that provide security in accordance with Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2021

(2) **Deposits and Investments:** (Continued)

The Florida Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act) established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under the Act, the qualified public depository must pledge at least 50 percent of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance. Additional collateral, up to a maximum of 125 percent, may be required, if deemed necessary under the conditions set forth in the Act.

Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to the State Treasurer or, with the approval of the State Treasurer, to a bank, savings association, or trust company provided a power of attorney is delivered to the Treasurer. Under the Act, the pool may assess participating financial institutions on a pro rata basis to fund any shortfall in the event of the failure of a member institution.

(b) **Interest rate risk**—Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. The Corporation's policy for managing its exposure for changes in interest rate is through maintaining diversification of its investments and investment maturity dates to minimize the impact of downturns in the market.

(c) **Credit risk**—Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

(d) **Concentration risk**—The Corporation's investment policy discourages more than five percent of the portfolio's total assets taken at current value be invested in the securities of one issuer, other than the United States of America, its agencies or instrumentalities. The policy further discourages more than forty percent of the portfolio's assets to be invested in the securities of the companies in any one industry.

(e) **Fair value measurements**—The Corporation categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the inputs used in valuation and gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and requires that observable inputs be used in the valuations when available. The disclosure of fair value estimates in the hierarchy is based on whether the significant inputs into the valuation are observable. In determining the level of the hierarchy in which the estimate is disclosed, the highest level, Level 1, is given to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and the lowest level, Level 3, to unobservable inputs that reflect the Corporation's significant market assumptions. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 – Valuations based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Corporation has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Valuations based on pricing inputs that are other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable. Examples include commingled funds which hold actively traded public securities, but whose valuations are determined only periodically, (typically monthly). Other examples include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; or valuations based on models where the significant inputs are observable (e.g., interest rates, yield curves, prepayment speeds, credit risks, default rates, loss severities, etc.) or can be corroborated by observable market data.

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2021

(2) **Deposits and Investments:** (Continued)

Level 3 – Valuations are derived from other valuation methodologies, including pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques. Level 3 valuations incorporate certain assumptions and projections that are not observable in the market and require significant professional judgment in determining the fair value assigned to such assets and liabilities. Level 3 investments primarily comprise alternative investments that do not have a liquid market at the balance sheet date. Inputs used for Level 3 may include the original transaction price, recent transactions in the same or similar market, completed or pending third party transactions in the underlying investment or comparable issuers, and subsequent rounds of financing. When observable prices are not available, these investments are valued using one or more valuation techniques described below:

Market Approach: This approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities.

Income Approach: This approach determines a valuation by discounting cash flows.

Cost Approach: This approach is based on the principle of substitution and the concept that a market participant would not pay more than the amount that would currently be required to replace the asset.

Although a secondary market exists for these investments, it is not active and individual transactions are typically not observable. When transactions do occur in this limited secondary market, they may occur at discounts to the reported net asset value (NAV).

The fair value hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available. Assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurements. The classification of assets and liabilities in the fair value hierarchy is not necessarily an indication of the risks or liquidity, but is based on the observability of the valuation inputs.

The Corporation has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

- (a) *Special Purpose Investment Account (SPIA)* – Valued based on the ownership of a share of a pool, not the underlying securities. Pooled investments with the State Treasury are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Oversight of the pooled investments with the State Treasury is provided by the Treasury Investment Committee per Section 17.575, Florida Statutes. Participants contribute to the Treasury Pool on a dollar basis. These funds are commingled and a fair value of the pool is determined from the individual values of the securities. The fair value of the securities is summed and a total pool fair value is determined. A fair value factor is calculated by dividing the pool’s total fair value by the pool participants’ total cash balances. The fair value factor is the ratio used to determine the fair value of an individual participant’s pool balance. The fair value factor is 1.03 as of June 30, 2021.

Description	Average Maturities	Fair Value Level	Average Credit Rating (S&P)	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 12,825,313
SPIA	N/A	3	N/A	3,362,757
Total				<u>\$ 16,188,070</u>

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2021

(3) Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated –				
Construction in Progress	\$ 596,157	\$ 2,487,269	\$ -	\$ 3,083,426
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 596,157</u>	<u>\$ 2,487,269</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,083,426</u>

There was no depreciation expense for the period ended June 30, 2021.

(4) Long-term Liabilities:

Long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Business-type activities:					
Loan payable	\$ -	\$ 12,800,000	\$ -	\$ 12,800,000	\$ -
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 12,800,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 12,800,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

In March 2021, the Corporation entered into an agreement with JP Morgan Chase for a \$12,800,000 loan for the construction of a student housing building. The semi-annual payments are due June 30 and December 31, with interest payments commencing June 30, 2021 and principal payments commencing June 30, 2023. The loan is collateralized by net revenues to be received when the student housing building opens as anticipated in August 2022. The interest rate on the loan is 2.56% and the loan matures in June 2041. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021, was \$12,800,000.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan payable is as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Business-type Activities</u>		
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ -	\$ 327,680	\$ 327,680
2023	272,637	327,680	600,317
2024	555,788	317,166	872,954
2025	570,107	302,847	872,954
2026	584,795	288,159	872,954
2027-2031	3,157,889	1,206,879	4,364,768
2032-2036	3,586,194	778,575	4,364,769
2037-2041	4,072,590	292,179	4,364,769
Total	<u>\$12,800,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,841,165</u>	<u>\$ 16,641,165</u>

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2021

(5) **Related Party Transactions:**

The Corporation is defined as a direct support organization by Florida Statute 1004.70, and as such, the Corporation is organized and operating exclusively to provide residential housing for the College. The Corporation had a payable of \$2,330,586 to the College at June 30, 2021. Also during 2021, the Daytona State College Foundation (the Foundation) provided the Corporation support in the amount of \$1,172,937.

On March 31, 2021, the Corporation signed a ground lease agreement with the College for the use of land on which the student housing is to be constructed. The term of the lease is \$1 per annum not to exceed 50 years. Upon termination, all improvements and ownership of all personal property shall be transferred to the College.

(6) **Restricted Net Position:**

At June 30, 2021, the restricted expendable net position of \$1,532,404, represents gifts which are subject to donor-imposed restrictions for the construction of a residence hall.

(7) **Risk Management:**

The Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, and errors and omissions. The Corporation is insured through the College, which provides coverage for these risks primarily through the Florida Community College Risk Management Consortium.

(8) **Significant Concentrations:**

The Corporation received all of its revenues from one source, the Daytona State College Foundation.

(9) **Subsequent Events:**

The Corporation evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through August 4, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No subsequent events have been recognized or disclosed.

(10) **Recent Accounting Pronouncements:**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial statements. Listed below are pronouncements with required implementation dates effective for subsequent fiscal years that have not yet been implemented. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following will have on the Corporation's financial statements:

- (a) GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in June 2017. GASB 87 increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The provisions in GASB 87 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged.

DAYTONA STATE COLLEGE HOUSING CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2021

(11) **Commitments and Contingencies:**

Liabilities for loss contingencies arising from claims, assessments, litigation, fines and penalties, and other sources are recorded when it is probable a liability has been incurred and the amount of the claim can be reasonably estimated.

In October 2019, the Corporation entered into a \$712,500 architectural agreement for the architectural design of student housing. The architectural design work was in process at June 30, 2021, with \$596,360 expended and approximately \$116,140 remaining to be expended under this contract.

In November 2019, the Corporation entered into a \$12.3 million construction agreement for the construction of the four-story student housing building. The construction contract sum to date at June 30, 2021, was \$10.3 million as a result of \$2 million of deductive change orders for owner direct purchases. The construction work was in process at June 30, 2021, with approximately \$2.1 million expended and approximately \$8.2 million remaining to be expended under this contract.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Daytona State College Housing Corporation:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Daytona State College Housing Corporation (the Corporation), a component unit of Daytona State College (the College), as of and for the period ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 4, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

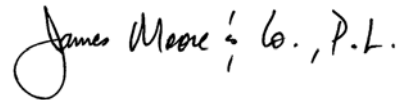
Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corporation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "James Moore & Co., P.L." The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial 'J'.

Daytona Beach, Florida
August 4, 2021