

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
ANNUAL FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT
FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Prepared By
JOSEPH ABRUZZO

Clerk of the Circuit Court & Comptroller
Palm Beach County
Finance Department

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Annual Financial Audit Report

September 30, 2021

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Section I

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Chair and Members of
the Board of County Commissioners
Palm Beach County, Florida

Honorable Ric L. Bradshaw
Sheriff

Honorable Joseph Abruzzo
Clerk and Comptroller

Honorable Wendy Sartory Link
Supervisor of Elections

Honorable Dorothy Jacks
Property Appraiser

Honorable Anne Gannon
Tax Collector

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palm Beach County, Florida (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Solid Waste Authority, the Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency and the Housing Finance Authority, discretely presented component units, which collectively represent 100% of the total assets and 100% of the total revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Solid Waste Authority, Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency and Housing Finance Authority, is based on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palm Beach County, Florida, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Palm Tran, Fire Rescue and COVID-19 Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, the County adopted the recognition and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective October 1, 2020. The beginning net position of the fiduciary fund of the Board of County Commissioners, Sheriff, and Clerk & Comptroller which are part of the aggregate remaining fund information opinion unit, as of October 1, 2020, have been restated. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the pension and other post-employment benefit plan schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2022, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
March 30, 2022

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial activities of Palm Beach County, Florida (the "County") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. We encourage reading this narrative and the accompanying financial statements (beginning on page I-2).

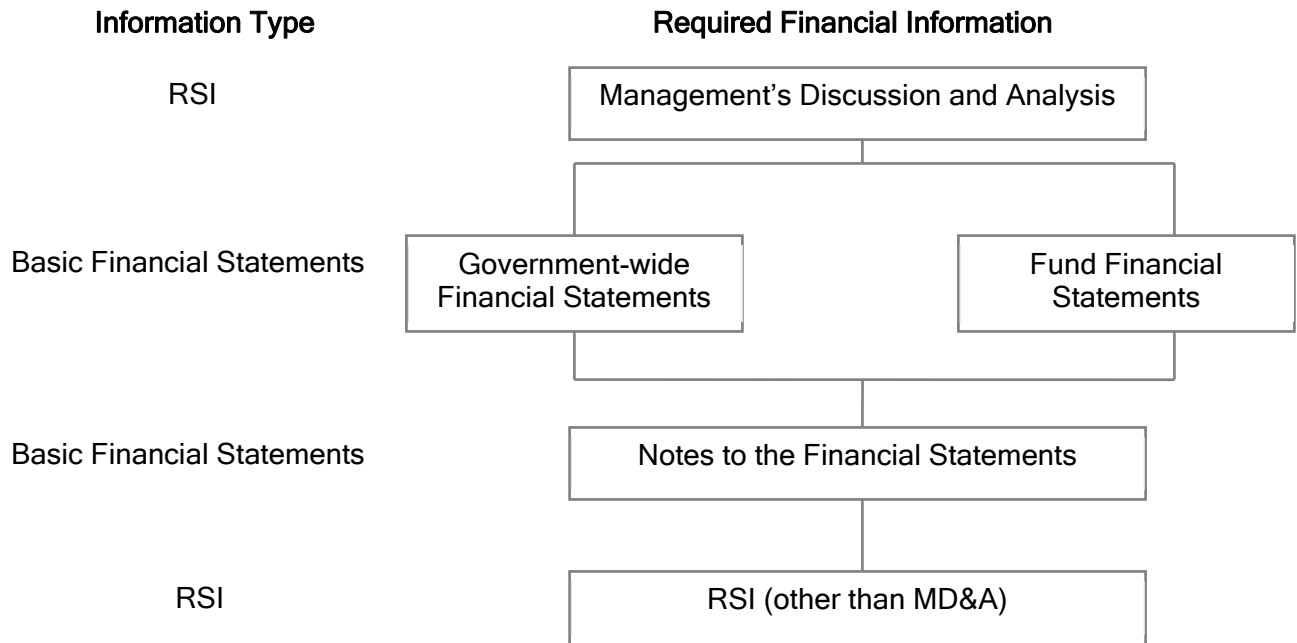
Financial Highlights

- The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (net position) by approximately \$3.902 billion and \$3.361 billion at the close of fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively. Of these amounts, \$3.358 billion and \$3.242 billion were the net investment in capital assets. In addition, \$1.228 million and \$1.115 million were restricted by law, grant agreements, debt covenants, or for capital projects. As a result, (\$684) million and (\$996) million were available at year-end to meet the County's ongoing obligations to residents, creditors, and enterprise fund customers.
- The County's total liabilities at September 30, 2021 and 2020 were \$2.868 billion and \$4.198 billion, respectively.
- During the year, the County's total net position increased by \$541 million, compared to a decrease of \$37 million during the previous fiscal year. Business-type activities increased by \$95 million, and governmental activities increased by \$446 million.
- As of September 30, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1.925 billion, an increase of \$269.3 million or approximately 16% from the previous year.
- As of September 30, 2021, the fund balance for the General Fund, including Constitutional Officers, was \$388.6 million, an increase of \$74.1 million from the previous year.
- The County's two enterprise funds had a combined increase in net position of \$94 million. The Department of Airports increase was \$17 million, and the Water Utilities Department had an increase of \$77 million.
- The County implemented GASB Statement No. 84, "*Fiduciary Activities*" during fiscal year 2021. This Statement provides guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities. As a result, beginning net position has been restated by \$31.4 million. Refer to Note 19 for additional information.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report consists of the Basic Financial Statements and other statements. The County's basic financial statements contain three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

Minimum Financial Reporting Requirements



Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide an overview of the County's financial position using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by private-sector businesses. The Statement of Net Position shows the County's assets plus deferred outflows less its liabilities plus deferred inflows as of September 30, 2021. The difference between these assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position. Changes in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities follows the Statement of Net Position and presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying economic transactions occur, regardless of when cash is received or paid. Therefore, some of the revenues or expenses reported in the statement of activities will have cash flows in future fiscal periods. For example, certain sales taxes are shown as revenues although cash receipts will occur early in the following fiscal year. Alternatively, an increase in unused vacation leave is recorded as an expense although related cash outflows will occur in the future.

The government-wide financial statements show a distinction between activities that are supported primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and activities that are

supported by the recovery of all or most of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, and culture and recreation functions. The business-type activities of the County are the Department of Airports and the Water Utilities Department.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable (known as *component units*). The discretely presented component units of the County are the Housing Finance Authority of Palm Beach County, the Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency, and the Solid Waste Authority. The financial activity of these component units is reported separately from the financial information of the primary government.

To obtain the separately issued financial statements of the discretely presented component units, see *Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, in the Notes to the Financial Statements for contact information.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal, legislative, contractual, and other finance-related provisions. All of the County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the inflow and outflow of money or other spendable resources and on the level of balances remaining at year-end that are available for expenditure. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general governmental operations to account for available financial resources and demonstrate fiscal accountability. Governmental fund information helps illustrate the extent of financial resources that are available for expenditure on County programs. Reconciliations of the differences between the government-wide and fund financial statements are provided immediately after the *Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds*, respectively, in the *Basic Financial Statements*.

Funds that are significant in terms of revenues, expenditures, assets or liabilities are identified as *major* funds in the *Basic Financial Statements* and reported separately. Budget and actual comparison statements are also presented in this section for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund with an annually adopted budget. The County's nonmajor funds, and budget and actual comparisons schedules for any nonmajor funds with annually appropriated budgets are presented in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* section of this report.

Proprietary funds

The County uses both types of proprietary funds, Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Airports and Water Utilities operations. Both of these operations are considered to be major proprietary funds of the County. *Internal Service funds* are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's other functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its Fleet Management and Risk Management programs. These programs are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements because they predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions. The three internal service funds are combined into a single presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* section of this report. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the *Basic Financial Statements*.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Agency funds are the only type of fiduciary fund used by the County. The amounts in these agency funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's own programs. However, the *Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds* and the *Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds* in the *Basic Financial Statements* is provided for information on the agency funds. In addition, the individual custodial funds are presented in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* section of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a more complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information containing pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) data as listed in the table of contents. The combining statements for the nonmajor funds, internal service funds, agency funds, as well as individual fund budget and actual comparison schedules are found in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* section of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Palm Beach County's net investment in capital assets such as land, roads, parks, buildings, machinery and equipment, as a percentage of net position, amounts to 86% and 96% as of September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. These asset values are presented less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition and accumulated depreciation of those assets. The County uses

capital assets to provide services to the citizens and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate that liability, and other resources will be needed to repay any associated debt.

Another portion of the County's net position is *restricted* net position which represents resources that are subject to constraints such as debt covenants, grantors, laws or regulations. *Unrestricted* net position is that portion of County resources that are available to meet the ongoing obligations to residents, creditors, and enterprise fund customers.

The following table provides a comparative analysis of the County's net position for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

Palm Beach County, Florida Net Position at Year-End (in millions)						
	Governmental Activities 2021 2020		Business-type Activities 2021 2020		TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT 2021 2020	
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 2,456	\$ 2,163	\$ 687	\$ 627	\$ 3,143	\$ 2,790
Capital assets	2,593	2,566	1,612	1,583	4,205	4,149
Total assets	5,049	4,729	2,299	2,210	7,348	6,939
Total deferred outflows of resources	483	707	19	26	502	733
Liabilities						
Current	458	448	55	49	513	497
Long-term debt due in more than one year	1,140	1,169	207	217	1,347	1,386
Net pension liability	555	1,814	18	53	573	1,867
Net OPEB liability	434	446	1	2	435	448
Total liabilities	2,587	3,877	281	321	2,868	4,198
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,051	111	29	2	1,080	113
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	1,955	1,872	1,403	1,370	3,358	3,242
Restricted	1,157	1,036	71	79	1,228	1,115
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,218)	(1,460)	534	464	(684)	(996)
Total net position	\$ 1,894	\$ 1,448	\$ 2,008	\$ 1,913	\$ 3,902	\$ 3,361

The (\$684) million unrestricted deficit in net position reflects the shortfall the County would face in the event it would have to liquidate all of its non-capital liabilities, including insurance claims payable, compensated absences, pensions, and other post-employment benefits at September 30, 2021. Consequently, these long-term considerations have a significant impact on the resulting net

position. The unrestricted deficit of (\$684) million resulted primarily from the implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 in fiscal year 2015 and GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. These GASB Statements required the County to record its proportionate share of net pension liabilities for its various defined benefit retirement plans for County employees as well its liabilities for its various other post-employment benefits and the related deferred outflows and inflows for each. The increase in the unrestricted deficit was directly related to the increase in the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability. Net pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities represent the amounts to be paid in the future when employees retire and will be funded through future contributions to the retirement plans. A deficit in unrestricted net position should not be considered, solely, as evidence of economic financial difficulties.

Governmental activities

Significant changes in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

- Total assets for Governmental activities increased by \$320 million. This was due primarily to overall higher cash, cash and cash equivalents, and investment balances on hand at the end of the fiscal year. These higher balances are partially attributable to additional property tax revenue received, CARES Act funding, as well as receipts from the one-cent infrastructure surtax.
- The decrease of \$29 million in long-term debt for Governmental activities relates directly to regularly scheduled debt service payments, offset by one (1) new debt issuance and two (2) debt refundings made during fiscal year 2021.
- The net pension liability for Governmental activities decreased \$1.259 billion. This decrease is attributed to the recording of the County's proportionate share of net pension liabilities for its various defined benefit retirement plans for County employees as determined by the plans' actuaries. This decrease was caused primarily by actual plan year investment returns exceeding assumed returns which improved the fiduciary net position of the plan as well as changes in actuarial assumptions including future earnings projections.

Governmental activities were responsible for a \$446 million increase in the County's net position during fiscal year 2021, as compared with a \$119 million decrease during the previous fiscal year. This year's increase in net position from governmental activities is attributed to several factors:

Operating grants and contributions revenue increased by \$159 million or 63% from the previous fiscal year. Most of this increase was the result of the additional revenue received from the CARES Act that was used for individual and business assistance related to COVID-19. As of September 30, 2021, \$130.8 million of the CARES Act revenue is reported as unearned revenue in the Statement of Net Position since these funds were received in advance of incurring eligible expenditures.

Ad-valorem tax revenue increased approximately \$65 million to a record high of \$1.344 billion, or 5% from the previous fiscal year. The increase is due to higher overall taxable values. Fiscal year 2021 was the 10th straight year that the County's operating millage remained at 4.7815.

State shared revenues increased approximately \$36 million, or 16% from the previous fiscal year. This increase was primarily attributable to higher receipts of regular sales tax and the one-cent infrastructure surtax due to a slight recovery in consumer spending after the negative impact COVID-19 had during fiscal year 2020.

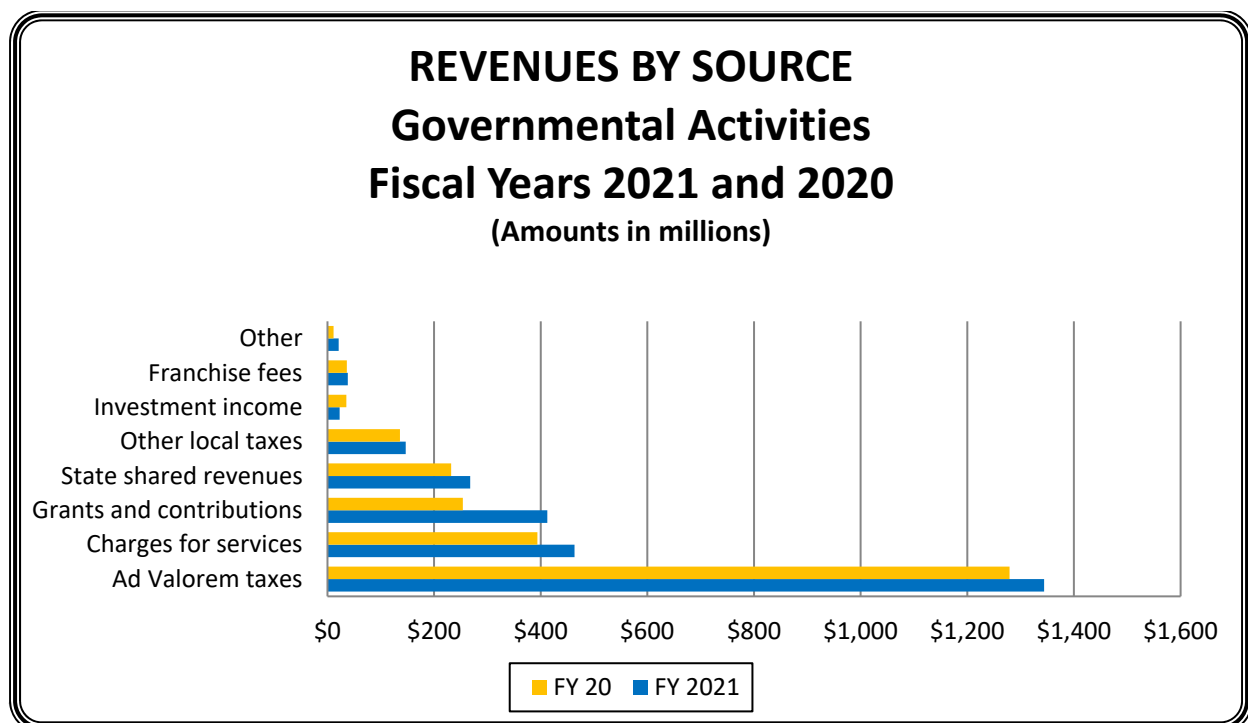
Human services expenses increased \$15 million or 15% over the previous fiscal year. This is attributable primarily to increased spending for COVID-19 related programs as well as a 23% increase in spending for community and social development programs.

Public safety expenses decreased \$274 million or 19% over the previous fiscal year. This is attributable primarily to the significant decline in the overall net pension liability attributable to the Sheriff and Fire Rescue departments.

Interest expense decreased \$4 million, or approximately 15% from the previous fiscal year. This is a result of the County's overall reduction in debt which translates into fewer annual debt service payments and related interest payments.

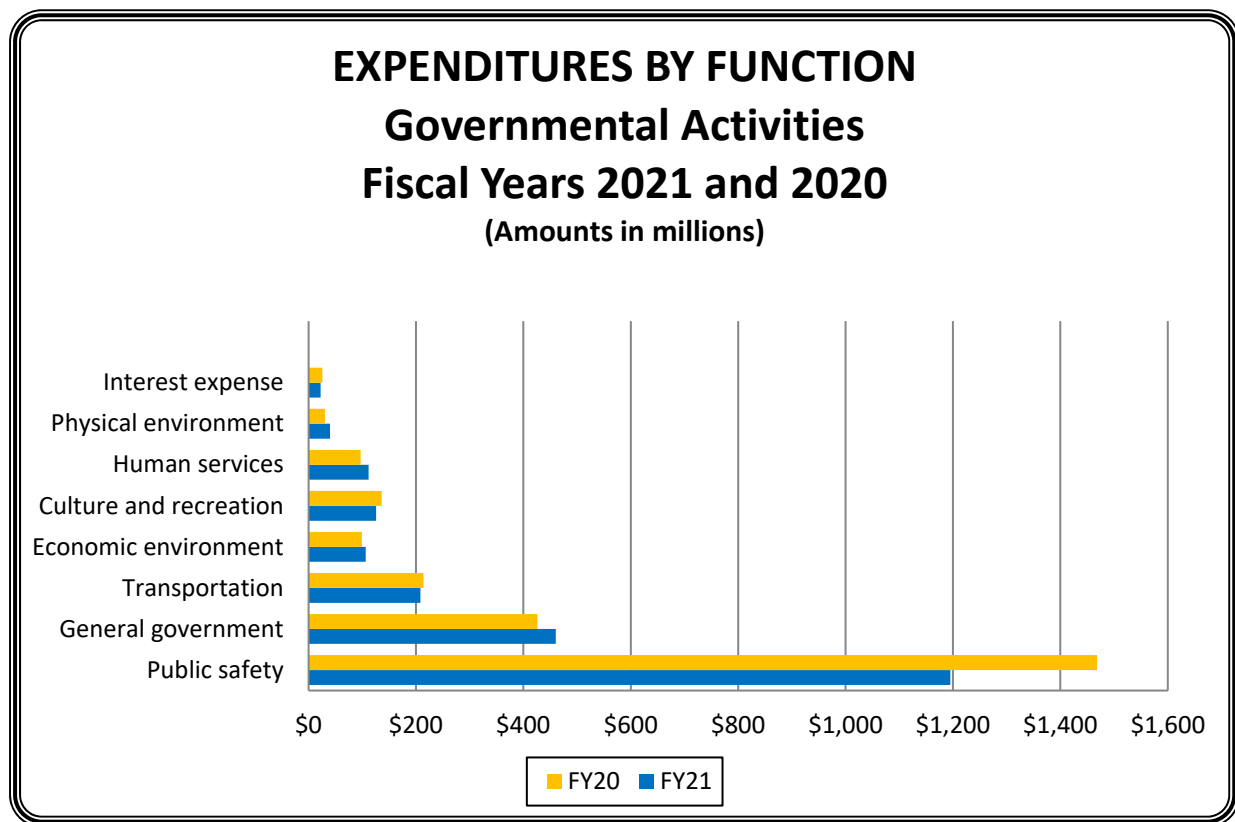
The net pension liability decreased by \$1.259 billion. This decrease was caused primarily by actual plan year investment returns exceeding assumed returns which improved the fiduciary net position of the plan as well as changes in actuarial assumptions including future earnings projections.

The County's governmental activities had net expenses of \$1.394 billion. These services are intended to be primarily funded by taxes and other general revenues as opposed to charges for services and grants. Total revenues (program and general revenues) were greater than total expenses by \$446 million.



Business-type activities

The County's business-type activities reported total revenues of \$362 million which exceeded total expenses by \$95 million (refer to the **Proprietary funds** section of **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds** which follows for more information on the changes in the County's business-type activities). Significant changes in the business-type activities Statement of Net Position included an increase in current and other assets of \$60 million, an increase in capital assets of \$29 million and a significant decrease in the net pension liability of \$35 million.



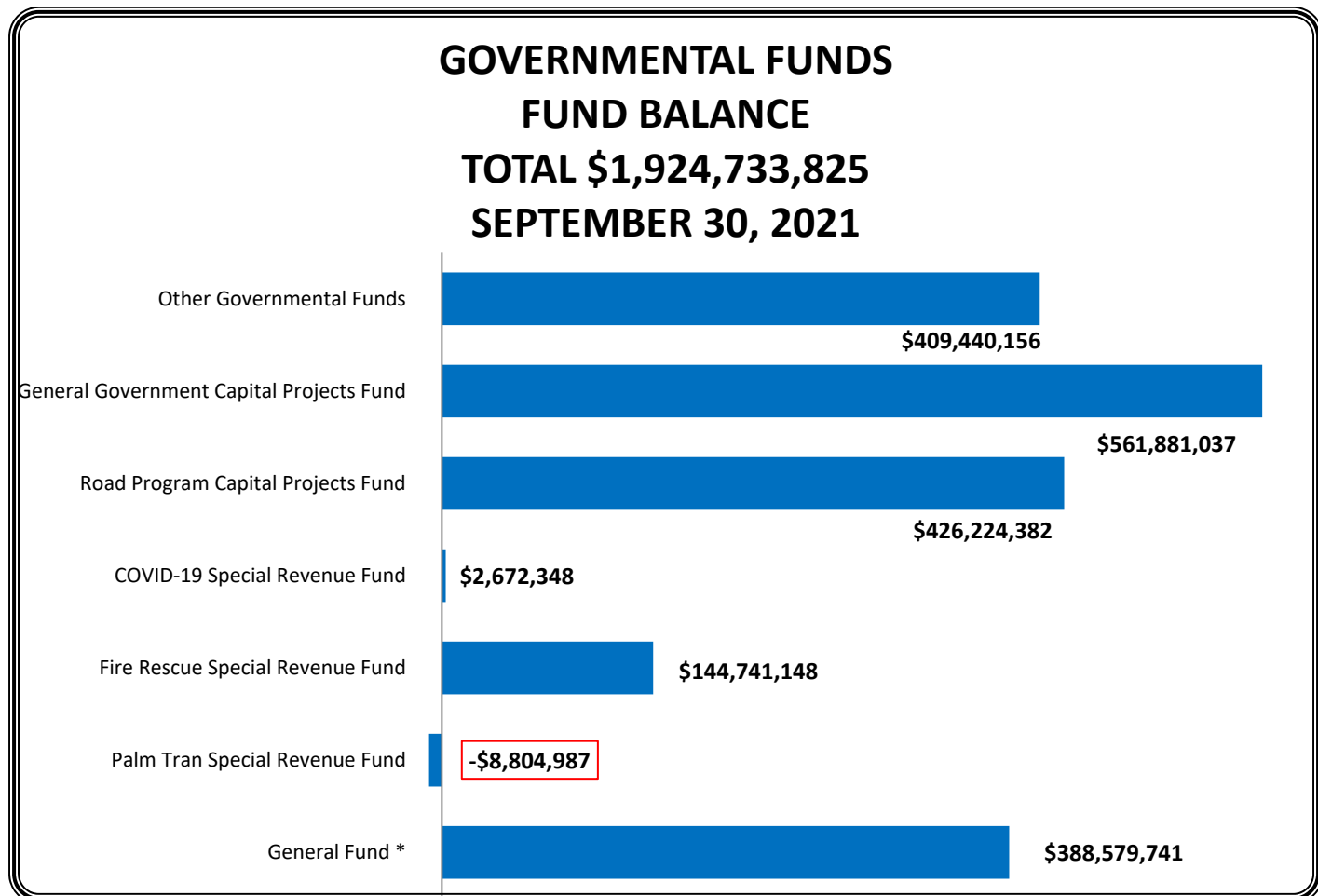
Palm Beach County, Florida
Changes in Net Position (in millions)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 464	\$ 393	\$ 293	\$ 293	\$ 757	\$ 686
Operating grants and contributions	410	251	10	-	420	251
Capital grants and contributions	2	3	54	53	56	56
	<u>876</u>	<u>647</u>	<u>357</u>	<u>346</u>	<u>1,233</u>	<u>993</u>
General Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	1,344	1,279	-	-	1,344	1,279
Other local taxes	147	136	-	-	147	136
State shared revenues	268	232	-	-	268	232
Franchise fees	38	36	-	-	38	36
Investment income	23	36	5	8	28	44
Other	20	12	-	-	20	12
Total revenues	<u>2,716</u>	<u>2,378</u>	<u>362</u>	<u>354</u>	<u>3,078</u>	<u>2,732</u>
Expenses						
General government	461	427	-	-	461	427
Public safety	1,194	1,468	-	-	1,194	1,468
Physical environment	40	30	-	-	40	30
Transportation	208	214	-	-	208	214
Economic environment	107	99	-	-	107	99
Human services	112	97	-	-	112	97
Culture and recreation	126	136	-	-	126	136
Interest expense	22	26	-	-	22	26
Department of Airports	-	-	76	77	76	77
Water Utilities Department	-	-	191	195	191	195
Total expenses	<u>2,270</u>	<u>2,497</u>	<u>267</u>	<u>272</u>	<u>2,537</u>	<u>2,769</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenses	<u>446</u>	<u>(119)</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>541</u>	<u>(37)</u>
Transfers In (Out)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in net position	<u>446</u>	<u>(119)</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>541</u>	<u>(37)</u>
Beginning net position	<u>1,448</u>	<u>1,567</u>	<u>1,913</u>	<u>1,831</u>	<u>3,361</u>	<u>3,398</u>
Ending net position	<u>\$ 1,894</u>	<u>\$ 1,448</u>	<u>\$ 2,008</u>	<u>\$ 1,913</u>	<u>\$ 3,902</u>	<u>\$ 3,361</u>

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As mentioned earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal, legislative, contractual, and other finance-related provisions.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in determining the County's financing resources.



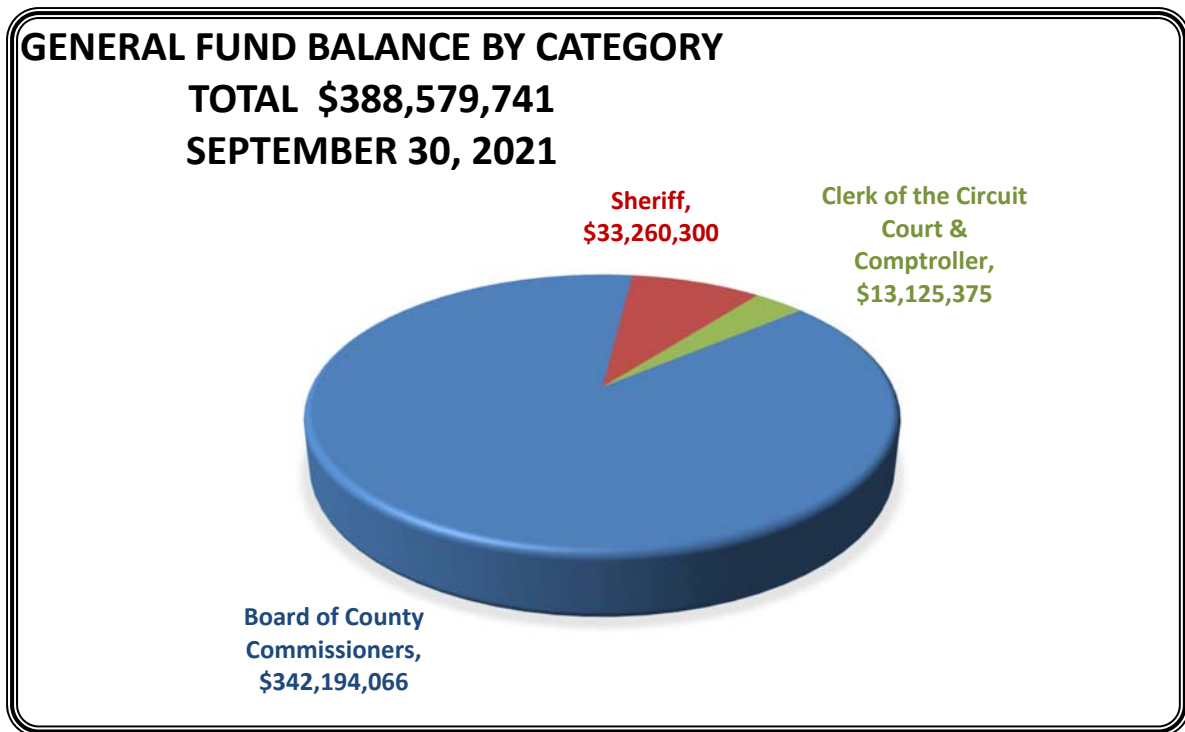
* Includes the Board of County Commissioners, Sheriff, and the Clerk of the Circuit Court & Comptroller

Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds

At September 30, 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1.925 billion, an increase of \$269.3 million from the previous year. Below are highlights of the change in fund balance.

- The increase of \$74.1 million in the General Fund's fund balance is comprised of revenues outpacing expenditures and transfers out in the Board of County Commissioner's (BOCC) General Fund. Overall, the BOCC portion of the General Fund increased \$66.4 million during fiscal year 2021. The Sheriff's General Fund had overall revenues and transfers in outpace expenditures and transfers out by \$4.2 million. Total revenues in the BOCC General Fund were \$1.278 billion, an increase of \$1.5 million over the previous year.
- The decrease in the Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund of \$10.6 million is due primarily to an increase in costs of running the County's public transit system, which were \$6.6 million or 6% higher as a result from higher fuel costs. Transfers in from other funds were down by \$10.5 million or 17% from the prior year.
- The decrease in the Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund of \$1.5 million is attributable to an increase in current year public safety expenditures (excluding capital outlay) which went up \$28.3 million over the previous year, or 9%. Total expenditures in this category were \$350 million, up 7% from the previous year due primarily to an increase in overall operating costs for the department.
- The increase in the COVID-19 Special Revenue Fund of \$1.3 million is attributable primarily to the receipt of additional revenue in Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act Funding as well as funding for the Emergency Rental Assistance Program in fiscal year 2021. This fund is used to provide relief to individuals and businesses that have suffered financial impacts due to the pandemic.
- The increase of \$2.9 million in the Road Program Capital Projects Fund is primarily due to a slight increase in total revenues, which went up from \$45.5 million in fiscal year 2020 to \$52.7 million or 16% in fiscal year 2021. However, this was offset by a 50% increase in capital outlay expenditures, which went from \$23.9 million in fiscal year 2020 to \$35.7 million in fiscal year 2021. This increase can be attributed to additional activity for various road and bridge improvements that are being funded in part by the infrastructure surtax.
- The increase of \$145.6 million in the General Government Capital Projects Fund is primarily due to the issuance of \$51 million of debt in order to fund the new Supervisor of Elections Operations facility. Overall revenue was also up 15% to \$108.7 million, compared to \$94.6 million in fiscal year 2020. This increase was mainly due to higher receipts of the one-cent infrastructure surtax. This was the fourth full year of collecting this new surtax. Overall intergovernmental revenues were \$99.2 million for this fiscal year, compared with \$84 million in fiscal year 2020.
- The increase of \$57.4 million in Other Governmental Funds is due primarily to several factors; Total tax revenue was up slightly by \$3.4 million, or 3%. However, Special Assessments revenue was up \$17.2 million, or 67% due to increased activity with various capital projects undertaken by libraries and the parks and recreation departments. Total revenue for Other Governmental Funds was up \$52.2 million, or 18% over the previous fiscal year. The biggest change in expenditures was in General Government, which went up by \$46.6 million or 541% from the previous year. This can be attributed to additional spending on programs for

individuals and businesses from the CARE funds received by the federal government during the past two (2) fiscal years.



Proprietary funds. The proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Financial highlights of each of the County's enterprise funds are as follows:

Department of Airports:

- ➔ The Department's net position increased by \$17.0 million in fiscal year 2021, compared to an increase of \$14.4 million in fiscal year 2020.
- ➔ Compared to the prior year, operating revenues increased to \$65.1 million, an increase of \$3.2 million.
- ➔ The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental (CRRSAA) Act (Public Law 116-260) was signed into law on December 27, 2020 to provide economic relief to eligible U.S. airports and eligible concessions to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) has established the Airport Coronavirus Response Grant program (ACRGP) to distribute these funds in the form of grants to all airports that are part of the national airport system.
- ➔ The Department was awarded approximately \$7.7 million in FAA ACRGP funding. Under the FAA ACRGP funding, an airport owner/sponsor may use these funds for costs related to

operating and maintenance to combat the spread of pathogens at the Airport, as well as debt service payments.

- ➔ Investment earnings decreased by \$1.1 million (44% decrease) for a total of \$1.4 million. Investments are managed by the Clerk of the Circuit Court & Comptroller under County approved guidelines.

Water Utilities Department:

- ◆ The Department's net position increased by \$77.0 million in fiscal year 2021, compared to an increase of \$64.8 million in fiscal year 2020.
- ◆ Long-term debt (net of the current portion) decreased by \$6.3 million, or 4.2%, during the year. This decrease was due to the annual debt service payments being made in accordance with the debt service schedules.
- ◆ Operating revenues in fiscal year 2021 totaled \$226.6 million, an increase of \$8.7 million or 4.0% from fiscal year 2020. Fiscal year 2021 included the effect of rate indexing and a 1.35% increase in the customer base.
- ◆ Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization and equity interest in net loss of joint venture totaled \$136.9 million, a decrease of \$6.1 million or 4.3%.
- ◆ Non-operating income decreased by \$1.3 million in fiscal year 2021, compared to a fiscal year 2020 decrease of \$2.1 million.
- ◆ The Department showed net income before capital contributions and transfers of \$38.7 million for fiscal year 2021, an increase of \$12.4 million from fiscal year 2020.

Budgetary Highlights

Budget and actual comparison statements are presented in the Basic Financial Statements for the General Fund and all major special revenue funds with annually appropriated budgets. Budget and actual comparison schedules are also provided in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules section for all nonmajor funds with annually appropriated budgets. The budget and actual comparison statements and schedules show the original adopted budget, the final revised budget, actual results and a variance between the final budget and actual results. There were no funds with total actual expenditures in excess of the final revised budget.

After the original budget is approved, it may be revised for a variety of reasons such as unforeseen circumstances, corrections of errors, new bond or loan proceeds, new grant awards and other revenues. During FY 2021, supplemental appropriations to the Board of County Commissioners' budget for all funds, excluding component units, were approximately \$1.067 billion, or 20% of the original adopted budget.

Differences between the original budget for FY 2021 and the final amended budget for the General Fund can be summarized as follows:

- On March 9, 2021, the Board amended the budget to reflect the “true up” of the original budgeted beginning fund balance to the actual fund balance, which accounts for a \$6.1 million adjustment to the reserves for balances forward in the General Government budget, and other miscellaneous adjustments.
- The remaining amendments were primarily associated with new grants and carry forward of existing grant funds.

Budget to Actual Revenues

- Ad valorem tax collections were 96.2% of budget, in line with the historical collection rate. Florida Statutes require revenues to be budgeted at 95% of reasonably anticipated receipts. Palm Beach County budgets a negative 5% statutory reserve to accomplish this. Allowing for the reserve, ad valorem taxes were actually over collected by \$12.1 million.
- Major Revenues
 - ✓ Actual Electric Utility Service Tax and Franchise Fee revenues were 2.7% over budget. This revenue source is based on usage and is affected by area temperatures. Actual revenues are difficult to project. However, actual FY 2021 revenues were 3.2% above actual FY 2020.
 - ✓ Actual Communications Services Tax revenue was 7.0% over budget. These revenues have been steadily declining in recent years, as a result, the FY 2021 Budget was lower than the FY 2020 Budget. Actual Communications Services Tax revenue for FY 2021 was 0.8% over FY 2020.
 - ✓ Sales Tax collections were over budget by 8.8%, actual collections for FY 2021 were 17.52% over the FY 2020 amounts. The FY 2020 amounts were low as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
 - ✓ Overall, the major revenues budget was set at a total of \$225.9 million, or 3.8% greater than the actual FY 2020 collections. FY 2021 actual collections came in at \$240.8, or 10.7% above FY 2020 actual. The FY 2020 amounts were low as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Sheriff actual revenues were \$4.0 million, or 4.6%, over budget. Revenue estimates were lowered for FY 2021 based on FY 2020 results, which were impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Investment income was approximately \$5.3 million under budget. While interest income is reasonably estimable, GASB 31 has made it difficult to project investment income that will be recognized. Fair market gains and losses cannot be projected as they are driven by real time market conditions, resulting in possible variances in recognized income. Future budget years will be adjusted to reflect current rate of return.
- The remaining variance is primarily associated with Department specific revenues.

Budget to Actual Expenditures

- The year-end General Fund reserves budget was \$169.0 million, which represents 62.5% of the total unexpended appropriations in the fund. These unexpended funds will be carried over into FY 2022 and re-appropriated.
- The Property Appraiser's and Tax Collector's net cost was \$1.2 million over budget primarily due to lower-than-expected excess fees returned to the County.
- The actual interfund transfer to the Office of Inspector General Fund was down \$583 thousand. This is due to position vacancies and unexpended operating expenses and reserves.
- General Government Utilities expenses were \$750 thousand under budget.
- The remaining unspent funds can be primarily attributed to County departments spending less than budgeted. Actual expenses were \$30.9 million, or 10.1%, under budget.

Budget to Actual – Other financing sources

- Transfers-In
 - ✓ Actual excess fees received from the Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and the Clerk amounted to \$26.8 million, \$25.3 million more than the budget, primarily due to the Sheriff returning more than budgeted.
- Transfers-out
 - ✓ The remaining unspent funds can be primarily attributed to County departments spending less than budgeted and other available funding sources.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

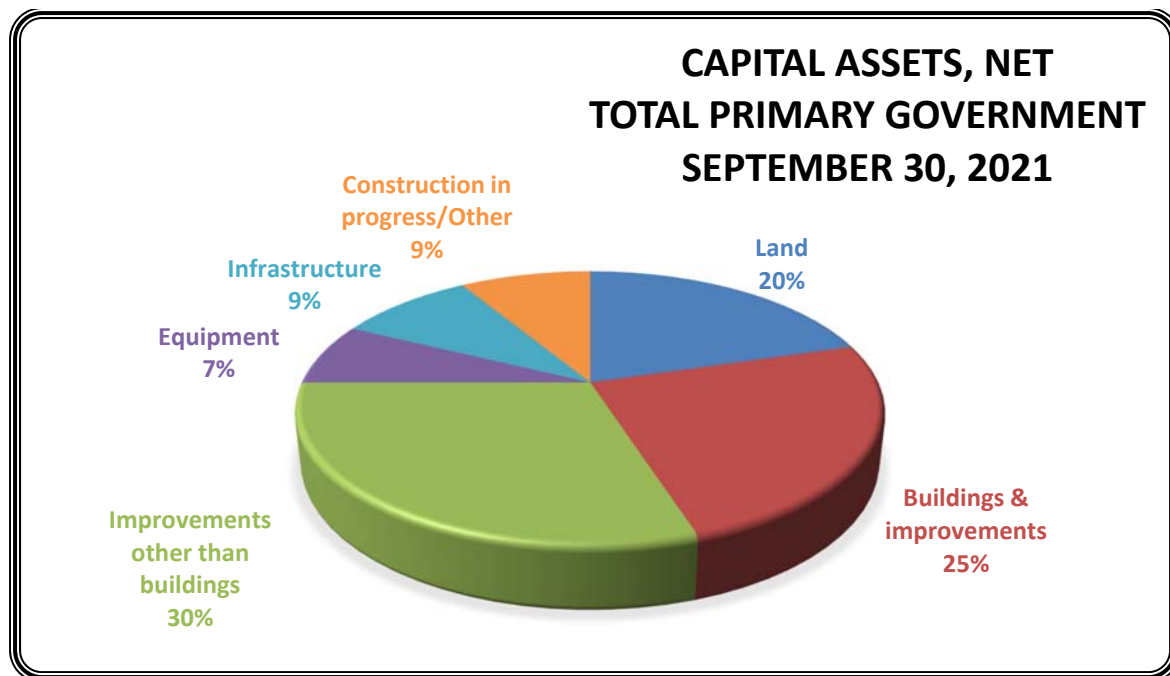
Capital assets. The County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2021, amounts to \$4.205 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The County's capital assets for FY 2021 increased by \$56 million; governmental activities increased by \$27 million over the previous fiscal year, while business-type activities increased by \$29 million.

Palm Beach County, Florida
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation at Year-End (in millions)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Land	\$ 719	\$ 714	\$ 139	\$ 139	\$ 858	\$ 853
Buildings & improvements	787	811	249	263	1,036	1,074
Improvements other than buildings	192	199	1,067	1,027	1,259	1,226
Equipment	276	253	31	33	307	286
Infrastructure	381	368	-	-	381	368
Intangible - easement rights	-	-	8	9	8	9
Construction in progress	238	221	118	112	356	333
TOTALS	\$ 2,593	\$ 2,566	\$ 1,612	\$ 1,583	\$ 4,205	\$ 4,149

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year include the following:

- Governmental activities Net Capital Assets increased by \$27 million to \$2.593 billion during the fiscal year. Completed projects of \$66 million were transferred to their respective category. Included in those completed projects was the replacement of Fire Station No. 22 (\$6.2 million), improvements to Seminole Pratt Boulevard (\$6.8 million) and improvements at Roebuck Road/Jog Road to Haverhill Road (\$6.1 million).
- Business-type activities Net Capital Assets increased overall by \$29 million to \$1.612 billion, primarily attributable to a \$40 million (net) increase in *Improvements other than buildings*. Since the County Water Utilities Department assumed the Glades Utility Authority, a large portion of the increase is due to the department continuing to repair and replace infrastructure in order to improve the water quality in the cities of Belle Glade, South Bay and Pahokee.
- Major capital asset additions by the Water Utilities Department in fiscal year 2021 included improvements to the Southern Region Water Reclamation Plant for \$11.7 million and Wellfield Rehabilitations for \$9.7 million.
- The Department of Airports expended \$31.6 million on capital activities. Completed projects during 2021 totaling \$5.1 million were transferred from *Construction in Progress* to their respective capital accounts. Major projects completed in FY 2021 included a Fuel Wash Rack at the Lantana Airport (\$2.2 million), a Terminal Generator at Palm Beach International Airport (\$532k) and the Lantana Airport Noise Compatibility Study (\$493k).



See Note 3, *Capital Assets*, in the *Notes to the Financial Statements* for additional information.

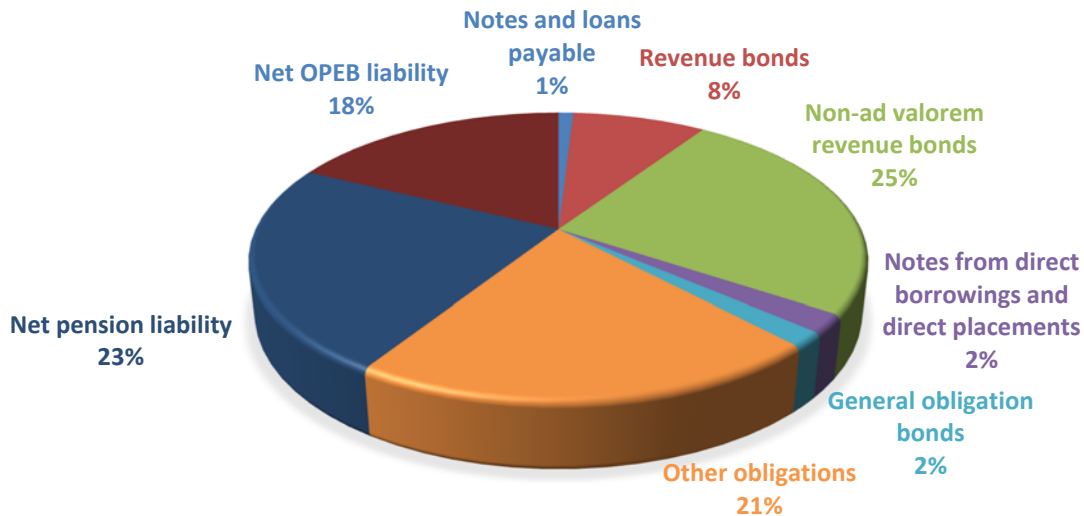
Long-term liabilities. At September 30, 2021, the primary government had 26 issues of bonded debt totaling \$912 million. Of this amount, \$40 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government, \$665 million is special obligation debt secured by dedicated revenue sources, and \$207 million is secured by specified enterprise revenue sources. Other obligations consist primarily of self-insurance liabilities and compensated absences. (See chart below for more information).

Palm Beach County, Florida Long-Term Liabilities at Year-End (in millions)						
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
General obligation bonds	\$ 40	\$ 49	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40	\$ 49
Non-ad valorem revenue bonds	615	599	-	-	615	599
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements	50	57	-	-	50	57
Revenue bonds	-	-	207	215	207	215
Notes and loans payable	18	20	5	6	23	26
Other obligations	513	532	5	5	518	537
Net pension liability	555	1,814	18	54	573	1,868
Net OPEB liability	434	446	1	2	435	448
TOTALS	\$ 2,225	\$ 3,517	\$ 236	\$ 282	\$ 2,461	\$ 3,799

Bonded Debt. The County's bond issues are rated by three primary bond rating agencies: Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch Ratings. These ratings, which are listed in the following chart, are indicative of the County's strong management team, broad-based economy, continually well-performing tax base, increasingly strong financial position, minimal debt requirements and high-quality residential tax base. At September 30, 2021, the County's non ad-valorem revenues were 5.51 times the debt service required in the current or any future fiscal year.

Palm Beach County, Florida, Debt Ratings at September 30, 2021			
<u>Type of Debt Issue</u>	<u>Moody's</u>	<u>Fitch Ratings</u>	<u>S&P</u>
General obligation bonds	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Non-ad valorem revenue bonds	Aa1	AA+	AAA
Water and Sewer System Enterprise revenue bonds	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Water and Wastewater System Enterprise revenue bonds	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Airport System Enterprise revenue bonds	A1	A+	A
<u>Note:</u> Highest rating: AAA/Aaa, Investment grade ratings: AAA/Aaa through BBB/Baa, Lowest Rating: C			

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



See Note 13, *Long-Term Debt*, in the *Notes to the Financial Statements* for additional information.

Economic Factors

Local, national, and international economic factors influence the County's revenues in a variety of ways. Positive economic growth is correlated with increased revenues from property taxes, sales taxes, fuel taxes, charges for services, state revenue sharing as well as state and federal grants. Economic growth may be measured by a variety of indicators such as job growth, employment, tourism, new construction and assessed values, diversification of the property tax base, and Enterprise Fund revenue and net position growth.

- The County's population increased from 1,466,494 in 2020 to 1,502,495 in 2021, an increase of 36,001 or approximately 2.5%.
- The civilian labor force for Palm Beach County increased from 701,775 at September 30, 2020 to 747,157 at September 30, 2021. The County's unemployment rate decreased from 7.5% in fiscal year 2020 to 4.4% in fiscal year 2021.
- Gross property taxes levied increased from \$1.327 billion in 2020 to \$1.394 billion for 2021, an increase of \$67 million or 5%.
- Palm Beach County has a diversified property tax base. The ten largest property taxpayers in the County represent 12% of the total ad valorem property taxes levied. Florida Power & Light remains at the top of the list, paying just over \$113 million in property taxes.

- The median sales price for a single-family home in Palm Beach County rose from \$425,000 in 2020 to \$525,000 in 2021, an increase of 24%. The median sales prices for townhouses and condominiums also saw a rise from \$230,000 in 2020 to \$263,125 in 2021, an increase of 14%.
- Palm Beach County's local economy began to see some recovery after the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic during the previous fiscal year. Sales tax revenue for fiscal year 2021 totaled \$103 million, which was an increase of \$16 million from fiscal year 2020. In addition, the local government infrastructure one-cent surtax rose from \$84 million in fiscal year 2020 to \$99 million for fiscal year 2021. Both of these sales taxes were up a total of \$31 million, or 18% from the prior year. Fiscal year 2021 was the fourth full year of receiving this additional infrastructure surtax revenue. Local Option Gas Tax revenues also grew by 4% in fiscal year 2021 to just over \$49 million.
- Property Tax revenues for the County reached a record high for fiscal year 2021 at \$1.344 billion. This was an increase of approximately \$65 million from fiscal year 2020, or 5%. The primary reasons contributing to higher property tax revenues was due to higher overall taxable property values as well as the effects of new construction.
- The County's tourism industry began to recover after being impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic in fiscal year 2020. Tourist Development Tax revenues increased from \$43 million in fiscal year 2020 to \$51 million in fiscal year 2021, or by 19%. The record high year, however, continues to be fiscal year 2019 where revenue from this tax reached \$54 million. The recovery for FY 2022 is expected to continue as visitors show their willingness to travel more regularly as vaccines become more readily available.

More information on economic factors is provided in the *Statistical Section*.

To Obtain Further Information

This financial report was designed to provide an overview of the County's finances. If you have any questions concerning budgets, long-term financial planning, future debt issuances or questions related to the management of County operations, please contact the County Administrator at:

County Administrator
301 North Olive Avenue, 11th Floor
West Palm Beach, FL 33401

If you have any questions concerning the Basic Financial Statements or other accounting information in this report, please contact the Financial Reporting Manager at:

Clerk of the Circuit Court & Comptroller, Palm Beach County
Finance Department
301 North Olive Avenue, 2nd Floor
West Palm Beach, FL 33401



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PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2021

Primary Government

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 1,466,748,801	\$ 474,509,687	\$ 1,941,258,488
Interest receivable	139,220	247,143	386,363
Accounts receivable - net	29,713,857	29,345,918	59,059,775
Internal balances	(19,200,296)	19,200,296	-
Due from primary government	-	-	-
Due from other governments	108,736,785	2,009,711	110,746,496
Due from component units	348,979	-	348,979
Inventories	22,371,734	13,467,668	35,839,402
Other assets	11,387,186	1,491,701	12,878,887
Other receivables	9,274,604	7,508,843	16,783,447
Investment in joint ventures	-	65,018,481	65,018,481
Noncurrent restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	826,571,584	73,121,048	899,692,632
Capital assets			
Non-depreciable capital assets	956,329,975	258,710,838	1,215,040,813
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,636,454,772	1,353,730,983	2,990,185,755
Total assets	5,048,877,201	2,298,362,317	7,347,239,518
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related (Note 10)	329,346,499	9,621,843	338,968,342
OPEB related (Note 11)	132,697,317	356,736	133,054,053
Deferred charges on refunding	21,082,041	5,832,077	26,914,118
Goodwill	-	3,650,093	3,650,093
Total deferred outflows of resources	483,125,857	19,460,749	502,586,606
LIABILITIES			
Vouchers payable and accruals	131,991,532	31,739,639	163,731,171
Due to primary government	-	-	-
Due to other governments	21,998,005	1,214,804	23,212,809
Due to component units	12,938,981	104,765	13,043,746
Due to individuals	8,940,781	5,682,933	14,623,714
Accrued interest payable	11,363,264	3,253,373	14,616,637
Unearned revenue	158,431,741	1,596,174	160,027,915
Other current liabilities	16,949,116	-	16,949,116
Long-term liabilities			
Long-term liabilities due within one year	96,579,573	9,953,041	106,532,614
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year	1,139,367,836	207,227,889	1,346,595,725
Net pension liability due in more than one year	554,633,918	17,710,669	572,344,587
Net OPEB liability due in more than one year	434,346,881	1,564,116	435,910,997
Total liabilities	2,587,541,628	280,047,403	2,867,589,031
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related (Note 10)	947,611,547	28,386,925	975,998,472
OPEB related (Note 11)	99,053,794	29,485	99,083,279
Other	4,316,113	896,196	5,212,309
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,050,981,454	29,312,606	1,080,294,060
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,955,484,624	1,402,967,277	3,358,451,901
Restricted for:			
Debt service	-	7,302,684	7,302,684
Capital projects	827,221,830	15,757,620	842,979,450
Library services	17,313,295	-	17,313,295
Fire rescue services	119,899,017	-	119,899,017
Tourist development programs	25,747,614	-	25,747,614
Grant and economic development programs	37,875,010	-	37,875,010
Environmental protection programs	16,116,780	-	16,116,780
Public safety and judicial programs	25,246,040	-	25,246,040
Other services and programs	86,371,104	48,715,056	135,086,160
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,217,795,338)	533,720,420	(684,074,918)
Total net position	\$ 1,893,479,976	\$ 2,008,463,057	\$ 3,901,943,033

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Component Units		
Housing Finance Authority	Westgate/ Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency	Solid Waste Authority
\$ 5,574,980	\$ 1,456,469	\$ 657,477,900
2,600	-	4,309,187
317,252	64,571	8,347,475
-	-	-
7,274,219	-	5,769,527
-	-	538,620
-	-	-
-	-	2,832,047
-	6,715,506	3,695,532
241,757	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	114,594,239
-	3,939,404	51,658,333
-	3,516,589	933,766,634
13,410,808	15,692,539	1,782,989,494
-	91,014	10,039,576
-	-	284,000
-	-	8,535,597
-	-	-
-	91,014	18,859,173
86,464	54,175	15,627,503
-	-	348,979
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	1,067,325
-	-	17,850,268
-	31,480	-
110,000	15,232	678,086
-	-	367,146,640
-	-	696,914,498
-	151,166	15,825,370
-	-	755,000
196,464	252,053	1,116,213,669
-	212,348	20,294,065
-	-	170,000
-	-	-
-	212,348	20,464,065
-	7,455,993	432,585,695
-	306,514	20,101,361
-	614,027	43,370,806
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	29,212,231
13,214,344	6,942,618	139,900,840
\$ 13,214,344	\$ 15,319,152	\$ 665,170,933

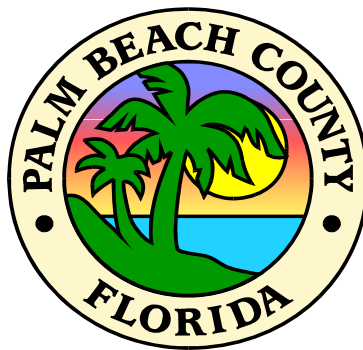
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Activities
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Expenses		Program Revenues		
	Direct	Indirect	Fines, Fees and Charges for Services	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest Income	Capital Grants and Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
Governmental Activities					
General Government	\$ 479,583,750	\$ (19,118,149)	\$ 205,803,549	\$ 13,121,148	\$ 456,014
Public Safety	1,188,033,922	7,295,530	178,979,955	206,413,823	294,788
Physical Environment	39,763,540	-	6,151,525	15,671,752	1,401,479
Transportation	208,220,491	-	39,016,944	84,141,044	109,297
Economic Environment	106,215,055	344,294	2,052,329	27,938,633	-
Human Services	111,875,082	-	2,830,140	61,517,724	-
Culture and Recreation	121,887,898	3,943,879	28,611,326	1,208,431	64,672
Interest Expense	22,471,513	-	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities	2,278,051,251	(7,534,446)	463,445,768	410,012,555	2,326,250
Business Activities					
Department of Airports	75,298,409	1,064,387	66,788,726	9,679,047	15,600,400
Water Utilities Department	183,772,435	6,470,059	226,563,800	-	38,270,320
Total Business Activities	259,070,844	7,534,446	293,352,526	9,679,047	53,870,720
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,537,122,095	\$ -	\$ 756,798,294	\$ 419,691,602	\$ 56,196,970
COMPONENT UNITS					
Housing Finance Authority	\$ 246,502	\$ -	\$ 651,333	\$ 188,685	\$ -
Westgate/Belvedere Homes CRA	1,864,387	-	-	93,333	-
Solid Waste Authority	318,555,843	-	329,997,065	8,889,084	51,175
Total Component Units	\$ 320,666,732	\$ -	\$ 330,648,398	\$ 9,171,102	\$ 51,175
General Revenues					
Taxes - levied by the County					
Ad-valorem taxes					
Utility service taxes					
Local option gas taxes					
Tourist development taxes					
State shared sales tax-unrestricted					
Franchise gross receipts fee					
State shared revenues-unrestricted					
Interest income					
Net change in fair value of investments					
Other general revenues					
Gain on disposal of capital assets					
Transfers - net					
Total general revenues and transfers					
Increase (decrease) in net position					
Beginning net position, October 1, 2020					
Ending net position, September 30, 2021					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government			Component Units		
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Westgate/ Belvedere Homes		
			Housing Finance Authority	Community Redevelopment Agency	Solid Waste Authority
\$ (241,084,890)	\$ -	\$ (241,084,890)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
(809,640,886)	-	(809,640,886)	-	-	-
(16,538,784)	-	(16,538,784)	-	-	-
(84,953,206)	-	(84,953,206)	-	-	-
(76,568,387)	-	(76,568,387)	-	-	-
(47,527,218)	-	(47,527,218)	-	-	-
(95,947,348)	-	(95,947,348)	-	-	-
(22,471,513)	-	(22,471,513)	-	-	-
(1,394,732,232)	-	(1,394,732,232)	-	-	-
-	15,705,377	15,705,377	-	-	-
-	74,591,626	74,591,626	-	-	-
-	90,297,003	90,297,003	-	-	-
\$ (1,394,732,232)	\$ 90,297,003	\$ (1,304,435,229)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 593,516	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	(1,771,054)	-
-	-	-	-	-	20,381,481
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 593,516	\$ (1,771,054)	\$ 20,381,481
\$ 1,343,974,633	\$ -	\$ 1,343,974,633	\$ -	\$ 2,734,095	\$ -
46,166,682	-	46,166,682	-	-	-
49,458,925	-	49,458,925	-	-	-
51,004,690	-	51,004,690	-	-	-
201,605,046	-	201,605,046	-	-	-
38,046,413	-	38,046,413	-	-	-
66,100,839	-	66,100,839	-	-	-
19,210,545	4,609,433	23,819,978	-	533	-
3,688,454	723,840	4,412,294	-	-	-
19,227,048	-	19,227,048	-	81,397	-
1,522,669	-	1,522,669	-	-	-
3,594	(3,594)	-	-	-	-
1,840,009,538	5,329,679	1,845,339,217	-	2,816,025	-
445,277,306	95,626,682	540,903,988	593,516	1,044,971	20,381,481
1,448,202,670	1,912,836,375	3,361,039,045	12,620,828	14,274,181	644,789,452
\$ 1,893,479,976	\$ 2,008,463,057	\$ 3,901,943,033	\$ 13,214,344	\$ 15,319,152	\$ 665,170,933



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DESCRIPTIONS OF MAJOR FUNDS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund - To account for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is subdivided into the following categories: Board of County Commissioners (BOCC), Sheriff, Clerk & Comptroller, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser and the Supervisor of Elections.

Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund - To account for activities related to the operation of the County-owned public bus transportation system.

Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund - To account for ad-valorem taxes and other revenues designated for fire rescue services.

COVID-19 Special Revenue Fund - To account for activities related to the funding received from the U.S Treasury and other sources under the CARES Act for COVID-19 as well as the distribution of these funds to individuals and businesses.

Road Program Capital Projects - To account for costs related to the design, acquisition of rights-of-way and construction of improvements to the County's major thoroughfare road system, primarily represented by the County's Five Year Road Program.

General Government Capital Projects - To account for costs of capital improvements not included in any other category.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Airports - To account for activities related to the operation of the four County-owned airports - Palm Beach International Airport in West Palm Beach and three general aviation airports located in Lantana, Pahokee and Palm Beach Gardens.

Water Utilities - To account for activities related to the operation of the County-owned water and sewage system, which provides water and sewer services to portions of the unincorporated area of the County, as well as to certain municipalities.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
September 30, 2021

	MAJOR FUNDS			
	General Fund	Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund	Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund	COVID-19 Special Revenue Fund
ASSETS				
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 465,842,162	\$ 200	\$ 149,463,525	\$ 135,469,609
Accounts receivable, net	14,940,718	36,878	4,614,630	-
Due from other county funds	74,511,775	22,006,724	6,132,946	8,207,134
Due from other governments	13,281,831	53,076,409	3,464,734	5,895,922
Due from component unit	347,946	-	-	-
Inventory	12,182,492	2,630,739	3,685,121	-
Other assets	1,603,603	5,000	63,483	-
Other receivables, noncurrent	-	-	-	-
Total assets	\$ 582,710,527	\$ 77,755,950	\$ 167,424,439	\$ 149,572,665
LIABILITIES				
Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 67,038,442	\$ 6,304,651	\$ 20,297,441	\$ 2,490,465
Due to other county funds	40,830,594	67,766,192	179,403	13,428,618
Due to other governments	21,182,150	33,563	11,050	20,875
Due to component unit	12,938,512	-	-	-
Due to individuals	8,788,469	406	-	-
Insurance claims payable	2,401,750	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	23,738,095	425,000	-	130,787,671
Other liabilities	16,948,069	-	-	-
Total liabilities	193,866,081	74,529,812	20,487,894	146,727,629
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue	264,705	12,031,125	2,195,397	172,688
FUND BALANCES				
Non-Spendable				
Inventory	12,182,492	2,630,739	3,685,121	-
Prepaid items	1,334,193	5,000	-	-
Spendable				
Restricted for:				
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Library services	-	-	-	-
Fire rescue services	-	-	141,056,027	-
Tourist development programs	-	-	-	-
Grant and economic development programs	-	-	-	2,672,348
Environmental protection programs	-	-	-	-
Public safety and judicial programs	39,207,317	-	-	-
Other services and programs	-	-	-	-
Assigned to:				
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Tourist development programs	-	-	-	-
Other services and programs	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	335,855,739	(11,440,726)	-	-
Total fund balances	388,579,741	(8,804,987)	144,741,148	2,672,348
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 582,710,527	\$ 77,755,950	\$ 167,424,439	\$ 149,572,665

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Road Program Capital Projects	General Government Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 429,012,908	\$ 555,434,893	\$402,642,444	\$ 2,137,865,741
-	24	7,983,439	27,575,689
2,250,746	472,067	19,896,600	133,477,992
1,713,008	17,602,706	13,483,442	108,518,052
-	-	-	347,946
-	-	3,045,890	21,544,242
-	-	5,341,586	7,013,672
-	-	9,274,604	9,274,604
<u>\$ 432,976,662</u>	<u>\$ 573,509,690</u>	<u>\$461,668,005</u>	<u>\$ 2,445,617,938</u>

\$ 5,130,087	\$ 11,528,722	\$ 16,177,571	\$ 128,967,379
87,560	59,725	18,082,041	140,434,133
-	670	673,955	21,922,263
-	-	469	12,938,981
-	-	151,906	8,940,781
-	-	-	2,401,750
1,513,167	39,536	1,928,272	158,431,741
-	-	1,047	16,949,116
<u>6,730,814</u>	<u>11,628,653</u>	<u>37,015,261</u>	<u>490,986,144</u>
<u>21,466</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>15,212,588</u>	<u>29,897,969</u>

-	-	3,045,890	21,544,242
-	-	428,314	1,767,507
-	-	6,068,749	6,068,749
333,566,669	388,129,560	173,998,283	895,694,512
-	-	19,826,885	19,826,885
-	-	-	141,056,027
-	-	25,747,614	25,747,614
-	-	39,524,435	42,196,783
-	-	16,175,001	16,175,001
-	-	12,186,779	51,394,096
-	-	78,777,895	78,777,895
92,657,713	173,751,477	19,702,523	286,111,713
-	-	11,122,284	11,122,284
-	-	6,416,703	6,416,703
-	-	(3,581,199)	320,833,814
<u>426,224,382</u>	<u>561,881,037</u>	<u>409,440,156</u>	<u>1,924,733,825</u>
<u>\$ 432,976,662</u>	<u>\$ 573,509,690</u>	<u>\$461,668,005</u>	<u>\$ 2,445,617,938</u>

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities
September 30, 2021

Fund balances for total of governmental funds (page 9) \$ 1,924,733,825

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Report internal service funds as governmental activities

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, computer services, and vehicles to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Net position per fund statements	\$ 130,009,690	
Less amount due to business-type activities for 'look-back' allocation	(20,546,472)	
		109,463,218

Report as a liability general long-term debt obligations

Liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements.

General obligation bonds payable	(35,700,000)	
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements	(50,372,911)	
Non-ad valorem bonds payable	(570,085,000)	
Notes and loans payable	(18,367,838)	
Compensated absences	(218,236,324)	
Claims and judgements	(210,519,250)	
Unamortized premium	(49,035,296)	
Capital lease obligation	(147,869)	
		(1,152,464,488)

Report refunding losses as deferred outflow 21,082,041

Report refunding gains as deferred inflow (4,316,113)

Report net deferred outflow/inflow - pension related (618,265,049)

Report net deferred outflow/inflow - OPEB related 33,643,523

Report as an asset the cost of general capital assets and accumulated depreciation

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements.

Non-depreciable capital assets	956,329,975	
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,593,719,138	
		2,550,049,113

Report other adjustments to convert from modified accrual to full accrual

Net Pension Liability

Net pension liability that is not due and payable in the current period is not reported in the governmental fund statements. (554,633,918)

Net OPEB Liability

Net OPEB liability that is not due and payable in the current period is not reported in the governmental fund statements. (434,346,881)

Accrued Interest Payable

Accrued interest payable that is not due and payable in the current period is not reported in the governmental fund statements. (11,363,264)

Unavailable Revenue

Revenue is recognized when earned. However, revenue is not available until the current financial resources are received in the governmental fund statements. 29,897,969

(970,446,094)

Net position of governmental activities (page 2) \$ 1,893,479,976

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



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PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	MAJOR FUNDS			
	General Fund	Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund	Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund	COVID-19 Special Revenue Fund
Revenues:				
Taxes (net of discount)	\$ 1,036,077,228	\$ 32,894,285	\$ 306,038,115	\$ -
Special assessments	-	-	280,512	-
Licenses and permits	39,975,234	46,961	17,211	-
Intergovernmental	150,855,000	40,235,261	533,269	255,359,232
Charges for services	277,694,121	8,939,836	49,752,008	-
Less - excess fees paid out	(45,539,503)	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	3,571,479	-	-	-
Interest Income	2,636,183	-	1,835,391	1,127,125
Net change in fair value of investments	648,839	(45,890)	425,570	250,767
Miscellaneous	18,135,713	1,665,019	932,629	76,150
Total revenues	1,484,054,294	83,735,472	359,814,705	256,813,274
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	324,437,641	-	-	-
Public safety	699,285,011	-	338,127,110	194,431,143
Physical environment	13,558,954	-	-	-
Transportation	4,235,000	109,595,684	-	-
Economic environment	50,350,346	-	1,147,480	10,499,205
Human services	49,555,896	-	-	36,356,402
Culture and recreation	55,950,292	-	-	-
Capital outlay	51,846,314	35,154,394	10,680,977	832,447
Debt service	84,360	-	-	-
Total expenditures	1,249,303,814	144,750,078	349,955,567	242,119,197
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	234,750,480	(61,014,606)	9,859,138	14,694,077
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	15,412,703	50,237,348	10,678,410	-
Transfers out	(176,250,666)	(138,162)	(22,263,626)	(13,412,723)
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-
Premium (discount) on long-term debt	-	-	-	-
Issuance of refunding of debt	-	-	-	-
Premium (discount) on refunding of debt	-	-	-	-
Payment to escrow agent for refunding	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(160,837,963)	50,099,186	(11,585,216)	(13,412,723)
Net change in fund balances	73,912,517	(10,915,420)	(1,726,078)	1,281,354
Fund balances, October 1, 2020	314,434,643	1,872,016	146,220,933	1,390,994
Change in nonspendable fund balances	232,581	238,417	246,293	-
Fund balances (deficit), September 30, 2021	\$ 388,579,741	\$ (8,804,987)	\$ 144,741,148	\$ 2,672,348

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Road Program Capital Projects	General Government Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 9,965,805	\$ -	\$ 126,590,675	\$ 1,511,566,108
36,508,217	1,964,201	42,836,051	81,588,981
-	-	35,513,416	75,552,822
27,758	99,219,087	81,632,663	627,862,270
6,475	542,395	29,253,292	366,188,127
-	-	-	(45,539,503)
-	911,373	2,344,992	6,827,844
3,687,274	4,197,231	4,728,554	18,211,758
685,491	817,565	675,241	3,457,583
1,780,452	1,004,934	24,220,681	47,815,578
52,661,472	108,656,786	347,795,565	2,693,531,568
3,443,776	37,942,115	55,223,529	421,047,061
-	1,271,829	30,906,584	1,264,021,677
-	-	25,139,307	38,698,261
8,699,889	11,026,572	37,309,779	170,866,924
-	-	44,485,547	106,482,578
-	726,076	26,540,473	113,178,847
-	397,848	57,375,691	113,723,831
35,684,642	23,342,158	19,564,332	177,105,264
-	326,471	85,231,272	85,642,103
47,828,307	75,033,069	381,776,514	2,490,766,546
4,833,165	33,623,717	(33,980,949)	202,765,022
905,499	56,197,197	149,721,907	283,153,064
(2,792,441)	(7,073,758)	(59,603,359)	(281,534,735)
-	51,050,000	189,375	51,239,375
-	11,847,843	-	11,847,843
-	-	113,940,000	113,940,000
-	-	(62,199)	(62,199)
-	-	(113,099,206)	(113,099,206)
(1,886,942)	112,021,282	91,086,518	65,484,142
2,946,223	145,644,999	57,105,569	268,249,164
423,278,159	416,236,038	352,001,621	1,655,434,404
-	-	332,966	1,050,257
\$ 426,224,382	\$ 561,881,037	\$ 409,440,156	\$ 1,924,733,825

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances for total governmental funds (page 13) \$ 268,249,164

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Report internal service funds as governmental activities

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as vehicles and insurance to individual funds. The net income of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

Net income per fund statements	\$	16,627,794	
Adjusted for current year allocation of internal service funds to business-type activities		(1,650,336)	14,977,458

Report as a liability long-term debt obligations

Debt issuance and capital leases

Debt and capital leases provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but such activities increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Current year face value of debt issued		(165,179,375)	

Governmental funds report the premium and discount as other financing sources/uses when debt is issued, but in the statement of activities these amounts are amortized to interest expense over the term of the debt.

Current year (premium) discount on debt issued		(11,785,644)	
Current year amortization and retirement of premium / discount		21,193,503	

Governmental funds report the effect of gains and losses on refundings when the debt is first issued, but in the statement of activities these amounts are deferred and amortized.

Current year refunding loss deferred		3,806,351	
Current year refunding gain deferred		(3,172,325)	
Current year amortization and retirement of deferred refunding loss		(5,664,800)	
Current year amortization of deferred refunding gain		555,078	

Debt retirement

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not result in an expense.

Payment to escrow agent for refunding of debt		44,544,469	
		113,099,206	

The change in accrued liabilities reported as long-term obligations do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements.

Net change in estimated self-insurance obligation		32,260,375	
Net change in capital leases		75,424	
Net change in compensated absences liability		(13,916,059)	

15,816,203

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Report as an asset the cost of general capital assets and accumulated depreciation

Acquisition of capital assets

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, but capital purchases increase assets in the statement of net position and do not result in an expense. 177,105,263

Acquisition of capital assets from contributions do not generate current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements as revenue. 3,356,932

Depreciation expense

The cost of capital assets is allocated over their useful life as depreciation expense. However, depreciation does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental fund statements. (139,050,603)

Retirement of capital assets

In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance. (12,640,329)

28,771,263

Report other adjustments for converting from modified accrual to full accrual

Net change in inventory 1,050,257
Net change in accrued interest payable (1,314,154)
Net change in unavailable revenue 7,016,792
Net change in net pension liability 122,096,999
Net change in net OPEB liability (11,386,676)

117,463,218

Change in net position of governmental activities (page 5)

\$ 445,277,306

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
General Fund

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes (net of discount)	\$ 1,071,158,949	\$ 1,071,158,949	\$ 1,036,077,228	\$ (35,081,721)
Licenses and permits	37,419,944	37,419,944	38,504,163	1,084,219
Intergovernmental	132,478,490	135,065,817	145,840,127	10,774,310
Charges for services	119,909,443	119,911,843	46,828,820	(73,083,023)
Fines and forfeitures	2,265,000	2,265,000	2,959,244	694,244
Interest income	10,173,000	10,173,000	2,601,255	(7,571,745)
Net change in fair value of investments	-	-	648,839	648,839
Miscellaneous	5,527,895	11,128,517	4,612,774	(6,515,743)
Less 5% anticipated revenues	(69,161,756)	(69,161,756)	-	69,161,756
Total revenues	1,309,770,965	1,317,961,314	1,278,072,450	(39,888,864)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government:				
Youth Services Department	252,205	252,205	170,022	82,183
County Administrator	2,708,053	2,735,553	2,691,908	43,645
Office of Resilience	437,119	787,119	395,880	391,239
County Attorney	6,427,532	6,427,532	5,676,898	750,634
Commission on Ethics	739,876	739,876	731,059	8,817
County Commission	3,773,321	3,841,252	3,664,097	177,155
Employee Relations & Personnel	3,398,749	3,398,749	3,208,301	190,448
Engineering & Public Works	5,192,439	5,192,439	5,024,746	167,693
Facilities Dev & Ops	43,919,032	45,047,425	34,812,741	10,234,684
Financial Management & Budget	4,093,221	4,243,221	3,916,281	326,940
Information Systems Services	34,720,936	34,971,974	33,036,218	1,935,756
Internal Auditor	1,219,282	1,219,282	1,111,420	107,862
Judicial	3,077,593	3,077,593	2,965,713	111,880
Planning, Zoning & Building	10,421,372	10,416,372	9,113,751	1,302,621
Public Affairs	5,699,840	5,587,136	4,845,933	741,203
Legislative Affairs	500,578	500,578	250,339	250,239
Public Safety	3,952,635	3,963,128	3,374,335	588,793
Office of Diversity, Equity and Inclusion	308,175	308,175	-	308,175
Purchasing	4,449,809	4,449,809	4,197,909	251,900
Risk Management	376,356	387,021	386,742	279
General Government Operations	40,613,889	40,807,461	37,256,694	3,550,767
Value Adjustment Board	655,000	655,000	642,738	12,262
Non-departmental specific reserves	176,368,775	168,981,244	-	168,981,244
Office of Small Business Assistance	1,528,278	1,528,278	1,379,174	149,104
Total general government	354,834,065	349,518,422	158,852,899	190,665,523
Public safety:				
Sheriff - PBC Expenses	285,000	285,000	171,398	113,602
Facilities Dev & Ops	3,233,493	3,374,693	4,252,487	(877,794)
Parks & Recreation	-	-	97,051	(97,051)
Planning, Zoning & Building	4,333,422	4,338,422	4,166,029	172,393
Public Affairs	-	-	25,964	(25,964)
Public Safety	8,322,180	8,347,180	7,306,480	1,040,700
Medical Examiner	4,877,126	4,909,444	4,629,537	279,907
Other County Funded Programs	2,151,373	2,257,467	2,257,467	-
General Government Operations	404,275	404,275	971,745	(567,470)
Criminal Justice Commission	1,124,377	1,124,377	972,297	152,080
Total public safety	24,731,246	25,040,858	24,850,455	190,403

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
General Fund
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Physical environment:				
County Cooperative Ext Serv	2,650,425	2,650,425	2,089,215	561,210
Engineering & Public Works	522,747	534,747	512,226	22,521
Environmental Resources Mgt	11,322,826	11,322,826	10,957,513	365,313
Total physical environment	14,495,998	14,507,998	13,558,954	949,044
Transportation:				
Other County Funded Programs	4,235,000	4,235,000	4,235,000	-
Total transportation	4,235,000	4,235,000	4,235,000	-
Economic environment:				
Department of Economic Sustainability	319,290	362,179	354,649	7,530
Equal Opportunity	1,106,493	1,097,612	741,369	356,243
Office Of Comm. Revitalization	846,350	888,813	888,812	1
Community Redevelopment Agncys	48,330,294	48,330,294	48,224,416	105,878
General Government Operations	141,100	141,100	141,100	-
Total economic environment	50,743,527	50,819,998	50,350,346	469,652
Human services:				
Community Services	3,005,479	3,005,479	2,870,844	134,635
Behavioral Health Programs	3,623,947	3,804,295	688,670	3,115,625
Community Services/Human Serv	20,773,875	23,332,266	12,088,057	11,244,209
Youth Services Department	9,347,555	9,389,299	8,211,966	1,177,333
Youth Services-Children's Services Council/Head Start	1,471,878	1,471,878	1,414,208	57,670
Youth Services-New Evidenced Based Programming	3,863,235	4,174,496	1,602,308	2,572,188
Environmental Resources Mgt	3,146,989	3,146,989	2,796,093	350,896
Equal Opportunity	117,224	117,224	27,974	89,250
Health Department	2,177,587	2,177,587	907,587	1,270,000
Public Safety	11,081,512	11,039,226	9,683,253	1,355,973
Financially Assisted Agencies	12,976,690	13,026,690	2,771,841	10,254,849
Other County Funded Programs	15,250,000	15,250,000	6,493,095	8,756,905
Total human services	86,835,971	89,935,429	49,555,896	40,379,533
Culture and recreation:				
Parks & Recreation	67,813,482	67,813,482	55,950,292	11,863,190
Parks & Rec - Grants	697,013	697,013	-	697,013
Total culture and recreation	68,510,495	68,510,495	55,950,292	12,560,203
Capital outlay:				
Community Services/Human Services	60,001	58,924	-	58,924
Youth Services Department	26,260	31,000	-	31,000
County Attorney	2,500	2,500	-	2,500
Human Resources	1	1	-	1
Engineering & Public Works	-	20,830	-	20,830
Facilities Dev & Ops	231,603	81,591	26,874	54,717
Financial Management & Budget	153,000	3,000	-	3,000
Information Systems Services	64,000	14,000	-	14,000
Parks & Recreation	25,825	25,825	25,825	-
Planning, Zoning & Building	30,000	30,000	-	30,000
Public Affairs	55,002	191,466	123,007	68,459

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
General Fund
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public Safety	31,500	102,043	41,210	60,833
Medical Examiner	23,200	-	-	-
Purchasing	1	1	-	1
Total capital outlay	702,893	561,181	216,916	344,265
Debt Service:				
Public Affairs	2	2	84,360	(84,358)
Total Debt Service	2	2	84,360	(84,358)
Total expenditures	605,089,197	603,129,383	357,655,118	245,474,265
Excess of revenues over expenditures	704,681,768	714,831,931	920,417,332	205,585,401
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	6,875,010	7,129,646	113,651,493	106,521,847
Transfers out	(975,624,640)	(992,859,133)	(967,882,417)	24,976,716
Total other financing sources (uses)	(968,749,630)	(985,729,487)	(854,230,924)	131,498,563
Net change in fund balances	(264,067,862)	(270,897,556)	66,186,408	337,083,964
Fund balances, October 1, 2020	264,067,862	270,897,556	275,775,077	4,877,521
Change in nonspendable fund balance	-	-	232,581	232,581
Fund balances, September 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	342,194,066	\$ 342,194,066

Perspective difference between budget basis and GAAP 46,385,675

Fund balances, September 30, 2021 (GAAP) \$ 388,579,741

Reconciliation of Budget to GAAP:

	Revenues	Expenditures	Transfers in	Transfers out	Net change in fund balance
Board of County Commissioners	\$ 1,278,072,450	\$ (357,655,118)	\$ 113,651,493	\$ (967,882,417)	\$ 66,186,408
Sheriff	84,911,218	(745,163,212)	772,870,638	(108,419,683)	4,198,961
Clerk & Comptroller	49,431,744	(59,361,137)	17,014,337	(3,557,796)	3,527,148
Tax Collector	39,580,973	(39,580,973)	-	-	-
Property Appraiser	24,425,891	(24,425,891)	-	-	-
Supervisor of Elections	7,632,018	(23,117,483)	16,555,547	(1,070,082)	-
Eliminations	-	-	(904,679,312)	904,679,312	-
Totals	\$ 1,484,054,294	\$ (1,249,303,814)	\$ 15,412,703	\$ (176,250,666)	\$ 73,912,517

NOTE: Budgetary comparisons presented herein are on a basis consistent with GAAP and only include the operations of the Board of County Commissioners since that is what was legally adopted. In accordance with GASB 54, the individual County Constitutional Officers no longer met the definition to be reported as separate special revenue funds of the County and as a result their activities have been combined into the County general fund for GAAP reporting purposes. The above table provides a reconciliation of the amounts between the two schedules.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes (net of discount)	\$ 33,702,000	\$ 33,702,000	\$ 32,894,285	\$ (807,715)
Licenses and permits	36,000	36,000	46,961	10,961
Intergovernmental	73,229,207	107,517,781	40,235,261	(67,282,520)
Charges for services	12,223,710	12,223,710	8,939,836	(3,283,874)
Net change in fair value of investments	-	-	(45,890)	(45,890)
Miscellaneous	1,590,000	1,590,000	1,665,019	75,019
Less 5% anticipated revenues	(2,418,388)	(2,418,388)	-	2,418,388
Total revenues	118,362,529	152,651,103	83,735,472	(68,915,631)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Transportation	111,832,146	134,914,988	109,595,684	25,319,304
Capital outlay	60,686,781	74,082,016	35,154,394	38,927,622
Total expenditures	172,518,927	208,997,004	144,750,078	64,246,926
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(54,156,398)	(56,345,901)	(61,014,606)	(4,668,705)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	50,237,902	57,009,369	50,237,348	(6,772,021)
Transfers out	(102,474)	(138,163)	(138,162)	1
Total other financing sources (uses)	50,135,428	56,871,206	50,099,186	(6,772,020)
Net change in fund balances	(4,020,970)	525,305	(10,915,420)	(11,440,725)
Fund balances (deficit), October 1, 2020	4,020,970	(525,305)	1,872,016	2,397,321
Change in nonspendable fund balance	-	-	238,417	238,417
Fund balances (deficit), September 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (8,804,987)	\$ (8,804,987)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes (net of discount)	\$ 317,843,283	\$ 317,843,283	\$ 306,038,115	\$ (11,805,168)
Special assessments	-	291,531	280,512	(11,019)
Licenses and permits	16,900	16,900	17,211	311
Intergovernmental	503,670	1,401,227	533,269	(867,958)
Charges for services	43,828,445	43,828,445	49,752,008	5,923,563
Interest income	4,317,810	4,329,810	1,835,391	(2,494,419)
Net change in fair value of investments	291,531	-	425,570	425,570
Miscellaneous	242,000	839,990	932,629	92,639
Less 5% anticipated revenues	(17,978,324)	(17,978,324)	-	17,978,324
Total revenues	349,065,315	350,572,862	359,814,705	9,241,843
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	451,476,999	458,194,962	338,127,110	120,067,852
Economic environment	1,149,029	1,149,029	1,147,480	1,549
Capital outlay	20,807,173	22,945,769	10,680,977	12,264,792
Total expenditures	473,433,201	482,289,760	349,955,567	132,334,193
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(124,367,886)	(131,716,898)	9,859,138	141,576,036
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	11,198,420	11,198,420	10,678,410	(520,010)
Transfers out	(22,625,203)	(22,263,627)	(22,263,626)	1
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,426,783)	(11,065,207)	(11,585,216)	(520,009)
Net change in fund balances	(135,794,669)	(142,782,105)	(1,726,078)	141,056,027
Fund balances, October 1, 2020	135,794,669	142,782,105	146,220,933	3,438,828
Change in nonspendable fund balance	-	-	246,293	246,293
Fund balances, September 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 144,741,148	\$ 144,741,148

NOTE: The effective legal budgetary control is at the department level for the General Fund and special revenue funds with approved budgets which is reflected in the budget to actual statements presented in the fund financial statements section and the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section. The Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund reflects the actual department. Annual budgets are legally adopted for all governmental and proprietary fund types. Budgetary comparisons presented herein are on a basis consistent with GAAP.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
COVID-19 Special Revenue Fund
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 575,327,441	\$ 255,359,232	\$ (319,968,209)
Interest income	-	1,253,856	1,127,125	(126,731)
Net change in fair value of investments	-	139,050	250,767	111,717
Miscellaneous			76,150	76,150
Total revenues	-	576,720,347	256,813,274	(319,907,073)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	-	444,236,468	194,431,143	249,805,325
Economic environment	-	23,384,876	10,499,205	12,885,671
Human Services	-	95,392,313	36,356,402	59,035,911
Capital outlay	-	869,862	832,447	37,415
Total expenditures	-	563,883,519	242,119,197	321,764,322
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	12,836,828	14,694,077	1,857,249
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	-	(14,227,822)	(13,412,723)	815,099
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(14,227,822)	(13,412,723)	815,099
Net change in fund balances	-	(1,390,994)	1,281,354	2,672,348
Fund balances, October 1, 2020	-	1,390,994	1,390,994	-
Fund balances, September 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,672,348	\$ 2,672,348

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
September 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities -	
	Airports	Water Utilities
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 125,153,914	\$ 330,915,797
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	265,677	14,357,549
Cash with fiscal agent - restricted	3,816,750	-
Interest receivable - restricted	-	247,143
Accounts receivable, net	4,152,195	23,566,421
Due from other county funds	29,900	82,268
Due from other governments	2,009,711	-
Due from component unit	-	-
Inventory	2,079,144	11,388,524
Current portion of other receivables	-	960,602
Other assets	1,007,360	484,341
Total current assets	138,514,651	382,002,645
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	63,155,682	9,965,366
Accounts receivable, net	1,627,302	-
Total noncurrent restricted assets	64,782,984	9,965,366
Capital assets:		
Land	123,805,352	15,626,971
Buildings	478,637,837	141,872,792
Improvements other than buildings	309,410,089	1,759,813,801
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	41,238,775	97,607,843
Intangible - easement rights	13,754,957	1,678,030
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(593,567,739)	(895,037,372)
Construction in progress	62,538,067	55,062,418
Total capital assets	435,817,338	1,176,624,483
Investment in joint ventures	-	65,018,481
Other receivables, noncurrent	-	6,548,241
Total noncurrent assets	500,600,322	1,258,156,571
Total assets	\$ 639,114,973	\$ 1,640,159,216
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related	\$ 2,231,483	\$ 7,390,360
OPEB related	78,991	277,745
Deferred charges on refunding	511,591	5,320,486
Goodwill	-	3,650,093
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,822,065	\$ 16,638,684

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
Totals			
\$	456,069,711	\$	155,454,644
	14,623,226		-
	3,816,750		-
	247,143		-
	27,718,616		2,277,388
	112,168		8,357,328
	2,009,711		218,733
	-		1,033
	13,467,668		827,492
	960,602		-
	1,491,701		4,373,514
520,517,296		171,510,132	
73,121,048		-	
1,627,302		-	
74,748,350		-	
139,432,323		-	
620,510,629		206,558	
2,069,223,890		512,286	
138,846,618		110,515,206	
15,432,987		-	
(1,488,605,111)		(68,498,418)	
117,600,485		-	
1,612,441,821		42,735,632	
65,018,481		-	
6,548,241		-	
1,758,756,893		42,735,632	
\$	2,279,274,189	\$	214,245,764
9,621,843		-	
356,736		-	
5,832,077		-	
3,650,093		-	
\$	19,460,749	\$	-

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
September 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities -	
	Airports	Water Utilities
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities payable from current assets:		
Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 15,595,239	\$ 15,396,592
Due to other county funds	236,369	1,221,975
Due to other governments	-	1,214,804
Due to component unit	533	104,232
Unearned revenue	1,596,174	-
Compensated absences	108,371	341,000
Insurance claims payable	-	-
Other liabilities	747,808	-
Total current liabilities payable from current assets	18,284,494	18,278,603
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:		
Customers' deposits	265,676	5,417,257
Current portion of long-term debt	2,400,000	7,103,670
Interest payable on bonds	1,416,751	1,836,622
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	4,082,427	14,357,549
Total current liabilities	22,366,921	32,636,152
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	1,158,738	3,349,055
Revenue bonds payable, net	62,535,084	140,185,012
Insurance claims payable	-	-
Net pension liability	4,107,430	13,603,239
Total OPEB liability	346,337	1,217,779
Total noncurrent liabilities	68,147,589	158,355,085
Total liabilities	\$ 90,514,510	\$ 190,991,237
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related	\$ 6,583,451	\$ 21,803,474
OPEB related	6,528	22,957
Other	-	896,196
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 6,589,979	\$ 22,722,627
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 365,353,776	\$ 1,037,613,501
Restricted for:		
Debt service	630,932	6,671,752
Capital projects	15,757,620	-
Grants and other	47,715,056	1,000,000
Unrestricted	115,375,165	397,798,783
Total net position	\$ 544,832,549	\$ 1,443,084,036

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net position (page 2) are different because certain internal service fund assets and liabilities are included with business-type activities.

Net position of business-type activities

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
<u>Totals</u>	
\$ 30,991,831	\$ 3,024,150
1,458,344	55,011
1,214,804	75,742
104,765	-
1,596,174	-
449,371	-
-	19,077,329
747,808	-
<u>36,563,097</u>	<u>22,232,232</u>
5,682,933	-
9,503,670	-
3,253,373	-
<u>18,439,976</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>55,003,073</u>	<u>22,232,232</u>
4,507,793	805,651
202,720,096	-
-	61,198,191
17,710,669	-
1,564,116	-
<u>226,502,674</u>	<u>62,003,842</u>
\$ 281,505,747	\$ 84,236,074
\$ 28,386,925	\$ -
29,485	-
896,196	-
<u>\$ 29,312,606</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 1,402,967,277	\$ 42,735,631
7,302,684	-
15,757,620	-
48,715,056	-
513,173,948	87,274,059
1,987,916,585	<u>\$ 130,009,690</u>
20,546,472	
<u>\$ 2,008,463,057</u>	

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities -	
	Airports	Water Utilities
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 63,163,055	\$ 221,161,462
Miscellaneous	1,939,630	5,402,338
Total operating revenues	65,102,685	226,563,800
Operating expenses:		
Aviation services	49,559,365	-
Water and sewer services	-	136,892,980
Transportation services	-	-
Self-insurance services	-	-
Equity interest in net gain of joint ventures	-	(1,420,733)
Depreciation and amortization	24,046,819	53,692,913
Total operating expenses	73,606,184	189,165,160
Operating income (loss)	(8,503,499)	37,398,640
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income	1,243,607	3,365,826
Net change in fair value of investments	198,632	525,208
Cares Grant	8,262,297	-
Airport Coronavirus Response Grant	1,416,750	-
Interest expense	(2,833,500)	(2,426,510)
Other revenues (expenses)	1,686,041	(224,272)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	9,973,827	1,240,252
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	1,470,328	38,638,892
Capital contributions	15,600,400	38,270,320
Transfers in	-	125,000
Transfers out	(59,274)	(69,320)
Change in net position	17,011,454	76,964,892
Net position, October 1, 2020	527,821,095	1,366,119,144
Net position, September 30, 2021	\$ 544,832,549	\$ 1,443,084,036

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities (page 5) are different because the net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with business-type activities.

Change in net position of business-type activities

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>	<u>Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds</u>
<u>Totals</u>	
\$ 284,324,517	\$ 158,156,505
7,341,968	-
<u>291,666,485</u>	<u>158,156,505</u>
49,559,365	-
136,892,980	-
-	19,583,030
-	116,054,827
(1,420,733)	-
<u>77,739,732</u>	<u>12,847,619</u>
<u>262,771,344</u>	<u>148,485,476</u>
<u>28,895,141</u>	<u>9,671,029</u>
4,609,433	1,235,107
723,840	230,871
8,262,297	-
1,416,750	-
(5,260,010)	-
<u>1,461,769</u>	<u>7,105,522</u>
<u>11,214,079</u>	<u>8,571,500</u>
40,109,220	18,242,529
53,870,720	-
125,000	-
<u>(128,594)</u>	<u>(1,614,735)</u>
93,976,346	16,627,794
	<u>113,381,896</u>
	<u>\$ 130,009,690</u>
1,650,336	
<u>\$ 95,626,682</u>	

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities -	
	Airports	Water Utilities
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$ 65,028,083	\$ 221,403,358
Cash received from other funds for goods and services	-	-
Cash payments to vendors for goods and services	(10,006,675)	(74,099,843)
Cash payments to employees for services	(13,907,716)	(37,933,130)
Cash payments to other funds	(19,600,277)	(27,893,714)
Claims paid	-	-
Other receipts	-	6,313,243
Net cash provided by operating activities	21,513,415	87,789,914
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Cash contributed to joint ventures	-	(3,049,929)
Operating grants and other	10,300,020	-
Transfers in	-	125,000
Transfers out	(59,274)	(69,320)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	10,240,746	(2,994,249)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	155,668	279,812
Contributed capital	6,595,384	26,796,908
Purchase and construction of capital assets	(32,091,350)	(61,599,054)
Bond issuance costs paid	-	(625,037)
Payment to escrow agent on refunded revenue bonds	-	(7,225,795)
Principal payments on debt	(3,325,000)	(5,542,202)
Interest payments on debt	(2,930,718)	(4,739,503)
Paying agent fees	-	(2,250)
Passenger facility charges received	7,987,361	-
Proceeds on issuance of refunding revenue bonds	-	59,375,000
Principal paid on refunded revenue bonds	-	(51,325,000)
Interest paid on refunded revenue bonds	-	(185,340)
Cash contributed by other governments	-	782,565
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(23,608,655)	(44,009,896)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest and gains or losses on investments	1,441,889	3,944,214
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,441,889	3,944,214
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	9,587,395	44,729,983
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2020	182,804,628	310,508,729
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2021	\$ 192,392,023	\$ 355,238,712

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>	<u>Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds</u>
<u>Totals</u>	
\$ 286,431,441	\$ 12,467,015
-	143,769,316
(84,106,518)	(30,700,511)
(51,840,846)	(7,960,593)
(47,493,991)	(2,701,770)
-	(97,281,033)
<u>6,313,243</u>	<u>3,574,218</u>
<u>109,303,329</u>	<u>21,166,642</u>
(3,049,929)	-
10,300,020	-
125,000	-
<u>(128,594)</u>	<u>(1,614,735)</u>
<u>7,246,497</u>	<u>(1,614,735)</u>
435,480	3,646,266
33,392,292	-
(93,690,404)	(10,898,821)
(625,037)	-
(7,225,795)	-
(8,867,202)	-
(7,670,221)	-
(2,250)	-
7,987,361	-
59,375,000	-
(51,325,000)	-
(185,340)	-
<u>782,565</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>(67,618,551)</u>	<u>(7,252,555)</u>
<u>5,386,103</u>	<u>1,465,978</u>
<u>5,386,103</u>	<u>1,465,978</u>
54,317,378	13,765,330
<u>493,313,357</u>	<u>141,689,314</u>
<u>\$ 547,630,735</u>	<u>\$ 155,454,644</u>

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities -	
	Airports	Water Utilities
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (8,503,499)	\$ 37,398,640
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	24,046,819	53,692,913
Equity interest in net gain of joint ventures	-	(1,420,733)
Provision for doubtful accounts	-	169,900
Miscellaneous revenue	-	-
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(566,817)	(864,159)
(Increase) decrease in due from other county funds	5,833	166,460
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	-	1,008,143
(Increase) in inventory	(162,668)	(187,539)
(Increase) in other assets	(48,249)	(49,230)
Decrease in deferred outflows	1,406,633	4,408,662
(Increase) decrease in due from component unit	-	30,505
Increase (decrease) in vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	6,886,154	(413,001)
Increase (decrease) in due to other county funds	63,341	(79,937)
Increase in due to other governments	-	31,202
Increase in other current liabilities	127,878	-
Increase in unearned revenue	493,494	-
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(7,112)	447,045
Increase in insurance claims payable	-	-
(Decrease) in other long-term liabilities	-	-
Increase in deferred inflows	6,294,663	20,889,410
(Decrease) in net pension liability	(8,496,284)	(27,374,731)
(Decrease) in total OPEB liability	(26,771)	(63,636)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 21,513,415	\$ 87,789,914
Supplemental disclosure of noncash capital and related financing activities:		
Amortization of premium on bonds, including write-off	\$ 969,776	\$ 1,193,009
Amortization of bond refunding costs	\$ -	\$ 872,931
Payables related to capital asset acquisition	\$ 6,040,069	\$ 9,428,838
Receivables related to passenger facility charges	\$ 1,619,530	\$ -
Contribution of capital assets	\$ -	\$ 12,023,937
Capitalized interest	\$ -	\$ 1,109,707
Disposal of fully depreciated capital assets	\$ 1,451,956	\$ 2,212,399
Receivables related to capital grants	\$ 2,009,711	\$ -

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>	<u>Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds</u>
<u>Totals</u>	
\$ 28,895,141	\$ 9,671,029
77,739,732	12,847,619
(1,420,733)	-
169,900	-
-	3,574,218
(1,430,976)	40,734
172,293	(1,878,082)
1,008,143	(82,720)
(350,207)	(354,193)
(97,479)	(367,674)
5,815,295	-
30,505	(107)
6,473,153	(1,185,141)
(16,596)	47,032
31,202	123
127,878	-
493,494	-
439,933	-
-	1,645,063
-	(2,791,259)
27,184,073	-
(35,871,015)	-
(90,407)	-
<u>\$ 109,303,329</u>	<u>\$ 21,166,642</u>
<u>\$ 2,162,785</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<u>\$ 872,931</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<u>\$ 15,468,907</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<u>\$ 1,619,530</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<u>\$ 12,023,937</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<u>\$ 1,109,707</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<u>\$ 3,664,355</u>	<u>\$ 11,405,635</u>
<u>\$ 2,009,711</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Custodial Funds
September 30, 2021

	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$130,853,664
Accounts receivable, net	539,139
Due from other governments	78,418
Other assets	291
Total assets	131,471,512
LIABILITIES	
Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	237,848
Due to other governments	67,303,369
Due to individuals	11,154,915
Total liabilities	78,696,132
NET POSITION	
Amount held for individuals, organizations, and other governments	52,775,380
Total net position	\$ 52,775,380

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Custodial Funds
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Investment income	\$ 5,717
Motor vehicle tag fees	1,171,090
Taxes collected on behalf of other governments	2,874,052,351
Inmate trust	6,657,920
Seized currency and evidence	2,494,518
Tax deeds	12,957,613
Criminal cash bonds	934,675
General deposit and cash bonds	625,877
Circuit registry	112,049,081
Foreclosure sales and deposits	107,825,002
Other additions	114,696,231
Total additions	3,233,470,075
DEDUCTIONS	
Distributions to other governments	2,875,451,788
Inmate trust	6,612,825
Seized currency and evidence	819,901
Tax deeds	8,053,804
Courts bond	864,116
Criminal cash bonds	623,873
General deposit and cash bonds	1,178,579
Circuit registry	103,956,079
Foreclosure sales and deposits	101,317,939
Other deductions	113,170,649
Total deductions	3,212,049,553
Change in net position	21,420,522
Net position, October 1, 2020 (restated)	31,354,858
Net position, September 30, 2021	\$ 52,775,380

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



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**PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

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PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Palm Beach County, Florida reporting entity (the County) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County's more significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Palm Beach County is a political subdivision of the State of Florida pursuant to Article VIII, Section (1) of the Constitution of the State of Florida. It is governed by a seven-member elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) which is regulated by State Statutes and a local County Charter, operating under a County Manager form of government with separation of legislative and executive functions. In addition to the members of the Board, there are five elected Constitutional Officers: The Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, Clerk & Comptroller, Sheriff, and the Supervisor of Elections. The Board and the Constitutional Officers comprise the Palm Beach County primary government.

Palm Beach County Fire-Rescue and the County Library Taxing District are dependent districts under the control of the Board of County Commissioners. They levy millages that apply to all property owners in the unincorporated portion of the County and residents of the municipalities that have elected to join the districts rather than provide the services themselves. They are reported as special revenue funds of the County.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements cover the Palm Beach County reporting entity which includes the Palm Beach County primary government as well as its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, component units are either classified as blended component units or discretely presented component units, depending on the nature of the entity's relationship with the primary government. GASB Statement No. 14 provides the following criteria for determining whether or not an entity is a component unit of the reporting entity:

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of the separate organization's governing body and either is able to impose its will on that organization or there is the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it and provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government is entitled to

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

the organization's resources, is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligations to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization, or is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Some organizations are included as component units because of their fiscal dependency on the primary government. An organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government if it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes or set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the primary government. In addition, any entity, for which the primary government is not financially accountable but for which exclusion would cause the primary government's financial statements to be misleading, should be included as a component unit.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units: an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14*, a government must include certain legally separate, tax-exempt entities in the government's financial reporting entity as discretely presented component units if they meet all three of the following conditions: (a) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (b) the primary government or its component units, are entitled to or have the ability to otherwise access a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organizations; or (c) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. GASB Statement No. 39 had no effect on determining the County's discretely presented component units and therefore had no effect on the financial statements. Based on the criteria specified above, the Palm Beach County reporting entity includes both blended component units and discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units

The following organization is presented as a blended component unit because either (a) the organization's governing body is substantially the same as the governing body of the County and (1) there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and component unit or (2) management of the primary government has operational responsibility, (b) the organization provides services almost entirely to the primary government and (c) the component unit's total debt outstanding is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the primary government.

Transportation Authority (Palm Tran, Inc.) – This corporation was created by Palm Beach County Resolution 95-1636D pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes. Its purpose is to operate for the advancement of public transportation and lessening the burden on Palm Beach County to provide a transportation system. The Board of Palm Tran, Inc. consists of the seven members of the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County. The bylaws provide that the corporation shall have a president to act as the corporation's chief executive officer who shall be the County Administrator, a secretary/treasurer who shall be the Clerk to the Board of County Commissioners or a deputy clerk designated for such purposes, and an executive director who shall be responsible for the day to day management and operations of the corporation. Palm Tran, Inc. is reported as a special revenue fund.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Component Unit columns in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented Component Units. They are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The following organizations are included in the reporting entity because the primary government (1) appointed a voting majority of the organization's board, (2) is able to impose its will on the organization, and (3) the organization provides services to the citizenry of Palm Beach County.

Additionally, as a result of GASB Statement No. 61, the following three (3) component units do not qualify to be reported as blended component units because (a) the governing body is not substantially the same as the primary government and (1) The Primary Government and the Component Unit are *not* financially interdependent (i.e. there is not a relationship of potential financial benefit or burden between them) and (2) Management is *not* responsible for the day-to-day operations of the component unit (i.e. operational responsibility), (b) the component unit does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the primary government, and (c) the component unit's total debt outstanding is not expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the primary government.

Housing Finance Authority of Palm Beach County, Florida (HFA) – This public authority was created by Palm Beach County Ordinance 79-3 pursuant to Chapter 159, Florida Statutes, as amended and supplemented. It was created to alleviate the shortage of housing available at affordable rates in Palm Beach County and the shortage of capital for investments in such housing. The HFA has the power to issue single family and multi-family revenue bonds to finance the purchase of housing by families of low and moderate income through investing in mortgage loans to eligible families. The HFA is a discretely presented component unit because the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) appoints the members of the HFA governing body and because the BOCC is able to impose its will on the HFA. The County Ordinance which created the HFA provides that the BOCC may remove members of the HFA's governing body without cause, and may change the structure, organization, or activities of the HFA, including terminating the HFA.

Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) – This agency was created by Palm Beach County Resolution 89-649 pursuant to Section 163.355, Florida Statutes. It was created in order to develop and revitalize the blighted area known as Westgate/Belvedere Homes with intent to benefit Palm Beach County as a whole by returning improved property to the County's tax base. The CRA has the power to issue redevelopment revenue bonds from time to time to finance its undertaking of community redevelopment to the designated area. The CRA is a discretely presented component unit because the BOCC appoints the members of the CRA governing body and because there also is a financial benefit/burden relationship with the County since the creation of the CRA allows tax increment financing to implement the provisions of the County's Redevelopment Plan to rehabilitate the Redevelopment Area. Also, the County has agreed to fund any deficiency in the reserve fund of the CRA's Redevelopment Revenue Bonds.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County (SWA) – The SWA is a dependent special district created by the Florida Legislature under the Palm Beach County Solid Waste Act, Chapter 75-473, Laws of Florida, Special Acts of 1975, as amended and supplemented (the Act). The Act gives the SWA the power to construct and operate solid waste disposal facilities sufficient to effectively manage all solid waste generated in Palm Beach County. Additionally, the Act provides the SWA with the jurisdiction to collect waste throughout the unincorporated areas of the County, which is handled by private haulers under contract with the SWA. The SWA is a discretely presented component unit because the SWA is governed by a seven-member board, consisting of the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County and is financially accountable for the operations of the SWA. The SWA is reported as a proprietary fund type.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the respective entity's administrative offices as follows:

Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community
Redevelopment Agency
1280 North Congress Ave, Suite 215
West Palm Beach, FL 33409

Housing Finance Authority
of Palm Beach County
100 Australian Ave, Suite 410
West Palm Beach, FL 33406

Solid Waste Authority
of Palm Beach County
7501 North Jog Road
West Palm Beach, FL 33412

Related Organizations

The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments.

The following organizations are related organizations, which have not been included in the reporting entity:

Palm Beach County Educational Facilities Authority (PBCEFA) – This organization was created by Palm Beach County Resolution 79-1493 pursuant to Chapter 243.18, Florida Statutes. Members of the PBCEFA are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, but the County does not provide funding, has no obligation for the debt issued by the authority and cannot impose its will.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Palm Beach County Health Facilities Authority (PBCHFA) – This organization was created pursuant to Part III – Chapter 154, Florida Statutes, and by Ordinance 77-379 and 77-398 adopted by the Board of County Commissioners. Members of the PBCHFA are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, but the County does not provide the funding, has no obligation for the debt issued by the authority and cannot impose its will.

Palm Beach County Workforce Development Board, Inc. (WDB) – The WDB was created pursuant to Palm Beach County Resolution 96-805D, as amended by Resolutions 96-1539D and 97-510Dm as a result of the enactment by the Florida Legislature of the Workforce Florida Act of 1996. Members of the WDB are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, but the County does not provide the funding, has no obligation for the debt issued by the board and cannot impose its will.

Equity Joint Ventures

East Central Regional Wastewater Facility

Palm Beach County has a thirty-year joint interlocal agreement (the Agreement) with four municipalities for the East Central Regional Wastewater Facility (the Facility). The Facility was created to receive, treat and dispose of sewage generated within each municipality and the County. Under GAAP, the County is required to account for this joint venture using the equity method. Accordingly, the County recorded its initial investment at cost and is required to record its proportionate share of the Facility's income or loss as well as additional contributions made or distributions received. Palm Beach County's interest in the joint venture is recorded in the County's Water Utilities Enterprise Fund. As of September 30, 2020, the date of the most recent audited financial statements, the Facility had total assets and deferred outflows of \$352,314,851 and total net position of \$171,533,420 including \$121,831,882 invested in capital, net of related debt, and \$5,430,631 of unrestricted net position. September 30, 2021 amounts are expected to approximate the above figures. As of September 30, 2021, the County's investment in this joint venture was \$62.5 million.

The Agreement provides for the establishment of a board comprised of one representative from each participating entity, with the City of West Palm Beach being designated to administer and operate the Facility. The Facility's board has the authority to accept and disburse funds, approve an annual budget, transact business, enter into contracts and decide all other matters related to the Facility.

The proportionate share for each entity is determined by the reserve capacity of the Facility allocated to each participant. At September 30, 2021, Palm Beach County had a 34.29% interest.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

The participants and each entity's interest at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

PARTICIPANT	RESERVE CAPACITY PERCENTAGES
City of West Palm Beach	29.29%
Palm Beach County	34.29%
City of Lake Worth	16.43%
City of Riviera Beach	11.42%
Town of Palm Beach	8.57%
TOTAL	100.00%

Separate financial statements for the Facility may be obtained at the following address:

East Central Regional Wastewater Facilities
City of West Palm Beach
P.O. Box 3506
West Palm Beach, FL 33402

Biosolids Processing and Recycling Facility

The Board of County Commissioners, on behalf of the Water Utilities Department (WUD), has an interlocal agreement with the Solid Waste Authority (SWA) to fund a portion of the cost to design, build, and operate a Biosolids Processing and Recycling Facility (BPF). The BPF processes certain wastewater treatment residuals (biosolids) and is necessary to comply with increasingly stringent environmental regulations that have significantly decreased the number of land application sites available. Bulk land application was the method of disposing of the biosolids.

The agreement is for a period of twenty years beginning with the August 1, 2009 operations commencement. Upon the conclusion of the term of the agreement, the BPF will remain the property of SWA with each participating entity owning its share of the BPF, in perpetuity, for the life of the plant. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, WUD is required to account for this arrangement as a joint venture. Therefore, an asset is reported on the WUD financial statements under the caption "Investment in Joint Ventures".

Since the BPF agreement does not state that the participants are to share in the profits and losses of the joint venture, the investment in joint venture account will not be adjusted to reflect the joint venture's results of operations. Rather, the investment in joint venture will be amortized using the

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

straight-line method over the twenty-year life of the agreement. WUD's 27.5% share resulted in pro rata obligations of \$9.2 million for construction costs and \$580,000 annually for operating expenses for the twenty-year period. In July 2013, WUD sold excess capacity shares in the BPF to the ECR, leaving WUD with a 17.82% pro-rata share in the BPF's capacity. This amount was recorded as a reduction of WUD's investment in joint venture. WUD's total operating costs were \$1,098,800 for the year ended September 30, 2021. As of September 30, 2021, the County's investment in the BPF is \$2.5 million, which is shown as an asset – investment in joint ventures – on the statement of net position.

No separate financial statements are prepared for the BPF which is reported as part of SWA operations. SWA financial statements may be obtained from their office at 7501 North Jog Road, West Palm Beach, Florida, 33412.

Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission

The Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission (the Commission) was created in November 1985. As a joint venture among the member governmental units, the Commission enables a limited number of qualifying governments to participate in pooled debt financing with pricing and cost structures not normally available to governmental entities acting individually. The County has no current borrowings from the Commission. The County has no equity interest in this joint venture.

Financial Statements may be obtained from the Commission.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The County's Basic Financial Statements contain three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements provide an overview of the County's financial position using the accrual basis of accounting. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows of the County as a whole, excluding fiduciary funds. The difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position. Changes in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying economic transactions occur, regardless of when cash is received or paid. Therefore, some of the revenues or expenses reported in the Statement of Activities will have cash flows in future fiscal periods. For example, uncollected taxes are reported as revenues although cash receipts will occur in the future. Unused vacation leave results in an expense although related cash outflows will occur in the future.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

The government-wide financial statements presentation distinguishes between activities that are supported primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and activities that are intended to recover all or most of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the County include the Water Utilities Department and the Department of Airports.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (the primary government) but also its discretely presented component units, the legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable.

Fund financial statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal, legislative, contractual, and other finance-related provisions. All of the funds of the County may be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money or other spendable financial resources flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. The measurement focus is based upon determination of changes in financial resources. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. The governmental fund category includes the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital project funds. There is a reconciliation of the governmental activities presented in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities to the governmental funds presented in the fund financial statements.

The following are definitions of the governmental fund types:

General Fund: Used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds: Used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The restricted or committed proceeds of specific revenue sources should be expected to continue to comprise a substantial portion of the inflows reported in the fund. The county uses a minimum of 50% as its definition of substantial.

Capital Projects Funds: Used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital related outflows financed by proprietary funds or assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Debt Service Funds: Used for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

The following is a description of the County's major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the primary operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is subdivided into the following categories representing each of the elected officials of the County: BOCC, Sheriff, Clerk & Comptroller, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser and the Supervisor of Elections.

Special Revenue Funds:

The **Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for the activities related to the operation of the County-owned public bus transportation system. Although this fund does not meet the test as a major fund based on quantitative calculations, County management has deemed it to be a major fund for consistency purposes as well as for public interest.

The **Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for ad valorem taxes and other revenues designated for fire rescue services.

The **COVID-19 Special Revenue Fund** is to account for activities related to the funding received from the U.S Treasury and other sources under the CARES Act for COVID-19 as well as the distribution of these funds to individuals and businesses.

Capital Projects Funds:

The **Road Program Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for costs related to the design and acquisition of rights of way and the construction of improvements to the County's major thoroughfare road system, primarily represented by the County's Five-Year Road Program.

The **General Government Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for costs of capital improvements not included in any other category. Based on the nature of this fund's activities, management has determined it is particularly important to the financial statement users and for consistency from year to year.

All other nonmajor governmental funds are aggregated into a single column for presentation purposes.

Proprietary Funds – The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Water Utilities

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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Department and the Department of Airports. These two operations are considered to be major proprietary funds of the County. Internal Service Funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's other functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for Fleet Management and Risk Management programs. These programs are included in the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements because they predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions. The measurement focus is based on changes in economic resources. The three internal service funds are aggregated into a single column for presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. The County's two major proprietary funds are described below:

The **Water Utilities Department Fund** is used to account for the operations of the water and wastewater system in the unincorporated areas of the County. Water and wastewater fees are determined annually by rate studies and are set at levels to recover the expenses of operations, including debt service, in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Activities necessary to provide water and wastewater service are accounted for in this fund, including customer service, engineering, operations and maintenance.

The **Department of Airports Fund** is used to account for the operations of the four County-owned airports – Palm Beach International Airport in West Palm Beach and three general aviation airports located in Palm Beach Gardens, Lantana and Pahokee.

Fiduciary Funds account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Custodial funds are used to account for resources held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Assets held include cash bonds, purchasing bid bonds, security deposits, fines and forfeitures, tax deeds, tax payments, and license and registration payments. These funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources in these funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment for transactions is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets and deferred outflows less current liabilities and deferred inflows) or economic resources (all assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial reports.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

With the economic resources measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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With the accrual method of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements show increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position. Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows and current liabilities and deferred inflows are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds show increases (i.e., revenues and other financing resources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 60 days of year-end, with the exception of intergovernmental revenue associated with Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund, which considers revenue to be available if collected within 180 days. Revenues not considered available are recorded as deferred inflows. Property taxes (when levied for, intergovernmental revenue when all eligibility requirements have been met), franchise fees, utility taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to pensions, compensated absences, claims and judgments, and other postemployment benefits are recorded only when payment is due.

D. Implementation of New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The County implemented the following GASB Statements during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021:

- GASB Statement No. 84, “*Fiduciary Activities*”. This Statement provides guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments.
- GASB Statement No. 90, “*Majority equity interests – An amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No 61*”. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the consistency of reporting a government’s majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units.
- GASB Statement No. 98, “*The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*”. This Statement establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR*. The new term and acronym replace instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments.

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E. Unadopted GASB Statements

GASB has also issued new statements effective in future years. Management has not completed its analysis of the effects, if any, of these GASB Statements on the financial statements of the County.

- GASB Statement No. 87, “*Leases*”. This Statement outlines new guidance that establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. The goal is to better align reporting these leases with their particular situations, as well as provide greater transparency and usefulness of financial statements. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 89, “*Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*.” The primary objective of this Statement is to (1) enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period, and (2) simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 91, “*Conduit Debt Obligations*”. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.
- GASB Statement No. 92, “*Omnibus 2020*”. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 93, “*Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*”. This Statement will enhance comparability in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements and will improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an Interbank Offered Rate (IBOR) for agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an IBOR. The requirements of this Statement related to the removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate are effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

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F. Cash and Investments

Deposits

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to the Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act" and are covered by either federal depository insurance or collateral held by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida. In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool.

Cash Equivalents

Highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are reported as cash equivalents. The County maintains an internal investment pool for substantially all funds. Earnings are allocated daily to each fund based on their equity balances in the pool. Each fund reports their equity in the County's internal investment pool as a cash equivalent.

Investments

All investments are reported at fair value except for the money market funds and commercial paper, which are reported at amortized cost as permitted by GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*.

Although the investments in the Florida Local Government Investment Trust Short Term Bond Fund and the Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System are external investment pools, both pools do not meet the criteria as established by GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, to be reported at amortized cost. In particular, these pools are not operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Hence, the fair value of the County's balance in these pools is determined by the fair value per share of each pool's underlying portfolio as permitted by GASB Statement No. 31.

Additionally, the County categorizes its applicable fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year-end are described in a subsequent note. Normally excluded from GASB Statement No. 72 hierarchy reporting are cash equivalent investments, certificates of deposit, money market funds, commercial paper, and time deposit-like foreign bonds.

State statutes and local ordinances authorize County investments in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, interest-bearing time deposits, savings accounts, Florida Prime Investment Pool (formerly known as the Local

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Government Surplus funds Trust Fund LGIP administered by the State Board of Administration), the Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT), collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO), certain corporate securities, instruments backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Israel, bankers acceptances, and money market mutual funds.

State statutes authorize Solid Waste Authority (SWA) investments in the Florida Prime Investment Pool (formerly known as the Local Government Surplus funds Trust Fund LGIP administered by the State Board of Administration), interest-bearing time deposits, savings accounts, negotiable direct obligations of or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government, obligations of the Federal Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal Home Loan Bank or its districts, interest rate swap agreements, and obligations guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association and obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association and mutual funds limited to U.S. Government securities.

The following external investment pools are not SEC-registered:

The Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT) is a local government investment pool developed jointly by the Florida Association of Court Clerks and the Florida Association of Counties. The FLGIT has no regulatory oversight but has been recognized by an Internal Revenue Service private letter ruling as a tax-exempt organization, has received a Standard and Poor's rating and is governed by a six-member Board of Trustees. The County invests in the Short-Term Bond fund. The share price of this investment represents the fair value of the fund's underlying investments.

The Florida Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (FLCLASS) is an independent local government investment pool open to all political subdivisions, instrumentalities of political subdivisions, and State agencies in the State of Florida. FLCLASS is supervised by an appointed Board of Trustees comprised of eligible participants of the FLCLASS program. As of September 30, 2016, the Board consisted of four members. The Board appoints an external Investment Advisor-Administrator, as well as a Custodian. FLCLASS has been rated AAA by Standard and Poor's rating. The share price of this investment represents the fair value of the fund's underlying investments.

Additional information is provided in the Cash and Investments Note.

G. Accounts and Other Receivables

Accounts receivable are recorded net of allowances for bad debts. Allowance for uncollectible receivables is based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of receivables. These allowances relate to the enterprise funds and are not significant. Billings to water utility customers are based on metered consumption which is determined at various dates each month. Estimated unbilled consumption at year-end is recognized as revenue in the Water Utilities Fund. Other receivables include low-income housing loans to individuals and developers, a loan to the convention center and a contribution receivable from FAU as part of the Scripps project and Fire Rescue ambulatory services. The allowance for uncollectible receivables for Fire Rescue services is based on historic

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trends and analysis of current economic factors. As of September 30, 2021, there was an allowance of \$22.2 million for these receivables.

H. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consisting primarily of materials and supplies are stated at cost based upon the first-in, first-out method. Purchases of inventories for governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the period purchased, except for the Sheriff, which is accounted for using the consumption method. Inventories for governmental fund types, which use the purchases method, are reported on the governmental funds balance sheet as an asset of the fund with a corresponding amount recorded as non-spendable fund balance. Inventories of proprietary type funds are reported as an expense when consumed in the operations of the fund.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Expenditures for insurance and similar services extending over more than one accounting period are accounted for as expenditures of the period of acquisition, except for the Sheriff, which is accounted for using the consumption method.

I. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported separately as 'restricted' in proprietary funds and the entity-wide statement of net position when restrictions on asset use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Consistent with this principle, the following assets are reported as restricted assets:

1. Assets that are restricted as to withdrawal or use for other than current operations.
2. Assets that are restricted for expenditure in the acquisition or construction of noncurrent assets.

J. Capital Assets

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure assets (such as roads, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage systems) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. All work in process for the current and prior fiscal years has been capitalized as Construction in Progress as the related projects have not yet been completed. Capital assets are defined as those assets with an initial, individual cost of over \$5,000. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the time received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. In addition, for business-type activities and enterprise funds, net interest costs are capitalized on projects during the construction period.

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Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives as follows:

<u>Asset Classification</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Life (In Years)</u>
Buildings, Utility Plants and Systems	10-50
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	2-15
Improvements Other Than Buildings	5-40
Infrastructure	20-30

In the governmental fund financial statements, the costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Goodwill is determined based on the difference between the acquisition price and the fair value of all assets acquired. Amortization of goodwill related to the utility system acquisition is also computed on the straight-line method. The Water Utilities Department has two items of goodwill: 1) the goodwill resulting from the acquisition of the Village of Royal Palm Beach's Utility System is amortized over 30 years which represents the period the bonds issued to fund the acquisition will be outstanding, and 2) the goodwill resulting from the acquisition of the Indian Trail Improvement District Utility System is amortized over 40 years.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources that represents a consumption of net position applicable to a future period and pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will not be recognized as outflows or resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The pension related deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position represents the difference between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions relating to pension plans. The OPEB related deferred outflows of resources represent the net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments and differences between expected and actual experience. The County has also reported the deferred loss on refunding of debt in this category. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. All of these deferred outflows are reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources, which represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow (revenue) until that time. The pension related deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position represents the difference between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual

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earnings on pension plan investments, changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions relating to pension plans. The OPEB related deferred inflows of resources represent changes in assumptions or other inputs and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments. These deferred inflows related to pensions, OPEB and deferred gains on refunding in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position. The County also reports deferred inflows related to unavailable revenue in the governmental funds balance sheet.

L. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the County accrues a liability for compensated absences, as well as certain other salary-related costs associated with the payment of compensated absences. Vacation leave is accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees. Sick leave is also accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees, but only to the extent that it is probable that the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through cash payments at termination or retirement.

Under the accrual basis of accounting used in the government-wide financial statements and the separate proprietary fund financial statements, the entire compensated absences liability (long-term and short-term) is reported when earned as described above. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements.

M. Amortization of Discount/Premium on Bonds and Debt Issuance Costs

Amortization of discount and premium on bonds is determined by using the outstanding principal method over the life of the related debt. The amortization of discount or premium is recorded as an adjustment to interest expense. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond discount or premium. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Bond issuing costs are expensed when incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuance costs during the current period as debt service expenditures.

N. Self-Insurance

The County maintains a Risk Management (Workers' Compensation) self-insurance program, a Casualty self-insurance program, and an Employee health self-insurance program which are accounted for as internal service funds. The County has elected to essentially self-insure itself for health benefits to County employees and employees of component units of the County electing to participate in the plan. The plan covers approximately 4,500 participants.

The three-(3) self-insurance programs are designed to be self-sustaining through actuarially determined premiums established annually to cover expected claims, administration and a margin

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for unexpected losses or expenses. Claims are recorded as incurred with an estimate added at year-end based on an actuarially determined estimate of incurred but not reported claims.

O. Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits Disclosure

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS), Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) deferred benefit plans, and the Palm Tran and Lantana plans additions to/deductions from all three plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans and are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions), are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The County applies GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expenditures or expenses, liabilities and assets as discussed in a subsequent note.

P. Elimination of Internal Activity

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, interfund activity, such as transfers in and out as well as transfers within the Internal Service Funds and within the Governmental Activities category is eliminated. Interfund activity between governmental and business-type activities is not eliminated. Interfund services provided and used between functions are not eliminated because removing interfund services would distort the functional expenses presented in the Statement of Activities.

Q. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

R. Budgets

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Pursuant to Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, General Budget Policies, the following procedures are followed by the Board of County Commissioners in establishing, adopting and maintaining the operating budget:

1. On or before July 15, the County Administrator, through the Office of Financial Management and Budget (OFMB) submits to the Board of County Commissioners a tentative budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. This is a detailed

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plan outlining all programs and estimated departmental revenues and expenditures for the upcoming year.

2. Taxpayers are informed of the proposed budget and tentative millage rates through advertising and public hearings which are held to elicit taxpayer comments.
3. The budget is legally adopted through Board of County Commission action for the fiscal year beginning October 1.
4. The Board at any time within a fiscal year may amend a budget for that year as follows:
 - a. Appropriations for expenditures in any fund may be decreased and other appropriations in the same fund correspondingly increased by action recorded in the minutes, provided that the total of the appropriations of the fund are not changed. The Board of County Commissioners, however, may establish procedures by which the designated budget officer may authorize certain intradepartmental budget amendments, provided that the total appropriation of the department shall not be changed.
 - b. Appropriations from reserves may be made to increase appropriations by resolution of the Board, but no expenditures shall be directly charged to any reserve.
 - c. A receipt from a source not anticipated in the budget and received for a particular purpose including, but not limited to, grants, donations, gifts or reimbursements for damages may, by resolution of the Board recorded in its minutes, be appropriated and expended for that purpose, in addition to the appropriations and expenditures provided for in the budget. Such receipts and appropriations shall be added to the budget in the proper fund. During fiscal year 2021, supplemental appropriations amounted to a net increase of \$1.067 billion or approximately 20% of the original budget.
5. It is unlawful for the Board to expend or contract for the expenditures in any fiscal year more than the amount budgeted in each individual fund's budget, and in no case shall the total appropriations of any budget be exceeded. In addition, to comply with the above statutory requirements, the Board of County Commissioners has elected to adopt management controls and approved guidelines, which provide for the budget to be controlled at a detail level greater than the statutory level of control. The effective legal budgetary control is at the department level for the General Fund and special revenue funds with approved budgets which is reflected in the budget to actual statements presented in the fund financial statements section and the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section. It should be noted that in some instances the name of the Special Revenue fund reflects the department such that further department breakout in the budget to actual schedule is not necessary – an example of this would be the Library Taxing District Special Revenue Fund. Also, concerning debt service and capital project funds with annually appropriated budgets, the effective legal budgetary control is at the fund level, which is reflected in the budget to actual schedule presentation. Annual budgets are

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legally adopted for all governmental and proprietary fund types. Budgetary comparisons presented herein are on a basis consistent with GAAP.

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

Chapter 218.35, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the Clerk & Comptroller's (the Clerk) annual budget. The Clerk, as county fee officer, establishes an annual budget for his office, which clearly reflects the revenues available to the office and the functions for which the money is to be expended.

The Clerk, functioning in his capacity as Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts and as Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, prepares his budget in two parts:

1. The budget for funds necessary to perform court-related functions as provided for in Florida Statute 28.36, which details the methodologies used to apportion costs between court-related and non-court-related functions performed by the Clerk.
2. The budget relating to the requirements of the Clerk as Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, County Auditor, and Custodian or Treasurer of all county funds and other county related duties.

SHERIFF

Chapter 30.49, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the Sheriff's annual budget. By May 1 each year, the Sheriff shall certify to the Board a proposed budget of expenditures for performing the duties of his office for the ensuing fiscal year. The Sheriff's budget is legally adopted by Board of County Commission action for the fiscal year beginning October 1.

TAX COLLECTOR AND PROPERTY APPRAISER

Chapter 195.087, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the budgets of the Tax Collector and Property Appraiser. On or before a legally designated date each year, the Tax Collector and the Property Appraiser shall submit to the Florida Department of Revenue a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. A copy of such budget shall be furnished at the same time to the Board of County Commissioners. Final approval of the budgets is given by the Florida Department of Revenue.

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS

Chapter 129, (sections .02 and .202), Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the budget of the Supervisor of Elections. On or before June 1 of each year, the Supervisor of Elections shall submit to the Board of County Commissioners a tentative budget for the ensuing fiscal year. However, the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, by resolution R-95-1195, requires the tentative budget to be submitted by May 1 of each year.

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S. Encumbrances

The County uses encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to assign that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances represent the estimated amount of expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts and open purchase orders are completed. Although encumbrances lapse at year-end, it is the County's intention to substantially honor these encumbrances under the authority provided in the subsequent year's budget. Refer to the Commitments Note for more information.

T. Operating versus Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Enterprise and Internal Service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating revenues for the Enterprise funds include water and wastewater service fees, as well as airport fees and charges. For the Internal Service funds, operating revenues include charges to other departments for various maintenance, communications and insurance services. Operating expenses for the Enterprise and Internal Service funds include costs of sales and services, administrative fees, insurance payments and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are considered non-operating items.

U. Fund Balance

Fund balances are reported in classifications based on whether the amounts are non-spendable or spendable.

Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Spendable amounts are classified based on the extent to which there are external and/or internal constraints in how the fund balance amounts may be spent.

Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either by constraints (a) placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation are classified as restricted fund balances.

Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the County's highest level of decision-making authority, the BOCC, are classified as committed fund balances. Formal action in the form of a County Ordinance must be taken by the BOCC prior to the end of the fiscal year. The same formal action must be taken by the BOCC to remove or change the limitations placed on the funds.

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Amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed are classified as assigned fund balances. Assignments are made by the County Administrator. Palm Beach County is a Charter County and operates under a County Manager form of Government (as previously stated in Note 1, Section A, *Financial Reporting Entity*). The Charter of Palm Beach County, Florida, Article II, Sections 2.1 and 2.4 provide for the County Administrator to assign fund balance. As such, the County Administrator is responsible for preparing and managing the County's budget along with the establishment and classification of all its funds.

Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Unassigned fund balance also includes any deficit fund balance of other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When unrestricted resources are available for use it is the County's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned resources and then unassigned resources as they are needed.

The County has not formally adopted a minimum fund balance policy.

V. Net Position

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is comprised of three categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition and any related deferred inflows or outflows from refunding of debt, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted Net Position - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted".

W. Property Tax

Taxes in Palm Beach County are levied by the Board of County Commissioners for the County. The millage levies are determined on the basis of estimates of revenue needs and the total taxable valuations within the jurisdiction of the Board of County Commissioners. No aggregate ad valorem tax millage in excess of 10 mills on the dollar is levied against property of the County as specified in Chapter 200.071, Florida Statutes.

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Each year the total taxable valuation is established by the County Property Appraiser and the list of property assessments is submitted to the State Department of Revenue for approval. County ad valorem taxes are a lien on the property against which they are assessed from January 1 of the year of assessment until paid or barred by operation of law (statute of limitations). Taxes are levied on October 1, become due and payable on November 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is opened for collection, and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year.

Discounts for payment prior to April 1st were determined as follows:

4%	if paid by November 30th
3%	if paid by December 31st
2%	if paid by January 31st
1%	if paid by February 28th

Pursuant to Florida law, the Tax Collector advertises and sells tax certificates on all real property for which there are unpaid taxes. Accordingly, there is no property taxes receivable as of September 30, 2021.

X. Interest Costs

Interest cost incurred by proprietary funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 amounted to \$6,369,717, of which \$1,109,707 was capitalized.

Y. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Additional cash and investment information is provided in Note 1, paragraph F (Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Cash and Investments).

At September 30, 2021, cash and investments consisted of the following:

	Bank Balance	Carrying Value	Investments
Deposits in Financial Institutions	<u>\$ 373,272,690</u>	\$ 326,959,310	\$ -
Cash on Hand		298,204	-
Internal Investment Pool		2,580,536,684	2,579,353,205
Business-Type Activities/ Constitutional Officers Cash Equivalents:			
Money Market Funds		63,082,051	63,082,051
Small Business Administration		928,535	928,535
Total		<u>\$ 2,971,804,784</u>	<u>\$ 2,643,363,791</u>

The carrying value of the internal investment pool includes cash, accrued interest receivable, and investments. Cash and investments are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position

Primary Government

Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments	\$ 1,941,258,488	
Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments	<u>899,692,632</u>	
		<u>\$ 2,840,951,120</u>

Fiduciary Funds

Cash & Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 130,853,664</u>	
		<u>130,853,664</u>
		<u>\$ 2,971,804,784</u>

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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Investment Type	Amount	Effective Duration in Years		
		Less Than 2 Years	2 Years but Less Than 5 Years	5 Years but Less Than 10 Years
Investments Subject to Interest Rate Risk:				
Small Business Administration	\$ 258,713,583	\$ 258,713,583	\$ -	\$ -
Florida Local Govt Investment Trust	11,381,525	11,381,525	-	-
Florida Coop. Liquid Assets Securities System	2,103,108	2,103,108	-	-
Business-Type Activities/Constitutional Officers:				
Small Business Administration	928,535	928,535	-	-
	273,126,751	\$ 273,126,751	\$ -	\$ -
Other Investments:				
Certificates of Deposit	1,011,677,467			
State of Israel Bonds*	115,000,000			
Bank Money Market Accounts	1,108,386,620			
Money Market Funds	64,649,642			
Cash and Receivables	7,441,260			
Business-Type Activities/Constitutional Officers Cash Equivalents:				
Money Market Funds	63,082,051			
	<u>\$ 2,643,363,791</u>			

*The State of Israel Bonds are carried at historic cost and not priced in the open market. They are purchased directly from the State of Israel.

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, requires the County to categorize the fair value measurements of its applicable investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Additional details of GASB Statement No. 72 are provided in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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The following table summarizes the assets of the County for which fair values are determined as of September 30, 2021:

Investment	Amount	Fair Value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Small Business Administration	\$ 258,713,583	\$ -	\$ 258,713,583	\$ -
Business-Type Activities/Constitutional Officers:				
Small Business Administration	928,535	-	928,535	-
Total Investments in the Fair Value Hierarchy	259,642,118	-	259,642,118	-
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value:				
Florida Local Government Investment Trust	11,381,525	-	-	-
Florida Coop. Liquid Assets Securities System	2,103,108	-	-	-
Total Investments Measured at Net Asset Value*	13,484,633	-	-	-
Total Investments	\$ 273,126,751	\$ -	\$ 259,642,118	\$ -

*In accordance with GASB 72, the investments measured at NAV per share (or its equivalent) have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy.

Additionally, the Small Business Administration investment was valued using a rules-based pricing application model.

Other investments (which include certificates of deposit, foreign government bonds, and money market funds) are exempt from the GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy. These investments totaled \$2,370,237,040.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

In accordance with the County Investment Policy, the Clerk & Comptroller manages the County's internal investment pool's exposure to declines in fair values by managing overall effective duration appropriate to the risk tolerance in meeting stated objectives. The Policy states that at the time of purchase, the County's investments must have a final maturity or average life of 10 years or less.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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The following table summarizes the credit risk of the County's investments as of September 30, 2021:

Investments	Amount	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Credit Rating
Small Business Administration	\$ 258,713,583	9.8%	AA+
Certificates of Deposit	1,011,677,467	38.3%	Not rated
Florida Local Govt Investment Trust	11,381,525	0.4%	AAAf
Florida Coop. Liquid Assets Securities System	2,103,108	0.1%	AAAm
State of Israel Bonds	115,000,000	4.4%	AA-
Bank Money Market Accounts	1,108,386,620	41.9%	N/A
Money Market Funds	64,649,642	2.4%	AAAm
Cash and Receivables	7,441,260	0.3%	N/A
Business-Type Activities/Constitutional Officers Cash Equivalents:			
Money Market Funds	63,082,051	2.4%	AAAm
Small Business Administration	928,535	0.0%	AA+
	<u>\$ 2,643,363,791</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	

In accordance with the County's Investment Policy for the internal investment pool, investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances are limited to ratings of A-1 or P-1 or higher by Standard and Poor's or Moody's, respectively. Investments in certificates of deposit with maturities of less than one year are allowable if the issuer maintains a short-term debt rating of at least A-1 or P1, respectively. Investments in certificates of deposit with maturities greater than one year are allowable if the issuer maintains a long-term debt rating of A or better, as determined by Standard & Poor's or Moody's. If an issuer of a certificate of deposit is not rated, it may still be an issuer if it maintains a quarterly average ranking of at least 50 as published by the State of Florida's Chief Financial Officer in conjunction with the Florida public deposits program. Investments in corporate securities are limited to ratings of AA or higher by Standard and Poor's and Moody's. The Investment Policy allows for the timely and appropriate disposal when an investment credit rating falls below a minimum threshold. No-load money market mutual funds are allowable if rated in the highest rating category of a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO). Investments in Israel Bonds are allowable only if the State of Israel's foreign debt at the time of purchase is at least A or higher by Standard & Poor's and Moody's rating services. Investments in intergovernmental investment pools do not have a minimum credit rating requirement. All securities shall be transferred "Delivery versus Payment."

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This type of risk would arise in the event of the failure of a custodian of County investments, after which the government would not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of the third-party custodian.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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To guard against this risk, the County's investment policy for the internal investment pool requires that all securities (including Business-Type Activities/Constitutional Officers money market funds and Small Business Administration) be insured or registered in the name of the County and held by a third party custodial institution, with capital and surplus stock of at least \$500 million and a separate custody account at the Federal Reserve Bank (FED) specifically designated by the FED as restricted for the safekeeping of the member-bank's customer-owned securities only. All securities purchased or sold are transferred "delivery versus payment" or "payment versus delivery" to ensure that funds or securities are not released until all criteria relating to the specific transactions are met.

Concentration Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer.

Investment Issuer	Amount	Percentage of Total
Small Business Administration	\$ 258,713,583	9.8%
TD Bank CD/MMKT	912,699,260	34.5%
Synovus Bank	591,167,144	22.4%
Centennial Bank CD/MMKT	12,958,552	0.5%
City National Bank CD/MMKT	492,797,352	18.6%
Ameris Bank MMKT	100,282,935	3.8%
Bank United MMKT	10,158,844	0.4%
Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT)	11,381,525	0.4%
Florida Coop. Liquid Assets Securities System	2,103,108	0.1%
State of Israel Bonds	115,000,000	4.4%
Money Market Funds	64,649,642	2.4%
Cash and Receivables	7,441,260	0.3%
Business-Type Activities/Constitutional Officers Cash Equivalents:		
Money Market Funds	63,082,051	2.4%
Small Business Administration	928,535	0.0%
	<u>\$ 2,643,363,791</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Investments in intergovernmental investment pools are limited to no more than 20% with one entity. Investments in Small Business Administration pools are limited to no more than 20% (at market value) at the time of purchase. Investments in State of Israel bonds are limited to no more than 3% (at market value) of the total portfolio at the time of purchase. Corporate securities are limited to no more than 20% of the investment pool's total market value, excluding commercial paper, which is limited to 25% of the total market value. The County's investment policy limits investments in corporate securities to 2% of total pool market value per single issuer at time of

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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purchase. Investments in collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO) are limited to 20% of total value of the County's internal investment pool. Investments in IO (interest only), PO (principal only), inverse floaters, other volatile CMO types, and corporate convertible securities are all prohibited. All CMO issues must pass the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) High Risk Security Test on a quarterly basis, or as specified in any Trust Indenture.

Foreign Currency Risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. There was no exposure to foreign currency risk. The County investment in foreign bonds is denominated in U.S. dollars.

COMPONENT UNIT – Solid Waste Authority (SWA)

Cash and Cash Equivalents: The bank balance and carrying value of the SWA's cash and cash equivalents, including restricted balances, were as follows at September 30, 2021:

Bank balance of deposits with financial institutions (including customer deposits)	\$ 19,170,099
Carrying value	
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 17,021,067
Petty cash and cash drawers	11,200
Money market mutual funds	212,025,230
Florida Prime	204,273,982
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 433,331,479

The deposits with financial institutions were entirely covered by a combination of federal depository insurance and a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer of Florida by financial institutions that comply with the requirements of Florida Statutes and have been designated as a qualified public depository by the State Treasurer. Qualified public depositories are required to pledge collateral to the State Treasurer with a fair value equal to a percentage of the average daily balance of all government deposits in excess of any federal deposit insurance. In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool. Accordingly, all deposits with financial institutions are considered fully insured in accordance with pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

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The money market mutual funds consist of investments with financial institutions in open end, institutional, money market funds complying with Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 2a7 and investing only in U.S. Government and Agency. Rule 2a7 allows SEC registered mutual funds to use amortized cost rather than fair value to report net assets used to compute share prices if certain conditions are met. Those conditions include restrictions on the types of investments held, restrictions on the term-to-maturity of individual investments and the dollar-weighted average of the portfolio, requirements for portfolio diversification, and requirements for divestiture considerations in the event of security downgrades and defaults and required actions if the fair value of the portfolio deviates from amortized cost by a specified amount.

The investment in Florida Prime consists of equity in an external, investment pool managed by the State of Florida that was available to be withdrawn by SWA on an overnight basis. Florida Prime meets the requirements with GASB Statement No. 79 *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, which allows reporting the investment at amortized cost. The fair value of the position in Florida Prime was considered to be the same as SWA's account balance (amortized cost) in the pool. The money market mutual funds and Florida Prime are classified as cash equivalent in the statements of net position and statements of cash flows.

Investments: Florida Statutes and SWA policy authorize investments in Florida administered by the State, negotiable direct obligations of or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government, interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in financial institutions located in Florida and organized under federal or Florida laws, obligations of the Federal Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal Home Loan Bank or its district banks, obligations guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, obligations of Fannie Mae, SEC registered money market mutual funds with the highest credit quality rating, mutual funds limited to U.S. Government securities, interest rate swaps, interest rate exchange agreements, investment contracts, or contracts providing for payments based on levels of or changes in interest rates, or contracts to exchange cash flows, a series of payments, or to hedge payment rate, spread or similar exposure, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by SEC registered money market mutual funds with the highest credit quality ratings.

The SWA's bond resolutions authorize the investment of bond proceeds in obligations of certain federal government agencies or obligations guaranteed by those agencies, obligations of the United States Government or obligations guaranteed by the United States Government, guaranteed investment contracts meeting certain restrictions, or certain certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and investments that are insured or collateralized and otherwise permitted by Florida law. The SWA holds Treasury Securities – State and Local Government Series ("SLGS") issues that are reported at historical cost (face value). U.S. Treasury SLGS were issued to meet the debt service requirements of Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 until the crossover date of October 1, 2021. There is no market for these securities as they may only be redeemed at the U.S. Department of Treasury on or before their stated maturity date at face value plus accrued interest.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, requires governments to disclose the fair value hierarchy for each type of asset or liability measured at fair value in the notes to the financial statements. The standard also requires governments to disclose a description of the valuation techniques used in the fair value measurement and any significant changes in valuation techniques. GASB 72 established a three-tier fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy is based on valuation inputs used to measure the fair value as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs are directly observable, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These inputs are derived from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or by other means.
- Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs used only when relevant Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are unavailable.

The level in which an asset is assigned is not indicative of its quality but an indication of the source of the valuation inputs. Money market mutual funds and Florida Prime are exempt from the GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures.

The fair value of the SWA's investments, including unrestricted and restricted asset balances at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity</u>
Investments reported at Historic Cost:		
U.S. Treasury SLGS	\$ 338,740,660	1 day
Investments reported at Amortized Cost:		
Cash equivalents:		
Money market mutual funds	212,025,230	90 days or less
Florida Prime	204,273,982	49 days
	<u>416,299,212</u>	
Total Investments	<u>\$ 755,039,872</u>	

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the SWA may not recover the securities held by another party in the event of a financial failure. The SWA's investment policy for custodial credit risk requires all investment securities to be held in the SWA's name by a third-party safekeeping institution. All deposits with financial institutions are considered fully insured or collateralized pursuant to the custodial credit risk categories of GASB pronouncements. The investments in money market mutual funds and Florida Prime are considered *unclassified* pursuant to the custodial credit risk categories of GASB pronouncements.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The money market mutual funds and Florida Prime have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, resulting in minimal interest rate risk. U.S. Treasury SLGS are fixed income Securities and are intended to be held to maturity.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The SWA's investment policy addresses credit risk by limiting allowable investments to the SBA Florida Prime investment pool, deposits with a financial institution meeting the requirements of a Florida qualified public depository, securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government, or investments that are otherwise fully collateralized or secured. The credit quality rating by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO) is also an indication of credit risk.

The credit quality ratings of the investments held at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Fair Value	Credit Quality Ratings	
		S&P	Moody's
U.S. Treasury SLGS	\$ 338,740,660	AA+	Aaa
Money Market mutual funds	212,025,230	AAAm	Aaa-mf
Florida Prime	204,273,982	AAAm	Not Rated
Total Investments	<u>\$ 755,039,872</u>		

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The SWA's investment policy addresses the concentration of credit risk by limiting the maximum amount that may be invested in certain investments and in any one issuer, except for investments in Florida Prime, U.S. Treasury obligations and money market mutual funds which are not limited. Time and savings deposits are limited to 20% of the portfolio value, but no more than 5% per issuer. U.S. Government Agency and Instrumentality securities are limited to 40% of the portfolio value. Guaranteed investment contracts are limited to the total debt service reserve balance. Interest rate swap and repurchase agreements are generally limited to 50% of the portfolio fair value and must be fully collateralized or otherwise insured.

The SWA was in compliance with these limitations at September 30, 2021.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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At September 30, 2021, certain individual investments exceeded 5% of the total investment portfolio (including cash and cash equivalents) as follows:

	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investment Portfolio
U.S. Treasury SLGS	\$ 338,740,660	43.9%
Florida Prime	204,273,982	26.5%
Money Market Mutual Funds:		
Dreyfus Government	146,564,848	19.0%
Fidelity Government	65,460,382	8.5%

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. There was no exposure to foreign currency risk in the SWA's investments at September 30, 2021.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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3. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 714,598,173	\$ 4,304,956	\$ (132,672)	\$ 718,770,457
Construction In Progress	220,890,088	92,636,276	(75,966,846)	237,559,518
Total non-depreciable assets	935,488,261	96,941,232	(76,099,518)	956,329,975
Depreciable assets:				
Buildings and improvements	1,385,072,964	9,897,109	-	1,394,970,073
Improvements other than buildings	510,489,225	7,712,233	(253,958)	517,947,500
Equipment	838,624,889	97,911,155	(82,257,099)	854,278,945
Infrastructure	1,643,518,836	45,253,560	-	1,688,772,396
Total depreciable assets	4,377,705,914	160,774,057	(82,511,057)	4,455,968,914
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(574,362,300)	(33,094,971)	-	(607,457,271)
Improvements other than buildings	(311,685,519)	(14,708,577)	161,384	(326,232,712)
Equipment	(585,409,670)	(71,800,991)	79,339,629	(577,871,032)
Infrastructure	(1,275,659,445)	(32,293,682)	-	(1,307,953,127)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,747,116,934)	(151,898,221)	79,501,013	(2,819,514,142)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,630,588,980	8,875,836	(3,010,044)	1,636,454,772
Total governmental capital assets, net	\$ 2,566,077,241	\$ 105,817,068	\$ (79,109,562)	\$ 2,592,784,747

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:				
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 139,231,914	\$ 200,409	\$ -	\$ 139,432,323
Intangible - easement rights	1,678,030	-	-	1,678,030
Construction In Progress	111,835,742	87,761,300	(81,996,557)	117,600,485
Total non-depreciable assets	<u>252,745,686</u>	<u>87,961,709</u>	<u>(81,996,557)</u>	<u>258,710,838</u>
Depreciable assets:				
Buildings and improvements	619,005,097	1,505,532	-	620,510,629
Improvements other than buildings	1,977,087,292	92,136,598	-	2,069,223,890
Equipment	136,799,322	6,104,898	(4,057,602)	138,846,618
Intangible - easement rights	13,754,957	-	-	13,754,957
Total depreciable assets	<u>2,746,646,668</u>	<u>99,747,028</u>	<u>(4,057,602)</u>	<u>2,842,336,094</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(355,613,410)	(15,560,531)	-	(371,173,941)
Improvements other than buildings	(950,354,441)	(52,340,607)	-	(1,002,695,048)
Equipment	(104,248,430)	(7,542,054)	3,996,269	(107,794,215)
Intangible - easement rights	(6,598,036)	(343,871)	-	(6,941,907)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,416,814,317)</u>	<u>(75,787,063)</u>	<u>3,996,269</u>	<u>(1,488,605,111)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>1,329,832,351</u>	<u>23,959,965</u>	<u>(61,333)</u>	<u>1,353,730,983</u>
Total business-type capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,582,578,037</u>	<u>\$ 111,921,674</u>	<u>\$ (82,057,890)</u>	<u>\$ 1,612,441,821</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 30,310,235
Public safety	40,166,900
Physical environment	2,554,075
Transportation	45,275,016
Economic environment	919,059
Human services	969,649
Culture and recreation	18,855,669

In addition, depreciation on capital assets held by the County's internal service funds is charged to the various functions based on their usage of assets.

	12,847,618
Total increases to accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 151,898,221</u>

Business-type Activities:

Department of Airports	\$ 24,046,817
Water Utilities Department	51,740,246
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	<u>\$ 75,787,063</u>

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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COMPONENT UNIT – Solid Waste Authority

A summary of changes in capital assets for the Solid Waste Authority follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 50,626,126	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,626,126
Construction In Progress	1,439,734	1,093,733	(1,501,260)	1,032,207
Total non-depreciable assets	52,065,860	1,093,733	(1,501,260)	51,658,333
Depreciable assets:				
Buildings and improvements	781,429,618	-	-	781,429,618
Improvements other than buildings	168,245,589	-	-	168,245,589
Equipment	762,579,824	7,877,087	(7,516,141)	762,940,770
Total depreciable assets	1,712,255,031	7,877,087	(7,516,141)	1,712,615,977
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(354,375,021)	(26,430,473)	-	(380,805,494)
Improvements other than buildings	(84,455,497)	(5,783,227)	-	(90,238,724)
Equipment	(285,270,810)	(29,870,243)	7,335,928	(307,805,125)
Total accumulated depreciation	(724,101,328)	(62,083,943)	7,335,928	(778,849,343)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	988,153,703	(54,206,856)	(180,213)	933,766,634
Total component unit capital assets, net	\$ 1,040,219,563	\$ (53,113,123)	\$ (1,681,473)	\$ 985,424,967

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Various departments within the County provide goods, administration, public safety, maintenance and various other services to other operating departments. Charges for these services are determined using direct and indirect cost allocation methods or amounts determined based upon direct negotiations between the related parties. The most significant of these transactions involves the reimbursement of indirect costs in accordance with the indirect cost plan. Accordingly, the reimbursement of these indirect costs in fiscal year 2021 was \$19,118,149.

5. MAJOR CUSTOMERS

A significant portion of the Department of Airports' earnings and revenues are directly or indirectly attributed to a number of major airlines operating out of Palm Beach International Airport (PBIA). The Department of Airports' earnings and revenues could be materially and adversely affected should any of those airlines discontinue operations and not be replaced with other airlines providing similar activity. Five airlines account for 93.1% of total passenger traffic (enplaned plus deplaned) at PBIA as follows: American – 24.7%, JetBlue – 24.0%, Delta Airlines – 22.3%, United – 13.4%, and Southwest – 8.7%.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

Interfund balances at September 30, 2021, are expected to be repaid within one year. Interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund				
	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds			Road Program Capital Projects
		Palm Tran	Fire Rescue	COVID-19	
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 8,594,002	\$ 6,132,946	\$ -	\$ 2,210,578
Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund	59,073,220			8,207,134	-
Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund	-	-	-	-	-
COVID-19 Special Revenue Fund	11,267	13,412,722	-	-	-
Road Program Capital Projects	1,138	-	-	-	-
General Government Capital Projects	19,557	-	-	-	40,168
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	15,397,698	-	-	-	-
Airports	90	-	-	-	-
Water Utilities	2,503	-	-	-	-
Internal Service	6,302	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 74,511,775	\$ 22,006,724	\$ 6,132,946	\$ 8,207,134	\$ 2,250,746

The majority of the \$59.1 & \$15 million due to the General Fund from the Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund and Nonmajor Governmental Funds respectively, represent advances that will be paid upon collection of federal and state grants receivable related to Palm Tran, Law Enforcement Grants, and Community & Social Development. The \$8.6 due from the General Fund to Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund relates to operating subsidies to Palm Tran. The majority of the \$6.1 million owed by the General Fund to the Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund relates to the return of excess fees from the Property Appraiser and Tax Collector. The majority of the \$18.9 million owed by the General Fund to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds relate to Sheriff excess appropriations and accrued revenue owed to the County's special revenue fund related to Sheriff's grants; operating subsidies to Community & Social Development and County Transportation Trust; and excess fees owed by the Constitutional Officers.

Receivable From - Primary Government						
Payable To	General Fund	General Government Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Fleet Management	Combined Insurance	Total
Primary Government:						
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Airports	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Utilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Component Units:						
Solid Waste Authority	348,979	-	-	-	-	348,979
Total	\$ 348,979	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 348,979

The \$7.2 million due to the HFA from the General Fund relates to the HFA resources held by the County's investment pool. The \$5.6 million due from the General Fund to SWA represents the return of excess fees and undistributed taxes.

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Receivable Fund

General Government Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	Airports	Water Utilities	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service	Total
\$ 453,618	\$ 18,897,926	\$ 36,289,070	\$ -	\$ 5,751	\$ 5,751	\$ 4,535,773	\$ 40,830,594
2,304	-	67,282,658	-	-	-	483,534	67,766,192
-	-	-	-	-	-	179,403	179,403
-	-	13,423,989	-	4,629	4,629	-	13,428,618
-	-	1,138	-	-	-	86,422	87,560
-	-	59,725	-	-	-	-	59,725
16,145	998,674	16,412,517	29,900	2,437	32,337	1,637,187	18,082,041
-	-	90	-	69,240	69,240	167,039	236,369
-	-	2,503	-	-	-	1,219,472	1,221,975
-	-	6,302	-	211	211	48,498	55,011
\$ 472,067	\$ 19,896,600	\$ 133,477,992	\$ 29,900	\$ 82,268	\$ 112,168	\$ 8,357,328	\$ 141,947,488

Receivable From - Component Units

Housing Finance Authority (HFA)	Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment	Solid Waste Authority (SWA)	Total
\$ 7,274,219	\$ -	\$ 5,664,293	\$ 12,938,512
-	-	469	469
-	-	533	533
-	-	104,232	104,232
-	-	-	-
\$ 7,274,219	\$ -	\$ 5,769,527	\$ 13,043,746

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7. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers In	General Fund	Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund	Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund	COVID-19 Special Revenue Fund
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund	36,824,626	-	-	13,412,722
Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund	10,513,021	-	-	-
Road Program Capital Projects	-	-	-	-
General Government Capital Projects	38,025,000	138,162	568,626	-
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	90,888,019	-	21,695,000	1
Water Utilities	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 176,250,666	\$ 138,162	\$ 22,263,626	\$ 13,412,723

Transfers are used to:

1. Move revenues from within the fund which a statute or budget requires them to be collected to a fund from which a statute or budget requires them to be expended.
2. Move receipts which are restricted to debt service from the funds where the receipts are collected into the debt service fund, as debt service payments become due.
3. Provide matching funds for the County's portion of grant agreements.
4. Use and transfer unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.
5. Provide funding for various capital projects by means of transfers.

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Road Program Capital Projects	General Governments Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Airports	Water Utilities	Internal Service Funds	Total
\$ -	\$ 6,092,270	\$ 9,320,433	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,412,703
-	-	-	-	-	-	50,237,348
-	-	165,389	-	-	-	10,678,410
-	905,499	-	-	-	-	905,499
1,746,251	-	13,975,829	59,274	69,320	1,614,735	56,197,197
1,046,190	75,989	36,016,708	-	-	-	149,721,907
-	-	125,000	-	-	-	125,000
\$ 2,792,441	\$ 7,073,758	\$ 59,603,359	\$ 59,274	\$ 69,320	\$ 1,614,735	\$ 283,278,064

8. LEASES

Leases Receivable: Enterprise Funds

The Department of Airports leases a major portion of its property to airlines, rental car companies and concessionaires. Certain concessionaire leases provide for minimum rentals plus a contingency portion specified as a percentage of the tenants' gross revenues. Contingent rental income under such arrangements amounted to approximately \$608,603 for the year ended September 30, 2021. All the Department's leases are operating leases. Due to on-going impacts to passenger traffic associated with the COVID-19 pandemic, the Department does not anticipate collecting minimum rentals under these concession leases for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021; however, contingent rental income will remain payable in addition to fixed rentals.

The current rental car operating leases will expire on June 30, 2022. Like the concessionaire leases, the rental car leases provided for minimum rentals plus a contingency portion specified as a percentage of gross revenues; however, minimum guarantees have been temporarily abated due to passenger traffic declines associated with the COVID-19 pandemic. In addition, no minimum rental payments are expected from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022 based on the language of the current leases.

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Minimum future receipts, exclusive of contingent rentals under such leases, are approximately:

Year Ended September 30	
2022	\$ 31,034,028
2023	30,151,029
2024	29,914,389
2025	9,429,562
2026	7,540,092
Thereafter	148,885,017
Total	<u>\$ 256,954,117</u>

A schedule of the carrying value of property held for lease, by major classification, as of September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Buildings	\$ 358,220,489
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(237,033,064)</u>
Net Buildings	121,187,425
Land	<u>59,748,183</u>
Total property held for lease	<u>\$ 180,935,608</u>

The land held for lease component increased significantly for the year ended September 30, 2016 as management deemed a sizeable area now available for leasing. Various parcels immediately west of the Palm Beach International Airport had been acquired from 2007 through 2016 under noise abatement funding programs for a total value of approximately \$35 million. This area is now contiguous and is suitable for certain leasing uses that are compatible with noise and runway protection zone restrictions. Additionally, in 2016, the Department of Airports acquired other properties which are deemed available for lease.

Lease Obligations

The County has entered into various leases which are classified as operating or capital leases for accounting purposes. Total rent expense for operating leases for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 amounted to \$4,425,182 comprised of \$4,202,371 for Governmental Funds, \$206,362 for Enterprise Funds, and \$16,449 for Internal Service Funds.

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Operating Leases

Future minimum rental payments under non-cancellable operating leases as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Governmental Funds	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
2022	\$ 3,028,644	\$ 202,708	\$ 13,110	\$ 3,244,462
2023	2,329,397	118,462	9,827	2,457,686
2024	917,696	70,489	3,119	991,304
2025	307,265	28,203	-	335,468
2026	56,045	-	-	56,045
Thereafter	51,625	-	-	51,625
Total	<u>\$ 6,690,672</u>	<u>\$ 419,862</u>	<u>\$ 26,056</u>	<u>\$ 7,136,590</u>

Capital Leases

Capital leases are those which are determined to have passed substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership to the lessee. There were no capital leases in the proprietary fund types.

Future minimum lease payments under capital leases as of September 30, 2021 are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Governmental Funds
2022	\$ 84,360
2023	70,300
Total minimum lease payments	154,660
Less imputed interest	(6,791)
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 147,869</u>

The following schedule shows the leased assets capitalized as of September 30, 2021, by major asset class:

	Governmental Funds Capital Assets
Equipment	\$ 375,000
Less: accumulated depreciation for entity-wide	(225,254)
Carrying value	<u>\$ 149,746</u>

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County maintains various self-insurance programs which are accounted for as internal service funds. Following is a brief description of each of the County's insurance programs. The claims liability reported in each of the funds at September 30, 2021, is actuarially determined based on

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the requirements of GASB 10, which specifies that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicated that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Property and Liability

The County self-insures its property and liability risks for up to \$1,000,000 and \$500,000, respectively, transferring exposure above these amounts to an insurance company. Liability claims against Palm Tran are exceptions to the forgoing and are self-insured up to \$200,000. In addition, the County purchases other specialty insurance policies for risks it deems prudent not to retain. It should be noted that in accordance with Florida Statute 768.28, tort claims against the County are limited, with some exceptions, to \$200,000 for any one person per claim and \$300,000 for all persons in any one claim. The insurance program covers the Board of County Commissioners, and constitutional officers such as the Supervisor of Elections, Tax Collector, and the Clerk & Comptroller. The Property Appraiser participates in some, but not all of the program, as is more fully explained in the Self-Insured Retention Program.

Participants in the program make payments to the Property and Liability Insurance Fund, included in the Combined Insurance Fund, based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish an additional liability for claims incurred but not reported. The claims liability reported in this fund at September 30, 2021 is \$13,226,185. During claim years 2021 and 2020, changes recorded to the claims liability for property and liability insurance were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability</u>	<u>Claims and Changes in Estimates</u>	<u>Claim Payments</u>	<u>Balance at Fiscal Year-End</u>
2020	\$ 14,793,426	\$ 2,877,093	\$ (3,054,187)	14,616,332
2021	14,616,332	1,416,340	(2,806,487)	13,226,185

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The County self-funds its workers' compensation exposure. The fund is professionally administered by a third-party claims administrator. This fund covers all employees of the Board of County Commissioners, the Supervisor of Elections, the Clerk & Comptroller, the Property Appraiser, and the Tax Collector. Although the Sheriff's payroll and losses are reported to the State by the Risk Management Department, the Sheriff manages his own program using a third-party administrator. Under the County's Self-Insurance Program, the Workers' Compensation Fund provides full coverage pursuant to Florida Statute 440. The County purchases excess coverage for losses above the self-insured retention limit of \$2,000,000, for each workers' compensation occurrence.

Participants in the program make payments to the Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund, included in the Combined Insurance Fund, based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish an additional liability for claims incurred but not reported.

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The claims liability reported in this fund at September 30, 2021 is \$60,971,335. During claim years 2021 and 2020, changes recorded to the claims liability for workers' compensation insurance were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability</u>	<u>Claims and Changes in Estimates</u>	<u>Claim Payments</u>	<u>Balance at Fiscal Year-End</u>
2020	\$ 55,728,141	\$ 14,008,206	\$ (7,342,566)	\$ 62,393,781
2021	62,393,781	6,889,817	(8,312,263)	60,971,335

Employee Group Health Insurance

The County provides health insurance for its employees, retirees, and eligible dependents. The County has a \$625,000 specific excess insurance policy to protect the County against catastrophic health claims. The Health Insurance Fund covers all employees of the Board of County Commissioners and the Supervisor of Elections.

Participants in the program make payments to the Employee Health Insurance Fund, included in the Combined Insurance Fund, based on estimates of amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish an additional liability for claims incurred but not reported. The claims liability reported in the fund at September 30, 2021 is \$5,353,000. During claim years 2021 and 2020, changes recorded to the claims liability for employee health insurance were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability</u>	<u>Claims and Changes in Estimates</u>	<u>Claim Payments</u>	<u>Balance at Fiscal Year-End</u>
2020	\$ 4,294,000	\$ 64,156,029	\$ (64,550,029)	\$ 3,900,000
2021	3,900,000	74,602,255	(73,149,255)	5,353,000

SHERIFF

The Sheriff's office maintains a general liability self-insurance program, a workers' compensation self-insurance program and a commercially insured employee health insurance program which record current activity in the Sheriff's General fund and an obligation in the government-wide financial statements. The following is a brief description of each of the Sheriff's insurance programs:

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General Liability Insurance

The Sheriff's office is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. The claims liability reported for general liability at September 30, 2021 is \$19,949,000. This amount is based on the requirements of GASB 10 which specifies that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

During claim years 2021 and 2020, changes recorded to the claims liability for general liability were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability</u>	<u>Claims and Changes in Estimates</u>	<u>Claim Payments</u>	<u>Balance at Fiscal Year-End</u>
2020	\$ 18,417,904	\$ 12,806,056	\$ (11,580,960)	\$ 19,643,000
2021	19,643,000	5,218,574	(4,912,574)	19,949,000

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The Sheriff's office is self-funded for its workers' compensation exposure. The claims liability reported at September 30, 2021 is \$192,972,000. This amount is the actuarially determined claims liability based on the requirements of GASB 10 which specifies that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

During claim years 2021 and 2020, changes recorded to the claims liability for workers' compensation were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability</u>	<u>Claims and Changes in Estimates</u>	<u>Claim Payments</u>	<u>Balance at Fiscal Year-End</u>
2020	\$ 123,530,230	\$ 115,900,323	\$ (14,009,553)	\$ 225,421,000
2021	225,421,000	(18,275,708)	(14,173,292)	192,972,000

Employee Group Health Insurance

The Sheriff's office maintains a fully insured program for its employee group health insurance program.

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CLERK & COMPTROLLER

Employee Group Health Insurance

The Clerk's office provides health insurance for its employees and eligible dependents. The Clerk's office is self-insured for its health insurance coverage. The health insurance program is accounted for as an internal service fund. The claims liability reported in the internal service fund is \$725,000 and is actuarially determined.

During claim years 2021 and 2020, changes recorded to the claims liability for health insurance were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability</u>	<u>Claims and Changes in Estimates</u>	<u>Claim Payments</u>	<u>Balance at Fiscal Year-End</u>
2020	\$ 630,000	10,033,025	\$ (10,145,025)	\$ 518,000
2021	518,000	13,777,614	(13,570,614)	725,000

TAX COLLECTOR

Employee Group Health and Dental Insurance

The Tax Collector's office provides health and dental insurance to its employees and eligible dependents. The Tax Collector is fully insured for its health and dental coverage.

PROPERTY APPRAISER

Employee Group Health and Dental Insurance

The Property Appraiser's office provides health and dental insurance to its employees and eligible dependents. The Property Appraiser is fully insured for its health and dental coverage.

COMPONENT UNIT - Solid Waste Authority (SWA)

The SWA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, environmental damage and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, life and health of employees, and natural disasters. The SWA purchases commercial insurance for property damage with coverage up to a maximum of \$1.1 billion. This is subject to various policy sub-limits, generally ranging from \$1 million to \$500 million and deductibles ranging from \$250,000 to \$500,000 per occurrence (2% for Renewable Energy Facility #1 and Renewable Energy Facility #2, and 5% of total property damage values at all other locations for a named windstorm, subject to a minimum of \$250,000). The SWA also purchases excess auto and general liability coverage of \$25 million, subject to a self-insured retention of \$100,000. Auto and General liability claims are limited by the Florida constitutional doctrine of sovereign immunity to \$200,000 per claim and \$300,000 per

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occurrence unless a higher claim is approved by the Florida Legislature. The limits addressed in the Florida Statutes do not apply to claims filed in Federal courts. Settled claims for property damage and general liability insurance have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

The SWA purchases commercial insurance for workers' compensation benefits with statutory coverage limits and employer's liability coverage of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and per employee, subject to a specific retention of \$250,000 per occurrence. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

Changes in the claims liability amount for workers' compensation benefits for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability</u>	<u>Claims and Changes in Estimates</u>	<u>Claim Payments</u>	<u>Balance at Fiscal Year-End</u>
2020	\$ 76,700	\$ 332,496	\$ (294,296)	\$ 114,900
2021	114,900	1,251,979	(687,879)	679,000

The SWA purchases health insurance through a commercial health insurance plan.

10. RETIREMENT PLANS

The County provides retirement benefits to County employees through the following plans:

Plan Descriptions

The **Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan** and the **Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program** are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The FRS Pension Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. These benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and may only be amended by the Florida legislature.

The HIS Program benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. The HIS Program was established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time.

A comprehensive annual financial report including financial information and required supplementary information on both plans is publicly available on the web site of the Florida Department of Management Services (<http://www.dms.myflorida.com>).

The **Palm Tran, Inc. Amalgamated Transit Union Local 1577 (Palm Tran) Pension Plan** is a single-employer defined benefit retirement program administered by The Resource Centers, LLC.

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The Palm Tran pension plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. A comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for this plan is publicly available on the web at <http://www.resourcecenters.com>.

The **Town of Lantana Firefighters' Pension Fund (LFPF)** is a combined single-employer defined benefit and defined contribution pension plan covering Town of Lantana (Town) firefighters employed by Palm Beach County who elected to remain in the Town plan when merged into the County's Fire-Rescue department. LFPF provides a defined-benefit retirement annuity to retiring participants and a defined contribution retirement benefit in the form of share accounts, payable upon retirement, death, or disability. LFPF is governed by a separate Board of Trustees made up of representatives of the firefighters and the Town, and is administered by The Resource Centers, LLC. The LFPF issues a stand-alone, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information, which is available on the web at <http://www.resourcecenters.com>.

The County contributes to the **Florida Retirement System Investment Plan (Investment Plan)**, a defined contribution plan, for its eligible employees who elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of participating in the FRS Pension Plan. As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of FRS defined-benefit plan. County employees participating in the DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.) as the FRS Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. The Investment Plan is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA) and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida's comprehensive annual financial report. Financial information on this plan is available on the web at <http://www.sbafla.com/>.

PENSION EXPENSE/EXPENDITURES

The County's aggregate pension expense/expenditures for all plans amounted to \$28,643,669 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The County's aggregate net pension liability for all plans was \$572,344,587, with balances of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$338,968,342 and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of \$975,998,472 as of September 30, 2021.

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FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION PLAN

Benefits Provided

The Florida Retirement System was created on December 1, 1970. Members enrolled in the FRS and actively employed on July 1, 2001, or first enrolled between July 1, 2001 and June 30, 2011, will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 6 years of creditable service. Participants first enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 8 years of creditable service. Retirement, disability, and death benefits are based on age, average final compensation and years-of-service credit. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the minimum requirements established by their membership class. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 62 or if they have 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 65 or if they have 33 years of creditable service regardless of age. Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting. However, there is a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to normal retirement age or date. The percentage level of employees' payroll contribution rates is determined using the frozen entry age actuarial cost method.

Beginning July 1, 1998, the FRS implemented the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), which is a program within the FRS Pension Plan that allows members to retire without terminating their employment for up to five years while their retirement benefits accumulate and earn interest compounded monthly at a stated effective annual rate. For members who entered DROP prior to July 1, 2011, the rate is 6.5%. For members who enter DROP on or after July 1, 2011, the rate is 1.3%. Members may participate in DROP when they are vested and have reached their normal retirement date. When the DROP period ends, members must terminate employment. At that time, members will receive their accumulated DROP benefits and begin receiving their monthly retirement benefit.

The FRS was amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution plan is known as the FRS Investment Plan, which is described later in this note.

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Contributions

The following membership classes and contribution rates, which apply to both the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan, were in effect at September 30, 2021:

<u>Membership Class</u>	<u>Employee Contribution Rate</u>	<u>Employer Contribution Rate *</u>
Regular	3.00%	10.82%
Special Risk	3.00%	25.89%
State Attorney/Public Defender	3.00%	63.73%
County, City, Special District Elected Officers	3.00%	51.42%
Special Risk Administrative Support	3.00%	37.76%
Senior Management	3.00%	29.01%
Deferred Retirement Option Program	N/A	18.34%

* Employer contribution rates in the above table include a 1.66% contribution for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

The County's employer contributions to the FRS Pension Plan totaled \$145.2 million and employee contributions totaled \$23.9 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The County contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding two years.

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense

At September 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$250.5 million for its proportionate share of the FRS Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2020-21 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportionate share was 3.32%, which was a decrease of 6.25% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of (\$1.94) million related to the FRS Pension Plan. In addition, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the FRS Pension Plan from the following sources:

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	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 42,933,557	\$ -
Change of assumptions	171,394,368	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	873,879,782
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	25,315,084	65,144,306
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	33,203,233	-
Total	\$ 272,846,242	\$ 939,024,088

The County's contributions to the FRS Pension Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the FRS Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30:	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows), net
2022	\$ (150,809,842)
2023	(141,564,721)
2024	(176,608,523)
2025	(233,469,474)
2026	3,071,481
Thereafter	-
	\$ (699,381,079)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below. The total pension liability is calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal cost allocation method, which differs from the Ultimate Entry Age Normal cost allocation method used in the actuarial valuation for funding purposes for the System.

Valuation Date	July 1, 2021
Discount rate	6.80%
Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.25%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.80%, net of investment expense

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Mortality rates were based on PUB2010 base table (varies by member category and sex), projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation (1)</u>	<u>Annual Arithmetic Return</u>	<u>Compound Annual (Geometric) Return</u>	<u>Standard Deviation</u>
Cash	1.0%	2.1%	2.1%	1.1%
Fixed Income	20.0%	3.8%	3.7%	3.3%
Global Equity	54.2%	8.2%	6.7%	17.8%
Real Estate	10.3%	7.1%	6.2%	13.8%
Private Equity	10.8%	11.7%	8.5%	26.4%
Strategic Investments	3.7%	5.7%	5.4%	8.4%
TOTAL	100.0%			
Assumed inflation - Mean			2.4%	1.2%

Note: (1) As outlined in the Plan's investment policy

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80%. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected benefit payments of current and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The 6.80% rate of return and discount rate assumption used in the June 30, 2021 calculations were determined by the Plan's consulting actuary to be reasonable and appropriate per Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 27 (ASOP 27) for accounting purposes which differs from the rate used for funding purposes which is used to establish the contribution rates for the Plan.

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.80%) or 1-percent higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

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	1% Decrease (5.80%)	Current Discount Rate (6.80%)	1% Increase (7.80%)
County's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,120,186,445	\$ 250,485,166	\$ (476,487,589)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PROGRAM

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll. The County contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. The HIS Program contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. The HIS Program benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The County's employer contributions to the HIS Program totaled \$12.1 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The County contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding two years.

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense

At September 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$301.5 million for its proportionate share of the HIS Program's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the County's 2020-21 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2020-21 fiscal

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year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportionate share was 2.46%, which was an increase of 1.66% from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$23.5 million related to the HIS Program. In addition, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Program from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 10,090,058	\$ 126,294
Change of assumptions	23,693,750	12,423,930
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	314,340	-
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions	11,212,764	3,550,465
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,487,116	-
Total	\$ 48,798,028	\$ 16,100,689

The County's contributions to the HIS Program subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Program will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows), net
2022	\$ 7,980,745
2023	3,872,090
2024	5,142,835
2025	6,106,583
2026	4,791,967
Thereafter	1,316,003
	\$ 29,210,223

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected to the measurement date.

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Valuation Date	July 1, 2020
Discount rate	2.16%
Inflation	2.40%
Salary Increases	3.25%, including inflation
Municipal Bond Rate	2.16%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018.

Because the HIS Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis, no experience study has been completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.16%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent of discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable bond index.

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.16%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.16%) or 1-percent higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (1.16%)	Current Discount Rate (2.16%)	1% Increase (3.16%)
County's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 348,601,446	\$ 301,533,078	\$ 262,971,076

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENT PLAN

Vesting Provisions

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS

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Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll, which is included in the FRS contribution rates, and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA, however, management believe that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the County. After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The County's employer contributions to the Investment Plan totaled \$8.4 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

PALM TRAN, INC. – DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Benefits Provided

The Palm Tran Inc. Amalgamated Transit Union Local 1577 (Palm Tran) Pension Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Board of Trustees of the Palm Tran pension plan has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions.

The Palm Tran Pension Plan is a Single-Employer plan in which the County is only required to fund the plan but has no fiduciary responsibility for the plan itself. The County also does not have any oversight responsibilities for the plan.

Membership Statistics

Number of:

Inactive members or beneficiaries receiving benefits	411
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	102
Active Members	<u>598</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>1,111</u></u>

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Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and Palm Tran, Inc. are established by the Pension Trust Agreement and may be amended by the Board of Trustees. Plan members hired after October 1, 2013 are required to contribute 3.0% of their annual salary. Plan members hired prior to October 1, 2013 have a contribution phase in period to match those hired after this date. For employees hired prior to October 1, 2013, the employee contribution is 2.5% of annual salary through September 30, 2014. For the period October 1, 2014 – September 30, 2015, the contribution is 2.75% of salary. Employee contributions after October 1, 2015 will be 3.0% of annual salary. Prior to October 1, 2014, the Employer made contributions to the Plan as specified in the collective bargaining agreement. Effective October 1, 2014, the Employer will make the minimum required contribution as determined by the Plan actuary and approved by the Board. The County's employer contributions to the Palm Tran Pension Plan totaled \$7.8 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability at December 31, 2020 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 162,279,412
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>(138,676,209)</u>
Net pension liability	<u><u>\$ 23,603,203</u></u>

Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of the total pension liability: 85.46%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.00%
Salary increases	5% to 12.5%
Investment rate of return	6.5% net of investment expense, including inflation
Mortality	Pub-2010 fully generational mortality improvements using sex distinct Scale MP-2018.

Other assumptions are based on the results of a five-year actuarial experience study performed as of January 1, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.5%. This is the single rate that reflects the long-term expected net rate of return on pension plan investments expected to be used

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to finance the payment of benefits. A projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions are made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution and the member contributions. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the pension liability. For purposes of this determination, pension plan assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the 6.5% discount rate.

Sensitivity to Changes in Discount Rate

The following table illustrates the impact of interest rate sensitivity on the net pension liability for fiscal year ended September 30, 2021:

	1% Decrease (5.5%)	Current Discount Rate (6.5%)	1% Increase (7.5%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 41,606,983	\$ 23,603,203	\$ 8,393,943

Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected net rate of return on investments was determined using a building-block method. Best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The long-term expected net rate of return on investments is the best-estimate ranges weighted by the asset allocation plus expected inflation.

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Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as provided by the investment monitor are shown in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>	<u>Asset Group Contribution</u>
Domestic Equity	30.0%	8.7%	2.6%
International Equity	15.0%	4.3%	0.6%
Bonds	24.5%	3.6%	0.9%
Convertibles	10.0%	8.5%	0.9%
Private Real Estate	10.0%	5.1%	0.5%
REITS	5.0%	8.2%	0.4%
Infrastructure	5.0%	7.1%	0.4%
Cash	0.5%	0.5%	0.0%
	<u>100%</u>		
Weighted Real Return			6.3%

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>		
	<u>Total Pension Liability (a)</u>	<u>Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)</u>	<u>Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)</u>
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$ 156,102,159	\$ 119,658,658	\$ 36,443,501
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	5,043,856	-	5,043,856
Interest	10,204,584	-	10,204,584
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,464,749)	-	(1,464,749)
Change of assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	6,338,056	(6,338,056)
Contributions - employee	-	976,061	(976,061)
Net investment income	-	19,587,534	(19,587,534)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(7,606,438)	(7,606,438)	-
Administrative expense	-	(277,662)	277,662
Net changes	6,177,253	19,017,551	(12,840,298)
Balances at December 31, 2020	\$ 162,279,412	\$ 138,676,209	\$ 23,603,203

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Pension Expense and Deferrals

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$6.5 million. In addition, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

The following table illustrates the deferred inflows and outflows under GASB 68 as of September 30, 2021:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 2,908,194
Change of assumptions	11,055,276	77,982
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	-	12,060,653
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,268,796	-
Total	\$ 17,324,072	\$ 15,046,829

The employer contributions to the Palm Tran Pension Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement Year Ending December 31	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows), net
2021	\$ (402,329)
2022	1,066,685
2023	(2,072,106)
2024	(2,583,803)
	\$ (3,991,553)

TOWN OF LANTANA FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Benefits Provided

The Town of Lantana Firefighters' Pension Fund (LFPF) provides a defined benefit retirement annuity to retiring participants and also provides a defined contribution retirement benefit in the form of share accounts, payable upon retirement, death or disability. The LFPF members are full-time certified firefighters employed in the fire department of Palm Beach County Fire Rescue. Members are eligible to retire at age 55 with 10 or more years of credited service; or any age with 20 or more years of credited service. The pension amount is three percent (3%) of average final compensation multiplied by credited service. The normal form of benefit is a benefit payable for life with the first 10 years guaranteed. Early retirement and other benefits may be available in

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accordance with Town of Lantana Code, Division 3 of Chapter 14, Article IV, as amended by Town Ordinances and Palm Beach County agreements pertaining to the fund.

The LFPF is a Single-Employer plan in which the County is only required to fund the plan but has no fiduciary responsibility for the plan itself. The County also does not have any oversight responsibilities for the plan.

Membership Statistics

Number of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries	24
Inactive, Nonretired members	1
Active Members	<u>8</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>33</u></u>

Contributions

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their salary to the Plan. Of this, 2% is allocated to the defined benefit portion of the Plan and 8% is allocated to the defined contribution portion. Pursuant to Chapter 175, Florida Statutes, the Town imposes a 1.85% tax on fire insurance premiums paid to insure real or personal property within its corporate limits. 100% of the net proceeds of this 1.85% excise tax are allocated to the defined benefit portion of the Plan. Because the County is ultimately responsible for the actuarial soundness of the Plan, the County must contribute an amount determined by the Trustees, in conjunction with the Plan's actuary, to be sufficient, along with the employees' contributions and the proceeds from the insurance tax, described above, to fund the defined benefits under the Plan. The County's employer contributions to the Lantana Pension Plan totaled \$1,028,761 and employee contributions totaled \$172,670 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 53,969,282
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>(57,246,142)</u>
Net pension liability (asset)	<u><u>\$ (3,276,860)</u></u>

Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of the total pension liability: 106.07%

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Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Price Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	7%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Mortality	RP-2000 Mortality Tables with projection scale BB

Expected Rate of Return

GASB Statement No. 67 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the total pension liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The plan's net position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount rate is used. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a "risk-free" rate is required, as described in the following paragraph.

The *Single Discount Rate* (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index of general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.25%, the municipal bond rate is 2.19%, and the resulting single discount rate is 6.25%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. This is the single rate that reflects the long-term expected net rate of return on pension plan investments expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits, including inflation. The fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments. For purposes of this determination, pension plan assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the 6.25% discount rate.

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Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table illustrates the impact of interest rate sensitivity on the net pension liability (asset) for fiscal year ended September 30, 2021:

	1% Decrease (5.25%)	Current Discount Rate (6.25%)	1% Increase (7.25%)
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$2,895,577	(\$3,276,860)	(\$8,341,596)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$ 51,098,337	\$ 48,369,587	\$ 2,728,750
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	415,027	-	415,027
Interest	3,481,788	-	3,481,788
Differences between expected and actual experience	118,547	-	118,547
Assumption Changes	1,987,636	-	1,987,636
Contributions - employer and state	-	1,202,802	(1,202,802)
Contributions - employee	-	172,670	(172,670)
Net investment income	-	10,677,774	(10,677,774)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,132,053)	(3,132,053)	-
Administrative expense/Other	-	(44,638)	44,638
Net changes	2,870,945	8,876,555	(6,005,610)
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$ 53,969,282	\$ 57,246,142	\$ (3,276,860)

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Pension Expense and Deferrals

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$608,571. In addition, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	5,826,866
Total	\$ -	\$ 5,826,866

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Deferred outflows/ (inflows), net
2022	\$ (1,457,683)
2023	(1,304,967)
2024	(1,593,226)
2025	(1,470,990)
	\$ (5,826,866)

OTHER PENSION PAYMENTS

The County entered into agreements with the City of Lake Worth (City) for law enforcement services, effective October 1, 2008, and fire rescue services, effective October 1, 2009. Employees of the City who became County employees had the choice to remain in the appropriate City-sponsored retirement plan or to become a member of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The County contributes to the City-sponsored plans the equivalent amount that would be required by FRS. The County's contributions for employees who elected to remain with the City-sponsored plans were \$502,551 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

COMPONENT UNIT – Solid Waste Authority (SWA)

Like the Primary Government, the SWA also participates in the **Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan**, the **Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program** and the **Florida Retirement System Investment Plan**. Refer to those sections within this note for information on plan descriptions, contribution rates, actuarial assumptions and discount rates.

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FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION PLAN

SWA contributions to the FRS Pension Plan totaled \$2,788,809 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

At September 30, 2021, the SWA reported a liability of \$5,666,969 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. The SWA's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the SWA's 2020-21 plan year contributions relative to the 2020-21 plan year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the SWA's proportionate share was 0.075020805 percent, which was an increase of .008111006 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the SWA recognized pension expense of \$591,959 related to the Plan.

The SWA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 971,328	\$ -
Change of assumptions	3,877,621	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	19,770,631
Change in proportion and differences between SWA pension plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,620,143	43,941
Pension plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	829,782	-
Total	\$ 8,298,874	\$ 19,814,572

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$829,782 resulting from SWA contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

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Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Deferred outflows/ (inflows), net
2022	\$ (2,060,055)
2023	(2,496,893)
2024	(3,481,511)
2025	(4,650,583)
2026	343,562
Thereafter	-
	<u><u>\$ (12,345,480)</u></u>

Sensitivity of the SWA's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following represents the SWA's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the SWA's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.80%) or one percentage point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	<u>(5.80%)</u>	<u>(6.80%)</u>	<u>(7.80%)</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 25,343,066	\$ 5,666,969	\$ (10,780,041)

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PROGRAM

SWA's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$505,610 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

At September 30, 2021, the SWA reported a liability of \$10,158,401 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The SWA's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the SWA's 2020-21 plan year contributions relative to the 2020-21 plan year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2021, the SWA's proportionate share was .082814151 percent, which was an increase of 0.001511807 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2020. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the SWA recognized pension expense of \$841,722.

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Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

In addition, the SWA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 339,926	\$ 4,255
Change of assumptions	798,223	418,552
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	10,590	-
Change in proportion and differences between SWA pension plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions	463,136	56,686
Pension plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date	128,827	-
Total	\$ 1,740,702	\$ 479,493

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$128,827 resulting from the SWA's contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Deferred outflows/ (inflows), net
2022	\$ 324,673
2023	132,097
2024	205,405
2025	245,185
2026	183,905
Thereafter	41,117
	\$ 1,132,382

Sensitivity of the SWA's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following represents the SWA's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.16%, as well as what the SWA's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (1.16%)	Discount Rate (2.16%)	1% Increase (3.16%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 11,744,095	\$ 10,158,401	\$ 8,859,279

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INVESTMENT PLAN

The SWA's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$411,029 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

11. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

The County provides post-employment benefits for healthcare to retirees of the County, which includes the Board of County Commissioners as well as all Constitutional Officers. The County also provides a Fire-Rescue Healthcare OPEB plan that provides benefits to all eligible retired employees and their dependents. In addition, the County provides a Fire-Rescue Supplemental Disability Plan that provides disability benefits to Firefighters and District Chiefs that meet eligibility requirements.

Below is information that describes the Healthcare OPEB plans as well as the Fire-Rescue Supplemental Disability OPEB plan.

**COUNTY'S AGGREGATE NET OPEB LIABILITY, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS,
DEFERRED INFLOWS, & OPEB EXPENSE**

The County's aggregate OPEB expense for all plans amounted to \$28,263,059 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The County's aggregate net OPEB liability for all plans was \$435,910,997, with balances of deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$133,054,053 and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB of \$99,083,279, as of September 30, 2021.

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Below is a summary of the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows for each of the County's OPEB plans:

	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Net Position	Net OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	OPEB Expense
Healthcare Plans:						
County	\$ 9,831,595	\$ -	\$ 9,831,595	\$ 2,242,338	\$ 185,340	\$ 890,329
Tax Collector	3,844,526	-	3,844,526	2,208,986	3,826,625	404,992
Property Appraiser	2,377,373	-	2,377,373	955,308	729,246	541,859
Clerk & Comptroller	10,090,746	-	10,090,746	2,379,353	1,884,723	428,526
Sheriff	281,685,296	-	281,685,296	71,682,758	56,377,243	19,020,770
Fire-Rescue Union	201,250,807	(99,103,779)	102,147,028	39,852,227	35,132,639	5,199,731
Supplemental Disability Plan:						
Fire-Rescue	25,934,433	-	25,934,433	13,733,083	947,463	1,776,852
TOTALS	\$ 535,014,776	\$ (99,103,779)	\$ 435,910,997	\$ 133,054,053	\$ 99,083,279	\$ 28,263,059

**HEALTHCARE OPEB PLANS (BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS AND
CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS)**

Plan Description

The County's defined benefit post-employment healthcare OPEB plans provide OPEB to all eligible retired employees and their dependents. The plans are single employer plans which are administered by the employer for their employees. Regarding the County plan, the Supervisor of Elections (a Constitutional Officer) participates in this plan. The remaining Constitutional Officers (Clerk & Comptroller, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, and Sheriff) each have separate OPEB plans. The authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements is granted to the County Board, as well as each Constitutional Officer. All entities of the Primary Government are required by Florida Statute 112.0801 to allow their retirees (and eligible dependents) to continue participation in the group insurance plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Additionally, there are no legal documents referencing a trust. The healthcare benefits OPEB plans do not issue separate standalone financial reports.

Benefits Provided

Retirees of all the healthcare benefit OPEB plans must be offered the same coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable for active employees which results in an implicit subsidy. In addition to the 'implicit benefit', the Sheriff's

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healthcare OPEB plan provides a subsidy that retirees can use to partially or fully offset the cost of health insurance.

In particular, for Sheriff employees who retire in good standing after six years of service and who elect to retain the Sheriff's Office group medical and/or dental coverage, the Sheriff's Healthcare OPEB plan provides a subsidy of \$16 per month per year of service toward medical and dental coverage for the retiree and eligible family members, based on years of service to the Sheriff. This subsidy ends at the death of the retiree or when the retiree discontinues coverage under the Sheriff's plan. A special subsidy of 90% of medical and dental premiums for employee or employee-plus-one coverage is offered to the Sheriff, Chief Deputy, Deputy Director, Director, and Colonel. A special subsidy of 80% of medical and dental premiums for employee or employee-plus-one coverage is offered to Majors and the Bureau Director. A special subsidy of 100% of medical and dental premiums for employee or employee-plus-one coverage is offered to employees who become disabled in the line of duty and spouses of employees who die in the line of duty.

Employees Covered By Benefit Terms

At September 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Tax County Collector	Property Appraiser	Clerk & Comptroller	Sheriff
Retirees and Beneficiaries	174	3	7	21
Active Members	4,241	257	195	643
TOTAL	4,415	260	202	664

Total OPEB Liability

The total healthcare OPEB liability amount consisted of the following:

	County	Tax Collector	Property Appraiser	Clerk & Comptroller	Sheriff
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 9,831,595	\$ 3,844,526	\$ 2,377,373	\$10,090,746	\$281,685,296
Measurement Date	9/30/2021	9/30/2021	9/30/2021	9/30/2020	9/30/2021
Actuarial Valuation Date	9/30/2020	9/30/2021	9/30/2021	9/30/2019	9/30/2020

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total healthcare OPEB liability in these actuarial valuations was determined using several actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless

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otherwise specified. The actuarial valuation method utilized was the entry age normal level percentage of pay. Other assumptions specific to each plan are noted below.

	County	Tax Collector	Property Appraiser	Clerk & Comptroller	Sheriff
Inflation	3.00%	4.00%	4.00%	2.50%	3.00%
Salary increases	3.50%	4.00%	4.00%	2.50%	3.00%
Discount Rate	2.15%	2.43%	2.43%	2.14%	2.26%

The source of the discount rates were as follows:

County:	Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index
Tax Collector:	S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index
Property Appraiser:	S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index
Clerk & Comptroller:	S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index
Sheriff:	Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index

Healthcare cost trend rates were based as follows:

County:	Initially 5.5% to grade uniformly to 4.5% over a 2-year period
Tax Collector:	Initially 6.25% grading ultimately to 4.04% over a 55-year period
Property Appraiser:	Initially 6.25% to grading ultimately to 4.04% over a 56-year period
Clerk & Comptroller:	Initially 7.5% grading ultimately to 4.0% over a 56-year period
Sheriff:	Initially 5.5% to grade uniformly to 4.5% over a 2-year period

Mortality rates were based as follows:

County:	Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-2019
Tax Collector:	Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-2020
Property Appraiser:	Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-2020
Clerk & Comptroller:	RP-2000 Generational, Scale BB
Sheriff:	Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-19

Formal experience studies were not performed; however, the actuarial assumptions used in the specified valuations above were consistent with the following:

County:	Florida Retirement System
Tax Collector:	Reasonableness/consistency with typical industry standards
Property Appraiser:	Reasonableness/consistency with typical industry standards
Clerk & Comptroller:	Florida Retirement System
Sheriff:	Florida Retirement System

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Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability				
	County	Tax Collector	Property Appraiser	Clerk & Comptroller	Sheriff
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$ 10,237,871	\$ 4,887,183	\$ 2,873,786	\$ 7,511,512	\$ 274,891,006
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	489,247	495,676	177,736	232,600	10,107,135
Interest	224,185	195,303	109,509	272,120	6,215,121
Experience losses(gains)	-	(1,916,433)	(817,390)	-	-
Change of assumptions	46,272	258,512	109,470	2,363,054	(1,986,106)
Benefit payments	(1,165,980)	(75,715)	(75,738)	(288,540)	(7,541,860)
Net changes	(406,276)	(1,042,657)	(496,413)	2,579,234	6,794,290
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$ 9,831,595	\$ 3,844,526	\$ 2,377,373	\$ 10,090,746	\$ 281,685,296

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability for each healthcare OPEB plan, as well as what each plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent lower or 1-percent higher than the current discount rate:

	County		
	1% Decrease (1.15%)	Current Discount Rate (2.15%)	1% Increase (3.15%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 10,520,000	\$ 9,831,595	\$ 9,242,000

	Tax Collector		
	(1.43%)	(2.43%)	(3.43%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 4,186,966	\$ 3,844,526	\$ 3,524,525

	Property Appraiser		
	(1.43%)	(2.43%)	(3.43%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,525,675	\$ 2,377,373	\$ 2,234,850

	Clerk & Comptroller		
	(1.14%)	(2.14%)	(3.14%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 12,401,753	\$ 10,090,746	\$ 8,353,963

	Sheriff		
	(1.26%)	(2.26%)	(3.26%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 334,601,000	\$ 281,685,296	\$ 240,252,000

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Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability for each healthcare OPEB plan, as well as what each plans total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the assumed trend rate:

	County		
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	4.5% decreasing to 3.5%	5.5% decreasing to 4.5%	6.5% decreasing to 5.5%
	over 2 years	over 2 years	over 2 years
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 8,947,000	\$ 9,831,595	\$ 10,914,000

	Tax Collector		
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	5.25% decreasing to 3.04%	6.25% decreasing to 4.04%	7.25% decreasing to 5.04%
	over 55 years	over 55 years	over 55 years
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,337,438	\$ 3,844,526	\$ 4,453,921

	Property Appraiser		
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	5.25% decreasing to 3.04%	6.25% decreasing to 4.04%	7.25% decreasing to 5.04%
	over 56 years	over 56 years	over 56 years
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,150,476	\$ 2,377,373	\$ 2,638,249

	Clerk & Comptroller		
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	6.5% decreasing to 3.0%	7.5% decreasing to 4.0%	8.5% decreasing to 5.0%
	over 56 years	over 56 years	over 56 years
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 8,203,292	\$ 10,090,746	\$ 12,630,615

	Sheriff		
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	4.5% decreasing to 3.5%	5.5% decreasing to 4.5%	6.5% decreasing to 5.5%
	over 2 years	over 2 years	over 2 years
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 257,523,000	\$ 281,685,296	\$ 313,666,000

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OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, these Healthcare OPEB plans recognized OPEB expense of \$21,286,476. At September 30, 2021, these plans reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources			
		Tax	Property	Clerk &	
	County	Collector	Appraiser	Comptroller	Sheriff
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 1,532,074	\$ 2,208,986	\$ 955,308	\$ 2,067,672	\$ 71,682,758
Experience losses(gains)	710,264	-	-	-	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	-	-	311,681	-
Total	\$ 2,242,338	\$ 2,208,986	\$ 955,308	\$ 2,379,353	\$ 71,682,758

		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
		Tax	Property	Clerk &	
	County	Collector	Appraiser	Comptroller	Sheriff
Change of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 185,340	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,254,879	\$ 11,721,980
Experience losses(gains)	-	3,826,625	729,246	629,844	44,655,263
Total	\$ 185,340	\$ 3,826,625	\$ 729,246	\$ 1,884,723	\$ 56,377,243

Contributions to the applicable plans subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the healthcare OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Deferred Outflows/(Inflows), net			
		Tax	Property	Clerk &	
	County	Collector	Appraiser	Comptroller	Sheriff
Year ending September 30:					
2022	\$ 176,897	\$ (285,987)	\$ 254,614	\$ (83,094)	\$ 2,698,514
2023	176,897	(285,987)	254,616	(83,094)	2,698,514
2024	176,897	(285,987)	(141,584)	(83,094)	2,698,514
2025	176,897	(285,987)	(141,584)	(83,092)	2,698,514
2026	176,897	(236,846)	-	53,473	2,698,514
Thereafter	1,172,513	(236,845)	-	461,850	1,812,945
Totals	\$ 2,056,998	\$ (1,617,639)	\$ 226,062	\$ 182,949	\$ 15,305,515

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FIRE-RESCUE UNION HEALTHCARE OPEB PLAN

Plan Description

The Fire-Rescue Union Healthcare OPEB is a defined benefit post-employment healthcare OPEB plan that provides OPEB to all eligible retired employees and their dependents. The plan is a single employer plan which is administered by the Fire-Rescue Union for the employees. The authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements is granted to the Fire-Rescue Union. Florida Statute 112.0801 allows retirees (and eligible dependents) to continue participation in the group insurance plan. Assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The Fire-Rescue Union Healthcare OPEB plan does not issue a separate standalone financial report.

The County is required, per the Collective Bargaining Agreement, to make contributions equal to 3% of the total current base annual pay plus benefits for the Fire Rescue employees. Since the plan is a trust, the County is not entitled to nor does it have the ability to otherwise access the economic resources received or held by the plan and the County has no reversionary interest in the economic resources received or held by the plan, nor is the County responsible for custody of the assets of the plan. Therefore, the plan is not reported as a fiduciary fund of the County. The Fire-Rescue Union Healthcare OPEB plan does not issue a separate standalone financial report.

Benefits provided

Retirees of the Fire-Rescue Union healthcare OPEB plan must be offered the same coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable for active employees which results in an implicit subsidy. In addition to the ‘implicit benefit’, the plan offers an explicit benefit. Specifically, the Fire-Rescue healthcare OPEB plan provides a subsidy that retirees can use to partially or fully offset the cost of health insurance. For employees who retired before September 27, 2005, the subsidy is a monthly benefit of \$75 plus \$12 per year of service. Unless otherwise precluded, for employees retiring on or after September 27, 2005, the subsidy is a monthly benefit of \$140 plus \$17 per year of service. This subsidy is payable for life and is assumed to remain fixed in the future. Employees who retire with at least ten years of service but before attaining normal retirement eligibility are eligible for a reduction to this benefit in the amount of 6% for each year between their age of retirement and age 55. This reduction remains fixed in the future.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At September 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Beneficiaries	699
Active Members	<u>1,559</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>2,258</u></u>

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Net OPEB Liability

The Fire-Rescue's net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The Fire-Rescue total healthcare OPEB liability based on the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increases	3.5%
Discount rate	3.37%
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.25% to grade uniformly to 4.00% over 13-year period
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal based on level percentage of projected salary

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 table, scaled using MP-2020 and applied on a gender-specific basis.

A formal experience study was not performed; however, the actuarial assumptions used in the specified valuation above were consistent with the FRS valuation as of July 1, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on the plan's investments was determined by weighting the expected future real rates of return (which included an additional 3.0% for inflation) by the target asset allocation percentage.

The real rates of return and target allocation percentage for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Returns (with inflation) *
Domestic equity	51.3%	15%
International Equity	16.8%	11%
Domestic Fixed Income	19.3%	4%
Real Return	5.8%	6%
Real Estate	6.6%	9%
Cash & Equivalents	0.2%	0%
Total	100%	11.0%

* Target returns are 7%.

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Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.37%. This was based on a blend of the plan's estimated long-term rate of return and the 20-year Bond Buyer GO index.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$ 205,572,133	\$ 80,145,339	\$ 125,426,794
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	4,944,326	-	4,944,326
Interest	6,177,025	-	6,177,025
Differences between expected and actual experience	(21,294,954)	-	(21,294,954)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	10,790,807	-	10,790,807
Contributions-employer	-	6,025,766	(6,025,766)
Net investment income	-	17,897,312	(17,897,312)
Benefit payments	(4,938,530)	(4,938,530)	-
Administrative expense	-	(26,108)	26,108
Net changes	(4,321,326)	18,958,440	(23,279,766)
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$ 201,250,807	\$ 99,103,779	\$ 102,147,028

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Fire-Rescue Healthcare plan, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent lower (2.37%) or 1-percent higher (4.37%) than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease (2.37%)	Current Discount Rate (3.37%)	1% Increase (4.37%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 131,998,000	\$ 102,147,028	\$ 77,894,000

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Fire-Rescue Healthcare plan, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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were 1-percent lower (6.25 percent decreasing to 3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates		
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
	decreasing	decreasing	decreasing
	to 3.00%	to 4.00%	to 5.00%
	over 13 years	over 13 years	over 13 years
Net OPEB liability	\$ 87,545,000	\$ 102,147,028	\$ 120,761,000

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$5,199,731 regarding the Fire-Rescue Healthcare plan.

At September 30, 2021, the Fire Rescue Healthcare plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 25,619,684
Changes of assumptions	39,852,227	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	9,512,955
Total	<u>\$ 39,852,227</u>	<u>\$ 35,132,639</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year ending September 30:</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows), net</u>
2022	\$ 96,608
2023	39,477
2024	(398,745)
2025	(239,475)
2026	2,252,705
Thereafter	2,969,018
	<u>\$ 4,719,588</u>

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FIRE-RESCUE SUPPLEMENTAL DISABILITY OPEB PLAN

Plan description

The Fire-Rescue's supplemental disability OPEB is a defined benefit plan, as well as a single employer plan which is administered by the Palm Beach County Fire-Rescue Department. The authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements is granted through collective bargaining between Palm Beach County and the Professional Firefighters/Paramedics of Palm Beach County, Local 2928, IAFF, Inc. The earmarked funding, related earnings, expenditures, and administrative costs are recorded in a special revenue fund. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Additionally, there are no legal documents referencing a trust. The long-term disability OPEB plan does not issue a separate standalone financial report.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides disability benefits to Firefighters and District Chiefs totally and permanently prevented from rendering useful and efficient service as a Firefighter/District Chief incurred in the line of duty.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At September 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Beneficiaries	65
Active Members	<u>1,337</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>1,402</u></u>

Total OPEB Liability

The total supplemental disability OPEB liability of \$25,934,433 was measured as of October 1, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020.

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Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total supplemental disability OPEB liability in the October 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.40%
Projected salary increases	5.0% - 7.6%
Discount Rate	2.43%
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal based on level percent of pay

The discount rate was based on the Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index - daily rate closest or equal to but not later than the respective measurement date.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the specified valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted by the Florida Retirement System as of July 1, 2019.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at September 30, 2020	<u>\$ 21,912,247</u>
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	156,718
Interest	580,904
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,794,811
Assumption changes	1,225,927
Benefit payments	<u>(1,736,174)</u>
Net change	<u>4,022,186</u>
Balance at September 30, 2021	<u><u>\$ 25,934,433</u></u>

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Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability for the supplemental disability OPEB plan, as well as what the supplemental disability OPEB plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent lower (1.43%) or 1-percent higher (3.43%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.43%)	Current Discount Rate (2.43%)	1% Increase (3.43%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 29,069,432	\$ 25,934,433	\$23,369,161

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Fire-Rescue supplemental disability OPEB plan recognized OPEB expenses of \$1,776,852. At September 30, 2021, the supplemental disability plan reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 10,650,503	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	3,082,580	947,463
Total	<u>\$ 13,733,083</u>	<u>\$ 947,463</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending September 30:	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows), net
2022	\$ 1,031,645
2023	1,031,645
2024	1,031,645
2025	1,031,645
2026	1,031,645
Thereafter	7,627,395
	<u>\$ 12,785,620</u>

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COMPONENT UNIT – Solid Waste Authority (SWA)

Retirees of the SWA pay an amount equal to the actual premium for health insurance charged by the carrier. The premium charged includes an implied subsidy, as the amount charged for all participants (active employee or retiree) is the same, regardless of age. Under GASB 75, an implied subsidy is considered other post-employment benefits (OPEB).

Plan Description

The SWA provides a single employer defined benefit health care plan to all of its employees and the plan is administered by the SWA. The plan has no assets and does not issue a separate financial report.

Benefits Provided

The plan allows its employees and their beneficiaries, at their own cost, to obtain medical/Rx and other insurance benefits upon retirement. The benefits of the plan are in accordance with Florida Statutes, which are the legal authority for the plan.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At September 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees	387
Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	<u>12</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>399</u></u>

Contributions

The SWA does not make direct contributions to the plan on behalf of retirees. Retirees and their beneficiaries pay the same group health rates as active employees. However, the SWA's actuaries, in their actuarial valuation, calculate an offset to the cost of these benefits as an employer contribution, based upon an implicit rate subsidy. This offset equals the total annual age-adjusted costs paid by the SWA, or its active employees, for coverage of the retirees and their dependents net of the retiree's own payments for the year.

Total OPEB Liability

The SWA's total OPEB liability of \$755,000 was measured as of September 30, 2021 and was determined by the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020.

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Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other methods:

Valuation Date:	September 30, 2020
Discount Rate:	2.15% per annum Source: Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index
Salary Increase Rate:	3.0% per annum
Medical Consumer Price Index Trend:	3.0% per annum
Inflation Rate:	3.0% per annum
Census Data:	The census was provided by the SWA as of October 2020.
Marriage Rate:	The spousal participation assumed at retirement is 15%.
Spouse Age:	Spouse dates of birth were provided by the SWA. Where this information is missing, male spouses are assumed to be three years older than female spouses.
Medicare Eligibility:	All current and future retirees are assumed to be eligible for Medicare at age 65.
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal based on level percentage of projected salary.
Amortization Method:	<i>Experience/Assumptions</i> gains and losses are amortized over the closed period of 9.4 years starting the current fiscal year, equal to the average remaining service of active and inactive plan members (who have no future service).
Plan Participation Percentage:	The participation percentage is the assumed rate of future eligible retirees who elect to continue health coverage at retirement. It is assumed that 20% of future retirees will participate in the pre-65 retiree medical plan and 1% continue upon Medicare eligibility. This assumes that a one-time irrevocable election to participate is made at retirement.
Mortality Rates:	Pub-2010 mortality table with generational scale MP-2019.

Discount Rate

The SWA does not have a dedicated Trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. Per GASB 75, the discount rate is a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bonds. As a result, the calculation used a rate of 2.15%, as of September 30, 2021.

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Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$ 770,000
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	30,000
Interest Cost	17,000
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	-
Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs	1,000
Benefit Payment	(63,000)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(15,000)
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$ 755,000

Changes in Assumptions

As of September 30, 2021, all assumptions, methods, and results are based on the fiscal year 2020 GASB 75 actuarial report dated February 1, 2021. There have been no significant changes to the assumptions since the report except the discount rate, which decreased from 2.21% to 2.15%.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the SWA, as well as what the SWA's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.15%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.15%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0% Decrease (1.15%)	Discount Rate (2.15%)	1.0% Increase (3.15%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 782,000	\$ 755,000	\$ 726,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the SWA, as well as what the SWA's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trends that are 1-percentage-

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point lower (4.5% decreasing to 3.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.5% decreasing to 5.50%) then the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare cost		
	1.0% Decrease (4.5% decreasing to 3.50%)	Trend Rates (5.5% decreasing to 4.50%)	1.0% Increase (6.5% decreasing to 5.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ <u>705,000</u>	\$ <u>755,000</u>	\$ <u>809,000</u>

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the SWA recognized OPEB expense of \$62,000. At September 30, 2021, the SWA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 163,000
Changes of Assumptions/Inputs	<u>284,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 284,000</u>	<u>\$ 170,000</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ending:</u>	
September 30, 2022	\$ 15,000
September 30, 2023	15,000
September 30, 2024	15,000
September 30, 2025	15,000
September 30, 2026	15,000
Thereafter	<u>39,000</u>
	<u>\$ 114,000</u>

12. REFUNDING OF DEBT

Advance Refundings:

Certain bond issues have been refunded through in-substance defeasance by placing into irrevocable trust funds sufficient monies to meet future principal and interest payments. These

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funds have been invested in U.S. Government securities and securities backed by the U.S. Government.

On October 27, 2020 Palm Beach County issued \$59,375,000 Series 2020 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds for the purpose of advance refunding \$51,325,000 of Series 2013 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2024. The County placed into irrevocable trust funds sufficient to pay interest on said bonds and redeem those bonds on the October 1, 2023 call date. As a result, the County recognized an accounting loss of \$4,833,851, but realized a difference between the cash flows to service the old debt and the new debt of \$8,398,635 and an economic gain of \$7,708,533.

On April 29, 2021 Palm Beach County issued \$44,705,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2021B to advance refund \$41,395,000 of outstanding Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2012. The net proceeds of \$44,457,892 (after allowing for \$6,750 issuance premium and \$253,858 in issuance costs) were utilized to pay off a portion of the outstanding Series 2012 Bonds. The reacquisition price was less than carrying amount, resulting in an accounting gain of \$3,172,324. This netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The County decreased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$3,295,092 over a period of 3 years and obtained an economic gain of approximately \$2,979,360 (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments). The purpose of the refunding was to take advantage of unusually low interest rates that were available at this time.

On April 29, 2021 Palm Beach County issued \$69,235,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds (Professional Sports Facility Project), Federally Taxable Series 2021C to advance refund \$56,645,000 of outstanding Tax-Exempt, Series 2015D. The net proceeds of \$68,223,600 (after allowing for \$68,949 issuance discount and \$942,451 in issuance costs) were utilized to pay off a portion of the outstanding Series 2015 Bonds. The reacquisition price was greater than the carrying amount, resulting in an accounting loss of \$3,806,351. This netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The County decreased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$10,111,930 over a period of 24 years and obtained an economic gain of approximately \$8,437,802 (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments). The purpose of the refunding was to take advantage of unusually low interest rates that were available at this time.

The amount of in-substance defeased bonds outstanding, as of September 30, 2021, consists of the following:

<u>Bond Issues</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Governmental Funds:	\$98,040,000
Proprietary Funds:	-
Total Defeased Bonds Outstanding	<u><u>\$98,040,000</u></u>

Current Refundings:

There were no current year refundings during the year ended September 30, 2021.

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13. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities – The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2021 for both governmental activities and business-type activities:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 44,740,000	\$ -	\$ 9,040,000	\$ 35,700,000	\$ 9,450,000
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements	57,191,080	-	6,818,169	50,372,911	6,985,286
Non-ad valorem revenue bonds	545,125,000	164,990,000	140,030,000	570,085,000	46,315,000
Unamortized bond premiums	58,443,154	11,785,644	21,193,502	49,035,296	-
Total bonds payable	705,499,234	176,775,644	177,081,671	705,193,207	62,750,286
Notes and loans payable	19,933,970	189,375	1,755,507	18,367,838	1,721,477
Compensated absences	205,119,519	82,168,668	68,246,212	219,041,975	10,549,663
Capital leases	223,293	-	75,424	147,869	79,068
Estimated Self-Insurance liability	326,492,113	83,108,892	116,404,485	293,196,520	21,479,079
Sub-total	1,257,268,129	342,242,579	363,563,299	1,235,947,409	96,579,573
Net pension liability	1,813,907,623	-	1,259,273,705	554,633,918	-
Net OPEB liability	446,085,876	-	11,738,995	434,346,881	-
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 3,517,261,628</u>	<u>\$ 342,242,579</u>	<u>\$ 1,634,575,999</u>	<u>\$ 2,224,928,208</u>	<u>\$ 96,579,573</u>

Long-term liabilities other than debt (bonds and loans) are liquidated by the governmental funds incurring the expenditure. Specifically for compensated absences, the General Fund liquidates 84%, with the Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund liquidating 11% and the Road Program Capital Projects Fund liquidating less than 1%. The remaining 4% is liquidated by the Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund, other Special Revenue Funds, and the Internal Service Funds. For the estimated Self-Insurance liability, the General Fund liquidates 73% with the remaining 27% liquidated by the Internal Service Funds. The capital leases are liquidated 100% by the General Fund. The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are liquidated in the respective General Fund, Special Revenue Fund or Internal Service Fund which incur personnel expenditures.

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Business-type activities:					
Bonds payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 193,495,000	\$ 59,375,000	\$ 59,590,000	\$ 193,280,000	\$ 8,890,000
Unamortized bond premiums	21,712,235	-	8,456,860	13,255,375	-
Total bonds payable	215,207,235	59,375,000	68,046,860	206,535,375	8,890,000
Notes and loans payable	6,290,593	-	602,202	5,688,391	613,670
Compensated absences	4,975,102	259,214	277,152	4,957,164	449,371
Sub-total	226,472,930	59,634,214	68,926,214	217,180,930	9,953,041
Net pension liability	53,581,684	-	35,871,015	17,710,669	-
Total OPEB liability	1,654,523	-	90,407	1,564,116	-
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 281,709,137</u>	<u>\$ 59,634,214</u>	<u>\$ 104,887,636</u>	<u>\$ 236,455,715</u>	<u>\$ 9,953,041</u>

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Governmental Activities General Long-Term Debt

General long-term debt, including current maturities, at September 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

General Obligation Bonds

\$19,530,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Library District Improvement Project), Series 2010 were issued for paying and defeasing the County's outstanding General Obligation Bonds (Library District Improvement Project), Series 2003 maturing on and after July 1, 2014. The annual installments range from \$1,970,000 to \$2,090,000 through July 1, 2023, with an interest rate of 3.000% payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.	\$ 4,120,000
\$28,700,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Recreational and Cultural Facilities), Series 2010 were issued for paying and defeasing a portion of the County's outstanding General Obligation Bonds (Recreational and Cultural Facilities), Series 2003 maturing on and after July 1, 2014 and a portion of its General Obligation Bonds (Recreational and Cultural Facilities), Series 2005 maturing on and after July 1, 2016. The annual installments range from \$1,725,000 to \$3,335,000 through July 1, 2025, with an interest rate of 5.000% payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.	\$ 10,050,000
\$11,865,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Library District Improvement Projects), Series 2014 were issued for paying and defeasing a portion of the County's outstanding General Obligation Bonds (Library District Improvement Project), Series 2006 maturing on and after August 1, 2016. The annual installments range from \$1,315,000 to \$1,565,000 through August 1, 2025, with interest rates from 3.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.	\$ 5,900,000
\$28,035,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Waterfront Access Projects), Series 2014 were issued for paying and defeasing a portion of the County's outstanding General Obligation Bonds (Waterfront Access Projects), Series 2006 maturing on and after August 1, 2016. The annual installments range from \$2,730,000 to \$3,350,000 through August 1, 2026, with interest rates from 3.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.	\$ 15,630,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	<u>\$ 35,700,000</u>

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Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

\$11,598,107 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Convention Center Hotel Project), Series 2010 were issued to pay the principal on the County's Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes (Convention Center Hotel Project), Series 2007. The annual installments range from \$861,227 to \$1,066,262 through November 1, 2024, with an interest rate of 5.484% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 3,943,825

\$16,189,340 Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds (Four Points and Other Public Buildings Projects), Series 2012 was issued to pay the County's Capital Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2009. The annual installments range from \$1,091,291 to \$1,176,435 through March 1, 2027, with an interest rate of 2.520% payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 6,842,641

\$13,180,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, (Max Planck 3 Project), Series 2013 was issued to fund the third installment of the grant to Max Planck Florida Corporation, and to pay the costs of issuing the Bond. The annual installments range from \$855,767 to \$1,039,969 through December 1, 2028, with an interest rate of 3.0% payable annually on December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 7,652,258

\$18,805,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Max Planck 3 Project), Series 2015B was issued to fund the fifth installment of the grant to Max Planck Florida Corporation, and to pay the costs of issuing the Bond. The annual installments range from \$1,900,000 to \$2,115,000 through December 1, 2025, with an interest rate of 2.730% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 10,035,000

\$22,540,000 Revenue Improvement Refunding Bonds (Ocean Avenue Lantana Bridge and Max Planck Florida Corporation Projects), Series 2018 was issued for paying the County's outstanding Revenue Improvement Bonds (Ocean Avenue Lantana Bridge and Max Planck Florida Corporation Projects), Series 2011. The annual installments range from \$1,575,000 to \$1,960,000 through August 1, 2031, with an interest rate of 2.890% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 17,805,000

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\$11,697,676 Public Improvement Revenue Note (Environmentally Sensitive Land Acquisition Project) Series 2008 was issued to pay the cost of the acquisition of environmentally sensitive land in Palm Beach County. The annual installments are \$584,884 through August 1, 2028, with a variable rate of interest in effect of 2.320% payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The note is not a general obligation of the County and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues.	\$ 4,094,187
Total Notes from Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements	\$ 50,372,911

Non-Ad Valorem Bonds

\$62,775,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds (Convention Center Project), Series 2011 were issued to defease and pay at redemption that portion of the County's outstanding \$81,340,000 original aggregate principal amount of Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds (Convention Center Project), Series 2004 maturing on November 1, 2030. This was partially refunded in fiscal year 2020. The annual installments range from \$3,370,000 to \$5,560,000 through November 1, 2030, with an interest rate of 5.00% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.	\$ 3,545,000

\$147,000,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 were issued to defease and redeem the County's outstanding Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 maturing on and after August 1, 2015 and its Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2004A maturing on and after November 1, 2015 and its Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2005A maturing on and after June 1, 2016. This was partially refunded in fiscal year 2021. The annual installments range from \$12,135,000 to \$15,390,000 through June 1, 2022, with an interest rate of 5.00% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.	\$ 16,590,000

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\$28,075,000 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Convention Center Hotel Project), Series 2013 was issued for the purpose of providing funds to finance a portion of the costs of development, acquisition, construction, and equipping of a convention center hotel to be located adjacent to the County's convention center pursuant to written agreements related to this development, and to the pay costs of issuance of the Bonds. This was partially refunded in fiscal year 2020. The annual installments range from \$605,000 to \$665,000 through November 1, 2023, with an interest rate from 2.75% to 3.75% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 1,930,000

\$72,445,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A for the purpose of providing funds to refund and redeem the following outstanding obligations of the County: (a) a portion of the callable maturities of the Palm Beach County, Florida Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 (Parking Facilities Expansion Project), (b) a portion of the outstanding Palm Beach County, Florida Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A (Biomedical Research Park Project), (c) a portion of the outstanding Palm Beach County, Florida Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2007B (Biomedical Research Park Project) and (d) a portion of the callable maturities of the Palm Beach County, Florida Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2007C (Biomedical Research Park Project). Proceeds of the bonds were used to pay the cost of issuance of the bonds. The annual installments range from \$6,360,000 to \$8,570,000 through November 1, 2027, with an interest rate from 3.00% to 5.00% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 53,315,000

\$63,635,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 for the purpose of providing funds to refund and redeem the following outstanding obligations of the County: (a) all of the callable maturities of the Palm Beach County, Florida Refunding Public Improvement Sunshine State Government Finance Commission, Series 2008A and (b) a portion of the outstanding Palm Beach County, Florida Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2008-2. Proceeds of the bonds will also be used to pay the cost of issuance of the Bonds. The annual installments range from \$5,730,000 to \$6,655,000 through November 1, 2028, with an interest rate from 3.00% to 5.00% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 45,915,000

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\$63,155,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Various Public Improvements Project) Series 2015A. The bond was issued by Palm Beach County for the purpose of providing funds for the construction of a public parking garage adjacent to the County Convention Center and the renovation of a portion of a County-owned office building. The annual installments range from \$2,585,000 to \$4,295,000 through November 1, 2035, with an interest rate from 2.00% to 4.00% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 50,840,000

\$65,360,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Professional Sports Franchise Facility Project), Series 2015C was issued for the purpose of financing the cost of the construction and equipping of a professional sports franchise facility. The annual installments range from \$2,590,000 to \$3,425,000 through December 1, 2045, with an interest rate from 2.354% to 4.698% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 57,320,000

\$121,035,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 were issued for paying and defeasing the County's outstanding Public Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2008. The annual installments range from \$4,035,000 to \$9,250,000 through May 1, 2038, with an interest rate of 5.00% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 109,495,000

\$41,830,000 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bond (Convention Center Project), Series 2019A was issued in Fiscal Year 2020 as a non-ad valorem bond to partially refund the Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 for the Convention Center Project. The annual installments range from \$495,000 to \$4,910,000 through November 1, 2030 with an interest rate of 2.00% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bond is not a general obligation and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 41,335,000

\$25,180,000 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bond (Convention Center Hotel Project), Series 2019B was issued in Fiscal Year 2020 as a non-ad valorem bond to partially refund the Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2013 for the Convention Center Hotel Project. The annual installments range from \$330,000 to \$1,425,000 through November 1, 2043 with an interest rate from 3.00% to 3.35% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bond is not a general obligation and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 24,810,000

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\$51,050,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Supervisor of Elections Operations Building), Series 2021A were issued in Fiscal Year 2021 as a non-ad valorem bond to acquire, construct, develop and equip the Supervisor of Elections Operations Building and related facilities. The annual installments range from \$1,385,000 to \$3,570,000 through November 1, 2040 with an interest rate of 3.848% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bond is not a general obligation and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 51,050,000

\$44,705,000 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2021B were issued in Fiscal Year 2021 to finance the costs of refunding all or a portion of the County's Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012. The annual installments range from \$1,350,000 to \$12,265,000 through November 1, 2024 with an interest rate of 3.00% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bond is not a general obligation and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 44,705,000

\$69,235,000 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Professional Sports Franchise Facility Project), Series 2021C were issued in Fiscal Year 2021 to finance the costs of refunding all or a portion of the County's Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Professional Sports Franchise Facility Project), tax-exempt Series 2015D. The annual installments range from \$950,000 to \$2,190,000 through November 1, 2045 with an interest rate of 3.00% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bond is not a general obligation and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues. \$ 69,235,000

Total Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Bonds	<u>\$ 570,085,000</u>
Total Face Amount of Bonds Payable	\$ 656,157,911
Unamortized bond premiums	<u>\$ 49,035,296</u>
Total Governmental Activities Bonds Payable	<u>\$ 705,193,207</u>

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Notes and Loans Payable

\$2,600,000 - HUD Section 108 Loan. \$2,600,000 is authorized leaving \$0 available for future financing. The HUD Loan was obtained to provide funding for County loans to various borrowers for the Belle Glade Avenue "A" Revitalization Project. The annual installments range from \$1,000 to \$47,000 through August 1, 2033, with a variable rate of interest in effect of .33013% payable quarterly on February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1 of each year. The loans are general obligations of the County. The debt service will be paid using the cash flows received by the County from the sub-recipient borrowers. In the event the cash flows from the sub-recipients are not sufficient to service the HUD loans, the County is obligated to use other resources.

As of September 30, 2021 the outstanding individual loans are as follows:

\$	199,000	- Glades Gas & Electric, 2009	\$	34,000
	878,000	- Muslet Brothers, 2010		405,000
	21,000	- Building 172, Belle Glade, 2012		10,000
	592,000	- America's Sound, 2012		313,000
	770,000	- Old City Hall - BI Development, 2013		490,000
	51,000	- Building 172 Overrun, 2013		<u>36,000</u>
			\$	1,288,000

\$13,340,000 - HUD Section 108 Loan. \$13,340,000 is authorized leaving \$0 available for future financing. The HUD Loan was obtained to provide funding for County loans to various borrowers for the Community Development Business Loan Program Project. The annual installments range from \$13,000 to \$327,000 through August 1, 2034, with a variable rate of interest in effect of .33013% payable quarterly on February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1 of each year. The loans are general obligations of the County. The debt service will be paid using the cash flows received by the County from the sub-recipient borrowers. In the event the cash flows from the sub-recipients are not sufficient to service the HUD loans, the County is obligated to use other resources.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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As of September 30, 2021 the outstanding individual loans are as follows:

\$ 5,948,000	- Oxygen Development LLC, 2011	\$ 2,943,000
265,000	- Donia Adams Roberts PA, 2011	126,000
257,000	- F&T of Belle Glade, 2011	117,000
1,412,000	- Glades Plaza Enterprises LLC, 2012	746,000
473,000	- Doctor's Scientific Organica, 2012	250,000
264,000	- Medical Career Institute, 2012	48,000
244,000	- A&E Auto Sales, 2012	130,000
244,000	- SSB Investments, 2013	140,000
196,000	- GUS Distribution Corporation, 2014	98,000
179,000	- Pinewood Cleaners Inc., 2014	32,000
1,898,000	- Critical Needs Program, 2014	<u>1,458,000</u>
		\$ 6,088,000

\$2,824,000 - HUD Section 108 Loan. \$2,824,000 is authorized leaving \$0 available for future financing. The HUD Loan was obtained to provide funding for County loans to various borrowers for the Pahokee Downtown Revitalization Project. The annual installments range from \$5,000 to \$110,000 through August 1, 2035, with a variable rate of interest in effect of .33013% payable quarterly on February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1 of each year. The loans are general obligations of the County. The debt service will be paid using the cash flows received by the County from the sub-recipient borrowers. In the event the cash flows from the sub-recipient are not sufficient to service the HUD loans, the County is obligated to use other resources.

As of September 30, 2021 the outstanding individual loans are as follows:

\$ 152,000	- Circle S Pharmacy, 2010	\$ 72,000
100,000	- Simco, 2012	55,000
609,000	- EHR Tech LLC, 2014	121,000
1,963,000	- Pahokee Revitalization Program, 2015	<u>1,463,000</u>
		\$ 1,711,000

\$10,000,000 - HUD Section 108 Loan. \$10,000,000 is authorized leaving \$0 available for future financing. The HUD Loan was obtained to provide funding for County loans to various borrowers for the Community Development Business Loan Program Project. The annual installments range from \$13,000 to \$421,000 through August 1, 2037, with a variable rate of interest in effect of .33013% payable quarterly on February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1 of each year. The loans are general obligations of the County. The debt service will be paid using the cash flows received by the County from the sub-recipient borrowers. In the event the cash flows from the sub-recipient are not sufficient to service the HUD loans, the County is obligated to use other resources.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

As of September 30, 2021, the outstanding individual loans are as follows:

\$ 2,300,000	- Jupiter CY, 2013	\$ 220,000	
258,000	- Old City Hall - BI Development 2, 2014	167,000	
7,442,000	- Final Draw, 17	<u>6,616,000</u>	
			\$ 7,003,000

\$400,000 - USDA Palm Beach County Relending Program (PBC IRP) funded by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. PBC IRP loans provide a dedicated, national source of low interest loans for use by individuals, a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, non-profit corporation, or entity with economic development projects located in the rural areas to alleviate poverty and increase economic activity and employment. The annual installments range from \$844 to \$5,065 through April 15, 2044, with an interest rate of 1.00% payable annually on April 15 of each year. The debt service will be paid using the cash flows received by the County from the sub-recipient borrowers. In the event the cash flows from the sub-recipient are not sufficient to service the USDA loans, the County is obligated to use other resources.

As of September 30, 2021 the outstanding individual loans are as follows:

\$ 150,000	- IRP BI Development Group, 2014	\$ 125,228	
25,000	- IRP Gus Distributing Corp, 2014	20,871	
150,000	- IRP EHR LLC, 2014	125,228	
75,000	- IRP PR Local Electric, 2014	<u>62,614</u>	
			\$ 333,941

\$1,568,000 - HUD Section 108 Loan. \$1,568,000 is authorized leaving \$0 available for future financing. The HUD Loan was obtained to provide funding for County loans to various borrowers for the Community Development Business Loan Program Project. The annual installments range from \$14,000 to \$72,000 through August 1, 2038, with a variable rate of interest in effect of .33013% payable quarterly on February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1 of each year. The loans are general obligations of the County. The debt service will be paid using the cash flows received by the County from the sub-recipient borrowers. In the event the cash flows from the sub-recipients are not sufficient to service the HUD loans, the County is obligated to use other resources.

As of September 30, 2021 the outstanding loans are as follows:

\$ 131,000	- Kiddie Haven Pre-School Inc., 2014	\$ 30,000	
1,437,000	- Economic Development Loan Project Fund, 2018	<u>1,221,000</u>	
			\$ 1,251,000

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

\$692,897 - USDA Palm Beach County Relending Program (PBC IRP) funded by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. \$1,000,000 is authorized leaving \$307,103 available for future financing. PBC IRP loans provide a dedicated, national source of low interest loans for use by individuals, a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, non-profit corporation, or entity with economic development projects located in the rural areas to alleviate poverty and increase economic activity and employment. The annual installments range from \$1,777 to \$8,890 through November 21, 2047, with an interest rate of 1.00% payable annually on November 13 of each year. The debt service will be paid using the cash flows received by the County from the sub-recipient borrowers. In the event of cash flows from the sub-recipient are not sufficient to service the USDA loans, the County is obligated to use other resources.

As of September 30, 2021 the outstanding individual loans are as follows:

\$	100,000	-	IRP - Glades Plaza Enterprises, LLC, 2019	\$	100,000
	90,522	-	IRP - Madina Sod Corporation, 2019		90,522
	150,000	-	IRP - ARK 305, LLC, 2020		150,000
	100,000	-	IRP - ARC Realty Holding LLC, 2020		100,000
	34,000	-	IRP - ARC Development Global LLC, 2020		34,000
	29,000	-	IRP - Myr's Management Services LLC, 2020		29,000
	150,000	-	IRP - JEM Farms, 2021		150,000
	39,375	-	IRP - Cutting Edge Landscape Services LLC, 2021		39,375
					\$ 692,897
Total Notes and Other Loans Payable					\$ 18,367,838

Line of Credit

The County does not have any outstanding line of credit agreements

\$ -

Arbitrage Liability

Certain County debt obligations are subject to Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code which requires that interest earned on proceeds from tax-exempt debt be rebated to the federal government to the extent that those earnings exceed the interest cost of the related tax-exempt debt. The arbitrage rebate must be calculated and paid to the federal government every five years from the date of issue until the debt matures. The County employs a consultant to make computations on an annual basis. However, since the rebate is cumulative (excess earnings in one year can be offset with deficit earnings in another year), the annually computed estimate may change significantly (increase or decrease) before the actual due date.

\$ -

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are liquidated by the governmental fund incurring the expense.

General Fund

Board of County Commissioners	\$ 17,068,449
Clerk & Comptroller	-
Sheriff	162,726,846
Tax Collector	970,556
Property Appraiser	2,561,345
Supervisor of Elections	221,268
Total General Fund	<u>\$ 183,548,464</u>
Special Revenue Funds	33,964,529
Capital Project Funds	723,331
Internal Service Funds	<u>805,651</u>

\$ 219,041,975

Capital Leases (see note on Leases)

147,869

Estimated Self-Insurance Obligation (see note on Risk Management)

293,196,520

Total governmental activities general long-term debt including current portion

\$ 1,235,947,409

Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt

Business-type long-term debt, including current portion, at September 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Revenue Bonds

\$44,105,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 (FPL Reclaimed Water Project) were issued to pay the cost of refunding the County's Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 (FPL Reclaimed Water Project) which financed the acquisition and construction of additions to the County's Water and Sewer System and to reimburse Florida Power and Light for costs advanced by them. The annual installments range from \$1,575,000 to \$3,455,000 through October 1, 2040, with interest rates from 2.500% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the County's Water and Sewer System and a first lien on and pledge of the connection fees.

\$ 42,610,000

\$72,430,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 were issued to pay the cost of advance refunding a portion of the County's Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A. The annual installments range from \$3,600,000 to \$3,900,000 through October 1, 2024, with interest rates from 4.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the County's Water and Sewer system and a first lien on and pledge of the connection fees.

\$ 11,240,000

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

\$26,930,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 was issued to partially refund the Series 2006A Bonds through an in-substance defeasance. The Department placed into irrevocable trusts funds sufficient to meet future principal and interest payments on the defeased bonds, outstanding principal of which was \$25,300,000. The installments range from \$7,535,000 to \$8,080,000 through October 1, 2036, with an interest rate from 3.125% to 4.000% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable solely from and secured from the accounts pledged under the bond resolution. \$ 23,385,000

\$59,375,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 were issued to advance refund \$51,325,000 of the Series 2013 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2024. The annual installments range from \$1,315,000 to \$5,865,000 through October 1, 2033, with an interest rate of 0.2% to 1.75% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable solely from and secured from the accounts pledged under the bond resolution. \$ 59,375,000

\$57,070,000 Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 were issued to advance refund the Airport System Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B. The annual installments range from \$2,400,000 to \$4,980,000 through October 1, 2036, with an interest rate of 5.000% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable solely from and secured from the net revenues available for Debt Service and the funds and accounts pledged under the bond resolution. \$ 56,670,000

Total face value of Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 193,280,000
Unamortized bond premiums	13,255,375
Net Revenue Bonds, Business-Type Activities	\$ 206,535,375

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Notes and Loans Payable

\$9,706,342 – Florida Department of Environmental Protection Loans. These State Revolving Fund Loans were assumed by the County on May 1, 2013 under the terms of the County's absorption of the Glades Utility Authority (GUA). The annual installments range from \$11,661 to \$245,218 through May 15, 2033, with interest rates from 1.640% to 2.820% payable semi-annually. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the County's Water and Sewer system and a first lien on and pledge of the connection fees.

As of September 30, 2021 the outstanding loans are as follows:

\$ 430,015	- Pahokee SRF Loan	\$ 242,706	
722,989	- Belle Glade SRF Loan	353,727	
6,515,388	- Belle Glade SRF Loan	3,682,287	
2,037,950	- Belle Glade SRF Loan	<u>1,409,671</u>	
			<u>\$ 5,688,391</u>

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are liquidated by the governmental fund incurring the expense.

Business-Type Fund

Water Utilities Department	\$ 3,690,055	
Department of Airports	<u>1,267,109</u>	
		<u>\$ 4,957,164</u>

Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt, including current portion	<u><u>\$ 217,180,930</u></u>

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for governmental activities long-term debt are as follows:

Governmental Activities General Long-Term Debt

Year Ending September 30	General Obligation Bonds		Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Bonds		Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements		Notes and Loans Payable		Total
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2022	\$ 9,450,000	\$ 1,445,900	\$ 46,315,000	\$ 20,458,035	\$ 6,985,286	\$ 1,437,090	\$ 1,715,441	\$ 67,671	\$ 87,874,423
2023	9,880,000	1,014,000	48,665,000	18,078,427	7,160,689	1,218,907	1,498,198	61,575	87,576,796
2024	6,395,000	561,800	43,370,000	16,819,671	7,339,534	994,397	1,388,199	56,367	76,924,968
2025	6,625,000	335,450	44,665,000	15,481,270	7,521,987	763,313	1,389,199	51,505	76,832,724
2026	3,350,000	100,500	33,675,000	14,106,421	6,588,486	556,388	1,390,199	46,700	59,813,694
2027-2031	-	-	146,005,000	52,798,151	14,776,929	1,065,465	6,624,280	161,204	221,431,029
2032-2036	-	-	103,760,000	31,686,327	-	-	3,422,099	72,956	138,941,382
2037-2041	-	-	72,185,000	12,290,602	-	-	760,199	24,218	85,260,019
2042-2046	-	-	31,445,000	2,873,385	-	-	140,772	7,724	34,466,881
2047-2051	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,252	770	40,022
Total	<u>\$ 35,700,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,457,650</u>	<u>\$ 570,085,000</u>	<u>\$ 184,592,289</u>	<u>\$ 50,372,911</u>	<u>\$ 6,035,560</u>	<u>\$ 18,367,838</u>	<u>\$ 550,690</u>	<u>\$ 869,161,938</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for business-type activities long-term debt are as follows:

Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt

Year Ending September 30	Revenue Bonds		Notes and Loans Payable		Total
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2022	\$ 8,890,000	\$ 6,262,436	\$ 613,670	\$ 110,257	\$ 15,876,363
2023	9,240,000	5,908,796	625,366	98,561	15,872,723
2024	9,605,000	5,528,278	637,296	86,631	15,857,205
2025	9,920,000	5,200,521	649,464	74,463	15,844,448
2026	18,840,000	4,934,088	661,875	62,052	24,498,015
2027-2031	57,380,000	19,896,091	2,231,697	135,583	79,643,371
2032-2036	62,890,000	10,271,299	269,023	9,549	73,439,871
2037-2041	16,515,000	885,300	-	-	17,400,300
Total	<u>\$ 193,280,000</u>	<u>\$ 58,886,809</u>	<u>\$ 5,688,391</u>	<u>\$ 577,096</u>	<u>\$ 258,432,296</u>

CONDUIT DEBT

The County issues Industrial Development Bonds to provide financial assistance to not-for-profit and private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The County is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. During the current reporting period, three (3) series of Industrial Development Bonds were issued with an aggregate par value of \$98.7 million. As of September 30, 2021, there were fifty-six (56) series of Industrial Development Bonds outstanding, with an estimated aggregate principal amount payable of \$1.057 billion.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

COMPONENT UNIT – Solid Waste Authority (SWA)

Revenue Bonds Payable

Revenue bonds payable by the SWA at September 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

Direct Placement Revenue Bonds:	
Series 2021	\$ 118,295,000
Series 2019	347,605,000
Revenue Bonds:	
Series 2017	62,760,000
Series 2015	50,330,000
Series 2011 (1)	363,415,000
Unamortized premium and discount, net	22,954,049
Net revenue bonds payable	<u>965,359,049</u>
Less current maturities	<u>(363,415,000)</u>
Revenue bonds payable, long-term portion	<u><u>\$ 601,944,049</u></u>

- (1) On October 1, 2021, funds held in escrow will refund Series 2011 Refunding Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$336,665,000 and \$6,410,000 of the Series 2011 Refunding Revenue Bonds will be called using the SWA's debt service reserve fund.

Series 2021: \$118,295,000 Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 dated July 6, 2021. The Series 2021 Bonds, in conjunction with approximately \$2.5 million in the SWA's Debt Service Reserve Fund and \$1.5 million from the Debt Service Fund provided funding to advance refund and defease \$119,055,000 of the SWA's outstanding Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 and pay the cost of Issuance of the Series 2021 Bonds.

The advance refunding of the Series 2011 by the SWA reduced its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$18,144,000 over the life of the bonds and produced an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of approximately \$13,915,000. Interest on the Series 2021 Bonds is payable semiannually on April 1st and October 1st and principal payments are due on October 1st, with the final payment due on October 1, 2025.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

The debt service requirements and interest rates of the Series 2021 Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Interest Rate %	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	0.67	\$ -	\$ 583,076	\$ 583,076
2023	0.67	22,880,000	715,501	23,595,501
2024	0.67	22,995,000	561,912	23,556,912
2025	0.67	32,820,000	375,043	33,195,043
2026	0.67	39,600,000	132,581	39,732,581
		<u>\$ 118,295,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,368,113</u>	<u>\$ 120,663,113</u>

Series 2019: \$347,605,000 Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 dated February 20, 2019. The Series 2019 Bonds provided funding to purchase U.S. Treasury Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust to (i) pay the interest coming due on the Series 2019 Bonds through October 1, 2021 (the “Crossover Date”), (ii) on the Crossover Date, retire \$336,665,000 of SWA’s outstanding Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 maturing on October 1, 2031, and (iii) pay costs of issuing the Series 2019 Bonds. As a result, the Series 2011 Bonds will not be defeased at the time of issuance of the Series 2019 Bonds, and will remain outstanding for all purposes until the Crossover Date on which date the Series 2011 Bonds will be redeemed and discharged. The Series 2019 Bonds were initially issued at the Taxable Interest Rate of 3.65%. On or prior to the Crossover Date, SWA shall obtain and provide to the registered owners of the Series 2019 Bonds an unqualified opinion of bond counsel to the effect that as of the Crossover Date the interest thereafter payable on the Series 2019 Bonds is excluded from the gross income of the holders thereof for federal income tax purposes, then after the Crossover Date Series 2019 Bonds shall bear interest at the Tax-Exempt Interest Rate of 2.88%.

Interest on the Series 2019 Bonds is payable semiannually on April 1st and October 1st and principal payments are due on October 1st, with the final payment due on October 1, 2031.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

The debt service requirements and interest rates of the Series 2019 Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Interest Rate %	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	2.88	\$ -	\$ 11,349,303	\$ 11,349,303
2023	2.88	1,780,000	9,985,392	11,765,392
2024	2.88	1,845,000	9,933,192	11,778,192
2025	2.88	1,910,000	9,879,120	11,789,120
2026	2.88	1,980,000	9,823,104	11,803,104
2027	2.88	39,875,000	9,220,392	49,095,392
2028	2.88	46,700,000	7,973,712	54,673,712
2029	2.88	49,390,000	6,590,016	55,980,016
2030	2.88	65,605,000	4,934,088	70,539,088
2031	2.88	68,010,000	3,010,032	71,020,032
2032	2.88	70,510,000	1,015,341	71,525,341
		<u>\$ 347,605,000</u>	<u>\$ 83,713,692</u>	<u>\$ 431,318,692</u>

Debt service requirements based on taxable interest rate of 2.88%

Series 2017: \$107,985,000 Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County Refunding Revenue Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2017 dated August 30, 2017. The Series 2017 Bonds, in conjunction with approximately \$16.2 million in the SWA's Debt Service Reserve Fund and \$2.3 million from the Debt Service Fund provided funding to advance refund and defease \$104,280,000 of the SWA's outstanding Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 and pay the cost of issuance of the Series 2017 Bonds.

Interest on the Series 2017 Bonds is payable semiannually on April 1st and October 1st and principal payments are due on October 1st, with the final payment due on October 1, 2024.

The debt service requirements and interest rates of the Series 2017 Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Interest Rate %	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	2.08	\$ -	\$ 1,523,023	\$ 1,523,023
2023	2.28	23,530,000	1,254,428	24,784,428
2024	2.44	24,135,000	691,869	24,826,869
2025	2.64	15,095,000	198,952	15,293,952
		<u>\$ 62,760,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,668,272</u>	<u>\$ 66,428,272</u>

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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On July 15, 2020, the SWA deposited approximately \$23.6 million of available Authority monies into an escrow account to defease \$22,975,000 of Federally Taxable Series 2017 Refunding Revenue Bonds that have a scheduled maturity date of October 1, 2021.

Series 2015: \$50,330,000 Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 dated February 19, 2015. The Series 2015 Bonds, in conjunction with approximately \$83.8 million in the SWA's 2008B Project Account, \$3.0 million from the 2008B Interest Account, and \$6.2 million from the Debt Service Reserve Fund provided funding to advance refund and defease all of the SWA's outstanding Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2008B and pay the cost of issuance of the Series 2015 Bonds.

Interest on the Series 2015 Bonds is payable semiannually on April 1st and October 1st and principal payments are due on October 1st, with the final payment due on October 1, 2028.

The debt service requirements and interest rates of the Series 2015 Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Interest Rate %	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	5.00	\$ -	\$ 2,516,500	\$ 2,516,500
2023	5.00	-	2,516,500	2,516,500
2024	5.00	-	2,516,500	2,516,500
2025	5.00	-	2,516,500	2,516,500
2026	5.00	10,870,000	2,244,750	13,114,750
2027	5.00	11,525,000	1,684,875	13,209,875
2028	5.00	12,130,000	1,093,500	13,223,500
2029	5.00	15,805,000	395,125	16,200,125
		<u>\$ 50,330,000</u>	<u>\$ 15,484,250</u>	<u>\$ 65,814,250</u>

Series 2011: \$599,860,000 Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 dated October 26, 2011. The Series 2011 Bonds, in conjunction with the refunded Series 2010 Bonds, provided funding for the acquisition and construction of the Renewable Energy Facility #2 (REF #2) mass burn facility, funding for the corresponding Debt Service Reserve Account, and funds for the cost of issuance of the Series 2011 Bonds.

Interest on the Series 2011 Bonds is payable semi-annually on April 1st and October 1st and principal payments are due on October 1st.

The debt service requirements and interest rates of the Series 2011 Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Interest Rate %	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	4.00-5.00	\$ 363,415,000	\$ 9,060,406	\$ 372,475,406
		<u>\$ 363,415,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,060,406</u>	<u>\$ 372,475,406</u>

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Defeased Debt

On September 1, 2016 SWA deposited approximately \$7.5 million of available SWA monies into an escrow account to defease \$735,000 of 2011 Refunding Revenue Bonds that have a scheduled maturity date of October 1, 2025 and to defease \$5,450,000 of 2011 Refunding Revenue Bonds that have a schedule maturity date of October 1, 2031 for a total defeasance of \$6,185,000 of 2011 Refunding Revenue Bonds.

On July 6, 2021, the proceeds of the sale of the Series 2021 Bonds, together with funds contributed by the SWA, after payment of costs of issuance, were deposited into the Series 2011 special fund, an irrevocable escrow fund with an independent trustee created under the Indenture. The trustee of the Special Fund invested the amounts on deposit in cash and U.S. Government Securities to provide for refunding all future debt service payments when due. As a result, the \$119,055,000 of the Series 2011 Bonds are considered to be “defeased” and do not constitute a debt or indebtedness of the SWA, nor is the SWA obligated for repayment of these bonds.

On October 1, 2021, funds held in escrow will refund Series 2011 Refunding Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$336,665,000 and \$6,140,000 of the Series 2011 Refunding Revenue Bonds will be called using the SWA’s debt service reserve fund. The principal balance of \$363,415,000 for the Series 2011 Bonds were retired October 1, 2021, which included a principal payment of \$20,340,000.

In accordance with the requirements of the bond documents, revenues are first applied to the Operating Account in an amount sufficient to cover operating expenses. Revenues are next used for the required payments of principal and interest on the outstanding revenue bonds and then the subordinated indebtedness. Revenues are next used to fund the operating reserve and then for the renewal, replacement and capital improvement of the solid waste system. Remaining revenues are deposited in the General Reserve Account.

The Series 2021 Bonds include a provision that outstanding payments in default on this Bond shall bear interest at a rate of 3% above the current Interest Rate on this Bond; provided upon the occurrence of a payment default longer than 90 days, the outstanding principal on this Bond shall bear interest at a rate 3% above the current Interest Rate until such payment default has been cured.

The Series 2019 Bonds include a provision that during the continuance of an event of default or rating event, at the option of the Registered Owner, exercised in writing delivered by it to the Authority, the Interest Rate shall be increased to 12% per annum. If any payment due is not paid within fifteen days after the due date, SWA shall pay the Registered Owner on demand a rate equal to 4% of the overdue payment.

All other revenue bonds include a provision in the event of default that either the Trustee or the Holders of not less than twenty-five percent (25%) in principal amount of the bonds outstanding shall declare the principal of all the bonds then outstanding, and accrued interest thereon, to be due and payable immediately. If an event of default is not remedied, then SWA, upon the demand of the Trustee, will pay the net revenues pledged by the bond covenants to the Trustee.

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The Series 2011 Bonds includes an Extraordinary Optional Redemption clause allowing for redemption of prior to maturity at a redemption price of one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount, plus accrued interest, if any, to the redemption date, in whole or in part at any time, in the event of damage, condemnation or loss of title of the REF#1 and REF#2 renewable energy facilities.

Annual Maturities: Maturities for the outstanding bonds of the SWA are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Revenue Bonds			
	Principal	Interest	Escrow Funds	Total
2022	\$ 363,415,000	\$ 13,099,929	\$ (336,665,000)	\$ 39,849,929
2023	23,530,000	3,770,928	-	27,300,928
2024	24,135,000	3,208,369	-	27,343,369
2025	15,095,000	2,715,452	-	17,810,452
2026	10,870,000	2,244,750	-	13,114,750
2027-2029	39,460,000	3,173,500	-	42,633,500
	<u>\$ 476,505,000</u>	<u>\$ 28,212,928</u>	<u>\$ (336,665,000)</u>	<u>\$ 168,052,928</u>

Year Ending September 30,	Series 2021 and Series 2019 Refunding Revenue Bonds			
	Direct Placement			
	Principal	Interest	Escrow Funds	Total
2022	\$ -	\$ 11,932,379	\$ (6,343,791)	\$ 5,588,588
2023	24,660,000	10,700,893	-	35,360,893
2024	24,840,000	10,495,104	-	35,335,104
2025	34,730,000	10,254,163	-	44,984,163
2026	41,580,000	9,955,685	-	51,535,685
2027-2031	269,580,000	31,728,240	-	301,308,240
2032	70,510,000	1,015,341	-	71,525,341
	<u>\$ 465,900,000</u>	<u>\$ 86,081,805</u>	<u>\$ (6,343,791)</u>	<u>\$ 545,638,014</u>

The Series 2019 Bond Escrow Account will be used to supplement the annual debt service requirements of the Series 2019 Refunding Revenue Bonds until October 1, 2021 (the Crossover Date”) in the amount of \$6,343,791 of interest. On October 1, 2021, funds held in escrow will refund Series 2011 Refunding Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$336,665,000 and \$6,410,000 of the Series 2011 Refunding Revenue Bonds will be called using the SWA’s debt service reserve fund.

Interest Expense: Total interest costs incurred on all SWA debt for the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$39,281,678. For the year ended September 30, 2021, net interest costs (net of revenue on construction funds of \$1,451) \$39,280,227 was expensed.

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Defeased Bonds: In 2015, the SWA defeased \$131,565,000 of Revenue Bonds, Series 2008B by placing cash in an irrevocable escrow fund to provide for all future debt service payments on these bonds. At September 30, 2021, defeased Series 2008B Revenue Bonds totaling \$131,565,000 remain outstanding. In 2016, the SWA defeased \$80,760,000 of Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 by placing cash in an irrevocable escrow fund to provide for all future debt service payments on these bonds and in 2017, the SWA defeased \$104,280,000 of Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 by placing cash in an irrevocable escrow fund to provide for all future debt service payments on these bonds. At September 30, 2021, defeased Series 2009 Revenue Bonds totaling \$146,610,000 remain outstanding. In 2016, the SWA defeased \$6,185,000 of Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 by placing cash in an irrevocable escrow fund to provide for all future debt service payments on these bonds and in 2021, the SWA defeased \$119,055,000 of Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 by placing cash in an irrevocable escrow fund to provide for all future debt service payments on these bonds. At September 30, 2021, defeased Series 2011 Refunding Revenue Bonds totaling \$125,240,000 remain outstanding. In 2020, the SWA defeased \$22,975,000 of Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 by placing cash in an irrevocable escrow fund to provide for all future debt service payments on these bonds. At September 30, 2021, defeased Series 2011 Refunding Revenue Bonds totaling \$22,975,000 remain outstanding.

Changes in Noncurrent Liabilities

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

September 30, 2021	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases & Retirements	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 6,077,455	\$ 3,148,403	\$ (3,188,987)	\$ 6,036,871	\$ 386,963
Net pension liability	38,926,577	-	(23,101,207)	15,825,370	-
Total other postemployment liability	770,000	48,000	(63,000)	755,000	-
Advance capacity payment	41,116,546	-	(2,981,261)	38,135,285	2,981,260
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs	53,237,203	1,292,730	-	54,529,933	363,417
Notes and bonds from direct borrowings and placements:					
Revenue Bond, Series 2019	347,605,000	-	-	347,605,000	-
Revenue bonds:					
Series 2021	-	118,295,000	-	118,295,000	-
Series 2017	83,305,000	-	(20,545,000)	62,760,000	-
Series 2015	50,330,000	-	-	50,330,000	-
Series 2011	503,840,000	-	(140,425,000)	363,415,000	363,415,000
Totals	<u>\$ 1,125,207,781</u>	<u>\$ 122,784,133</u>	<u>\$ (190,304,455)</u>	1,057,687,459	<u>\$ 367,146,640</u>
Unamortized premium and discount, net				22,954,049	
Current maturities				<u>(367,146,640)</u>	
Net long-term debt				<u>\$ 713,494,868</u>	

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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14. PLEDGED REVENUES

The County has pledged a portion of future non-ad valorem revenues to repay \$617.0 million in revenue bonds, notes and loans issued between November 13, 2008 and February 13, 2020. A ten-year history of the pledged revenues is reported in Statistical Table X. Proceeds from the debt provided financing for capital additions, improvements, and expansion of County facilities, equipment and infrastructure. The bonds are payable solely from available non-ad valorem revenues and are payable through December 1, 2045. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$838.2 million with annual requirements ranging from \$79 million in fiscal year 2023 decreasing to \$6.1 million in fiscal year 2046. The pledged non-ad valorem revenues, from which the appropriations will be made, have averaged \$408 million per year over the last 10 years. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total pledged non-ad valorem revenues were \$71.1 million and \$466.5 million, respectively.

The County has pledged future airport revenues net of specified operating expenses to repay \$56.7 million in airport revenue bonds issued between May 17, 2006 and July 26, 2016. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the addition, improvements and expansion of the airport facilities, equipment and infrastructure. The bonds are payable solely from the airport net revenues and are payable through October 1, 2036. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$82.2 million with annual requirements ranging from \$5.1 million in fiscal year 2022 decreasing to \$5.2 million in fiscal year 2035. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 18% of projected future net revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net operating income before interest expense were \$6.2 million and \$27.5 million, respectively.

The County has pledged future water utility revenues net of specified operating expenses to repay \$134 million in water and sewer revenue bonds issued between February 27, 2013 and November 26, 2019. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the addition, improvements and expansion of the water and sewer facilities, equipment and infrastructure. The bonds are payable solely from the water utility net revenues and are payable through October 1, 2040. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$183.6 million with annual requirements ranging from \$0.1 million in fiscal years 2039 and 2040 to \$11.4 million in fiscal year 2035. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 25% of projected future net revenues and connection fees. Principal and interest paid for the current year and utility system net revenues and connection fees were \$11.0 million and \$106.9 million, respectively.

15. TAX ABATEMENTS

Economic Development Tax Exemption

Palm Beach County enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under Ordinance 2013-022, the “Economic Development Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Ordinance of Palm Beach County, Florida”. Article VII, Section 3, of the Constitution of the State of Florida and Section 196.1995, Florida Statutes, empowers the County to grant economic development ad valorem tax exemptions after the electors of the County authorized such exemptions in a

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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referendum held in November 2012. These ad valorem exemptions apply to new businesses relocating to Palm Beach County as well as to the expansions of businesses already situated in the County. The exemption applies only to taxes levied by Palm Beach County. The exemption does not apply to taxes levied by a municipality, school district, or water management district. This ordinance will expire August 31, 2024.

A business granted an exemption for improvements to real and/or tangible personal property must have a positive economic impact on the County's economy, including the creation and maintenance of new full-time jobs. Retail operations are ineligible for ad valorem tax exemptions. For any year that taxes may have been exempted and the County finds that the business was not entitled to the exemption, such taxes may be recovered, and the Property Appraiser will assist the Board to recover any taxes exempted.

Any exemption granted may apply up to one hundred (100%) percent of the assessed value of all improvements to real property made by or for the use of a new business and of all tangible personal property of such new business, or up to one hundred (100%) of the assessed value of all added improvements to real property made to facilitate the expansion of an existing business and of the net increase in all tangible personal property acquired to facilitate such expansion of an existing business, provided that the improvements to real property are made or the tangible personal property is added or increased on or after the effective date of the ordinance specifically granting a business an exemption.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County abated property taxes totaling \$824,366 under this program.

Historic Property Tax Exemption

Article VII, Section 3 of the Florida Constitution authorizes counties and municipalities to grant a partial ad-valorem tax exemption to owner(s) of historic properties for improvements to such properties which are the result of the restoration, renovation or rehabilitation of historic properties. On October 17, 1995, the Board of County Commissioners (BCC) adopted a historic property tax exemption ordinance, Ordinance No. 95-41, applicable countywide. The ordinance allows a qualifying local government to enter into an inter-local agreement with the County to perform review functions necessary to implement the ordinance within its municipal boundary. Currently, the following municipalities participate in the program; the cities of Boynton Beach, Delray Beach, Lake Park, Lake Worth Beach, West Palm Beach, and the Town of Palm Beach.

As a result, the BCC approved an ad-valorem tax exemption to property owners for a ten (10) year period on that portion of ad-valorem County taxes levied on the increase in assessed value resulting from the renovation, restoration, and rehabilitation of qualifying properties. Properties must meet the requirements for tax exemption under Section 196.1997, Florida Statutes. Prior to the ad-valorem exemption being effective, the property owners must execute and record a restrictive covenant in the form established by the State of Florida, Department of State, Division of Historical Resources, requiring the qualifying improvements be maintained during the period that the tax exemption is granted.

In the event of the non-performance or violation of the maintenance provision of the covenant by the owner or any successor-in-interest during the term of the covenant, the Local Historic

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Preservation Office will report such violation to the Property Appraiser and Tax Collector who shall take action pursuant to s. 196.1997 (7), F.S. The Owner shall be required to pay the difference between the total amount of taxes which would have been due in March in each of the previous years in which the covenant was in effect had the property not received the exemption and the total amount of taxes actually paid in those years, plus interest on the difference calculated as provided in s. 212.12 (3) F.S.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the County abated property taxes totaling \$328,205 under this program.

16. COMMITMENTS

Outstanding Purchase Orders and Contracts

Purchase orders and contracts (including construction contracts) had been executed, but goods and services were not received in the amounts shown below as of September 30, 2021:

Governmental Activities:	<u>Amount</u>
Major funds:	
General Fund	\$ 9,588,210
Palm Tran	20,753,259
Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund	11,183,845
COVID-19	8,077,340
Road Program Capital Projects Fund	59,579,433
General Government Capital Projects Fund	83,349,269
Total major funds	<u>192,531,356</u>
Nonmajor governmental activities	<u>50,934,266</u>
Total governmental activities	<u>243,465,622</u>
 Business-type Activities:	
Airports	23,583,207
Water Utilities	103,162,000
Total business-type activities	<u>126,745,207</u>
Total commitments	<u><u>\$ 370,210,829</u></u>

Because the budget authority for these amounts lapses at fiscal year-end, they are not reported as either encumbrances or liabilities in the financial statements. Funds are appropriated at the beginning of each fiscal year to provide for these commitments. These amounts are presented as restricted, committed, or assigned in the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheets, as appropriate, based on the purpose of the funding.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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County Home

The County has an inter-local agreement with the Palm Beach County Health Care District (the District) regarding the Medicaid Match and the County Home and General Care Facility (County Home). The agreement ends in July 2035 and provides that the County will make a fixed annual payment of \$15 million to the District in exchange for the District's agreement to operate and manage the County Home and to pay 100% of the Medicaid Match funding as required by the State for hospital and nursing home care.

Tri-County Commuter Rail Authority

Pursuant to Chapter 343 of the Florida Statutes, the South Florida Regional Transportation Authority (SFRTA) was created and established as an agency of the State to own, operate, maintain, and manage a transit system in the tri-county area of Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties.

A state-authorized, local option recurring funding source available to the tri-counties is directed to SFRTA to fund its capital, operating, and maintenance expenses if the counties dedicate and transfer annually not less than \$2.67 million. In addition, each county shall continue to annually fund the operations of SFRTA in an amount not less than \$1.565 million. The total annual commitment for Palm Beach County is \$4.235 million.

COMPONENT UNIT - Solid Waste Authority (SWA)

Contract Commitments: SWA had outstanding purchase commitments for various equipment, goods and services totaling approximately \$10.0 million at September 30, 2021.

Inter-local Agreement: SWA entered into an inter-local agreement with Palm Beach County to provide funding for a hazardous materials emergency response team to provide regional hazardous materials investigation and mitigation services through the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

SWA paid \$2,383,412 for 2021. SWA is required to pay \$2,454,914 under this agreement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The amount due each year can increase up to 3% per year.

Lease Commitments: SWA owns approximately 1,600 acres of farmland in western Palm Beach County, which is held as a replacement waste disposal site. SWA has an operating lease expiring in 2022 with the former owner to maintain and continue farming the property. The lease provides for annual rental payments to SWA adjusted each year based on the change in the producer price index for raw cane sugar, provided that the total annual rent shall not exceed \$450,000. Rental income from this lease for the year ended September 30, 2021 was approximately \$305,000. The carrying value of the land subject to the lease was approximately \$8 million at September 30, 2021. The lease also provides the option to extend the term for two additional periods of four years each (through 2030), under the same terms and conditions. SWA retains the right to terminate the lease,

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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in part, for areas designated for landfill development by SWA after the initial lease term. Management expects the operating lease to be renewed until the property is utilized for its intended purpose as a replacement waste disposal site.

SWA leases the current site of the Delray Beach transfer station from the City of Delray Beach under a 20-year operating lease that expired on September 30, 2020. The original 20-year lease was extended with an option to renew for an additional 20 years under the existing terms starting on October 1, 2020. The lease provides for annual rental payments increased by the annual change in the consumer price index. Rent expense for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 was approximately \$152,924.

The minimum future rental payments based on an annual increase of 3 percent, under this operating lease at September 30, 2021 were as follows:

September 30,	Amount
2022	<u>\$ 157,512</u>

Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs

The SWA operated one active landfill site for the year ended September 30, 2021. In addition, the SWA is responsible for two landfill sites closed after 1991 and three landfill sites closed prior to 1991. State and federal laws and regulations require the SWA to place a final cover on its operating landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at that and other landfill sites closed after 1991, for thirty years after closure. Although the majority of closure and post-closure care costs will be paid near or after the date that the operating landfill stops accepting waste, the SWA reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each statement of net position date.

Landfill closure and post-closure care liabilities at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Accrued closure and postclosure care costs	\$ 53,076,267
Accrued postclosure care for closed landfills	1,453,666
Total Accrued Landfill Closure Costs	<u><u>\$ 54,529,933</u></u>

The \$53,076,267 of accrued closure and postclosure care liabilities at September 30, 2021 represents the cumulative cost based on the use of 48.5% of the estimated capacity of the operating landfill. The SWA will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of approximately \$77.1 million for the operating landfill as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care in 2021. Based on current demographic information and engineering estimates of landfill

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consumption, the SWA expects to close the landfill in approximately 2054. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The SWA is required by state laws and regulations to make annual contributions to an escrow account to finance all closure costs and one year of postclosure care for landfills closed after 1991. The SWA is in compliance with these requirements, and at September 30, 2021 cash and cash equivalents of \$40,999,127 were held for these purposes and exceeds the minimum required escrow amount as shown on the next page. These amounts are reported as noncurrent restricted assets on the statements of net position. The SWA expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these invested amounts and subsequent annual contributions.

However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional closure or postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future users of the solid waste system or from future non-ad valorem assessments.

At September 30, 2021, the statutorily required escrow account balances were as follows:

Site	
Site 7 closure costs	\$ 37,978,251
Dyer landfill long-term care	363,417
	<u>\$ 38,341,668</u>

State laws and regulations specify that required landfill escrow account balances must be calculated using either the "Pay-in" or the "Balance" method, as they are statutorily defined. During 2006 the SWA changed from the Pay-in method to the Balance method. The SWA will be required to continue using the Balance method through the remaining design life of the Site 7 landfill. Although the SWA is not legally required by state or federal laws and regulations to provide funding for the landfill sites closed prior to 1991, the SWA has accepted financial responsibility for these sites. The annual long-term care funding requirements for these sites were not estimated or accrued at September 30, 2021; however, management does not believe that the annual costs are material to the SWA, and these costs will be adequately funded through future, annual operating budgets.

17. CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The County is involved in various lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of operations. Where it has been determined that a loss is probable related to these matters, a liability has been recorded in our self-insurance obligations. In addition, the County is involved with other matters the outcome of which is not presently determinable; it is the opinion of management of the County,

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

based upon consultation with legal counsel, that the outcome of these matters would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

State and Federal Grants

Grant monies received and disbursed by the County are for specific purposes and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursements due to disallowed expenditures. Based upon prior experience, management does not believe that such disallowances, if any, would have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

Interlocal Agreements

On September 22, 1992 the Board of County Commissioners approved an interlocal agreement between the County and the Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency (Agency), whereby the County has agreed to fund any deficiency in the reserve fund of the Agency's Redevelopment Revenue Bonds. The Agency is required to notify the County on or before May 2nd of each year of any deficiency amount that the Agency expects to exist on the next succeeding November 1st. At present, the County has not been made aware of any deficiency amount.

Bond Guaranty

On October 17, 2000 the Board of County Commissioners approved a trust agreement between the County and U.S. Bank, (the Trustee), whereby the County has agreed to fund any deficiency in the reserve fund of the Palm Beach County, Florida, Industrial Development Revenue Bonds (South Florida Fair project), Series 2000. The Trustee is required to notify the County after June 1st and on or before June 5th of each year of the deficiency amount, if any, as of such date. At present, the County has not been made aware of any deficiency amount.

Letters of credit have been arranged in lieu of debt service reserve surety insurance policies where credit ratings of the insurers declined below the rating required by the bond covenants. Additional information on the letters of credit may be found in the note for long-term debt.

COMPONENT UNIT - Solid Waste Authority (SWA) - Environmental Liabilities:

SWA, in cooperation with other state and local regulatory agencies, maintains an extensive monitoring program for potential environmental contaminants at each of its sites and facilities. These monitoring programs have not identified any contaminants caused by landfill leachate or other operations of SWA. In the event that any environmental contaminants are identified, SWA may be financially responsible for the environmental assessment and cleanup costs, as well as potential fines imposed by governmental regulatory agencies.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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18. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

Major Governmental Funds – The Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$8,804,987 as of September 30, 2021. This deficit is due to delays in receipt of intergovernmental (grant) revenue in fiscal year 2021. Palm Tran management has reported it is a timing issue related to the filing of applications for certain formula-based grants and that additional intergovernmental grant revenue is anticipated to be received by the third quarter of fiscal year 2022 which will alleviate this deficit.

19. RESTATEMENTS

Restatement for Adoption of New Accounting Standard

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 84, “*Fiduciary Activities*” during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. As a result of the implementation of this statement, the County was required to restate Net Position in the Custodial Funds financial statements. Accordingly, beginning Net Position has been restated as follows:

Custodial Fund Financial Statements:

	Custodial Funds			
	Board of		Clerk &	
	County		Comptroller	TOTAL
	Commissioners	Sheriff		
Net position as originally reported, October 1, 2020	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Cumulative effect of GASB Statement No. 84 implementation	58,937	1,452,895	29,843,026	31,354,858
Net position as restated, October 1, 2020	\$ 58,937	\$ 1,452,895	\$ 29,843,026	\$ 31,354,858



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PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability-
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019
County's proportion of the FRS net pension liability	3.32%	3.54%	3.46%
County's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 250,485,166	\$ 1,533,076,137	\$ 1,191,182,897
County's covered payroll	\$ 724,901,768	\$ 709,843,999	\$ 677,246,998
County's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	34.6%	216.0%	175.9%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of June 30 of each year.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
3.46%	3.48%	3.37%	3.15%	3.16%
\$ 1,043,413,647	\$ 1,030,547,249	\$ 850,558,352	\$ 406,204,159	\$ 192,829,398
\$ 664,620,014	\$ 641,557,064	\$ 606,858,696	\$ 585,549,661	\$ 575,072,943
157.0%	160.6%	140.2%	69.4%	33.5%
84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability-
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019
County's proportion of the HIS net pension liability	2.46%	2.42%	2.40%
County's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 301,533,078	\$ 295,240,919	\$ 268,508,328
County's covered payroll	\$ 724,901,768	\$ 709,843,999	\$ 677,246,998
County's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	41.6%	41.6%	39.6%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of June 30 of each year.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
2.40%	2.39%	2.32%	2.32%	2.32%
\$ 254,212,376	\$ 255,558,701	\$ 270,836,258	\$ 236,405,210	\$ 216,601,747
\$ 664,620,014	\$ 641,557,064	\$ 606,858,696	\$ 585,549,661	\$ 575,072,943
38.2%	39.8%	44.6%	40.4%	37.7%
2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of County Contributions-
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$145,197,857	\$ 132,801,047	\$ 122,515,156	\$ 111,481,570	\$ 103,862,641
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$145,197,857	\$ 132,801,047	\$ 122,515,156	\$ 111,481,570	\$ 103,862,641
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered payroll	\$728,936,093	\$ 714,839,553	\$ 684,295,776	\$ 663,077,145	\$ 638,616,378
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.9%	18.6%	17.9%	16.8%	16.3%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

2016		2015		2014	
\$	95,494,431	\$	89,482,686	\$	83,794,037
\$	95,494,431	\$	89,482,686	\$	83,794,037
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	612,666,217	\$	579,003,748	\$	563,609,163
	15.6%		15.5%		14.9%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of County Contributions-
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 12,100,339	\$ 11,866,337	\$ 11,359,310	\$ 11,007,081	\$ 10,601,032
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 12,100,339	\$ 11,866,337	\$ 11,359,310	\$ 11,007,081	\$ 10,601,032
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered payroll	\$ 728,936,093	\$ 714,839,553	\$ 684,295,776	\$ 663,077,145	\$ 638,616,378
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

2016		2015		2014	
\$	10,170,259	\$	7,295,447	\$	6,763,310
\$	10,170,259	\$	7,295,447	\$	6,763,310
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	612,666,217	\$	579,003,748	\$	563,609,163
	1.7%		1.3%		1.2%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Solid Waste Authority - Component Unit
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability-
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019
Proportion of the FRS net pension liability	0.0750208%	0.0669098%	0.0644148%
Proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability	\$ 5,666,969	\$ 28,999,693	\$ 22,183,563
SWA's covered payroll	\$ 25,444,717	\$ 24,654,558	\$ 23,546,088
SWA's proportionate share of the FRS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	22.27%	117.62%	94.21%
FRS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of June 30 of each year.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.0636583%	0.0635171%	0.0648132%	0.0626365%	0.0630379%
\$ 19,174,210	\$ 18,787,926	\$ 16,365,396	\$ 8,090,343	\$ 3,848,240
\$ 22,671,421	\$ 21,795,240	\$ 21,647,567	\$ 19,555,196	\$ 19,815,911
84.57%	86.20%	75.60%	41.37%	19.42%
84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Solid Waste Authority - Component Unit
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability-
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019
Proportion of the HIS net pension liability	0.0828142%	0.0813023%	0.0797253%
Proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability	\$ 10,158,401	\$ 9,926,884	\$ 8,920,460
SWA's covered payroll	\$ 29,322,513	\$ 28,213,241	\$ 26,663,556
SWA's proportionate share of the HIS net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	34.64%	35.19%	33.46%
HIS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of June 30 of each year.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.0784037%	0.0776703%	0.0795028%	0.0739556%	0.0745754%
\$ 8,298,340	\$ 8,304,865	\$ 9,265,726	\$ 7,542,309	\$ 6,972,985
\$ 25,608,028	\$ 24,772,565	\$ 24,543,064	\$ 22,436,802	\$ 22,152,039
32.41%	33.52%	37.75%	33.62%	31.48%
2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Solid Waste Authority - Component Unit
Schedule of Employer Contributions-
Florida Retirement System Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required FRS contribution	\$ 2,788,809	\$ 2,186,868	\$ 1,903,110	\$ 1,717,280	\$ 1,570,296
FRS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 2,788,809	\$ 2,186,868	\$ 1,903,110	\$ 1,717,280	\$ 1,570,296
FRS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
SWA's covered payroll	\$26,432,730	\$ 24,883,857	\$23,834,076	\$22,823,877	\$ 22,024,734
FRS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.55%	8.79%	7.98%	7.52%	7.13%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

	2016	2015	2014
	\$ 1,429,340	\$ 1,426,153	\$ 1,332,111
	\$ 1,429,340	\$ 1,426,153	\$ 1,332,111
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ 21,051,861	\$ 20,091,083	\$ 19,772,903
	6.79%	7.10%	6.74%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Solid Waste Authority - Component Unit
Schedule of Contributions-
Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required HIS contribution	\$ 505,610	\$ 474,046	\$ 448,920	\$ 427,278	\$ 415,575
HIS contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 505,610	\$ 474,046	\$ 448,920	\$ 427,278	\$ 415,575
HIS contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
SWA's covered payroll	\$30,458,468	\$28,556,970	\$27,043,385	\$25,739,685	\$25,034,650
HIS contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%	1.66%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 68, " Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

2016	2015	2014
\$ 396,210	\$ 310,975	\$ 257,664
\$ 396,210	\$ 310,975	\$ 257,664
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 23,868,058	\$ 22,716,328	\$ 22,185,466
1.66%	1.37%	1.16%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Palm Tran Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2020	2019	2018
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 5,043,856	\$ 4,040,432	\$ 4,022,548
Interest	10,204,584	10,357,277	10,013,496
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,464,749)	(1,085,883)	(1,801,094)
Change of assumptions	-	16,457,786	3,193,461
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(7,606,438)	(7,205,264)	(6,625,328)
Net change in total pension liability	6,177,253	22,564,348	8,803,083
Total pension liability- beginning	156,102,159	133,537,811	124,734,728
Total pension liability- ending (a)	162,279,412	156,102,159	133,537,811
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	6,338,056	5,809,852	5,509,648
Contributions - employee	976,061	943,170	923,986
Net investment income	19,587,534	19,052,799	(4,414,367)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(7,606,438)	(7,205,264)	(6,625,328)
Administrative expense	(277,662)	(276,527)	(372,153)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	19,017,551	18,324,030	(4,978,214)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	119,658,658	101,334,628	106,312,842
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	138,676,209	119,658,658	101,334,628
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ 23,603,203</u>	<u>\$ 36,443,501</u>	<u>\$ 32,203,183</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	85.5%	76.7%	75.9%
Covered payroll	\$ 32,525,195	\$ 31,395,399	\$ 30,674,568
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	72.6%	116.1%	105.0%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of December 31 of each year.

2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 3,657,542	\$ 3,614,568	\$ 3,699,372	\$ 3,517,163
9,655,384	9,070,466	8,602,255	7,920,953
(2,489,675)	260,004	(2,653,460)	1,780,535
(523,606)	-	1,585,562	-
(5,898,029)	(5,467,344)	(5,009,083)	(4,626,680)
4,401,616	7,477,694	6,224,646	8,591,971
120,333,112	112,855,418	106,630,772	98,038,801
124,734,728	120,333,112	112,855,418	106,630,772

5,421,844	5,589,705	5,215,491	7,205,534
912,362	867,999	777,273	684,731
12,590,071	5,754,084	(1,839,676)	4,845,252
(5,898,029)	(5,467,344)	(5,009,083)	(4,626,680)
(213,695)	(157,019)	(182,444)	(223,302)
12,812,553	6,587,425	(1,038,439)	7,885,535
93,500,289	86,912,864	87,951,303	80,065,768
106,312,842	93,500,289	86,912,864	87,951,303

\$ 18,421,886	\$ 26,832,823	\$ 25,942,554	\$ 18,679,469

85.2%	77.7%	77.0%	82.5%

\$ 30,402,375	\$ 30,061,310	\$ 27,512,115	\$ 24,661,404

60.6%	89.3%	94.3%	75.7%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Lantana Firefighters' Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 415,027	\$ 442,804	\$ 407,991
Interest	3,481,788	3,440,516	3,401,092
Differences between expected and actual experience	118,547	(574,240)	(421,152)
Change of assumptions	1,987,636	-	1,247,869
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(3,132,053)	(2,279,155)	(2,550,001)
Net change in total pension liability	2,870,945	1,029,925	2,085,799
Total pension liability- beginning	51,098,337	50,068,412	47,982,613
Total pension liability- ending (a)	53,969,282	51,098,337	50,068,412
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer and state	1,202,802	1,351,331	1,546,558
Contributions - employee	172,670	166,072	182,155
Net investment income	10,677,774	3,762,711	1,757,509
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(3,132,053)	(2,279,155)	(2,550,001)
Administrative expense	(53,138)	(69,001)	(71,412)
Other	8,500	1,012	8,012
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	8,876,555	2,932,970	872,821
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	48,369,587	45,436,617	44,563,796
Prior Period Adjustment	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	57,246,142	48,369,587	45,436,617
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (3,276,860)	\$ 2,728,750	\$ 4,631,795
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	106.1%	94.7%	90.7%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,260,134	\$ 1,342,839	\$ 1,315,467
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-260.0%	203.2%	352.1%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 452,953	\$ 357,804	\$ 470,342	\$ 450,605	\$ 535,323
3,192,834	2,973,158	2,823,508	2,605,711	2,494,851
1,077,328	125,354	(977,800)	1,014,242	-
-	3,182,878	1,711,466	-	-
(1,106,244)	(915,763)	(887,761)	(1,828,169)	(1,375,968)
3,616,871	5,723,431	3,139,755	2,242,389	1,654,206
44,365,742	38,642,311	35,502,556	33,260,167	31,605,961
47,982,613	44,365,742	38,642,311	35,502,556	33,260,167
1,343,726	1,411,935	1,478,818	1,725,181	1,761,403
206,043	222,479	235,009	244,101	263,191
3,710,228	3,954,054	2,569,228	(550,596)	2,671,295
(1,106,244)	(915,763)	(887,761)	(1,828,169)	(1,375,968)
(59,078)	(59,121)	(52,104)	(60,354)	(48,365)
35,938	18,471	19,741	18,127	13,310
4,130,613	4,632,055	3,362,931	(451,710)	3,284,866
40,433,183	35,801,128	32,438,197	32,889,907	28,314,454
-	-	-	-	1,290,587
44,563,796	40,433,183	35,801,128	32,438,197	32,889,907
\$ 3,418,817	\$ 3,932,559	\$ 2,841,183	\$ 3,064,359	\$ 370,260

92.9% 91.1% 92.6% 91.4% 98.9%

\$ 1,442,292 \$ 1,334,186 \$ 1,847,095 \$ 1,914,133 \$ 2,119,708

237.0% 294.8% 153.8% 160.1% 17.5%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Investment Returns
Palm Tran Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	16.4%	18.9%	-4.0%	14.0%	7.4%	-1.6%	6.6%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) The above is as provided by the investment monitor.
- (3) Amounts are as of December 31 of each year.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Investment Returns
Lantana Firefighters' Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	22.58%	8.15%	3.86%	9.01%	10.80%	7.66%	-1.81%	8.84%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Contributions
Palm Tran Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

Year Ending September 30,	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 7,853,310	\$ 6,206,005	\$ 5,734,801	\$ 5,487,697
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	7,853,310	6,206,005	5,734,801	5,487,697
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 32,689,367	\$ 32,216,091	\$ 31,302,673	\$ 30,734,855
Actuarially determined contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	24.0%	19.3%	18.3%	17.9%
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	24.0%	19.3%	18.3%	17.9%

Notes to Schedule:

GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percent of pay, closed
Remaining amortization period	New amortization bases are set up over 25 years.
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.00%
Salary increases	5% to 12.5%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.5%, net of investment expenses, including inflation (changed from 7.75% at January 1, 2019)
Retirement age	Tier 1 Members with at least 10 years of service and who have not reached the Rule of 85 retire at a rate of 10% between age 62 and 64. Members with at least 5 years of service and who have not reached the Rule of 85 retire at a rate of 10% between age 65 and 68. Tier 1 Members who are age 69 or have met the Rule of 85 are assumed to retire immediately. Tier 2 and 3 Members are assumed to retire at the earliest of 65 with 5 years of service, age 62 with 10 years of service, or at 33 years of service regardless of age. Tier 4 Members are assumed to retire at the earliest of 65 with 8 years of service or 62 with 10 years of service.
Mortality	The following sex distinct table is used with fully generational mortality improvements using sex distinct Scale MP-2018: Healthy Active and Healthy Retiree: PubG.H-2010 (B) (male set back 1 year)

2017	2016	2015
\$ 5,436,974	\$ 5,392,773	\$ 5,029,111
5,436,974	5,392,773	5,148,840
\$ -	\$ -	\$ (119,729)
\$ 31,146,308	\$ 28,194,510	\$ 28,129,612
17.5%	19.1%	17.9%
17.5%	19.1%	18.3%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Contributions
Lantana Firefighters' Pension Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,203,761	\$ 1,365,725	\$ 1,550,859	\$ 1,363,707
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	1,203,761	1,365,725	1,550,859	1,363,707
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 1,260,134	\$ 1,342,839	\$ 1,315,467	\$ 1,442,292
Actuarially determined contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	95.5%	101.7%	117.9%	94.6%
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	95.5%	101.7%	117.9%	94.6%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2015 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

Valuation Date September 30, 2020

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent-of-Payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	1-14 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	7% including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate	2.19%
Retirement age	Age and Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.
Mortality	RP-2000 Mortality Table with projection scale BB.

Other Information:

Notes The Employer Contribution for FYE 9/30/21 was determined in the 9/30/19 actuarial valuation report dated 1/29/2020.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment For members receiving a retirement benefit and entering retirement on or after October 1, 2005, retirement income will be increased by 3.0% on October 1 of each year after the later of the date on which the retiree attains age 55 or one year after retirement.

2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 1,370,424	\$ 1,413,772	\$ 1,697,036	\$ 1,721,439
1,370,424	1,413,772	1,697,036	1,721,439
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 1,334,186	\$ 1,847,095	\$ 1,914,133	\$ 2,119,708
102.7%	76.5%	88.7%	81.2%
102.7%	76.5%	88.7%	81.2%

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
County Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 489,247	\$ 309,920	\$ 306,536	\$ 294,067
Interest	224,185	227,062	349,340	374,513
Experience losses (gains)	-	831,102	-	-
Change of assumptions	46,272	1,122,868	683,798	(265,057)
Benefit payments	(1,165,980)	(958,674)	(1,133,411)	(885,972)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(406,276)	1,532,278	206,263	(482,449)
Total OPEB liability- beginning	10,237,871	8,705,593	8,499,330	8,981,779
Total OPEB liability- ending	\$ 9,831,595	\$ 10,237,871	\$ 8,705,593	\$ 8,499,330

Covered-employee payroll	\$ 272,210,000	\$ 263,004,364	\$ 270,894,495	\$ 263,004,364

Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.6%	3.9%	3.2%	3.2%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

(2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

(3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Change in assumptions: changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate and mortality rate each period.

- The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2021	2.15%
2020	2.21%
2019	2.66%
2018	4.24%

- The following are the mortality tables used in each period:

2021	Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-19
2020	Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-19
2019	RP 2014 Generational, Scale MP-18
2018	RP 2014 Generational, Scale MP-18

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Tax Collector Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 495,676	\$ 472,072	\$ 449,592	\$ 295,336
Interest	195,303	173,465	166,642	146,822
Experience losses (gains)	(1,916,433)	-	(3,821,944)	-
Change of assumptions	258,512	-	3,477,957	-
Benefit payments	(75,715)	(109,311)	(101,685)	(104,149)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,042,657)	536,226	170,562	338,009
Total OPEB liability- beginning	4,887,183	4,350,957	4,180,395	3,842,386
Total OPEB liability- ending	\$ 3,844,526	\$ 4,887,183	\$ 4,350,957	\$ 4,180,395

Covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,970,062	\$ 13,712,189	\$ 13,184,797	\$ 14,485,421

Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	29.6%	35.6%	33.0%	28.9%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

(2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

(3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Change in assumptions: changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate, assumed trend rate for medical claims, and mortality rate each period.

- The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2021	2.43%
2020	3.68%
2019	3.68%
2018	3.64%

- The following are the assumed trend rates for the medical claims used in each period:

2021	6.25% grading uniformly to 5.75% over 2 years, then to an ultimate rate of 4.04% in 2075.
2020	7.50% grading uniformly to 6.75% over 3 years, then to an ultimate rate of 3.94% in 2075.
2019	7.50% grading uniformly to 6.75% over 3 years, then to an ultimate rate of 3.94% in 2075.
2018	8.00% graded down to 5% over 10 years.

- The following are the mortality tables used in each period:

2021	Pub-2010 generational, scale MP-2020.
2020	RP-2014 Total Dataset Adjusted to 2006 with Scale MP-2018.
2019	RP-2014 Total Dataset Adjusted to 2006 with Scale MP-2018.
2018	RP-2014 projected generationally using Scale MP-2016.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Property Appraiser Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 177,736	\$ 171,427	\$ 163,264	\$ 49,905
Interest	109,509	102,002	24,609	16,618
Experience losses (gains)	(817,390)	-	(188,335)	-
Change of assumptions	109,470	-	2,169,327	-
Benefit payments	(75,738)	(73,964)	(68,804)	(9,692)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(496,413)	199,465	2,100,061	56,831
Total OPEB liability- beginning	2,873,786	2,674,321	574,260	517,429
Total OPEB liability- ending	<u>\$ 2,377,373</u>	<u>\$ 2,873,786</u>	<u>\$ 2,674,321</u>	<u>\$ 574,260</u>

Covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,036,344	\$ 15,845,410	\$ 15,235,971	\$ 12,276,256

Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.2%	18.1%	17.6%	4.7%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

(2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

(3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Change in assumptions: changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate, assumed trend rate for medical claims, and mortality rate each period.

- The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2021	2.43%
2020	3.68%
2019	3.68%
2018	2.98%

- The following are the assumed trend rates for the medical claims used in each period:

2021	6.25% grading uniformly to 5.75% over 2 years, then to an ultimate rate of 4.04% in 2076.
2020	7.50% grading uniformly to 6.75% over 3 years, then to an ultimate rate of 3.90% in 2076.
2019	7.50% grading uniformly to 6.75% over 3 years, then to an ultimate rate of 3.90% in 2076.
2018	8.00% graded down to 5.00% over 10 years.

- The following are the mortality tables used in each period:

2021	Pub-2010 generational, scale MP-2020.
2020	RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 generational using Scale MP-2018.
2019	RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 generational using Scale MP-2018.
2018	RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 generational using Scale MP-2016.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Clerk and Comptroller Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 232,600	\$ 263,756	\$ 306,313	\$ 362,040
Interest	272,120	346,840	320,696	290,214
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(839,792)	-	-
Change of assumptions	2,363,054	(191,497)	(903,998)	(1,092,518)
Benefit payments	(288,540)	(201,247)	(185,481)	(170,557)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,579,234	(621,940)	(462,470)	(610,821)
Total OPEB liability- beginning	7,511,512	8,133,452	8,595,922	9,206,743
Total OPEB liability- ending	\$ 10,090,746	\$ 7,511,512	\$ 8,133,452	\$ 8,595,922

Covered-employee payroll	\$ 31,989,926	\$ 31,209,684	\$ 32,369,379	\$ 30,809,641

Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	31.5%	24.1%	25.1%	27.9%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

(2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

(3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Changes of assumptions: changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate and the assumed trend rate for medical claims each period.

-The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2021	2.14%
2020	3.58%
2019	4.18%
2018	3.64%

-The following are the assumed trend rates for the medical claims used in each period:

2021	Initially 7.5% grading down to the ultimate trend rate of 4.0% in the year 2075.
2020	Initially 7.5% grading down to the ultimate trend rate of 4.0% in the year 2075.
2019	Initially 8.5% grading down to the ultimate trend rate of 4.0% in the year 2074.
2018	Initially 8.5% grading down to the ultimate trend rate of 4.0% in the year 2073.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Sheriff Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 10,107,135	\$ 10,442,576	\$ 6,792,711	\$ 6,520,168
Interest	6,215,121	7,617,507	9,082,529	9,372,090
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(51,788,487)	-	-
Change of assumptions	(1,986,106)	36,202,604	56,795,524	(16,009,828)
Benefit payments	(7,541,860)	(7,026,152)	(7,440,977)	(6,723,270)
Net change in total OPEB liability	6,794,290	(4,551,952)	65,229,787	(6,840,840)
Total OPEB liability- beginning	274,891,006	279,442,958	214,213,171	221,054,011
Total OPEB liability- ending	<u>\$ 281,685,296</u>	<u>\$ 274,891,006</u>	<u>\$ 279,442,958</u>	<u>\$ 214,213,171</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 313,651,000	\$ 303,301,000	\$ 287,690,000	\$ 274,322,952
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	89.8%	90.6%	97.1%	78.1%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

(2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

(3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Changes of assumptions: changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate and the mortality rate each period.

-The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2021	2.26%
2020	2.21%
2019	2.66%
2018	4.18%

-The following are the mortality rates used in each period:

2021	Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-19
2020	Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-19
2019	RP-2014 Generational, Scale MP-17
2018	RP-2014 Generational, Scale MP-17

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Fire-Rescue Union Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 4,944,326	\$ 6,048,097	\$ 4,149,539	\$ 3,942,933
Interest	6,177,025	6,299,432	8,193,937	7,914,881
Differences between expected and actual experience	(21,294,954)	-	(8,869,299)	-
Change of assumptions	10,790,807	2,885,481	39,132,189	-
Benefit payments	(4,938,530)	(4,832,587)	(4,421,791)	(6,274,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(4,321,326)	10,400,423	38,184,575	5,583,814
Total OPEB liability- beginning	205,572,133	195,171,710	156,987,135	151,403,321
Total OPEB liability- ending (a)	201,250,807	205,572,133	195,171,710	156,987,135
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	6,025,766	5,812,118	1,425,000	5,287,973
Net investment income	17,897,312	6,423,430	3,261,852	5,173,323
Benefit payments	(4,938,530)	(4,832,587)	-	(3,756,640)
Administrative expense	(26,108)	(24,812)	(163,465)	(58,974)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	18,958,440	7,378,149	4,523,387	6,645,682
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	80,145,339	72,767,190	68,243,803	61,598,121
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	99,103,779	80,145,339	72,767,190	68,243,803
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 102,147,028	\$ 125,426,794	\$ 122,404,520	\$ 88,743,332
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	49.2%	39.0%	37.3%	43.5%
Covered payroll	\$ 161,785,000	\$ 156,314,000	\$ 151,027,985	\$ 172,274,026
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	63.1%	80.2%	81.0%	51.5%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.
- (3) Changes of assumptions/other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount, mortality, & healthcare cost trend rates:
 - Discount rate: 2021: 3.37% 2020: 2.99% 2019: 3.19% 2018: 5.20%
 - Mortality tables: 2021: Pub-2010 generational, scale MP-2020; 2020 & 2019: Pub-2010 generational, scale MP-2018; 2018: RP-2014 generational, scale MP-2017.
 - Healthcare cost trend rates: 2021: 7.25% initial, decreasing .25% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.00%; 2018 - 2020: 6.50% initial, decreasing .50 per year to an ultimate rate of 4.50%.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Investment Returns
Fire-Rescue Union Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	22.3%	8.8%	4.5%	8.4%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Contributions
Fire-Rescue Union Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 6,309,000	\$ 5,508,571	\$ 5,508,571	\$ 9,846,994
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	6,025,766	5,812,118	1,425,000	6,274,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 283,234	\$ (303,547)	\$ 4,083,571	\$ 3,572,994
Covered payroll	\$ 161,785,000	\$ 156,314,000	\$ 151,027,985	\$ 172,274,026
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.7%	3.7%	0.9%	3.6%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

Valuation Date	2021: 9/30/21	2019: 9/30/19
	2020: 9/30/19	2018: 9/30/17

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry-Age Normal based on level percentage of projected salary	
Amortization method	Experience gains and losses are amortized over a closed period as follows:	
	2021: 10.9 years	2019: 10.3 years
	2020: 10.3 years	2018: 9.7 years
Asset valuation method	Fair Market Value	
Inflation	2021: 3.0%	2019: 3.0%
	2020: 3.0%	2018: 2.5%
Healthcare cost trend rates	2021: 7.25% initial, decreasing .25% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.00%	
	2018-2020: 6.5% initial, decreasing .50% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.50%.	
Salary increases	3.50%	
Investment rate of return	2021: 22.3%	2019: 4.5%
	2020: 8.8%	2018: 8.4%
Long-term municipal bond rate	2021: 3.37%	2019: 3.19%
	2020: 3.19%	2018: 5.20%
Retirement age	2021: Annual retirement rates based on FRS actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.	
	2020: Annual retirement rates based on FRS actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.	
	2019: Annual retirement rates based on FRS actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.	
	2018: Annual retirement rates based on FRS actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017.	
Mortality table	2021: Pub-2010 generational, scale MP-2020	
	2020: Pub-2010 generational, scale MP-2018	
	2019: Pub-2010 generational, scale MP-2018	
	2018: RP-2014 generational, scale MP-2017	

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Fire-Rescue Supplemental Disability OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 156,718	\$ 129,198	\$ 127,209	\$ 127,083
Interest	580,904	678,538	520,764	434,063
Changes of benefit terms	-	5,355	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	3,794,811	2,075,188	4,467,181	2,442,940
Change of assumptions	1,225,927	2,244,232	(611,644)	(635,227)
Benefit payments	(1,736,174)	(1,614,934)	(1,721,178)	(1,262,950)
Net change in total OPEB liability	4,022,186	3,517,577	2,782,332	1,105,909
Total OPEB liability- beginning	21,912,247	18,394,670	15,612,338	14,506,429
Total OPEB liability- ending	\$ 25,934,433	\$ 21,912,247	\$ 18,394,670	\$ 15,612,338

Covered-employee payroll	\$ 139,407,954	\$ 136,324,750	\$ 126,347,132	\$ 125,516,712

Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.6%	16.1%	14.6%	12.4%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

(2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

(3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Changes of assumptions: changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate, mortality table, and experience study each period.

-The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2021 2.43%

2020 2.74%

2019 3.83%

2018 3.50%

-The following are the mortality tables used in each period:

2021 Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-2018

2020 RP-2000 Healthy Participant, Scale BB

2019 RP-2000 Healthy Participant, Scale BB

2018 RP-2000 Healthy Participant, Scale BB

-The following are the actuarial experience studies used in each period:

2021 Florida Retirement System, July 1, 2019

2020 Florida Retirement System, July 1, 2014

2019 Florida Retirement System, July 1, 2014

2018 Florida Retirement System, July 1, 2014

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Solid Waste Authority - Component Unit
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 30,000	\$ 28,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 21,000
Interest	17,000	18,000	28,000	30,000
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(206,000)	-	-
Change of assumptions	1,000	336,000	26,000	(11,000)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(63,000)	(93,000)	(96,000)	(79,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(15,000)	83,000	(20,000)	(39,000)
Total OPEB liability- beginning	770,000	687,000	707,000	746,000
Total OPEB liability- ending	<u>\$ 755,000</u>	<u>\$ 770,000</u>	<u>\$ 687,000</u>	<u>\$ 707,000</u>
 Covered-employee payroll	 \$ 27,218,216	 \$ 26,199,000	 \$ 25,841,000	 \$ 23,959,000
 Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 2.8%	 2.9%	 2.7%	 3.0%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.
- (2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.
- (3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.
- (4) Change of assumptions - For the September 30, 2020 valuation, all assumptions, method and results are based on the fiscal year 2020 GASB 75 actuarial report dated February 1, 2021. Changes to the assumptions since the last actuarial valuation include the discount rate was decreased from 2.21 to 2.15% in FY21 and decreased from 2.66% to 2.21% in fiscal year 2020; mortality assumption was updated from the RP-2014 mortality table with generational scale MP-2018 to Pub-2010 mortality table with generational scale MP-2019; plan participation rate for Medicare-eligible retirees was reduced from 5% to 1%; Excise Tax (ACA Cadillac Tax) on high cost employer sponsored health plans was replaced by a bill in December 2019; there were significant changes to the retirement and termination assumptions based on the 2020 FRS actuarial valuation. For the September 2019 and 2018 valuations, all assumptions, methods, and results are based on the fiscal year 2018 GASB 75 actuarial report dated November 13, 2018. There were no significant changes to the assumptions since the report dated November 13, 2018 except the discount rate which decreased from 4.18% to 2.66% in fiscal year 2019.



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Section II

FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Palm Beach County

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Grantor	Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No./Catalog of State Financial Assistance No.	Contract/Grant #	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
FEDERAL GRANTS						
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster</u>						
<u>US Dept of Agriculture</u>						
Passed Through: FL Dept of Agriculture and Consumer Services						
	2021 Summer Food Program	10.559	1153 (GY21)	1153 (GY21)	\$ 441,910	\$ -
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					441,910	-
<u>CDBG – Entitlement Grants Cluster</u>						
<u>US Dept of Housing & Urban Dev</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	Neighborhood Stabilization Program – 3	14.218	B08UN120013	N/A	123,908	-
	Neighborhood Stabilization Program – 3	14.218	B11UN120013	N/A	20,891	-
	FY16 Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B15UC120004	N/A	21,725	5,595
	FY17 Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B16UC120004	N/A	413,714	353,847
	FY18 Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B17UC120004	N/A	804,686	792,749
	FY19 Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B18UC120004	N/A	367,220	366,970
	FY20 Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B19UC120004	N/A	1,323,804	1,323,764
	FY21 Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B20UC120004	N/A	2,444,711	1,562,295
	COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant Program	14.218	B20UW120004	N/A	3,019,321	3,019,321
Total CDBG – Entitlement Grants Cluster					8,539,980	7,424,541
<u>Highway Planning and Construction Cluster</u>						
<u>US Dept of Transportation</u>						
Passed Through: FL Dept of Transportation						
	Belvedere Heights Phase I	20.205	44153015801	44153015801	1,073	-
	UNF High Visibility Enforcement FY20	20.205	G1B36 UNF FY20	G1B36 UNF FY20	125,804	-
Total US Dept of Transportation					126,877	-
<u>US Dept of Transportation – Federal Highway Administration</u>						
Passed Through: FL Dept of Environmental Protection						
	Royal Palm Beach Pines Trail System	20.219	T1803	T1803	146,595	-
Total US Dept of Transportation – Federal Highway Administration					146,595	-
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster					273,472	-
<u>Federal Transit Cluster</u>						
<u>US Dept of Transportation</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	Fed. Transit Formula Grants – FY19 Section 5307/5339 Supergrant	20.507	109820192	N/A	7,718,266	-
	COVID-19 FY21 CRRSAA Section 5307	20.507	109820212	N/A	11,936,346	-
	FTA Formula Grants – FY15 Section 5307 2nd Apportionment	20.507	FL201804200	N/A	2,831,611	-
	Super Grant – Section 5307 F16-17-18 and FHWA Flex Cap Asset	20.507	FL201905200	N/A	3,289,799	-
	Fare Technology Supergrant	20.507	FL201907100	N/A	2,977,870	-
	COVID 19 – Fed. Transit Formula Grants – FY20 CARES Act Section 5307	20.507	FL2020087	N/A	11,492,239	-
	Fed. Transit Formula Grants – FY15 Section 5307	20.507	FL90X881	N/A	571,308	-
	Palm Tran Interface with MDT and SFRTA	20.507	FL95X06300	N/A	194,570	-
	Fed. Transit Formula Grants – FY20&21 Section 5307/5339 Supergrant	20.507	TBD FY20-21 SEC 5307	N/A	3,010,562	-
	South County Expansion Supergrant	20.526	FL201905300	N/A	3,950,601	-
Total US Dept of Transportation					47,973,172	-
Total Federal Transit Cluster					47,973,172	-
<u>Highway Safety Cluster</u>						
<u>US Dept of Transportation</u>						
Passed Through: Florida Department of Transportation						
	PBC Speed & Aggressive Driving Strategy FY21	20.600	G1S30	G1S30	150,000	-
	PBC Occupant Protection Community-wide Strategy FY21	20.616	G1U17	G1U17	200,000	-
	City of Lake Worth – Impaired Driving Strategy FY21	20.616	G1T35	G1T35	63,987	-
Total US Dept of Transportation					413,987	-
Total Highway Safety Cluster					413,987	-

(Continued)

Palm Beach County

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Grantor	Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No./Catalog of State Financial Assistance No.	Contract/Grant #	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
Aging Cluster						
<u>US Dept of Health & Human Svcs</u>						
Passed Through: OTHER – Area Agency on Aging of Palm Beach/Treasure Coast						
	2020 OAA Title III B Support Services/Transportation	93.044	IA0209500 (3B)(GY20)	IA0209500(3B)(GY20)	507,955	-
	2021 OAA Title IIIB Support Services	93.044	IA0219500 (3B)(GY21)	IA0219500(3B)(GY21)	712,971	-
Total 93.044					1,220,926	-
Passed Through: OTHER – Area Agency on Aging of Palm Beach/Treasure Coast						
	2020 OAA Title III C1 Congregate Meals	93.045	IA0209500(3C1)(GY20)	IA0209500(3C1)(GY20)	21,356	-
	2020 OAA Title III C2 Home Delivered Meals	93.045	IA0209500(3C2)(GY20)	IA0209500(3C2)(GY20)	128,595	-
	2021 OAA Title III C1 Congregate Meals	93.045	IA0219500(3C1)(GY21)	IA0219500(3C1)(GY21)	751,321	-
	2021 OAA Title III C2 Home Delivered Meals	93.045	IA0219500(3C2)(GY21)	IA0219500(3C2)(GY21)	469,193	-
Total 93.045					1,370,465	-
Passed Through: OTHER – Area Agency on Aging of Palm Beach/Treasure Coast						
	20 Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	IU0209500 (GY20)	IU0209500 (GY20)	68,809	-
	21 Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	IU0219500 (GY21)	IU0219500 (GY21)	177,826	-
Total 93.053					246,635	-
Total Aging Cluster					2,838,026	-
CCDF Cluster						
<u>US Dept of Health & Human Svcs</u>						
Passed Through: OTHER – Early Learning Coalition						
	Investigative Services	93.596	ELCMOU	ELCMOU	33,120	-
Total CCDF Cluster					33,120	-
Non-Clustered Grants						
<u>US Dept of Agriculture</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	PBC Intermediary Relending Program	10.767	PBCIRP	N/A	3,789	-
	PBC Intermediary Relending Program GY17	10.767	PBIR17	N/A	189,375	85,952
Total US Dept of Agriculture					193,164	85,952
<u>US Dept of Housing & Urban Dev</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	FY19 Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	E18UC120004	N/A	(10,658)	(10,658)
	FY20 Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	E19UC120004	N/A	94,095	82,094
	FY21 Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231	E20UC120004	N/A	403,268	402,603
	COVID-19 Emergency Solutions Grant Coronavirus Program	14.231	E20UW120004	N/A	1,649,405	1,628,429
Total 14.231					2,136,110	2,102,468
Direct Programs:						
	FY16 HOME Investment Partnership	14.239	M15UC120215	N/A	115,155	115,155
	FY17 HOME Investment Partnership	14.239	M16UC120215	N/A	550,000	550,000
	FY18 HOME Investment Partnership	14.239	M17UC120215	N/A	327,898	327,898
	FY19 HOME Investment Partnership	14.239	M18UC120215	N/A	683,251	683,251
	FY20 HOME Investment Partnership	14.239	M19UC120215	N/A	160,386	160,386
	FY20 HOME Investment Partnership	14.239	M20UC120215	N/A	78,813	125
Total 14.239					1,915,503	1,836,815
Passed Through: City of West Palm Beach						
	COVID-19 - 20-23 HOPWA-COVID	14.241	FLH19F006-CV	FLH19F006-CV	27,945	-
Passed Through: State of Florida, Department of Health						
	20-22RW HOPWA	14.241	FLH19F999	FLH19F999	51,513	-
Total 14.241					79,458	-
Direct Programs:						
	CDBG-Section 108 Loan Program – Pahokee	14.248	B09UC120004 - 108	N/A	8,265	-
Total 14.248					8,265	-
Direct Programs:						
	NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION PROGRAM-2	14.256	B09LNFL0021	N/A	26,752	-

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Palm Beach County

**Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance
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Grantor	Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No./Catalog of State Financial Assistance No.	Contract/Grant #	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
Direct Programs:						
	Jerome Golden Flagler Project	14.267	FL0281L4D051811	N/A	188,684	-
	Youth Homelessness Demonstration Project (YHDP) Planning	14.267	FL0758Y4D051800	N/A	30,768	-
	Continuum of Care (CoC) Collaborative Planning Grant	14.267	FL0822L4D051900	N/A	168,918	-
	COC Homeless Management Information System Grant	14.267	FL0823L4D051900	N/A	168,993	-
	Youth Homelessness Demonstration Project (YHDP) Planning	14.267	FL0832Y4D051800	N/A	129,104	-
Total 14.267					686,467	-
Direct Programs:						
	Fair Housing Assistance Program – State & Local	14.401	FF204K214003	N/A	149,100	-
	Fair Housing Assistance Program – State & Local	14.401	FF204K214035	N/A	55,000	-
	Fair Housing Assistance Program – State & Local	14.401	FF204K214036	N/A	26,400	-
Total 14.401					230,500	-
Total US Dept of Housing & Urban Dev					5,083,055	3,939,283
<u>US Dept of the Interior</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	Jupiter Inlet Lighthouse Outstanding Natural Areas	15.231	L16AC00163	N/A	17,622	-
Total US Dept of the Interior					17,622	-
<u>US Dept of Justice</u>						
Passed Through: FL Dept Council Against Sexual Violence (FCASV): Sexual Assault Services Program						
	Sexual Assault Services Program Formula Grant	16.017	18SAS26	18SAS26	111,785	-
Total 16.017					111,785	-
Direct Programs:						
	2019 Enhanced Collaborative Model to Combat Human Traffic	16.320	2019VTBXK018	N/A	260,579	-
	2019 Direct Services to Support Victims of Human Trafficking	16.320	2019VTBXK029	N/A	198,064	-
Total 16.320					458,643	-
Passed Through: FL Dept of Legal Affairs and Attorney General						
	FY21 Victims of Crime Act	16.575	O00682	O00682	442,180	-
	Victims of Crime Act FY20	16.575	VOCA2020PBSO00745	VOCA2020PBSO00745	171,332	-
Total 16.575					613,512	-
Passed Through: FL Dept of Health						
	Law Enforcement-Based Victim Specialist Prog FY20	16.582	2020V3GX0017	2020V3GX0017	59,576	-
Total 16.582					59,576	-
Passed Through: FL Dept of Health						
	Florida Council Against Sexual Violence FY20	16.588	20STO68	20STO68	124,885	-
Total 16.588					124,885	-
Direct Programs:						
	FY12 State Criminal Alien Assistance	16.606	2012APBX0227	N/A	28,714	-
	FY13 State Criminal Alien Assistance	16.606	2013H2934FLAP	N/A	188,245	-
	FY14 State Criminal Alien Assistance	16.606	2014H1682FLAP	N/A	69,908	-
	FY15 State Criminal Alien Assistance	16.606	2015APBX0025	N/A	16,704	-
	FY16 State Criminal Alien Assistance	16.606	2016APBX0377	N/A	11,274	-
Total 16.606					314,845	-
Direct Programs:						
	Prosecuting Cold Cases Using DNA FY20	16.036	2020DNBX0155	N/A	18,558	-
	Improve Criminal Justice Responses – ARREST Prog	16.590	2017WEAX0034	N/A	162,096	-
	PBC Violence Prevention Task Force FY19	16.745	2018MOBX0009	N/A	153,980	-
	FY18 Second Chance Act Prisoner Reentry Initiative	16.812	2017CZBX0003	N/A	260,191	179,930
	City of Lake Worth – South End Crime Reduction Strategy FY19	16.817	2018JBX0004	N/A	280,634	-
	2019 USDOJ Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Site-Based Program	16.838	2019ARBK023	N/A	142,209	-
	Equitable Sharing – Justice Funds	16.922	FLOR050000	N/A	304,580	-

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Direct Programs:						
	FY18 Criminal Justice Commission Initiatives	16.738	2018DJBX0606	N/A	57,412	57,412
	2019 JAG-City of Greenacres	16.738	2019DJBX0662	N/A	13,520	-
	Gun Crime Intelligence Center FY20	16.738	2020DGBX0012	N/A	65,417	-
	FY20 Criminal Justice Commission Initiatives	16.738	2020DJBX0220	N/A	124,499	120,677
	FY20 JAG Grant City of Greenacres	16.738	2020DJBX0405	N/A	10,458	-
Passed Through: FL Dept of Law Enforcement						
	2018 PBC Ex-Offender Reentry	16.738	2019JAGCPALM1N2143	2019JAGCPALM1N2143	(4,784)	-
	2020 PBC Ex-Offender Reentry	16.738	2020JAGCPALM2Y5030	2020JAGCPALM2Y5030	8,657	-
	Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2020JAGCPALM45R047	2020JAGCPALM45R047	71,800	-
	2021 PBC Ex-Offender Reentry GGI	16.738	2021JAGCPALM15R173	2021JAGCPALM15R173	26,574	26,574
	2021 PBC Ex-Offender Reentry TLP	16.738	2021JAGCPALM25R170	2021JAGCPALM25R170	49,121	49,121
	2021 PBC Ex-Offender Reentry RB	16.738	2021JAGCPALM35R171	2021JAGCPALM35R171	164,505	164,505
	Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2021JAGCPALM43B112	2021JAGCPALM43B112	20,000	-
Total 16.738					607,179	418,289
Direct Programs:						
	FY18 DNA Capacity Enhancement and Backlog Reduction Program	16.741	2018DNBX0133	N/A	80,266	-
	FY19 DNA Capacity Enhancement and Backlog Reduction Program	16.741	2019DNBX0028	N/A	202,331	-
	Forensic DNA Backlog Reduction Program FY20	16.741	2020DNBX0042	N/A	119,159	-
Total 16.741					401,756	-
US Dept of Justice						
Passed Through: FL Dept of Law Enforcement						
	2019 Paul Coverdell FSIG	16.742	2019CDBX0011	2019CDBX0011	73,452	-
	PCFSI Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement	16.742	2019CDBX0011	2019CDBX0011	530	-
	2020 Paul Coverdell FSIG	16.742	2020CDBX0008	2020CDBX0008	27,886	-
Total 16.742					101,868	-
Total US Dept of Justice					4,116,297	598,219
US Department of Labor						
Passed Through: FL Dept. of Education						
	20-21 National Farmworker Jobs Program	17.264	7604051B1CFJ1	7604051B1CFJ1	107,973	-
	21-22 National Farmworker Jobs Program	17.264	7604052B2CFJ1	7604052B2CFJ1	10,789	-
Total US Department of Labor					118,762	-
US Dept of Transportation						
Direct Programs:						
	COVID-19 – AIP – Pahokee (Glades) CARES Act	20.106	31200600082020	N/A	10,861	-
	AIP – PBIA Expand Service Road, Animal Relief, Terminal	20.106	31200850612019	N/A	411,874	-
	AIP – PBIA Sustainable Management Plan	20.106	31200850622019	N/A	109,443	-
	AIP – PBIA Stormwater Management Master Plan Update	20.106	31200850632020	N/A	235,395	-
	AIP – PBIA Terminal Imp Escalator Rehab / Repairs	20.106	31200850642020	N/A	961,521	-
	COVID-19 – AIP – PBIA CARES Act	20.106	31200850652020	N/A	8,211,489	-
	COVID-19 – AIP – PBIA – Coronavirus Relief Grant Prog (ACRGP)	20.106	31200850662021	N/A	1,416,750	-
	AIP – PBIA Mod Service Rd; Runway Lighting; Guidance Signs	20.106	31200850682021	N/A	84,683	-
	AIP – Lantana Noise Compatibility Plan Study	20.106	31200860172019	N/A	120,284	-
	AIP – Lantana Airport CARES Coronavirus Aid Relief and Econo	20.106	31200860182020	N/A	15,990	-
	AIP – North County Conduct Environmental Study	20.106	31201130182019	N/A	304,570	-
	COVID-19 – AIP – North County CARES Act	20.106	31201130192020	N/A	23,957	-
Total 20.106					11,906,817	-
Passed Through: FL Dept of Transportation						
	FY20 Section 5311 Formula Grant – Rural	20.509	G1F65	G1F65	164,778	-
	COVID-19 Section 5311 CARES Act Formula Grant – Rural	20.509	G1L73	G1L73	1,139,211	-
Total 20.509					1,303,989	-
Total US Dept of Transportation					13,210,806	-
US Dept of the Treasury						
Direct Programs:						
	COVID-19 CARES ACT Relief Fund Program	21.019	COVID19	N/A	148,800,032	-
	COVID-19 SHIP	21.019	084-2020	N/A	5,830,479	5,339,647
Total 21.019					154,630,511	5,339,647

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Direct Programs:						
Equitable Sharing – Treasury Funds		21.016	NA	NA	219,211	-
Total 21.016					219,211	-
Passed Through: Bureau of Public Debt						
COVID19 Emergency Rental Assistance Program		21.023	COVID19 ERA PROGRAM	COVID19 ERA PROGRAM	35,920,790	-
Total 21.023					35,920,790	-
Direct Programs:						
COVID 19 – American Rescue Plan Act		21.027	ARPA	N/A	46,400,000	-
Total 21.027					46,400,000	-
Total US Department of the Treasury					237,170,512	5,339,647
<u>National Endowment for the Humanities</u>						
Direct Programs:						
COVID-19 DLIS FL CARES Act Grant		45.310	20CARES16	N/A	24,316	-
FY21 Library Services and Technology Act – Asst Listening		45.310	20LSTAB17	N/A	64,913	-
FY21 Library Services and Technology Act – Digital Display		45.310	20LSTAB18	N/A	103,864	-
Total National Endowment for the Humanities					193,093	-
<u>US Environmental Protection Agency</u>						
Direct Programs:						
Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund		66.818	00D12713	N/A	168,204	162,856
Total US Environmental Protection Agency					168,204	162,856
<u>US Election Assistance Commission</u>						
Passed Through: FL Dept of State and Secretary of State						
COVID-19 CARES ACT 2020 Federal Elections		90.404	MOA2020001	MOA2020001	938,981	-
Total US Election Assistance Commission					938,981	-
<u>US Dept of Health & Human Svcs</u>						
Passed Through: OTHER – Area Agency on Aging of Palm Beach/Treasure Coast						
2020 OAA Title III E Services		93.052	IA0209500 (3E)(GY20)	IA0209500 (3E)(GY20)	43,125	-
2021 OAA Title III E Caregiver Support Services		93.052	IA0219500(3E)(GY21)	IA0219500(3E)(GY21)	143,990	-
Total 93.052					187,115	-
Passed Through: FL Dept of Health						
Green Dot Strategy Implementation		93.136	COHJ3	COHJ3	87,879	-
Passed Through: Florida Council Against Sexual Violence						
FCASV Program		93.136	21RPE26	21RPE26	57,253	-
Passed Through: Treasure Coast Health Council, Inc.						
2021 CDC Overdose Data to Action OD2A DOH Grant		93.136	CDCOD2A FY22	CDCOD2A FY22	28,422	-
2020 CDC Overdose Data to Action OD2A DOH Grant		93.136	CDCRFACE191904	CDCRFACE191904	164,646	-
Total 93.136					338,200	-
Direct Programs:						
COVID 19 CARES Provider Relief Fund Grant		93.498	COVID19 CARES PRF	N/A	770,229	-
Total 93.498					770,229	-
Passed Through: FL Dept of Revenue						
Child Support Enforcement		93.563	COC50	COC50	660,727	-
Total 93.563					660,727	-
Passed Through: Area Agency of Aging Palm Beach/Treasure Coast						
20-21 Emergency Home Energy Assistance for the Elderly		93.568	IPC209500	IPC209500	1,200	-
Program						
Passed Through: Area Agency on Aging of Palm Beach/Treasure Coast, Inc.						
21-23 EHEAEP Intake Center Referral Agreement		93.568	IP0219500	IP0219500	7,314	-
Passed Through: FL Department of Economic Opportunity						
20-21 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program		93.568	2002FLE5C3	2002FLE5C3	2,895,335	-
18-21 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program		93.568	G1902FLLIEA	G1902FLLIEA	528,969	-
19-21 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program		93.568	G2002FLLIEA	G2002FLLIEA	822,353	-
Passed Through: FL Dept of Economic Opportunity						
17-18 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program		93.568	17EA0F106001023	17EA0F106001023	795,058	-
Total 93.568					5,050,229	-

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Grantor	Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No./Catalog of State Financial Assistance No.	Contract/Grant #	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
Direct Programs:						
20-25 Ending the HIV Epidemic		93.686	UT8HA33954	N/A	326,683	-
Direct Programs:						
20-21 HIV Em Relief Grant Formula/Supplemental/MAI		93.914	H89HA000342700	N/A	4,731,364	4,332,567
21-22 HIV Em Relief Project Grants		93.914	H89HA000342800	N/A	3,543,980	2,968,296
Passed Through: US Dept of Health & Human Services						
Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Part A COVID-19 Response		93.914	H9AHA369620100	N/A	261,505	261,505
Total 93.914					8,536,849	7,562,368
Passed Through: FL Dept of Economic Opportunity						
2016-18 Community Services Block Grant		93.569	17SB0D106001121	17SB0D106001121	666,046	-
2020-21 Community Services Block Grant		93.569	2001FLCSC3	2001FLCSC3	28,175	-
2019-21 Community Services Block Grant		93.569	G2001FLCOSR	G2001FLCOSR	503,563	-
2020-22 Community Services Block Grant		93.569	G2101FLCOSR	G2101FLCOSR	32,787	-
Total 93.569					1,230,571	-
Total US Dept of Health & Human Services					17,100,603	7,562,368
<u>US Executive Office Of The President</u>						
Direct Programs:						
FY19 High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area		95.001	G19MI0011A	N/A	21,825	-
FY20 High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area		95.001	G20MI0011A	N/A	185,931	-
Palm Beach County Narcotics Task Force FY2021		95.001	G21MI0011A	N/A	9,988	-
Total US Executive Office of the President					217,744	-
<u>US Dept of Homeland Security</u>						
Direct Programs:						
Law Enforcement Officer Reimbursement Program		97.007	70T02021T6114N251	N/A	218,400	-
Law Enforcement Officer Reimbursement Program		97.007	HSTS0216HSLR765	N/A	73,600	-
Total 97.007					292,000	-
Passed Through: OTHER – United Way of Palm Beach County						
20-21 Emergency Food & Shelter National Board Program		97.024	PHASE 37	PHASE 37	81,640	-
20-21 Emergency Food & Shelter National Board Program		97.024	PHASE CARES	PHASE CARES	146,163	-
Total 97.024					227,803	-
Passed Through: FL Div of Emergency Management						
Public Assistance Grants – Matthew		97.036	17PAU5106002119	17PAU5106002119	1,637	-
Public Assistance Grants – Matthew – STATE		97.036	17PAU5106002119-	17PAU5106002119-	273	-
Public Assistance Grants – Irma Federal		97.036	Z0596	Z0596	3,425,985	-
Public Assistance Grants – Irma-State		97.036	Z0596-	Z0596-	80,445	-
Public Assistance Grant – Dorian-Federal		97.036	Z1557	Z1557	76,536	-
Public Assistance Grant – Dorian-State		97.036	Z1557-	Z1557-	12,756	-
Public Assistance Grant – Isaia – Federal		97.036	Z2510	Z2510	429,870	-
Public Assistance Grant – ISAIAS – State		97.036	Z2510-	Z2510-	71,645	-
Total 97.036					4,099,147	-
Passed Through: FL Div of Emergency Management						
Wildfire Mitigation		97.039	428326R	428326R	98,887	-
Total 97.039					98,887	-
Passed Through: FL Div of Emergency Management						
19-20 Emergency Mgmt Performance Grant		97.042	G0059	G0059	47,736	-
COVID-19 20-21 Emergency Mgmt Performance Grant		97.042	G0155	G0155	63,559	-
COVID-19 Supplemental						
20-21 Emergency Mgmt Performance Grant		97.042	G0159	G0159	229,131	-
21-22 Emergency Management Performance Grant		97.042	G0279	G0279	48,258	-
Passed Through: OTHER – Volunteer Florida						
20-21 Emergency Mgmt Performance Grant		97.042	CERT 21-012	CERT 21-012	9,837	-
Total 97.042					398,521	-

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Direct Programs:						
COVID-19 FY20 Assistance to Firefighters COVID19 Grant Program Award		97.044	EMW2020FG00759	N/A	749,509	-
Total 97.044					<u>749,509</u>	<u>-</u>
Passed Through: FL Div of Emergency Management						
State Homeland Security Grant Program – FY 18		97.067	19DS01106023192	19DS01106023192	5,337	-
Operation Stonegarden FY19		97.067	R0081	R0081	270,726	-
State Homeland Security Grant Program FY19		97.067	R0096	R0096	158,661	-
Operation Stonegarden FY20		97.067	R0235	R0235	86,315	-
State Homeland Security Grant Program FY20		97.067	R0286	R0286	590,344	-
Passed Through: OTHER – City of Miami						
FY18 Urban Area Security initiative Grant Prgm		97.067	19DS04112302319	19DS04112302319	42,680	-
FY18 Urban Area Security Initiative		97.067	19DS04112302319	19DS04112302319	11,151	-
FY19 Urban Area Security Initiative		97.067	R0075	R0075	409,816	-
FY19 Urban Area Security initiative Grant Prgm		97.067	R0075	R0075	352,713	-
FY20 Urban Area Security Initiative		97.067	R0232	R0232	20,022	-
Total 97.067					<u>1,947,765</u>	<u>-</u>
Direct Programs:						
FY20 Presidential Residence Grant		97.134	EMW2020GR00252S01	N/A	5,289,908	-
Total 97.134					<u>5,289,908</u>	<u>-</u>
Total US Dept of Homeland Security					<u>13,103,540</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Non-Clustered Grants					<u>\$ 291,632,383</u>	<u>\$ 17,688,325</u>
Total Federal Grants – All Departments					<u>\$ 352,146,050</u>	<u>\$ 25,112,866</u>
STATE GRANTS						
<u>FL Executive Office of the Governor</u>						
Passed Through: FL Div of Emergency Management						
20-21 Emergency Management Program		31.063	A0111	A0111	\$ 100,453	\$ -
20-21 Hazardous Materials Plan & Prevent		31.067	T0093	T0093	19,994	-
Total FL Executive Office of the Governor					<u>120,447</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>FL Dept of Environmental Protection</u>						
Direct Programs:						
Ocean Ridge Shore Protection Project		37.003	18PB4	N/A	7,488	-
Jupiter Carlin Shore Protection Monitoring		37.003	18PB5	N/A	29,275	-
South Lake Worth Inlet Management Plan Implement		37.003	20PB11	N/A	40,310	-
Singer Island Dune Nourishment Project		37.003	20PB7	N/A	42,240	-
South Lake Worth Inlet Management Plan Implement		37.003	21PB10	N/A	20,685	-
Total 37.003					<u>139,998</u>	<u>-</u>
Direct Programs:						
Canyon District Park Development Project – Phase 1		37.017	A1004	N/A	12,854	-
Direct Programs:						
Palm Beach County Loxahatchee River Preservation		37.039	LPA0072	N/A	99,306	-
Total 37.039					<u>99,306</u>	<u>-</u>
Total FL Dept of Environmental Protection					<u>252,158</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>FL Housing Finance Corporation</u>						
Direct Programs:						
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Prgm 18/19-CAH		40.901	HFC0118	N/A	1,765,956	1,304,337
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Prgm 19/20-CAH		40.901	HFC0119	N/A	247,915	171,592
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Prgm 21/22-CAH		40.901	HFC0121	N/A	34,840	34,000
Total 40.901					<u>2,048,711</u>	<u>1,509,929</u>
Total FL Housing Finance Corporation					<u>2,048,711</u>	<u>1,509,929</u>

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<u>FL Dept of Legal Affairs and Attorney General</u>						
Passed Through: FL Council Against Sexual Violence						
	FY19-20 Sexual Violence Recovery Services	41.010	19OAG26	19OAG26	(1,976)	-
	FY20-21 Sexual Violence Recovery Services	41.010	20OAG26	20OAG26	2,699	-
	FY 21-22 Sexual Assault Recovery Services	41.010	21OAG26	21OAG26	9,562	-
Total FL Dept of Legal Affairs and Attorney General					<u>10,285</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>FL Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	FY21 Mosquito Control-B	42.003	27303	N/A	<u>50,689</u>	<u>-</u>
Total FL Dept of Agriculture and Consumer Services					<u>50,689</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>FL Dept of State and Secretary of State</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	FY20-21 State Aid to Libraries	45.030	21ST54	N/A	<u>755,831</u>	<u>-</u>
Total FL Dept of State and Secretary of State					<u>755,831</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>FL Dept of Transportation</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	FY20-21 TD Trip & Equipment Grant	55.001	G1O22	N/A	<u>1,881,079</u>	<u>-</u>
	FY21-22 TD Trip & Equipment Grant	55.001	G1Y05	N/A	<u>529,808</u>	<u>-</u>
Total 55.001					<u>2,410,887</u>	<u>-</u>
Direct Programs:						
	Aviation Dev Grant – Pahoee Fuel Farm Improvements	55.004	42789219401ARS89	N/A	<u>1,015</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – Lantana Pavement Rehab	55.004	42973019401GOA14	N/A	<u>10,754</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – North County Runway Pavement Rehab	55.004	42973319401AS564	N/A	<u>28,526</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – NC Perimeter Fence Improvements	55.004	43095019401ARA54	N/A	<u>623</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – Perimeter Fence Improvements N/C	55.004	43099219401GOA15	N/A	<u>2,750</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – PBIA Parking Revenue Center	55.004	43314319401GOU40	N/A	<u>2,518</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – NC Const Add Tie-down Apron Phase 2	55.004	43461319401GOT29	N/A	<u>32,000</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – PBIA GAFIS Facilities Improvement PBIA	55.004	43461329401GIV58	N/A	<u>12,750</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – Pahoee Hangars and Infrastructure	55.004	43462619401GI646	N/A	<u>38,152</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – PBIA Maintenance Compound Redevelopment	55.004	43463119401GOL10	N/A	<u>54,145</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – Lantana Runway 4-22 Rehab	55.004	43621619401ARS86	N/A	<u>149,200</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – PBIA Misc Taxiway Rehab	55.004	43638919401GOA16	N/A	<u>372,847</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – PBIA ARFF Facility Improvement	55.004	43639019401GOA21	N/A	<u>9,151</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – Pahoee Rehab Runway 17-35 and Taxiway	55.004	43639029401GIV62	N/A	<u>8,696</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – Pahoee Rehab Runway 18-36 and Taxiway	55.004	43639819401GI541	N/A	<u>36,521</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – Lantana Perimeter Fence Improvements	55.004	43651319401ARR13	N/A	<u>11,505</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – PBIA Federal Inspection Services	55.004	44010219401GIH08	N/A	<u>7,340</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – NC Runway 14-32 Expansion at F45	55.004	44066419401GIJ70	N/A	<u>733,135</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – PBIA Concourse B Expansion	55.004	44133519401GON37	N/A	<u>303,247</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – LN Construct Fuel Farm and Wash Rack	55.004	44133529401GIL88	N/A	<u>700,000</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – LN Construct Fuel Farm & Wash Rack - P2	55.004	44160819401GIJ71	N/A	<u>10,875</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – LN Security Infra and Operational Imp	55.004	44322929401GIV60	N/A	<u>8,844</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – LN Security Infra and Oper Imp	55.004	44417719401GI653	N/A	<u>8,336</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – PBIA Conversion of Gate B1	55.004	44544519401GI702	N/A	<u>21,930</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – Pahoee Emergency Generator for Fuel	55.004	44587019401GIF85	N/A	<u>729,953</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – Lantana Security Infrastructure	55.004	44761819401GIV74	N/A	<u>39,407</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – PBIA Terminal Roof Improvements	55.004	44761919401GIV75	N/A	<u>927,733</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – PBIA Terminal Humidity & Condensation	55.004	44889319401GIV06	N/A	<u>49,418</u>	<u>-</u>
	Aviation Dev Grant – PBIA Terminal Chiller Improvements	55.004	44898119401GIW30	N/A	<u>11,408</u>	<u>-</u>
Total 55.004					<u>4,322,779</u>	<u>-</u>

(Continued)

Palm Beach County

**Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021**

Grantor	Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No./Catalog of State Financial Assistance No.	Contract/Grant #	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
Direct Programs:						
	CIGP-Intersection Military Trail and Northlake Blvd	55.008	43164515401	N/A	51,381	-
	CIGP-Congress Ave ext Northlake to Alt A1A	55.008	43306413801	N/A	2,368	-
	ROW Acq – Congress Ave ext Northlake to Alt A1A	55.008	43306414401	N/A	(40,902)	-
	Military Trail and Forest Hill, Intersection	55.008	43787814B42434501	N/A	3,100,388	-
	CIGP-Intersection Military Trail and Forest Hill	55.008	4378781320102	N/A	9,252	-
	CIGP-SR-7 at Weisman Way Intersection Improvements	55.008	44045613401	N/A	39,157	-
Total 55.008					<u>3,161,644</u>	<u>-</u>
Direct Programs:						
	FY20 Public Transit Block Grant – Operating	55.010	G1F66	N/A	5,344,100	-
	Public Transit Block Grant – Operating	55.010	G1V51	N/A	5,826,074	-
Total 55.010					<u>11,170,174</u>	<u>-</u>
Direct Programs:						
	Public Transit Service Develop Prog – Mobility Mgmt	55.012	44674218401	N/A	19,561	-
Total 55.012					<u>19,561</u>	<u>-</u>
Total FL Dept of Transportation					<u>21,085,045</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>FL Dept Children & Families</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	2019 Unified Homeless Grant	60.021	IP004	N/A	1,229,196	-
Total FL Dept Children & Families					<u>1,229,196</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>FL Dept of Health</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	Sexual Assault Services	64.121	COHO3	N/A	288,325	-
Passed Through: FL Dept of Health:						
	Emergency Medical Services	64.005	C8050	C8050	131,538	-
	FY21 Emergency Medical Services	64.005	C7050	C7050	16,191	-
Total 64.005					<u>147,729</u>	<u>-</u>
Passed Through: FL Council Against Sexual Violence						
	Rape Crisis Program Trust Fund	64.061	16TFGR26 (TF)	16TFGR26 (TF)	66,221	-
	Rape Crisis Center	64.069	16TFGR26 (GR)	16TFGR26 (GR)	103,429	-
Total FL Dept of Health					<u>605,704</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>FL Dept of Elder Affairs</u>						
Passed Through: OTHER – Area Agency on Aging of Palm Beach/Treasure Coast						
	20-21 Home Care for the Elderly	65.001	IH0209500 (GY20)	IH0209500 (GY20)	149,962	-
	21-22 Home Care for the Elderly	65.001	IH0219500 (GY21)	IH0219500 (GY21)	37,741	-
Total 65.001					<u>187,703</u>	<u>-</u>
Passed Through: OTHER – Area Agency on Aging of Palm Beach/Treasure Coast						
	20-21 Alzheimer's Disease Initiative	65.004	IZ0209500 (GY20)	IZ0209500 (GY20)	1,082,331	-
	21-22 Alzheimer's Disease Initiative	65.004	IZ0219500 (GY21)	IZ0219500 (GY21)	323,639	-
Total 65.004					<u>1,405,970</u>	<u>-</u>
Passed Through: OTHER – Area Agency on Aging of Palm Beach/Treasure Coast						
	20-21 Respite for Elders Living in Everyday Families	65.006	IR0209500 (GY20)	IR0209500 (GY20)	16,151	-
	21-22 Respite for Elders Living in Everyday Families	65.006	IR0219500 (GY21)	IR0219500 (GY21)	7,256	-
Total 65.006					<u>23,407</u>	<u>-</u>
Passed Through: OTHER – Area Agency on Aging of Palm Beach/Treasure Coast						
	20-21 Community Care for the Elderly	65.010	IC0209500 (GY20)	IC0209500 (GY20)	1,510,589	-
	21-22 Community Care for the Elderly	65.010	IC0219500 (GY21)	IC0219500 (GY21)	465,203	-
Total 65.010					<u>1,975,792</u>	<u>-</u>
Total FL Dept of Elder Affairs					<u>3,592,872</u>	<u>-</u>

(Continued)

Palm Beach County

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Grantor	Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No./Catalog of State Financial Assistance No.	Contract/Grant #	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients
<u>FL Dept of Corrections</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	B7FC4F DOC FY21	70.011	B7FC4F	N/A	298,378	298,378
	B96980 DOC FY22	70.011	B96980	N/A	81,317	81,317
Total 70.011					379,695	379,695
Total FL Dept of Corrections					379,695	379,695
<u>FL Dept of Law Enforcement</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	FY 21 Statewide Criminal Analysis Lab System	71.002	2021SFACL509B003	N/A	384,367	-
Total FL Dept of Law Enforcement					384,367	-
<u>FL Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	FWC Derelict Vessel Removal Grant Program	77.005	20178	N/A	21,450	-
	FWC Derelict Vessel Removal Grant Program	77.005	21002	N/A	66,948	-
Total 77.005					88,398	-
Direct Programs:						
	FFWCC Florida Boating Improvement Program	77.006	19031	N/A	2,438	-
Total FL Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission					90,836	-
<u>FL Dept of Economic Opportunity</u>						
Direct Programs:						
	Spring Training Facility Funding Agreement	73.016	SB16007	N/A	2,000,004	-
Total FL Dept of Economic Opportunity					2,000,004	-
Total State Grants – All Departments					\$ 32,605,840	\$ 1,889,624
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS					\$ 384,751,890	\$ 27,002,490

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance.

Palm Beach County, Florida

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Year Ended September 30, 2021

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (the Schedule) includes the grant activity of certain federal award programs and state financial assistance projects of Palm Beach County, Florida (the County) for the year ended September 30, 2021. The federal awards and state financial assistance received by the Solid Waste Authority, a major discretely presented component unit, the Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency, a discretely presented component unit, and the Housing Finance Authority, a discretely presented component unit, are not included in the Schedule. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida*. Because this schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the County.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting for expenditures accounted for in governmental type funds and on the accrual basis of accounting for expenses of the proprietary fund types. Such expenditures/expenses are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures/expenses are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

The County has elected to use a 19.8% indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The County elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as required by 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6).

**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With
*Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Chair and Members of
the Board of County Commissioners
Palm Beach County, Florida

Honorable Ric L. Bradshaw
Sheriff

Honorable Joseph Abruzzo
Clerk and Comptroller

Honorable Wendy Sartory Link
Supervisor of Elections

Honorable Dorothy Jacks
Property Appraiser

Honorable Anne Gannon
Tax Collector

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palm Beach County, Florida (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Solid Waste Authority, a major discretely presented component unit, the Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency, a discretely presented component unit, and the Housing Finance Authority, a discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters reported on separately by those auditors. Our report also included an emphasis of matter paragraph for the adoption of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective October 1, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
March 30, 2022

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State
Project; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance;
Required by The Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General,
State of Florida**

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Chair and Members of
the Board of County Commissioners
Palm Beach County, Florida

Honorable Joseph Abruzzo
Clerk and Comptroller

Honorable Dorothy Jacks
Property Appraiser

Honorable Ric L. Bradshaw
Sheriff

Honorable Wendy Sartory Link
Supervisor of Elections

Honorable Anne Gannon
Tax Collector

Report of Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited Palm Beach County, Florida's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the *Department of Financial Services' State Projects Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2021. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The County's basic financial statements include the operations of the Solid Waste Authority, a major discretely presented component unit, the Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency, a discretely presented component unit, and the Housing Finance Authority, a discretely presented component unit, which received federal awards and state projects which are not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance during the year ended September 30, 2021. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Solid Waste Authority, the Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency, and the Housing Finance Authority because other auditors were engaged to perform an audit in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida*.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards and state projects applicable to its federal programs and state projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor*

General of the State of Florida. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

Palm Beach County, Florida

**Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended September 30, 2021**

I – Summary of Independent Auditor’s Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

_____ Yes

 X No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

_____ Yes

 X None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

_____ Yes

 X No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

_____ Yes

 X No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

_____ Yes

 X None Reported

Type of auditor’s report issued on compliance for major federal programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

_____ Yes

 X No

The programs tested as major included the following:

Federal Assistance Listing Number(s)

20.106
20.500/20.507/20.525/20.526
21.019
21.023
21.027
93.044/93.045/93.053
93.498
93.914
97.134

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

Airport Improvement Program
Federal Transit Cluster
Coronavirus Relief Fund
Emergency Rental Assistance Program
American Rescue Plan Act
Aging Cluster
Provider Relief Fund
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants
Presidential Residence Protection Assistance Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$ 3,000,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

 X Yes

_____ No

(Continued)

Palm Beach County, Florida

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)
Year Ended September 30, 2020

State Financial Assistance

Internal control over major state projects:

Material weakness(es) identified?	<u> </u> Yes	<u> X </u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	<u> </u> Yes	<u> X </u> None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for
major state projects:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be
reported in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules*
of the Auditor General of the State of Florida?

<u> </u> Yes	<u> X </u> No

The projects tested as major included the following:

<u>Catalog of State Financial Assistance Number(s)</u>	<u>Name of State Financial Assistance Project</u>
55.010	Public Transit Block Grant Program
60.021	Homeless Grants-In-Aid
65.004	Alzheimer's Respite Services
65.010	Community Care for the Elderly
73.016	Economic Development Partnerships

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between
type A and type B projects:

\$ 978,175

Palm Beach County, Florida

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)
Year Ended September 30, 2021

II – Financial Statement Findings

A. Internal Control over Financial Reporting

No matters reported.

B. Compliance

No matters reported.

Palm Beach County, Florida

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)
Year Ended September 30, 2021

III – Federal Award and State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

A. Internal Control over Compliance

Federal Awards

No matters to report

State Financial Assistance

No matters to report

B. Compliance

Federal Awards

No matters to report

State Financial Assistance

No matters to report

Palm Beach County, Florida

**Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings
Year Ended September 30, 2021**

I – Financial Statement Findings

No matters to report

II – Federal Award and State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding #	Program	Finding	Observation is Still Relevant	Observation No Longer Relevant
2020-001	CSFA No. 40.901 – State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP)	Internal Control – Special Tests		X
2020-002	CSFA 55.001 – Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (CTD) Trip and Equipment Grant Program	Internal Control – Cash Management		X
2020-003	CSFA 55.001 – Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (CTD) Trip and Equipment Grant Program	Internal Control – Matching		X
2020-004	CSFA No. 40.901 – State Housing	Compliance – Special Tests		X

Section III

MANAGEMENT LETTER

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

**Management Letter Required By
Chapter 10.550 of the Rules of the
Auditor General of the State of Florida**

To the Honorable Members of the Board
of County Commissioners
Palm Beach County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palm Beach County, Florida (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2022. We did not audit the financial statements of the Solid Waste Authority, Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency, and the Housing Finance Authority, discretely presented component units, which represents 100% of the total assets and 100% of the total revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Solid Waste Authority, Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency, and Housing Finance Authority, is based on the reports of the other auditors. Our report does not address their respective internal control or compliance. Our report also included an emphasis of matter paragraph for the adoption of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective October 1, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*.

Other Reports

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective action has been taken to address the finding and recommendation made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note 1 of the County's financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the County has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the County did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the County. It is management's responsibility to monitor the County's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. This report does not include any matters that were reported on by other auditors as identified above. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of This Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM VS LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida

March 30, 2022, except for the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance for which the date is June 16, 2022.



RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Members of the Board of County
Commissioners of Palm Beach County, Florida
West Palm Beach, Florida

We have examined the Palm Beach County, Florida's (the County) compliance with *Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies* for the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the County complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the County complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General, Members of the County Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
March 30, 2022



RSM US LLP

Independent Accountant's Report

Honorable Members of the Board of County
Commissioners of Palm Beach County, Florida
West Palm Beach, Florida

We have examined Palm Beach County, Florida's (the County) compliance with Section 365.172, Florida Statutes, Emergency Communications Number "E911" and Section 365.173, Florida Statutes, Communications Number E911 System Fund, for the year ended September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the County complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the County complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2021.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General, the Board of County Commissioners, and applicable management of the County and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
March 30, 2022

Section IV

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Wendy Sartory Link
Supervisor of Elections
Palm Beach County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund of the Supervisor of Elections of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Supervisor), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor's basic fund financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the fund financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the major fund of the Supervisor as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, *Florida Statutes*, and Section 10.557(3), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Government Entity Audits*. These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of the financial position of the Supervisor or Palm Beach County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in their financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters*Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budgetary comparison schedule be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2022 on our consideration of the Supervisor's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND
September 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,944,022
Accounts receivable, net	264,705
Other assets	1,057,620
Total assets	\$ 3,266,347

LIABILITIES

Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,887,269
Due to Board of County Commissioners	1,074,136
Due to other governments	40,237
Total liabilities	3,001,642

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Unavailable revenue	264,705

FUND BALANCE

Nonspendable	
Prepaid Items	1,057,620
Spendable	
Unassigned	(1,057,620)
Total fund balance	-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 3,266,347

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE
GENERAL FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

Revenues:		
Intergovernmental	\$	938,981
Charges for services		967,276
Investment income		102
Miscellaneous		5,725,659
<u>Total revenues</u>		<u>7,632,018</u>
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government		22,378,001
Capital outlay		739,482
<u>Total expenditures</u>		<u>23,117,483</u>
<u>Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures</u>		<u>(15,485,465)</u>
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfer from Board of County Commissioners		16,555,547
Transfer to Board of County Commissioners		(1,070,082)
<u>Total other financing sources (uses)</u>		<u>15,485,465</u>
Net change in fund balance		-
<u>Fund balance, October 1, 2020</u>		<u>-</u>
<u>Fund balance, September 30, 2021</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Palm Beach County, Florida, Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor of Elections) is a separately elected county official established pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida. The Supervisor of Election's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Palm Beach County, Florida (the County) taken as a whole.

Section 10.556(6), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, requires the Palm Beach County, Florida, Supervisor of Elections financial statements to only present fund financial statements. Accordingly, due to the omission of government-wide financial statements and related disclosures, including a management's discussion and analysis, these financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation of the financial position of the Palm Beach County, Florida, Supervisor of Elections as of September 30, 2021 and the changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended, in conformity with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, but otherwise constitute fund financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The financial activities of the Supervisor of Elections, as a constitutional officer, are included in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The accounting records of the Supervisor of Elections are organized on the basis of funds as prescribed by GAAP applicable to governments as established by the GASB. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The type and fund used by the Supervisor of Elections is described as follows:

- *The General Fund*, a governmental fund, is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Supervisor of Elections.

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized by governmental funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized if they are susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the Supervisor of Elections considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Primary revenue sources susceptible to accrual include charges for services, intergovernmental revenue, and interest. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include compensated absences and other post-employment benefits, and claims and judgments which are not recorded as expenditures because these amounts will not be paid from expendable available resources.

Governmental funds are accounted for on a “spending” or “financial flow” measurement focus. Generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The operating statement reports increases and decreases in net current assets.

D. Cash and Investments

Deposits

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to the Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, “Florida Security for Public Deposits Act” and are covered by either federal depository insurance or collateral held by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida.

In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool.

Cash Equivalents

Highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are reported as cash equivalents.

E. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements with a corresponding amount reported as nonspendable fund balance. Expenditures for insurance and similar services extending over more than one accounting period are accounted for as expenditures of the period of acquisition.

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

F. Capital Assets

Upon acquisition, capital assets are recorded as capital outlay expenditures in the General Fund of the Supervisor of Elections and are capitalized at cost in the governmental activities of the basic financial statements of the County. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over a period ranging from 2 to 15 years. The depreciation expense is recorded in the statement of activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County. The Supervisor of Elections maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by its office.

G. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Supervisor of Elections may accumulate unused vacation and sick leave up to a specified amount. Sick leave up to a maximum of 50 percent but not more than 500 hours, based on years of service, and a maximum of 400 hours of accumulated vacation are payable to employees upon termination or retirement at the rate of pay on that date.

For governmental fund reporting a liability and expenditure for compensated absences is recognized as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of relevant events, such as employee resignations and retirements. For reporting within governmental activities of the County's basic financial statements, vacation is accrued as a liability when benefits are earned by the employees, that is, the employees have rendered services that give rise to the vacation liability and it is probable that the Supervisor of Elections will compensate the employees in some manner, e.g. in cash or in paid time-off, now or upon termination or retirement. The Supervisor of Elections uses the vesting method in accruing sick leave liability. The vesting method accrues sick leave liability for employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments upon separation as well as those expected to become eligible in the future. The obligation that is reported in governmental activities of the County is disclosed in Note 3.

H. Encumbrances

Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end represent the estimated amounts of expenditures ultimately to be paid for goods on order or unperformed contracts in progress at the fiscal year-end. Because appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end, it is the Supervisor of Elections' policy to liquidate open encumbrances and re-appropriate such amounts at the beginning of the next fiscal year.

I. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

J. Transfers In

In accordance with Florida Statutes, the Board of County Commissioners is required to fund certain operations of the Supervisor of Elections. These County appropriations are reported as transfers in.

K. Transfers Out

In accordance with Florida Statutes, all revenues in excess of expenditures as of fiscal year-end are owed to the Board of County Commissioners. These “excess fees” are reported as transfers out.

L. Fund Balance

The Supervisor of Elections classifies governmental fund balances according to GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form (e.g. inventory, prepaid) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g. corpus of permanent fund).

Spendable Fund Balance:

Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The Supervisor of Elections uses restricted resources first, then committed, assigned and unassigned resources. At the end of the year, any excess transfers from the Board of County Commissioners are required to be remitted back to the Board of County Commissioners. As a result, there is no ending fund balance.

M. Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Disclosure

The Supervisor of Elections applies GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27)*, and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense relating to the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) deferred benefit plans (the Plans). Additions to and deductions from both Plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans and are recorded in the County’s government-wide financial statements. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. See subsequent Retirement note for additional information.

The Supervisor of Elections applies GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This Statement outlines reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. See subsequent OPEB note for additional information.

N. Unadopted Accounting Standards

- GASB Statement No. 87, “*Leases*”. This Statement outlines new guidance that establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. The goal is to better align reporting these leases with their particular situations, as well as provide greater transparency and usefulness of financial statements. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 92, “Omnibus 2020”. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Management of the Supervisor of Election’s Office is still in the process of determining what effect, if any, the above Statements will have on the financial statements and related disclosures.

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At September 30, 2021, cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

	Bank Balance	Carrying Value
Deposits in Financial Institutions	\$ 4,137,864	\$ 1,943,922
Cash on hand		100
Total		\$ 1,944,022

Cash and cash equivalents are reported in the Balance Sheet as \$1,944,022.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Supervisor of Elections has no formal policy to limit its exposure to interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The Supervisor of Elections has no formal policy to limit its exposure to credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments

This type of risk would arise in the event of the failure of a custodian holding investment securities, after which the government would not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of the third party custodian. The Supervisor of Elections has no formal policy to limit its exposure to custodial credit risk.

Concentration Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Supervisor of Elections has no formal policy to limit its exposure to concentration credit risk.

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

3. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

A summary of changes in the compensated absences liability not reported at the governmental fund level but reported in the basic government-wide financial statements of the County is as follows:

Compensated absences payable at October 1, 2020	\$ 218,168
Increase in accrued compensated absences	166,512
Decrease in accrued compensated absences	<u>(163,412)</u>
Compensated absences payable at September 30, 2021	<u><u>\$ 221,268</u></u>

4. RETIREMENT PLANS

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Supervisor of Elections participates in the Florida Retirement System and provides retirement benefits to employees through the following plans:

Plan Descriptions

The **Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan** and the **Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program** are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The FRS Pension Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. These benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and may only be amended by the Florida legislature.

The HIS Program benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. The HIS Program was established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time.

A comprehensive annual financial report including financial information and required supplementary information on both plans is publicly available on the web site of the Florida Department of Management Services (<http://www.dms.myflorida.com>).

The Supervisor of Elections contributes to the **Florida Retirement System Investment Plan (Investment Plan)**, a defined contribution plan, for its eligible employees who elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of participating in the FRS Pension Plan. As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of FRS defined-benefit plan. Supervisor of Elections employees participating in the DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.) as the FRS Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. The Investment Plan is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida's comprehensive annual financial report. Financial information on this plan is available on the web at <http://www.sbafla.com/>.

FRS and HIS Contributions

The Supervisor of Elections' employer contributions to both plans totaled \$391,616 and employee contributions totaled \$95,084 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Supervisor of Elections contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding two years for both plans.

Net Pension Liability

The Supervisor of Elections' proportionate share of the aggregate net pension liability for both plans was \$1,637,483 at September 30, 2021. Balances related to the net pension liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and pension expense are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION PLAN

Benefits Provided

The Florida Retirement System was created on December 1, 1970. Members enrolled in the FRS and actively employed on July 1, 2001, or first enrolled between July 1, 2001 and June 30, 2011, will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 6 years of creditable service. Participants first enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 8 years of creditable service. Retirement, disability, and death benefits are based on age, average final compensation and years-of-service credit. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the minimum requirements established by their membership class. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 62 or if they have 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 65 or if they have 33 years of creditable service regardless of age. Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting. However, there is a 5 percent reduction

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

of benefits for each year prior to normal retirement age or date. The percentage level of employees' payroll contribution rates is determined using the frozen entry age actuarial cost method.

Beginning July 1, 1998, the FRS implemented the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), which is a program within the FRS Pension Plan that allows members to retire without terminating their employment for up to five years while their retirement benefits accumulate and earn interest compounded monthly at a stated effective annual rate. For members who entered DROP prior to July 1, 2011, the rate is 6.5 percent. For members who enter DROP on or after July 1, 2011, the rate is 1.3 percent. Members may participate in DROP when they are vested and have reached their normal retirement date. When the DROP period ends, members must terminate employment. At that time, members will receive their accumulated DROP benefits and begin receiving their monthly retirement benefit.

The FRS was amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution plan is known as the FRS Investment Plan, which is described later in this note.

Contributions

The following membership classes and contribution rates, which apply to both the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan, were in effect at September 30, 2021:

<u>Membership Class</u>	<u>Employee Contribution Rate</u>	<u>Employer Contribution Rate*</u>
Regular	3.00%	10.82%
Special Risk	3.00	25.89
State Attorney/Public Defender	3.00	63.73
County, City, Special District Elected Officers	3.00	51.42
Special Risk Administrative Support	3.00	37.76
Senior Management	3.00	29.01
Deferred Retirement Option Program	N/A	18.34

*Employer contribution rates in the above table include a 1.66% contribution for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program.

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PROGRAM

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 per month and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll. The Supervisor of Elections contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. The HIS Program contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. The HIS Program benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENT PLAN

Vesting Provisions

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll, which is included in the FRS contribution rates, and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA, however, management believe that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Supervisor of Elections. After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

For more detailed information on these plans, please refer to the Retirement Note in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

5. LEASES

The Supervisor of Elections has entered into various leases which are classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Total operating lease expense for facilities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 amounted to \$800,302.

Future minimum lease payments under operating leases at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ 856,590
2023	890,004
2024	227,229
Total	<u>\$ 1,973,823</u>

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Supervisor of Elections is covered by the Board of County Commissioner's (BOCC) self-insurance programs for its casualty insurance and workers' compensation exposures and included under its commercial policies for employee group health insurance.

Casualty Insurance

The Supervisor of Elections is covered by the BOCC's casualty self-insurance program. This type of insurance limits the Supervisor of Elections' exposure to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters.

Workers' Compensation

The Supervisor of Elections participates in the BOCC's workers' compensation self-insurance program. Payments are made by the Supervisor of Elections to the BOCC based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay current claims and a provision for incurred but unreported claims.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the BOCC charged the Supervisor of Elections \$10,272 for workers' compensation insurance.

Employee Group Health Insurance

The Supervisor of Elections participates in the BOCC's health insurance program for its employees and eligible dependents. Payments are made to the BOCC's insurance fund.

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the BOCC charged the Supervisor of Elections \$578,200 for employee group health insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the insurance programs noted above in the past three fiscal years.

7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The total OPEB liability of the Supervisor of Elections was \$28,349 at September 30, 2021. This was calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 ("GASB 75"), *"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions"*. For the year ended September 30, 2021, OPEB expense for the Supervisor of Elections totaled \$2,253.

Balances related to the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and OPEB expense are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

Benefits Provided

The Supervisor of Elections participates in the County's defined benefit post-employment healthcare OPEB plan which provides OPEB to all eligible retired employees and their dependents. The plan is a single employer plan which is administered by the employer for their employees. Retirees of the healthcare benefit OPEB plan must be offered the same coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable for active employees which results in an implicit subsidy.

Plan Description

The Supervisor of Elections is required by Florida Statute 112.0801 to allow their retirees (and eligible dependents) to continue participation in the group insurance plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Additionally, there are no legal documents referencing a trust. The healthcare benefits OPEB plan does not issue separate standalone financial reports. The County plan includes 47 active participants from the Supervisor of Elections.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using several actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The actuarial valuation method utilized was the entry-age normal level percentage of pay. Other assumptions are as follows:

**SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

- Measurement Date: September 30, 2021
- Inflation: 3.00%
- Actuarial Valuation Date: September 30, 2020
- Salary increases: 3.50%
- Discount rate of 2.15%; Source: Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: Initially 5.5% to grade uniformly to 4.5% over a 2-year period
- Mortality Rate: Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-19
- A formal experience study was not performed. However, the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were reasonable and consistent with the Florida Retirement System.

For more detailed information on the County's OPEB plan, please refer to the OPEB Note in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021
(Required Supplementary Information)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 938,981	\$ 938,981
Charges for services	510,500	510,500	967,276	456,776
Investment income	170	170	102	(68)
Miscellaneous	-	-	5,725,659	5,725,659
Total revenues	510,670	510,670	7,632,018	7,121,348
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	16,763,217	16,763,217	22,378,001	(5,614,784)
Capital outlay	303,000	303,000	739,482	(436,482)
Total expenditures	17,066,217	17,066,217	23,117,483	(6,051,266)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(16,555,547)	(16,555,547)	(15,485,465)	1,070,082
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers from Board of County Commissioners	16,555,547	16,555,547	16,555,547	-
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners	-	-	(1,070,082)	(1,070,082)
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,555,547	16,555,547	15,485,465	(1,070,082)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, October 1, 2020	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Sections 129.03 and 129.201-.202, Florida Statutes, govern the preparation, adoption and administration of the budget of the Supervisor of Elections. On or before June 1 of each year, the Supervisor of Elections shall submit to the BOCC a tentative budget for the office for the ensuing fiscal year. However, the BOCC, by resolution R-95-1195, requires the tentative budget to be submitted by May 1 of each year. The budget for the general fund is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

**Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed
in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards**

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Wendy Sartory Link
Supervisor of Elections
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund of the Supervisor of Elections of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Supervisor), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2022. Our report was modified to reflect that these financial statements were prepared to comply with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes and Section 10.557(3), Rules of the Auditor General for Local Government Entity Audits.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Supervisor's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM VS LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

**Management Letter in Accordance with the
Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida**

The Honorable Wendy Sartory Link
Supervisor of Elections
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the major fund of the Supervisor of Elections of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Supervisor), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2022, which was prepared to comply with State of Florida reporting requirements.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 16, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note 1 of the Supervisor's financial statements.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, the Supervisor of Elections, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM VS LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

Independent Accountant's Report

The Honorable Wendy Sartory Link
Supervisor of Elections
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have examined the Supervisor of Elections of Palm Beach County, Florida's (the Supervisor) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, during the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Supervisor's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Supervisor's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Supervisor complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Supervisor's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Supervisor complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021.

The purpose of this report is to comply with the local investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, the Local Government Investment Policies and Rules of the Auditor General.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General, the Supervisor's Office and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

Section V

TAX COLLECTOR

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Anne M. Gannon
Tax Collector
Palm Beach County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's fund financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the fund financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the accompanying fund financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, *Florida Statutes*, and Section 10.557(3), *Rules of the Auditor General* for Local Government Entity Audits. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Tax Collector or Palm Beach County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in their financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 1L to the financial statements, the Tax Collector adopted the recognition and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. There was no impact on the beginning net position of the aggregate remaining funds. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of changes in total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statement in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tax Collector's basic fund financial statements. The statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2022, on our consideration of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND
September 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 80,833,956
Accounts receivable	38,026
Due from Board of County Commissioners	34
Due from other governments	5,316
Other assets	67,403
Total assets	\$ 80,944,735

LIABILITIES

Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 5,901,645
Due to Board of County Commissioners	63,106,762
Due to other county agencies	5,635,471
Due to other governments	4,826,029
Unearned revenue	1,474,828
Total liabilities	80,944,735

FUND BALANCE

Nonspendable	
Prepaid Items	62,193
Spendable	
Unassigned	(62,193)
Total fund balance	-
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 80,944,735

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE
GENERAL FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

Revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 83,650,204
Less - excess fees paid out	(44,074,435)
Interest income	5,204
Total revenues	39,580,973
Expenditures:	
Current:	
General government	28,533,815
Capital outlay	11,047,158
Total expenditures	39,580,973
Net change in fund balance	-
Fund balance, October 1, 2020	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2021	\$ -

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
September 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 54,684,043
Accounts receivable, net	97,774
Total assets	54,781,817

LIABILITIES

Due to other governments	48,465,689
Due to individuals	6,316,128
Total liabilities	54,781,817

NET POSITION

Amount held for individuals, organizations, and other governments	-
Total net position	\$ -

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

ADDITIONS

Taxes collected on behalf of other governments	\$ 2,874,052,351
Other additions	113,170,649
Total additions	2,987,223,000

DEDUCTIONS

Distributions to other governments	2,874,052,351
Other deductions	113,170,649
Total deductions	2,987,223,000
Change in net position	-
Net position, October 1, 2020	-
Net position, September 30, 2021	\$ -

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Palm Beach County, Florida, Tax Collector (the Tax Collector) is a separately elected county official established pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida. The Tax Collector's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Palm Beach County, Florida (the County) taken as a whole.

Section 10.556(6), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, requires the Palm Beach County, Florida, Tax Collector financial statements to only present fund financial statements. Accordingly, due to the omission of government-wide financial statements and related disclosures, including a management's discussion and analysis, these financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation of the financial position of the Palm Beach County, Florida, Tax Collector at September 30, 2021 and the changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended, in conformity with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, but otherwise constitute fund financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The financial activities of the Tax Collector, as a constitutional officer, are included in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The accounting records of the Tax Collector are organized on the basis of funds as prescribed by GAAP applicable to governments as established by the GASB. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various types and funds used by the Tax Collector are described as follows:

- *The General Fund*, a governmental fund, is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Tax Collector that are not required either legally or by GAAP to be accounted for in another fund.

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

- *Fiduciary Funds* are custodial in nature and account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Custodial funds are used to account for resources held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized by governmental funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized if they are susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the Tax Collector considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal period. Primary revenue sources susceptible to accrual include charges for services and interest. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include accumulated sick and vacation pay, claims and judgments and other post-employment benefits, which are not recorded as expenditures because these amounts will not be paid from expendable available resources.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by the Custodial funds. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Governmental funds are accounted for on a “spending” or “financial flow” measurement focus. Generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The operating statement reports increases and decreases in net current assets.

D. Cash and Investments

Deposits

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to the Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act" and are covered by either federal depository insurance or collateral held by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida.

In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool.

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Cash Equivalents

Highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are reported as cash equivalents. The County maintains an internal investment pool for substantially all funds. Earnings are allocated daily to each fund based on their equity in the County's internal investment pool as a cash equivalent.

Investments

All investments are reported at fair value except for the Florida Prime Investment Pool which is reported at amortized cost as permitted by GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*.

Additionally, the Tax Collector categorizes its applicable fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year-end are described in a subsequent note. Normally excluded from GASB Statement No. 72 hierarchy reporting are cash equivalent investments, certificates of deposit, money market funds, commercial paper, and time deposit-like foreign bonds.

State statutes and local ordinances authorize County investments in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, interest-bearing time deposits, savings accounts, the Florida Prime Investment Pool (formerly known as the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration), the Florida Local Government Investment Trust, collateralized mortgage obligations, certain corporate securities, instruments backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Israel, bankers acceptances, and money market mutual funds.

The following external investment pool is not SEC-registered:

The State Board of Administration administers the Florida Prime Investment Pool (formerly known as the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund) which is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code and Chapters 218 and 215 of the Florida Statutes. The Florida Prime Investment Pool is an external investment pool operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment in the Florida Prime Investment Pool is not insured by FDIC or any other governmental agency. Regulatory oversight of the State Board of Administration is provided by the following officials: the Governor of the State of Florida, as Chairman; the Chief Financial Officer of Florida, as Treasurer; and the State Comptroller, as Secretary. External oversight of the State Board of Administration is provided by

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

the Investment Advisory Council which reviews the investments made by the staff of the Board of Administration and makes recommendations to the Board regarding investment policy, strategy, and procedures. Audit oversight is provided by the Florida Auditor General's Office.

E. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements with a corresponding amount reported as nonspendable fund balance. Expenditures for insurance and similar services extending over more than one accounting period are accounted for as expenditures of the period of acquisition.

F. Capital Assets

Upon acquisition, capital assets are recorded as capital outlay expenditures in the General Fund of the Tax Collector and capitalized at cost in the governmental activities of the basic financial statements of the County. The Tax Collector maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by her office. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over a period ranging from three to forty years. The depreciation expense is recorded in the statement of activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

G. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Tax Collector may accumulate unused Paid Time Off (PTO) up to a maximum of 480 hours. Any unused PTO is paid to the employees at the rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the Tax Collector determines the liability for compensated absences, as well as certain other salary related costs associated with the payment of compensated absences that are reported by the County in the basic financial statements. For governmental fund reporting, a liability and expenditure for compensated absences is recognized as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of relevant events, such as employee resignations and retirements. For reporting within governmental activities of the County's basic financial statements, PTO leave is accrued as a liability when benefits are earned by the employee but only to the extent it is probable the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through cash payments at termination, retirement or paid time off. The obligation is disclosed in a subsequent note.

H. Encumbrances

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent the estimated amounts of expenditures ultimately to be paid for goods on order or unperformed contracts in process at fiscal year-end. Because appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end, it is the Tax Collector's policy to liquidate open encumbrances and re-appropriate such amounts at the beginning of the next fiscal year.

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

I. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Fund Balance

The Tax Collector classifies governmental fund balances according to GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form (e.g. inventory, prepaid) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g. corpus of permanent fund).

Spendable Fund Balance:

Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The Tax Collector first uses restricted resources, and then committed, followed by assigned and unassigned resources. In accordance with Florida Statutes, at year-end the Tax Collector records a contra-revenue amount for excess fees received in excess of annual operations. This amount is recorded with offsetting liabilities recorded as Due to the Board of County Commissioners and Due to Other Governments for fees collected which were refunded to the taxing jurisdictions based on the proportion of revenues collected on their behalf compared to total revenues collected. This amount is presented as excess fees paid out. As a result, there is no ending fund balance.

K. Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Disclosure

The Tax Collector applies GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27)*, and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense relating to the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) deferred benefit plans (the Plans). Additions to and deductions from both Plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans and are recorded in the County's government-wide financial statements. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. See subsequent Retirement note for additional information.

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

The Tax Collector applies GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This Statement outlines reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. See subsequent OPEB note for additional information.

L. Implementation of New Governmental Accounting Standard

Fiduciary Activities – GASB issued Statement No.84 – “*Fiduciary Activities*” in January 2017. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This standard was implemented October 1, 2020. A new Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds was created as a result of the implementation of this standard.

M. Unadopted Accounting Standards

- GASB Statement No. 87, “*Leases*”. This Statement outlines new guidance that establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. The goal is to better align reporting these leases with their particular situations, as well as provide greater transparency and usefulness of financial statements. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 92, “*Onmibus 2020*”. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in the accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Management of the Tax Collector’s Office is still in the process of determining what effect, if any, the above Statements will have on the financial statements and related disclosures.

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2021, cash, cash equivalents and investments consisted of the following:

	Bank Balance	Carrying Value	Credit Rating	Term
Deposits in Financial Institutions	<u>\$ 133,259,085</u>	\$ 135,343,967	n/a	n/a
Cash on hand		26,930	n/a	n/a
Investments:				
Florida Prime Investment Pool (SBA)		<u>147,102</u>	AAAm	49 days WAM
Total		<u>\$ 135,517,999</u>		

Credit rating: Standard & Poor's Investment Rating Service

Term: Date investment matures or weighted average maturity (WAM)

n/a: Not applicable

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported in the Financial Statements as follows:

	Governmental Fund	Custodial Fund	Total
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	<u>\$ 80,833,956</u>	<u>\$ 54,684,043</u>	<u>\$ 135,517,999</u>

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, requires the Tax Collector to categorize the fair value measurements of its applicable investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Additional details of GASB Statement No. 72 are provided in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

The following table summarizes the assets of the Tax Collector for which fair values are determined as of September 30, 2021:

Investment	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Small Business Administration	\$ 147,102	\$ -	\$ 147,102	\$ -
Total Investments at Fair Value	<u>\$ 147,102</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 147,102</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The investments in cash and cash equivalents are exempt from the GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy. These investments totaled \$135,370,897.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Tax Collector has no formal policy to limit its exposure to interest rate risk.

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The Tax Collector has no formal policy to limit its exposure to credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments

This type of risk would arise in the event of the failure of a custodian holding investment securities, after which the government would not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of the third-party custodian. The Tax Collector has no formal policy to limit its exposure to custodial credit risk.

Concentration Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Tax Collector has no formal policy to limit its exposure to concentration credit risk.

3. ACCUMULATED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are reported by the County in its basic financial statements. The following is a summary of changes in the compensated absences liability during fiscal year 2021:

Compensated absences payable at October 1, 2020	\$ 1,320,784
Increase in accrued compensated absences	1,332,221
Decrease in accrued compensated absences	<u>(1,682,449)</u>
Compensated absences payable at September 30, 2021	<u>\$ 970,556</u>

4. PENSION PLAN

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Tax Collector participates in the Florida Retirement System and provides retirement benefits to employees through the following plans:

Plan Descriptions

The **Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan** and the **Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program** are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The FRS Pension Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. These benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and may only be amended by the Florida legislature.

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

The HIS Program benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. The HIS Program was established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time.

A comprehensive annual financial report including financial information and required supplementary information on both plans is publicly available on the web site of the Florida Department of Management Services (<http://www.dms.myflorida.com>).

The Tax Collector contributes to the **Florida Retirement System Investment Plan (Investment Plan)**, a defined contribution plan, for its eligible employees who elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of participating in the FRS Pension Plan. As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of FRS defined-benefit plan. Tax Collector employees participating in the DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.) as the FRS Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. The Investment Plan is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA), and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida's comprehensive annual financial report. Financial information on this plan is available on the web at <http://www.sbafla.com/>.

FRS and HIS Contributions

The Tax Collector's employer contributions to both plans totaled \$1,967,984 and employee contributions totaled \$442,997 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Tax Collector contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding two years for both plans.

Net Pension Liability

The Tax Collector's proportionate share of the aggregate net pension liability for both plans was \$8,346,290 at September 30, 2021. Balances related to the net pension liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and pension expense are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION PLAN

Benefits Provided

The Florida Retirement System was created on December 1, 1970. Members enrolled in the FRS and actively employed on July 1, 2001, or first enrolled between July 1, 2001 and June 30, 2011, will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 6 years of creditable service. Participants first enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 8 years of creditable service. Retirement, disability, and death benefits are based on age, average final compensation and years-of-service credit. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the minimum requirements established by their membership class. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 62 or if they have 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 65 or if they have 33 years of creditable service regardless of age. Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting. However, there is a 5 percent reduction of benefits for each year prior to normal retirement age or date. The percentage level of employees' payroll contribution rates is determined using the frozen entry age actuarial cost method.

Beginning July 1, 1998, the FRS implemented the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), which is a program within the FRS Pension Plan that allows members to retire without terminating their employment for up to five years while their retirement benefits accumulate and earn interest compounded monthly at a stated effective annual rate. For members who entered DROP prior to July 1, 2011, the rate is 6.5 percent. For members who enter DROP on or after July 1, 2011, the rate is 1.3 percent. Members may participate in DROP when they are vested and have reached their normal retirement date. When the DROP period ends, members must terminate employment. At that time, members will receive their accumulated DROP benefits and begin receiving their monthly retirement benefit.

The FRS was amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution plan is known as the FRS Investment Plan, which is described later in this note.

Contributions

The following membership classes and contribution rates, which apply to both the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan, were in effect at September 30, 2021:

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

<u>Membership Class</u>	<u>Employee Contribution Rate</u>	<u>Employer Contribution Rate*</u>
Regular	3.00%	10.82%
Special Risk	3.00	25.89
State Attorney/Public Defender	3.00	63.73
County, City, Special District Elected Officers	3.00	51.42
Special Risk Administrative Support	3.00	37.76
Senior Management	3.00	29.01
Deferred Retirement Option Program	N/A	18.34

*Employer contribution rates in the above table include a 1.66% contribution for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program.

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PROGRAM

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 per month and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll. The Tax Collector contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three fiscal years. The HIS Program contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. The HIS Program benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENT PLAN

Vesting Provisions

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll, which is included in the FRS contribution rates, and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA, however, management believe that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Tax Collector. After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

For more detailed information on these plans, please refer to the Retirement Note in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

5. COMMITMENTS

Purchase orders and contracts had been executed, but certain goods and services were not received for \$123,311. Because the budget authority for these amounts lapses at fiscal year-end, they are not shown as assignments of fund balance or liabilities. Funds are re-appropriated at the beginning of each fiscal year to provide for these commitments.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Tax Collector is covered by the Board of County Commissioner's (BOCC) self-insurance programs for its casualty insurance and workers' compensation exposures and maintains commercial insurance policies for its health and dental programs.

Casualty and Workers' Compensation Insurance

The Tax Collector participates in the BOCC's casualty and workers' compensation self-insurance programs. These types of insurance limit the Tax Collector's exposure to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters and employee injuries. Payments are made by the Tax Collector to the BOCC based on estimates of the amounts needed to ultimately settle claims. However, the Tax Collector does not retain any risk beyond premiums paid to the BOCC.

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the BOCC charged the Tax Collector \$7,776 and \$40,999, respectively, for casualty insurance and workers' compensation insurance.

7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The total OPEB liability of the Tax Collector was \$3,844,526 at September 30, 2021. This was calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 ("GASB 75"), *"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions"*. For the year ended September 30, 2021, OPEB expense for the Tax Collector totaled \$404,992.

Balances related to the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and OPEB expense are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

Benefits Provided

The Tax Collector's defined benefit post-employment healthcare OPEB plan provides OPEB to all eligible retired employees and their dependents. The plan is a single employer plan which is administered by the employer for their employees. Retirees of the healthcare benefit OPEB plan must be offered the same coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable for active employees which results in an implicit subsidy.

Plan Description

The Tax Collector is required by Florida Statute 112.0801 to allow their retirees (and eligible dependents) to continue participation in the group insurance plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Additionally, there are no legal documents referencing a trust. The healthcare benefits OPEB plan does not issue separate standalone financial reports. The plan consists of 257 active participants and 3 retirees.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using several actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The actuarial valuation method utilized was the entry-age normal level percentage of pay. Other assumptions are as follows:

- Measurement Date: September 30, 2021
- Inflation: 4.00%
- Actuarial Valuation Date: September 30, 2021

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

- Salary increases: 4.00%
- Discount rate of 2.43%; Source: S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: Initially 6.25% to grade ultimately to 4.04% over a 55-year period
- Mortality Rate: Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-2020
- A formal experience study was not performed. However, the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were reasonable and consistent with typical industry standards.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Tax Collector, as well as what the Tax Collector's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent lower (1.43%) or 1-percent higher (3.43%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.43%)	Current Discount Rate (2.43%)	1% Increase (3.43%)
Total OPEB liability	\$4,186,966	\$3,844,526	\$3,524,525

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Tax Collector, as well as what the Tax Collector's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (5.25% decreasing to 3.04%) or 1% higher (7.25% decreasing to 5.04%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates		
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
	decreasing	decreasing	decreasing
	to 3.04%	to 4.04%	to 5.04%
	over 55 years	over 55 years	over 55 years
Total OPEB liability	\$3,337,438	\$3,844,526	\$4,453,921

**TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Changes in total OPEB liability

Service cost	\$ 495,676
Interest	195,303
Experience losses(gains)	(1,916,433)
Change of assumptions	258,512
Benefit payments	<u>(75,715)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,042,657)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	<u>4,887,183</u>
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u><u>\$ 3,844,526</u></u>

For more detailed information on the Tax Collector's OPEB plan, please refer to the OPEB Note in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 495,676	\$ 472,072	\$ 449,592	\$ 295,336
Interest	195,303	173,465	166,642	146,822
Experience losses (gains)	(1,916,433)	-	(3,821,944)	-
Change of assumptions	258,512	-	3,477,957	-
Benefit payments	(75,715)	(109,311)	(101,685)	(104,149)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,042,657)	536,226	170,562	338,009
Total OPEB liability- beginning	4,887,183	4,350,957	4,180,395	3,842,386
Total OPEB liability- ending	\$ 3,844,526	\$ 4,887,183	\$ 4,350,957	\$ 4,180,395
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,970,062	\$ 13,712,189	\$ 13,184,797	\$ 14,485,421
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	29.6%	35.6%	33.0%	28.9%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

(2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

(3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Change in assumptions: changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate, assumed trend rate for medical claims, and mortality rate each period.

- The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2021	2.43%
2020	3.68%
2019	3.68%
2018	3.64%

- The following are the assumed trend rates for the medical claims used in each period:

2021	6.25% grading uniformly to 5.75% over 2 years, then to an ultimate rate of 4.04% in 2075.
2020	7.5% grading uniformly to 6.75% over 3 years, then to an ultimate rate of 3.94% in 2075.
2019	7.5% grading uniformly to 6.75% over 3 years, then to an ultimate rate of 3.94% in 2075.
2018	8.00% graded down to 5% over 10 years.

- The following are the mortality tables used in each period:

2021	Pub-210 generational; scale MP-2020.
2020	RP-2014 Total Dataset Adjusted to 2006 with Scale MP-2018.
2019	RP-2014 Total Dataset Adjusted to 2006 with Scale MP-2018.
2018	RP-2014 projected generationally using Scale MP-2016.

TAX COLLECTOR
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021
(Required Supplementary Information)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 80,644,520	\$ 80,644,520	\$ 83,650,204	\$ 3,005,684
Less - excess fees paid out	(39,574,017)	(39,574,017)	(44,074,435)	(4,500,418)
Interest income	-	-	5,204	5,204
Total revenues	41,070,503	41,070,503	39,580,973	(1,489,530)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	30,046,203	29,796,203	28,533,815	1,262,388
Capital outlay	11,024,300	11,274,300	11,047,158	227,142
Total expenditures	41,070,503	41,070,503	39,580,973	1,489,530
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, October 1, 2020	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Section 195.087, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption, and administration of the budget of the Tax Collector. On or before a legally designated date each year, the Tax Collector shall submit to the Florida Department of Revenue a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. A copy of such budget shall be furnished at the same time to the Board of County Commissioners. Final approval of the budget is given by the Florida Department of Revenue. The budget is adopted for the general fund on a basis consistent with GAAP. The level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

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**Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed
in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Anne M. Gannon
Tax Collector
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's fund financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2022. Our report was modified to reflect that these financial statements were prepared to comply with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes and Section 10.557(3), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Government Entity Audits*. Our report also included an emphasis of matter paragraph for the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No.84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective October 1, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the fund financial statements, we considered the Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tax Collector's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Tax Collector's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

**Management Letter in Accordance with the
Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida**

The Honorable Anne M. Gannon
Tax Collector
Palm Beach County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tax Collector of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2022, which was prepared to comply with State of Florida reporting requirements.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 16, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Sections 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note 1 of the Tax Collector's financial statements.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve the Tax Collector's financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies and applicable management of the Tax Collector's Office, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM VS LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022



RSM US LLP

Independent Accountant's Report

The Honorable Anne M. Gannon
Tax Collector
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have examined the Tax Collector of Palm Beach County, Florida's (the Tax Collector) compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, Local Government Investment Policies, during the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Tax Collector's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Tax Collector complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Tax Collector's compliance with specified requirements.

We are required to be independent and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021.

The purpose of this report is to comply with the local investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, the Local Government Investment Policies and Rules of the Auditor General.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General, the Tax Collector's Office, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

Section VI

PROPERTY APPRAISER

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Dorothy Jacks
Property Appraiser
Palm Beach County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund of the Property Appraiser of Palm Beach County, Florida, (the Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's fund financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the fund financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the major fund of the Property Appraiser as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the accompanying fund financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, *Florida Statutes*, and Section 10.557(3), *Rules of the Auditor General* for Local Government Entity Audits. These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of the financial position of the Property Appraiser or Palm Beach County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budgetary comparison schedules and the schedule of changes in the total other post-employment benefit liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2022, on our consideration of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND
September 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 2,858,722
Due from Board of County Commissioners	111
Other assets	84,847
Total assets	\$ 2,943,680

LIABILITIES

Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,273,762
Due to Board of County Commissioners	1,474,317
Due to other governments	138,834
Unearned revenue	56,767
Total liabilities	2,943,680

FUND BALANCE

Nonspendable	
Prepaid Items	84,847
Spendable	
Unassigned	(84,847)
Total fund balance	-
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 2,943,680

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE
GENERAL FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 25,888,061	
Less - excess fees paid out	(1,465,068)	
Interest income	2,898	
Total revenues	24,425,891	
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government	24,325,647	
Capital outlay	100,244	
Total expenditures	24,425,891	
Net change in fund balance	-	
Fund balance, October 1, 2020	-	
Fund balance, September 30, 2021	\$ -	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Palm Beach County, Florida, Property Appraiser (the Property Appraiser) is a separately elected county official established pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida. The Property Appraiser's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Palm Beach County, Florida (the County) taken as a whole.

Section 10.556(6) *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, requires the Property Appraiser financial statements to only present fund financial statements. Accordingly, due to the omission of government-wide financial statements and related disclosures, including a management's discussion and analysis, these financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation of the financial position of the Property Appraiser at September 30, 2021 and the changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended, in conformity with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, but otherwise constitute fund financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The financial activities of the Property Appraiser, as a constitutional officer, are included in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The accounting records of the Property Appraiser are organized on the basis of funds as prescribed by GAAP applicable to governments as established by the GASB. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The Property Appraiser utilizes the following fund type:

- *The General Fund*, a governmental fund, is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Property Appraiser.

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized by governmental funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized if they are measurable and available for use during the year. For this purpose, the Property Appraiser considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Primary revenue sources susceptible to accrual include charges for services and interest. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on capital leases, which is recognized when paid, and compensated absences, other post-employment benefits and claims and judgments, which are not recorded as expenditures because these amounts will not be paid from expendable available resources.

Governmental funds are accounted for on a “spending” or “financial flow” measurement focus. Generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The operating statement reports increases and decreases in net current assets.

D. Cash and Investments

Deposits

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to the Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act" and are covered by either federal depository insurance or collateral held by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida.

In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool.

Cash Equivalents

Highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are reported as cash equivalents.

Investments

All investments are reported at fair value except for the following which are reported at amortized cost as permitted by GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*:

- Florida Prime Investment Pool
- Money Market Mutual Funds.

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Additionally, the Property Appraiser categorizes its applicable fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year-end are described in a subsequent note. Normally excluded from GASB Statement No. 72 hierarchy reporting are cash equivalent investments, certificates of deposit, money market funds, commercial paper, and time deposit-like foreign bonds.

State statutes and local ordinances authorize investments in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, interest-bearing time deposits, savings accounts, the Florida Prime Investment Pool (formerly known as the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration), the Florida Local Government Investment Trust, collateralized mortgage obligations, certain corporate securities, instruments backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Israel, bankers acceptances, and money market mutual funds.

The following external investment pool is not SEC-registered:

The State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the Florida Prime Investment Pool which is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code and Chapters 218 and 215 of the Florida Statutes. The Florida Prime Investment Pool is an external investment pool operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investments in the Florida Prime Investment Pool are not insured by FDIC or any other governmental agency. Regulatory oversight of the State Board of Administration is provided by three elected officials who are accountable to the electorate: The Governor of the State of Florida, as Chairman; the Chief Financial Officer of Florida, as Treasurer; and the State Comptroller, as Secretary. External oversight of the State Board of Administration is provided by the Investment Advisory Council which reviews the investments made by the staff of the Board of Administration and makes recommendations to the Board regarding investment policy, strategy, and procedures. Audit oversight is provided by the Florida Auditor General's Office.

The Federated Government Obligation Fund is a mutual fund that is accounted for with a fluctuating net asset value.

E. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements with a corresponding amount reported as nonspendable fund balance. Expenditures for insurance and similar services extending over more than one accounting period are accounted for as expenditures of the period of acquisition.

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

F. Capital Assets

Upon acquisition, capital assets are recorded as capital outlay expenditures in the General Fund of the Property Appraiser and capitalized at cost in the governmental activities of the basic financial statements of the County. The Property Appraiser maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by its office. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over a period ranging from three to seven years. The depreciation expense is recorded in the statement of activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

G. Compensated Absences

The Property Appraiser's employees may accumulate unused Personal Time-Off (PTO) up to a maximum of 650 hours. Upon termination, any unused PTO, up to a maximum of 500 hours, is paid at 100 percent of the then current hourly rate.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the Property Appraiser determines the liability for compensated absences, as well as certain other salary related costs associated with the payment of compensated absences that are recorded and reported by the County in the basic financial statements. For governmental fund reporting, a liability and expenditure for compensated absences is recognized as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of relevant events, such as employee resignations and retirements. For reporting within governmental activities of the County's basic financial statements, PTO leave is accrued as a liability when benefits are earned by the employee but only to the extent that it is probable the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through cash payments at termination, retirement, or paid time off. The obligation that is reported in governmental activities of the County is disclosed in Note 3.

H. Encumbrances

Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end represent the estimated amounts of expenditures ultimately to be paid for goods on order or unperformed contracts in process at fiscal year-end. Because appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end, it is the Property Appraiser's policy to liquidate open encumbrances and reappropriate such amounts at the beginning of the next fiscal year.

I. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

J. Fund Balance

The Property Appraiser classifies governmental fund balances according to GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form (e.g. inventory, prepaid) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g. corpus of permanent fund).

Spendable Fund Balance:

Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The Property Appraiser first uses restricted resources, and then committed, followed by assigned and unassigned resources. At the end of the year, any excess fees that have been earned but not used are required to be remitted back to the various taxing agencies that the Property Appraiser has provided services to during the year. This amount is presented as excess fees paid out. As a result, there is no ending fund balance.

K. Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Disclosure

The Property Appraiser applies GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27)* and GASB Statement No. 71 *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68* for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense relating to the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) deferred benefit plans (the Plans). Additions to and deductions from both Plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans and are recorded in the County's government-wide financial statements. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. See subsequent Retirement note for additional information.

The Property Appraiser applies GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This Statement outlines reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. See subsequent OPEB note for additional information.

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

L. Unadopted Accounting Standards

- GASB Statement No. 87, “*Leases*”. This Statement outlines new guidance that establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. The goal is to better align reporting these leases with their particular situations, as well as provide greater transparency and usefulness of financial statements. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 93, “*Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*”. The objective of this Statement is to enhance comparability in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an Interbank Offered Rate (IBOR) for agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an IBOR. The requirements of this Statement related to the removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate are effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2021, cash, cash equivalents and investments consisted of the following:

Deposits in Financial Institutions	<u>\$ 2,072,529</u>	\$ 2,072,529	n/a	n/a
Cash on hand		425	n/a	n/a
Investments:				
Florida Prime Investment Pool (SBA)		781,434	AAAm	50 days WAM
Federated Government Obligation Fund IS		<u>4,334</u>	AAAm	50 days WAM
Total		<u>\$ 2,858,722</u>		

Credit rating: Standard & Poor's Investment Rating Service

Term: Date investment matures or weighted average maturity (WAM)

n/a: Not applicable

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported in the Balance Sheet as follows:

	General Fund
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	<u>\$ 2,858,722</u>

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, requires the Property Appraiser to categorize the fair value measurements of its applicable investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Additional details of GASB Statement No. 72 are provided in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

The following table summarizes the assets of the Property Appraiser for which fair values are determined as of September 30, 2021:

Investment	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Small Business Administration	\$ 781,434	\$ -	\$ 781,434	\$ -

Deposits in Financial Institutions and the Federated Government Obligation Fund are exempt from the GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy. This investment totaled \$2,077,288.00

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Property Appraiser limits their interest rate risk by investing only in short-term, highest quality fixed income securities by investing in SEC Money Market Funds of the highest quality or in the Florida's Prime Investment Pool.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The Property Appraiser invests only in SEC registered money market funds with the highest quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency or in the Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund.

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments

This type of risk would arise in the event of the failure of a custodian holding investment securities, after which the government would not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of the third-party custodian. The Property Appraiser has no formal policy to limit its exposure to custodial credit risk.

Concentration Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. In accordance with its investment policy, the Property Appraiser requires diversification to the extent practicable to control the risk of loss resulting from over

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, instrument dealer or bank. Diversification strategies are reviewed quarterly by the Property Appraiser.

3. ACCUMULATED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are reported by the County as part of governmental activities in its basic financial statements. The following is a summary of changes in the compensated absences liability during fiscal year 2021:

Compensated absences at October 1, 2020	\$2,531,524
Increase in accrued compensated absences	1,290,480
Decrease in accrued compensated absences	<u>(1,260,659)</u>
Compensated absences at September 30, 2021	<u><u>\$2,561,345</u></u>

4. PENSION PLAN

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Property Appraiser participates in the Florida Retirement System and provides retirement benefits to employees through the following plans:

Plan Descriptions

The **Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan** and the **Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program** are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The FRS Pension Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. These benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and may only be amended by the Florida legislature.

The HIS Program benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. The HIS Program was established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time.

An annual comprehensive financial report including financial information and required supplementary information on both plans is publicly available on the web site of the Florida Department of Management Services (<http://www.dms.myflorida.com>).

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

The Property Appraiser contributes to the **Florida Retirement System Investment Plan (Investment Plan)**, a defined contribution plan, for its eligible employees who elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of participating in the FRS Pension Plan. As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of FRS defined-benefit plan. Property Appraiser employees participating in the DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.) as the FRS Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. The Investment Plan is administered by the SBA and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida's annual comprehensive financial report. Financial information on this plan is available on the web at: <http://www.sbafla.com/>.

FRS and HIS Contributions

The Property Appraiser's employer contributions to both plans totaled \$1,941,850 and employee contributions totaled \$391,713 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Property Appraiser contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding two years for both plans.

Net Pension Liability

The Property Appraiser's proportionate share of the aggregate net pension liability for both plans was \$8,238,710 at September 30, 2021. Balances related to the net pension liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and pension expense are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION PLAN

Benefits Provided

The Florida Retirement System was created on December 1, 1970. Members enrolled in the FRS and actively employed on July 1, 2001, or first enrolled between July 1, 2001 and June 30, 2011, will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 6 years of creditable service. Participants first enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 8 years of creditable service. Retirement, disability, and death benefits are based on age, average final compensation, and years-of-service credit. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment.

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the minimum requirements established by their membership class. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 62 or if they have 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 65 or if they have 33 years of creditable service regardless of age. Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting. However, there is a 5 percent reduction of benefits for each year prior to normal retirement age or date. The percentage level of employees' payroll contribution rates is determined using the frozen entry age actuarial cost method.

Beginning July 1, 1998, the FRS implemented the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), which is a program within the FRS Pension Plan that allows members to retire without terminating their employment for up to five years while their retirement benefits accumulate and earn interest compounded monthly at a stated effective annual rate. For members who entered DROP prior to July 1, 2011, the rate is 6.5 percent. For members who enter DROP on or after July 1, 2011, the rate is 1.3 percent. Members may participate in DROP when they are vested and have reached their normal retirement date. When the DROP period ends, members must terminate employment. At that time, members will receive their accumulated DROP benefits and begin receiving their monthly retirement benefit.

The FRS was amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution plan is known as the FRS Investment Plan, which is described later in this note.

Contributions

The following membership classes and contribution rates, which apply to both the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan, were in effect at September 30, 2021:

<u>Membership Class</u>	<u>Employee Contribution Rate</u>	<u>Employer Contribution Rate*</u>
Regular	3.00%	10.82%
Special Risk	3.00	25.89
State Attorney/Public Defender	3.00	63.73
County, City, Special District Elected Officers	3.00	51.42
Special Risk Administrative Support	3.00	37.76
Senior Management	3.00	29.01
Deferred Retirement Option Program	N/A	18.34

*Employer contribution rates in the above table include a 1.66% contribution for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program.

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PROGRAM

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 per month and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll. The Property Appraiser contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. The HIS Program contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. The HIS Program benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENT PLAN

Vesting Provisions

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll, which is included in the FRS contribution rates, and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members.

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA, however, management believe that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Property Appraiser. After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

For more detailed information on these plans, please refer to the Retirement Note in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

5. LEASES

The Property Appraiser has entered into various leases which are classified as capital or operating leases for accounting purposes. Capital leases are recorded as capital assets in the statement of net assets of the County. Total rent expense for equipment for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 amounted to \$20,283.

Future minimum rental and lease payments under noncancellable operating leases at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ 18,831
2023	18,347
2024	3,058
TOTAL	<u>\$ 40,236</u>

6. COMMITMENTS

There were no outstanding commitments as of September 30, 2021.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Property Appraiser is covered by the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) self-insurance program for workers' compensation exposure and maintains a fully insured program for its employee group health insurance program.

Casualty Insurance

The Property Appraiser maintains separate commercial automobile insurance and is covered by the BOCC for other casualty liabilities.

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The Property Appraiser participates in the BOCC's workers' compensation self-insurance program. Payments are made by the Property Appraiser to the BOCC based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the BOCC charged the Property Appraiser \$70,906 for worker's compensation insurance.

Employee Group Health Insurance

The Property Appraiser is fully insured and provides health insurance for its employees and eligible dependents through commercial insurance.

Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the insurance programs noted above in the past three fiscal years.

8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The total OPEB liability of the Property Appraiser was \$2,377,373 at September 30, 2021. This was calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 ("GASB 75"), *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. For the year ended September 30, 2021, OPEB expense for the Property Appraiser totaled \$541,859.

Balances related to the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and OPEB expense are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

Benefits Provided

The Property Appraiser's defined benefit post-employment healthcare OPEB plan provides OPEB to all eligible retired employees and their dependents. The plan is a single employer plan which is administered by the employer for their employees. Retirees of the healthcare benefit OPEB plan must be offered the same coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable for active employees which results in an implicit subsidy.

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Plan Description

The Property Appraiser is required by Florida Statute 112.0801 to allow their retirees (and eligible dependents) to continue participation in the group insurance plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Additionally, there are no legal documents referencing a trust. The healthcare benefits OPEB plan does not issue separate standalone financial reports. The plan consists of 195 active participants and 7 retirees.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using several actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The actuarial valuation method utilized was the entry-age normal level percentage of pay. Other assumptions are as follows:

- Measurement Date: September 30, 2021
- Inflation: 4.00%
- Actuarial Valuation Date: September 30, 2021
- Salary increases: 4.00%
- Discount rate of 2.43%; Source: S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: Initially 6.25% to grade ultimately to 4.04 % over a 56-year period
- Mortality Rate: PUB-2010 Generational, Scale MP-2020
- A formal experience study was not performed. However, the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were reasonable and consistent with typical industry standards.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Property Appraiser, as well as what the Property Appraiser's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent lower (1.43%) or 1-percent higher (3.43%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.43%)	Current Discount Rate (2.43%)	1% Increase (3.43%)
Total OPEB liability	\$2,525,675	\$2,377,373	\$2,234,850

**PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Property Appraiser, as well as what the Property Appraiser's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (5.25% decreasing to 3.04%) or 1% higher (7.25% decreasing to 5.04%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	(5.25% decreasing to 3.04%) over 56 years	(6.25% decreasing to 4.04%) over 56 years	(7.25% decreasing to 5.04%) over 56 years
Total OPEB liability	\$2,150,476	\$2,377,373	\$2,638,249

Changes in total OPEB liability

Service cost	\$ 177,736
Interest	109,509
Experience losses (gains)	(817,390)
Change of assumptions	109,470
Benefit payments	<u>(75,738)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	(496,413)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	<u>2,873,786</u>
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u><u>\$ 2,377,373</u></u>

For more detailed information on the Property Appraiser's OPEB plan, please refer to the OPEB Note in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Property Appraiser Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 177,736	\$ 171,427	\$ 163,264	\$ 49,905
Interest	109,509	102,002	24,609	16,618
Experience losses (gains)	(817,390)	-	(188,335)	-
Change of assumptions	109,470	-	2,169,327	-
Benefit payments	(75,738)	(73,964)	(68,804)	(9,692)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(496,413)	199,465	2,100,061	56,831
Total OPEB liability- beginning	2,873,786	2,674,321	574,260	517,429
Total OPEB liability- ending	<u>\$ 2,377,373</u>	<u>\$ 2,873,786</u>	<u>\$ 2,674,321</u>	<u>\$ 574,260</u>

Covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,036,344	\$ 15,845,410	\$ 15,235,971	\$ 12,276,256

Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.2%	18.1%	17.6%	4.7%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

(2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

(3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Change in assumptions: changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate, assumed trend rate for medical claims, and mortality rate each period.

- The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2021	2.43%
2020	3.68%
2019	3.68%
2018	2.98%

- The following are the assumed trend rates for the medical claims used in each period:

2021	6.25% grading uniformly to 5.75% over 2 years, then to an ultimate rate of 4.04% in 2076.
2020	7.50% grading uniformly to 6.75% over 3 years, then to an ultimate rate of 3.90% in 2076.
2019	7.50% grading uniformly to 6.75% over 3 years, then to an ultimate rate of 3.90% in 2076.
2018	8.00% graded down to 5.00% over 10 years.

- The following are the mortality tables used in each period:

2021	Pub-2010 generational, scale MP-2020.
2020	RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 generational using Scale MP-2018.
2019	RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 generational using Scale MP-2018.
2018	RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 generational using Scale MP-2016.

PROPERTY APPRAISER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021
(Required Supplementary Information)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 25,845,047	\$ 25,845,047	\$ 25,888,061	\$ 43,014
Less - excess fees paid out	-	-	(1,465,068)	(1,465,068)
Interest income	-	-	2,898	2,898
Total revenues	25,845,047	25,845,047	24,425,891	(1,419,156)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	25,230,047	25,600,731	24,325,647	1,275,084
Capital outlay	615,000	244,316	100,244	144,072
Total expenditures	25,845,047	25,845,047	24,425,891	1,419,156
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, October 1, 2020	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Section 195.087, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption, and administration of the budget of the Property Appraiser. On or before a legally designated date each year, the Property Appraiser shall submit to the Florida Department of Revenue a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. A copy of such budget shall be furnished at the same time to the Board of County Commissioners. Final approval of the budget is given by the Florida Department of Revenue. The budget is adopted for the general fund on a basis consistent with GAAP. The level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

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**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based
on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed
in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Dorothy Jacks
Property Appraiser
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund of the Property Appraiser of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Property Appraiser's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2022. Our report was modified to reflect that these financial statements were prepared to comply with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes and Section 10.557(3), Rules of the Auditor General for Local Government Entity Audits.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Property Appraiser's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

**Management Letter in Accordance with the
Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida**

The Honorable Dorothy Jacks
Property Appraiser
Palm Beach County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the major fund of the Property Appraiser of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Property Appraiser), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2022, which was prepared to comply with State of Florida reporting requirements.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 16, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding annual financial report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note 1 of the Property Appraiser's financial statements.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve the Property Appraiser's financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies and applicable management of the Property Appraiser's Office and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM VS LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

Independent Accountant's Report

The Honorable Dorothy Jacks
Property Appraiser
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have examined the Property Appraiser of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Property Appraiser) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, during the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Property Appraiser's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Property Appraiser complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021.

The purpose of this report is to comply with the local government investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, and Rules of the Auditor General.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General, the Property Appraiser's Office, and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.



West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

Section VII

SHERIFF

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Ric L. Bradshaw
Sheriff
Palm Beach County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Sheriff), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic fund financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the fund financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, *Florida Statutes*, and Section 10.557(3), *Rules of the Auditor General* for Local Government Entity Audits. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Sheriff or Palm Beach County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in their financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 1A to the financial statements, the Sheriff adopted the recognition and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective October 1, 2020. The beginning net position of the fiduciary funds of the Sheriff as of October 1, 2020, have been restated. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of changes in total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic fund financial statements. The statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency fund is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency fund is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency fund is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2022, on our consideration of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
September 30, 2021

	Major Funds		Total Governmental Funds
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	
ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 110,012,032	\$ 17,622,505	\$ 127,634,537
Accounts receivable, net	873,861	97,034	970,895
Due from Board of County Commissioners	171,353	-	171,353
Due from other governments	405,792	1,898,649	2,304,441
Inventory	7,051,970	-	7,051,970
Other assets	389,079	-	389,079
Total assets	\$ 118,904,087	\$ 19,618,188	\$ 138,522,275
LIABILITIES			
Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 32,647,771	\$ 1,273,506	\$ 33,921,277
Due to Board of County Commissioners	29,733,199	10,528,180	40,261,379
Due to other governments	11,551,439	-	11,551,439
Due to individuals	327,734	-	327,734
Insurance claims payable	2,401,750	-	2,401,750
Unearned revenue	93,126	10,107	103,233
Other liabilities	16,695,163	-	16,695,163
Total liabilities	93,450,182	11,811,793	105,261,975
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable			
Inventory	7,051,970	-	7,051,970
Prepaid Items	126,388	-	126,388
Spendable			
Restricted	-	7,806,395	7,806,395
Assigned	18,275,547	-	18,275,547
Total fund balances	25,453,905	7,806,395	33,260,300
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 118,904,087	\$ 19,618,188	\$ 138,522,275

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Major Funds		Total Governmental Funds
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	
Revenues:			
Licenses and permits	\$ 1,471,071	\$ -	\$ 1,471,071
Intergovernmental	372,508	-	372,508
Charges for services	72,216,901	2,441,223	74,658,124
Fines and forfeitures	140,665	471,570	612,235
Interest income	1,872,811	87,210	1,960,021
Miscellaneous	5,822,447	14,812	5,837,259
Total revenues	81,896,403	3,014,815	84,911,218
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	31,588,491	29	31,588,520
Public safety	668,694,821	5,739,735	674,434,556
Capital outlay	34,369,232	4,770,904	39,140,136
Total expenditures	734,652,544	10,510,668	745,163,212
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(652,756,141)	(7,495,853)	(660,251,994)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfer from Board of County Commissioners	762,364,970	10,505,668	772,870,638
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners	(107,916,580)	(503,103)	(108,419,683)
Total other financing sources (uses)	654,448,390	10,002,565	664,450,955
Net change in fund balances	1,692,249	2,506,712	4,198,961
Fund balances, October 1, 2020	23,761,656	5,299,683	29,061,339
Fund balances, September 30, 2021	\$ 25,453,905	\$ 7,806,395	\$ 33,260,300

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
September 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$3,415,662
Accounts receivable, net	36,847
Other assets	291
Total assets	3,452,800

LIABILITIES

Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	157,093
Due to individuals	123,100
Total liabilities	280,193

NET POSITION

Amount held for individuals, organizations, and other governments	3,172,607
Total net position	\$3,172,607

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

ADDITIONS		
Inmate trust	\$	6,657,920
Seized currency and evidence		2,494,518
Total additions		9,152,438
DEDUCTIONS		
Inmate trust		6,612,825
Seized currency and evidence		819,901
Total deductions		7,432,726
Change in net position		1,719,712
Net position, October 1, 2020 (restated)		1,452,895
Net position, September 30, 2021	\$	3,172,607

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Palm Beach County, Florida Sheriff (the Sheriff) is a separately elected county official established pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida. The Sheriff's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Palm Beach County, Florida (the County) taken as a whole.

State of Florida, *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, Section 10.556(4) requires the Palm Beach County, Florida, Sheriff financial statements to only present fund financial statements. Accordingly, due to the omission of government-wide financial statements and related disclosures, including a management's discussion and analysis, these financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation of the financial position of the Palm Beach County, Florida, Sheriff as of September 30, 2021 and the changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended, in conformity with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, but otherwise constitute fund financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The financial activities of the Sheriff, as a constitutional officer, are included in the Palm Beach County, Florida Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The accounting records of the Sheriff are organized on the basis of funds as prescribed by GAAP applicable to governments as established by the GASB. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various types of funds used by the Sheriff are described as follows:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is a governmental fund type used to account for all revenue and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Sheriff that are not required either legally or by GAAP to be accounted for in another fund.

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Special Revenue Fund – This fund is a governmental fund type used to account for revenues which are restricted by outside sources, and include Inmate Canteen and Welfare, Grants, 911, Public Law Enforcement Insurance Combating Auto Theft, Law Enforcement Trusts, and Law Enforcement Equipment/Technology Projects.

Fiduciary Fund:

Custodial Fund – This fund accounts for assets held by the Sheriff as an agent for individuals, organizations or other governments for out-of-county cash bonds, inmate funds, civil trusts and evidence and seized currency.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized by governmental funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized if they are susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the Sheriff considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Primary revenue sources susceptible to accrual include charges for services, fines and forfeitures, and interest. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The accrual basis of accounting is used by the Custodial funds. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Governmental funds are accounted for on a “spending” or “financial flow” measurement focus. Generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The operating statement reports increases and decreases in net current assets.

D. Cash and Investments

Deposits

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to the Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act" and are covered by either federal depository insurance or collateral held by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida.

In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool.

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Cash Equivalents

Highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are reported as cash equivalents. The County maintains an internal investment pool for substantially all funds. Earnings are allocated daily to each fund based on their equity in the County's internal investment pool as a cash equivalent.

Investments

All investments are reported at fair value as required by GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*.

Additionally, the Sheriff categorizes its applicable fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year-end are described in a subsequent note. Normally excluded from GASB Statement No. 72 hierarchy reporting are cash equivalent investments, certificates of deposit, money market funds, commercial paper, and time deposit-like foreign bonds.

State statutes and local ordinances authorize investments in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, interest-bearing time deposits, savings accounts, the Florida Prime Investment Pool (formerly known as the Local Government Surplus funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration), the Florida Local Government Investment Trust, collateralized mortgage obligations, certain corporate securities, instruments backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Israel, bankers acceptances, and money market mutual funds.

E. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory consists primarily of materials and supplies that are stated at average cost. Under average costing, the unit cost of an item is the average value of all receipts of that item to inventory, on a per unit basis. The Sheriff accounts for purchases of inventory under the consumption method. Under this method, inventory is reported as expenditure when consumed in the operations of the Sheriff's Office. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. The fund balance in governmental funds relating to inventories and prepaid items is reported as nonspendable.

F. Capital Assets

Upon acquisition, capital assets, which include furniture, fixtures and equipment, are recorded as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds of the Sheriff. Capital assets are capitalized

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

at cost and reported in the Statement of Net Position as part of the basic financial statements of the County. Donated and confiscated capital assets are recorded in the Statement of Net Position of the County at acquisition value at the time received. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over a period ranging from one to fifteen years. The depreciation expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

G. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the Sheriff accrues a liability for compensated absences, as well as certain other salary-related costs associated with the payment of compensated absences. Employees of the Sheriff may accumulate unused vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based primarily on length of service and position.

Up to 1,200 hours of sick leave and 850 hours of accumulated vacation leave are payable to employees upon termination or retirement. Employees may defer up to a maximum of 225 hours in compensatory leave and 215 hours holiday leave. Accumulated vacation, sick leave, compensatory and holiday leave are payable at the rate of pay on the date used or the date of termination or retirement.

For governmental fund reporting a liability and expenditure for compensated absences is recognized as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of relevant events, such as employee resignations and retirements. For reporting within governmental activities of the County's basic financial, vacation, sick, compensatory and holiday leave are accrued as a liability when benefits are earned by the employees, that is, the employees have rendered services that give rise to the liability and it is probable the Sheriff will compensate the employees in cash upon termination or retirement. The obligation that is reported in governmental activities of the County is disclosed in a subsequent note.

H. Encumbrances

Encumbrances outstanding at the fiscal year-end represent the estimated amounts of expenditures ultimately to be paid for goods on order or unperformed contracts in progress at year-end. Because appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end, it is the Sheriff's policy to liquidate open encumbrances and re-appropriate such amounts at the beginning of the next fiscal year.

I. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

J. Transfers In

In accordance with Florida Statutes, the Board of County Commissioners is required to fund certain operations of the Sheriff. These County appropriations are reported as transfers in.

K. Transfers Out

In accordance with Florida Statutes, all revenues and other financial sources in excess of expenditures (unexpended appropriations) are owed to the Board of County Commissioners. Unexpended appropriations returned to the Board of County Commissioners are reported as transfers out.

L. Fund Balance

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the Sheriff classifies governmental fund balance as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form (e.g. inventory, prepaid) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g. corpus of permanent fund).

Spendable Fund Balance:

Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers (such as grantors or creditors) or enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.

Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Unassigned fund balance also includes any deficit fund balance of other governmental funds.

The Sheriff first uses restricted resources, and then committed, followed by assigned and unassigned resources.

M. Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Disclosure

The Sheriff applies GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27)* and GASB Statement No. 71 *Pension Transition for*

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense relating to the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) deferred benefit plans (the Plans). Additions to and deductions from both Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans and are recorded in the County's government-wide financial statements. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. See subsequent Retirement note for additional information.

The Sheriff applies GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This Statement outlines reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. See subsequent OPEB note for additional information.

N. Implementation of New Governmental Accounting Standard

Fiduciary Activities – GASB issued Statement No.84 – “*Fiduciary Activities*” in January 2017. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This standard was implemented October 1, 2020. A new Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds was created as a result of the implementation of this standard. In addition, the Sheriff was required to restate beginning Net Position in the Custodial Funds financial statements by \$1,452,895 as a result of this implementation.

O. Unadopted GASB Statements

- GASB Statement No. 87, “*Leases*”. This Statement outlines new guidance that establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. The goal is to better align reporting these leases with their particular situations, as well as provide greater transparency and usefulness of financial statements. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 92, “*Omnibus 2020*”. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Management of the Sheriff is still in the process of determining what effect, if any, the above Statements will have on the financial statements and related disclosures.

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2021, cash, cash equivalents and investments consisted of the following:

	<u>Bank Balance</u>	<u>Carrying Value</u>	Credit Rating	Term
Deposits in Financial Institutions	<u>\$ 6,047,934</u>	\$ 6,047,934	n/a	n/a
Cash on hand		65,023	n/a	n/a
County Internal Investment Pool		<u>124,937,243</u>	AA+	1.55 yrs WAL
Total		<u>\$ 131,050,200</u>		

Credit rating: Standard & Poor's Investment Rating Service

Term: Date investment matures or weighted average loan (WAL)

n/a: Not applicable

Cash, cash equivalents and investments at September 30, 2021 are reported in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as follows:

	<u>Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Custodial Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	<u>\$ 127,634,537</u>	<u>\$ 3,415,662</u>	<u>\$ 131,050,200</u>

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Sheriff limits its interest rate risk through an inter local agreement with the Clerk & Comptroller for investing the Sheriff's funds in the County's internal investment pool managed by the Clerk & Comptroller and governed by the County's investment ordinance and policy.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The Sheriff limits its credit risk through an inter local agreement with the Clerk & Comptroller for investing the Sheriff's funds in the County's internal investment pool managed by the Clerk & Comptroller and governed by the County's investment ordinance and policy.

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments

This type of risk would arise in the event of the failure of a custodian holding investment securities, after which the government would not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of the third-party custodian. The Sheriff limits its custodial credit risk through an

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

inter local agreement with the Clerk & Comptroller for investing the Sheriff's funds in the County's internal investment pool managed by the Clerk & Comptroller and governed by the County's investment ordinance and policy.

Concentration Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Sheriff limits its concentration rate risk through an interlocal agreement with the Clerk & Comptroller for investing the Sheriff's funds in the County's internal investment pool managed by the Clerk & Comptroller and governed by the County's investment ordinance and policy.

Please refer to the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for disclosure of risks related to the County's internal investment pool.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets, which the Sheriff is responsible for tracking, is reported at cost in the Statement of Net Position as part of the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements of the County as follows:

	Balance <u>10/1/2020</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>9/30/2021</u>
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 233,993,060	\$ 38,067,104	\$ (12,378,225)	\$ 259,681,939
Accumulated depreciation	(147,602,087)	(21,957,688)	11,741,490	(157,818,285)
Construction in Progress	-	1,519,398	-	1,519,398
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 86,390,973</u>	<u>\$ 17,628,814</u>	<u>\$ (636,735)</u>	<u>\$ 103,383,052</u>

4. ACCUMULATED COMPENSATED ABSENCES AND OTHER GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

Compensated absences and other obligations payable (which consists of claims and judgments related to the self-insurance program – see Note 7) are reported by the County as part of the governmental activities in its government-wide financial statements.

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

The following is a summary of changes in the amount not due and payable from current available resources:

Compensated absences at October 1, 2020	\$ 149,970,858	
Increase in accrued compensated absences	76,187,643	
Decrease in accrued compensated absences	<u>(63,431,655)</u>	
Compensated absences at September 30, 2021		\$ 162,726,846
Claims and Judgments at October 1, 2020	242,779,625	
Increase in claims and judgments	-	
Decrease in claims and judgments	<u>(32,260,375)</u>	
Claims and judgments at September 30, 2021		<u>210,519,250</u>
Total		<u>\$ 373,246,096</u>

5. RETIREMENT PLANS

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Sheriff participates in the Florida Retirement System and provides retirement benefits to employees through the following plans:

Plan Descriptions

The **Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan** and the **Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program** are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The FRS Pension Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. These benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and may only be amended by the Florida legislature.

The HIS Program benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. The HIS Program was established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time.

A comprehensive annual financial report including financial information and required supplementary information on both plans is publicly available on the web site of the Florida Department of Management Services (<http://www.dms.myflorida.com>).

The Sheriff contributes to the **Florida Retirement System Investment Plan (Investment Plan)**, a defined contribution plan, for its eligible employees who elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of participating in the FRS Pension Plan. As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of FRS

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

defined-benefit plan. Sheriff employees participating in the DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.) as the FRS Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. The Investment Plan is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA) and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida's comprehensive annual financial report. Financial information on this plan is available on the web at <http://www.sbafla.com/>.

FRS and HIS Contributions

The Sheriff's employer contributions to both plans totaled \$77,632,300 and employee contributions totaled \$10,493,309 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Sheriff contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding two years for both plans.

Net Pension Liability

The Sheriff's proportionate share of the aggregate net pension liability for both plans was \$252,363,228 at September 30, 2021. Balances related to the net pension liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and pension expense are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION PLAN

Benefits Provided

The Florida Retirement System was created on December 1, 1970. Members enrolled in the FRS and actively employed on July 1, 2001, or first enrolled between July 1, 2001, and June 30, 2011, will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 6 years of creditable service. Participants first enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 8 years of creditable service. Retirement, disability, and death benefits are based on age, average final compensation, and years-of-service credit. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the minimum requirements established by their membership class. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 62 or if they have 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. For members

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 65 or if they have 33 years of creditable service regardless of age. Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting. However, there is a 5 percent reduction of benefits for each year prior to normal retirement age or date. The percentage level of employees' payroll contribution rates is determined using the frozen entry age actuarial cost method.

Beginning July 1, 1998, the FRS implemented the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), which is a program within the FRS Pension Plan that allows members to retire without terminating their employment for up to five years while their retirement benefits accumulate and earn interest compounded monthly at a stated effective annual rate. For members who entered DROP prior to July 1, 2011, the rate is 6.5 percent. For members who enter DROP on or after July 1, 2011, the rate is 1.3 percent. Members may participate in DROP when they are vested and have reached their normal retirement date. When the DROP period ends, members must terminate employment. At that time, members will receive their accumulated DROP benefits and begin receiving their monthly retirement benefit.

The FRS was amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution plan is known as the FRS Investment Plan, which is described later in this note.

Contributions

The following membership classes and contribution rates, which apply to both the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan, were in effect at September 30, 2021:

<u>Membership Class</u>	<u>Employee</u>	<u>Employer</u>
	<u>Contribution</u>	<u>Contribution</u>
	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Rate*</u>
Regular	3.00%	10.82%
Special Risk	3.00	25.89
State Attorney / Public Defender	3.00	63.73
County, City, Special District Elected Officers	3.00	51.42
Special Risk Administrative Support	3.00	37.76
Senior Management	3.00	29.01
Deferred Retirement Option Program	N/A	18.34

*Employer contribution rates in the above table include a 1.66% contribution for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program.

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PROGRAM

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 per month and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll. The Sheriff contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. The HIS Program contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. The HIS Program benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENT PLAN

Vesting Provisions

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll, which is included in the FRS contribution rates, and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA, however, management believe that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Sheriff. After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
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SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

For more detailed information on these plans, please refer to the Retirement Note in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Other Pension Payments

Effective October 1, 2008, the Sheriff's Office entered into an agreement for law enforcement services with the City of Lake Worth (Lake Worth). Employees of Lake Worth who became Sheriff's Office employees had the choice to remain in the appropriate Lake Worth sponsored retirement plan or to become a member of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The Sheriff contributes to the Lake Worth sponsored plans an amount up to the amount required by FRS. The Sheriff's contributions for employees who elected to remain with the Lake Worth sponsored plans were \$262,157 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

A copy of Lake Worth's pension fund financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Plan Administrators for the Lake Worth Pension Fund: The Resource Centers, LLC, 4360 Northlake Blvd. Suite 206, Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410 or accessing their website at <http://www.resourcecenters.com> or by calling (561) 624-3277 ext. 2957.

Effective February 1, 2016, the Sheriff's Office entered into an agreement for law enforcement services with the City of Greenacres (Greenacres). Law enforcement employees who became Sheriff's Office employees had the choice to remain in the Greenacres sponsored retirement plan or to become a member of the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The Sheriff contributes to the Greenacres sponsored plan an amount up to the amount required by FRS. The Sheriff's contributions for employees who elected to remain with the Greenacres sponsored plan were \$629,093 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

A copy of the Greenacres pension fund financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Plan Administrators for the City of Greenacres Pension Fund: Florida League of Cities, Inc., 301 S. Bronough St., PO Box 1757, Tallahassee, FL 32302-1757 or by calling (850) 222-9684.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Sheriff's Office maintains a general liability self-insurance program, a workers' compensation self-insurance program and a commercially insured employee health insurance program. The amount expected to be paid from current available resources of the general liability and workers' compensation self-insurance liabilities are accounted for in the Sheriff's General Fund in the amount of \$2,401,750 at September 30, 2021. The amount not due and payable from current available resources is reported in the governmental activities in the County's basic financial statements in the amount of \$210,519,250 at September 30, 2021. The following is a brief description of the Sheriff's general liability and worker's compensation self-insurance programs.

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

General Liability Insurance

The Sheriff's Office is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The claims liability reported for general liability at September 30, 2021 is \$19,949,000. This amount is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, as amended, which specifies that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

During claim years 2021 and 2020, changes recorded to the claims liability for general liability were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at Fiscal Year-End
2020	\$ 18,417,904	\$ 12,806,056	\$ (11,580,960)	\$ 19,643,000
2021	19,643,000	5,218,574	(4,912,574)	19,949,000

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The Sheriff's Office is self-funded for its workers' compensation exposure. The claims liability reported at September 30, 2021 is \$192,972,000. This amount is the actuarially determined claims liability based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10 which specifies that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

During claim years 2021 and 2020, changes recorded to the claims liability for workers' compensation were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at Fiscal Year-End
2020	\$ 123,530,230	\$ 115,900,323	\$ (14,009,553)	\$ 225,421,000
2021	225,421,000	(18,275,708)	(14,173,292)	192,972,000

Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the insurance programs noted above in the past three fiscal years.

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

7. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The total OPEB liability of the Sheriff was \$281,685,296 at September 30, 2021. This was calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 (GASB 75), “*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*”. For the year ended September 30, 2021, OPEB expense for the Sheriff totaled \$19,020,770.

Balances related to the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and OPEB expense are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

Benefits Provided

The Sheriff’s defined benefit post-employment healthcare OPEB plan provides OPEB to all eligible retired employees and their dependents. The plan is a single employer plan which is administered by the employer for their employees. Retirees of the healthcare benefit OPEB plan must be offered the same coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable for active employees which results in an implicit subsidy.

Plan Description

The Sheriff is required by Florida Statute 112.0801 to allow their retirees (and eligible dependents) to continue participation in the group insurance plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Additionally, there are no legal documents referencing a trust. The healthcare benefits OPEB plan does not issue separate standalone financial reports. The plan consists of 3,606 active participants and 1,119 retirees.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using several actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The actuarial valuation method utilized was the entry-age normal level percentage of pay. Other assumptions are as follows:

- Measurement Date: September 30, 2021
- Inflation: 3.00%
- Actuarial Valuation Date: September 30, 2021
- Salary increases: 3.0%
- Discount rate of 2.26%; Source: Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: Initially 5.5% to grade uniformly to 4.50% over a 2-year period
- Mortality Rate: PUB-2010 Generational, Scale MP-19

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

- A formal experience study was not performed. However, the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were reasonable and consistent with the Florida Retirement System.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent lower (1.26%) or 1-percent higher (3.26%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.26%)	Current Discount Rate (2.26%)	1% Increase (3.26%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 334,601,000	\$ 281,685,296	\$ 240,252,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Sheriff, as well as what the Sheriff's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (4.5% decreasing to 3.5%) or 1% higher (6.5% decreasing to 5.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (4.5% decreasing to 3.5%) over 2 years	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Current (5.5% decreasing to 4.5%) over 2 years	1% Increase (6.5% decreasing to 5.5%) over 2 years
Total OPEB liability	\$ 257,523,000	\$ 281,685,296	\$ 313,666,000

**SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Changes in Total OPEB liability

Service cost	\$ 10,107,135
Interest	6,215,121
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Change of assumptions	(1,986,106)
Benefit payments	<u>(7,541,860)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	6,794,290
Total OPEB liability - beginning	<u>274,891,006</u>
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u><u>\$ 281,685,296</u></u>

For more detailed information on the Sheriff's OPEB plan, please refer to the OPEB Note in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

8. LEASES

The Sheriff has entered into various leases which are classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Total operating lease expense for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 amounted to \$1,449,891. There are no future minimum leases or rental payments.

9. CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The Sheriff's Office is involved in various lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of operations. Although the outcome of these matters is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the management of the Sheriff's Office based upon consultation with legal counsel, that the outcome of these matters will not materially affect the financial position of the Sheriff's Office and amounts of any potential obligations that are probable have been included in the claims liability amounts disclosed in Note 6.

SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
HEALTHCARE OPEB PLAN
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 10,107,135	\$ 10,442,576	\$ 6,792,711	\$ 6,520,168
Interest	6,215,121	7,617,507	9,082,529	\$ 9,372,090
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(51,788,487)	-	-
Change of assumptions	(1,986,106)	36,202,604	56,795,524	\$ (16,009,828)
Benefit payments	(7,541,860)	(7,026,152)	(7,440,977)	(6,723,270)
Net change in total OPEB liability	6,794,290	(4,551,952)	65,229,787	(6,840,840)
Total OPEB liability- beginning	274,891,006	279,442,958	214,213,171	221,054,011
Total OPEB liability- ending	<u>\$ 281,685,296</u>	<u>\$ 274,891,006</u>	<u>\$ 279,442,958</u>	<u>\$ 214,213,171</u>

Covered-employee payroll	\$ 313,651,000	\$ 303,301,000	\$ 287,690,000	\$ 274,322,952

Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	89.8%	90.6%	97.1%	78.1%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

(2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

(3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Changes of assumptions: changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate and the mortality rate each period.

- The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2021	2.26%
2020	2.21%
2019	2.66%
2018	4.18%

- The following are the mortality rates used in each period:

2021	Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-19
2020	Pub-2010 Generational, Scale MP-19
2019	RP-2014 Generational, Scale MP-17
2018	RP-2014 Generational, Scale MP-17

SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021
(Required Supplementary Information)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,471,071	\$ 1,471,071
Intergovernmental	-	-	372,508	372,508
Charges for services	-	-	72,216,901	72,216,901
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	140,665	140,665
Interest income	-	-	1,872,811	1,872,811
Miscellaneous	-	-	5,822,447	5,822,447
Total revenues	-	-	81,896,403	81,896,403
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	\$ 31,610,318	\$ 32,103,562	\$ 31,588,491	\$ 515,071
Public safety	695,532,534	681,404,183	668,694,821	12,709,362
Capital outlay	12,753,120	45,057,225	34,369,232	10,687,993
Total expenditures	739,895,972	758,564,970	734,652,544	23,912,426
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(739,895,972)	(758,564,970)	(652,756,141)	105,808,829
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers from Board of County Commissioners	739,895,972	762,364,970	762,364,970	-
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners	-	(3,800,000)	(107,916,580)	(104,116,580)
Total other financing sources (uses)	739,895,972	758,564,970	654,448,390	(104,116,580)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	1,692,249	1,692,249
Fund balance, October 1, 2020	-	-	23,761,656	23,761,656
Fund balance, September 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,453,905	\$ 25,453,905

Section 30.49, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the Sheriff's annual budget. By May 1 each year, the Sheriff shall certify to the Board a proposed budget of expenditures for performing the duties of his office for the ensuing fiscal year. The Sheriff's budget is legally adopted by Board of County Commission action for the fiscal year beginning October 1 for the general and special revenue funds on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level by functional category.

SHERIFF
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021
(Required Supplementary Information)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,441,223	\$ 2,441,223
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	471,570	471,570
Interest income	-	-	87,210	87,210
Miscellaneous	-	-	14,812	14,812
Total revenues	-	-	3,014,815	3,014,815
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	-	-	29	(29)
Public safety	220,000	11,023,752	5,739,735	5,284,017
Capital outlay	19,500	2,970,357	4,770,904	(1,800,547)
Total expenditures	239,500	13,994,109	10,510,668	3,483,441
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(239,500)	(13,994,109)	(7,495,853)	6,498,256
Other financing sources:				
Transfers from Board of County Commissioners	239,500	13,994,109	10,505,668	(3,488,441)
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners	-	-	(503,103)	(503,103)
Total other financing sources	239,500	13,994,109	10,002,565	(3,991,544)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	2,506,712	2,506,712
Fund balance, October 1, 2020	-	-	5,299,683	5,299,683
Fund balance, September 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,806,395	\$ 7,806,395

Section 30.49, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the Sheriff's annual budget. By May 1 each year, the Sheriff shall certify to the Board a proposed budget of expenditures for performing the duties of his office for the ensuing fiscal year. The Sheriff's budget is legally adopted by Board of County Commission action for the fiscal year beginning October 1 for the general and special revenue funds on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level by functional category.

**Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed
in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Ric L Bradshaw
Sheriff
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Sheriff), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Sheriff's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2022. Our report was modified to reflect that these financial statements were prepared to comply with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes and Section 10.557(3), Rules of the Auditor General for Local Government Entity Audits. Our report also included an emphasis of matter paragraph for the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective October 1, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM VS LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

**Management Letter in Accordance With the
Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida**

Honorable Ric L. Bradshaw
Sheriff
Palm Beach County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Sheriff of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Sheriff), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2022, which was prepared to comply with State of Florida reporting requirements.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, if any, which are dated June 16, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The information is disclosed in Note 1 of the Sheriff's financial statements.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of This Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management of the Sheriff's Office and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM VS LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

Independent Accountant's Report

Honorable Ric L. Bradshaw
Sheriff
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have examined the Sheriff of Palm Beach County, Florida's (the Sheriff) compliance with the local government investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, during the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021. Management of the Sheriff is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Sheriff's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Sheriff complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Sheriff's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the local investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes* for the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021.

The purpose of this report is to comply with the local investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, the Local Government Investment Policies and Rules of the Auditor General.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General, the Sheriff's Office, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

Section VIII

CLERK & COMPTROLLER

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Joseph Abruzzo
Clerk & Comptroller
Palm Beach County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk & Comptroller of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic fund financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the fund financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the accompanying financial statements were prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39, *Florida Statutes*, and Section 10.557(3), *Rules of the Auditor General* for Local Government Entity Audits. These financial statements are not intended to be a complete presentation of the financial position of the Clerk or Palm Beach County, Florida as of September 30, 2021, and the changes in its financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, the Clerk adopted the recognition and disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective October 1, 2020. The beginning net position of the fiduciary funds of the Clerk as of October 1, 2020, have been restated. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budgetary comparison schedules and the schedule of changes in the total other post-employment benefits liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clerk's basic fund financial statements. The statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2022, on our consideration of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
September 30, 2021

	Major Funds		
	General Fund	Public Records Modernization Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 18,766,164	\$ 12,400,597	\$ 31,166,761
Accounts receivable, net	1,530,348	-	1,530,348
Due from Board of County Commissioners	277,642	-	277,642
Due from other funds	589,348	993,817	1,583,165
Due from other governments	124,025	-	124,025
Other assets	1,180	-	1,180
Total assets	\$ 21,288,707	\$ 13,394,414	\$ 34,683,121
LIABILITIES			
Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,727,859	\$ -	\$ 2,727,859
Due to Board of County Commissioners	11,133,640	-	11,133,640
Due to other funds	2,862,419	269,039	3,131,458
Due to other governments	4,135,719	-	4,135,719
Other liabilities	429,070	-	429,070
Total liabilities	21,288,707	269,039	21,557,746
FUND BALANCES			
Spendable			
Restricted	-	13,125,375	13,125,375
Total fund balances	-	13,125,375	13,125,375
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 21,288,707	\$ 13,394,414	\$ 34,683,121

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Major Funds		
	General Fund	Public Records Modernization Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,703,384	\$ -	\$ 3,703,384
Charges for services	40,668,306	5,033,330	45,701,636
Interest income	-	26,724	26,724
Total revenues	44,371,690	5,060,054	49,431,744
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General government	58,000,455	758,304	58,758,759
Capital outlay	602,378	-	602,378
Total expenditures	58,602,833	758,304	59,361,137
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(14,231,143)	4,301,750	(9,929,393)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers from Board of County Commissioners	17,014,337	-	17,014,337
Transfers to Board of County Commissioners	(3,557,796)	-	(3,557,796)
Transfers from other funds	774,602	-	774,602
Transfers to other funds	-	(774,602)	(774,602)
Total other financing sources (uses)	14,231,143	(774,602)	13,456,541
Net change in fund balances	-	3,527,148	3,527,148
Fund balances, October 1, 2020	-	9,598,227	9,598,227
Fund balances, September 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ 13,125,375	\$ 13,125,375

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
September 30, 2021

	Self- Insurance Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,980,761
Accounts receivable, net	43,465
Due from other funds	1,554,595
Total assets	5,578,821
LIABILITIES	
Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	2,865
Due to other funds	6,302
Insurance claims payable	725,000
Total liabilities	734,167
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 4,844,654

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Self- Insurance Fund
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 14,902,973
Total operating revenues	14,902,973
Operating expenses:	
Current:	
Self-insurance services	13,777,614
Total operating expenses	13,777,614
Operating income	1,125,359
Nonoperating revenues :	
Interest income	8,457
Total nonoperating revenues	8,457
Change in net position	1,133,816
Net position, October 1, 2020	3,710,838
Net position, September 30, 2021	\$ 4,844,654

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

	Self- Insurance Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from participants	\$ 1,474,168
Cash received from other funds for goods and services	12,037,324
Cash payments to vendors for goods and services	(2,394,507)
Claims paid	(11,173,109)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(56,124)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	8,457
Net cash provided by investing activities	8,457
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(47,667)
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2020	4,028,428
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2021	\$ 3,980,761
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash (used in) operating activities:	
Operating income	\$ 1,125,359
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash (used in) operating activities:	
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(12,305)
(Increase) in due from other funds	(1,379,176)
Increase in vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	2,865
Increase in due to other funds	133
Increase in insurance claims payable	207,000
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ (56,124)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
September 30, 2021

ASSETS

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 72,058,161
Accounts receivable, net	404,518
Total assets	72,462,679

LIABILITIES

Due to other governments	18,203,761
Due to individuals	4,715,687
Total liabilities	22,919,448

NET POSITION

Amount held for individuals, organizations, and other governments	49,543,231
Total net position	\$ 49,543,231

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
CUSTODIAL FUNDS
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021

ADDITIONS

Tax deeds	\$ 12,957,613
Criminal cash bonds	934,675
General deposit and cash bonds	625,877
Circuit registry	112,049,081
Foreclosure sales and deposits	107,825,002
Other additions	1,302,347
Total additions	235,694,595

DEDUCTIONS

Tax deeds	8,053,804
Courts bond	864,116
Criminal cash bonds	623,873
General deposit and cash bonds	1,178,579
Circuit registry	103,956,079
Foreclosure sales and deposits	101,317,939
Total deductions	215,994,390
Change in net position	19,700,205
Net position, October 1, 2020 (restated)	29,843,026
Net position, September 30, 2021	\$ 49,543,231

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Palm Beach County, Florida Clerk & Comptroller (the Clerk) is a separately elected county official established pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida. The Clerk's financial statements do not purport to reflect the financial position or the results of operations of Palm Beach County, Florida (the County) taken as a whole.

Section 10.556(6), *Rules of the Auditor General for Local Governmental Entity Audits*, requires the Palm Beach County, Florida, Clerk financial statements to only present fund financial statements. Accordingly, due to the omission of government-wide financial statements and related disclosures, including a management's discussion and analysis, these financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation of the financial position of the Palm Beach County, Florida, Clerk at September 30, 2021 and the changes in financial position for the fiscal year then ended, in conformity with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, but otherwise constitute fund financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The financial activities of the Clerk, as a constitutional officer, are included in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The accounting records of the Clerk are organized on the basis of funds as prescribed by GAAP applicable to governments as established by the GASB. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various types of funds used by the Clerk are described as follows:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is a governmental fund type and is used to account for all revenue and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Clerk that are not required either legally or by GAAP to be accounted for in another fund.

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Public Records Modernization Trust Fund – The Public Records Modernization Trust Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for funds restricted in use by Florida Statute. There are two funding sources for this fund; recording fees provided for by Florida Statute Section 28.24 and 10 percent of court related fines collected by the Clerk provided for by Florida Statute Section 28.37. Recording fees are to be used for the modernization of the public records system of the office and for the cost of court-related technology needs. The court-related fines collected by the Clerk are to be used exclusively for additional clerk court-related operational needs and program enhancements.

Proprietary Fund-
Internal Service Fund:

Self-Insurance Fund – This fund is used to account for the assessed premiums, claims and administration of the Clerk’s employee group health insurance program.

Fiduciary Fund:

Custodial Fund – This fund is used to account for cash held by the Clerk as an agent for individuals, organizations or other governments received for fines, forfeitures, filing fees, documentary stamps and intangible tax.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized by governmental funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized if they are measurable and available for use during the year. For this purpose, the Clerk considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Primary revenue sources susceptible to accrual include intergovernmental, charges for services and interest. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule are pensions, other post-employment benefits, and claims and judgments, which are not recorded as expenditures because these amounts will not be paid from expendable available resources.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by internal service funds and custodial funds. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Internal service funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus in which all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included on the statement of net position.

Governmental funds are accounted for on a “spending” or “financial flow” measurement focus. Generally, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

operating statement reports increases and decreases in net current assets. The fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Cash and Investments

Deposits

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to the Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act" and are covered by either federal depository insurance or collateral held by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida.

In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool.

Cash Equivalents

Highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are reported as cash equivalents.

Investments

All investments are reported at fair value except for Money Market Mutual Funds which are reported at amortized cost as permitted by GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*.

Additionally, the Clerk categorizes its applicable fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Types and amounts of investments held at fiscal year-end are described in a subsequent note. Normally excluded from GASB Statement No. 72 hierarchy reporting are cash equivalent investments, certificates of deposit, money market funds, commercial paper, and time deposit-like foreign bonds.

State statutes and local ordinances authorize investments in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, interest-bearing time deposits, savings accounts, the Florida Prime Investment Pool (formerly known as the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund LGIP administered by the State Board of Administration), the Florida Local Government Investment Trust, collateralized mortgage obligations, certain corporate securities, instruments backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Israel, bankers acceptances, and money market mutual funds.

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

E. Capital Assets

Upon acquisition, capital assets are recorded as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds of the Clerk. Capital assets are capitalized at cost and reported in the governmental activities of the basic financial statements of the County. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over a period ranging from two to fifteen years. The depreciation expense is recorded in the statement of activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County. The Clerk maintains custodial responsibility for the capital assets used by its office.

F. Due to Other Governments

Based on the legal opinion provided by Clerks of Court Operations Corporation general counsel of the provisions of Section 28.37(3), F.S., which was adopted as policy by the CCOC Finance and Budget Committee, all excess court-related funds have been recorded in the balance sheet as “Due to Other Governments” in the amount of \$4,135,719 at September 30, 2021.

G. Insurance Claims Payable

The Clerk’s Office is self-insured for employee health benefits. The general fund and employees are charged premiums by the internal service fund which are reviewed and adjusted annually based on claims experience. The accrued liability for estimated claims payable represents an actuarially determined estimate of the eventual loss of claims arising prior to fiscal year-end including claims incurred but not yet reported.

H. Due to Individuals

The Clerk’s Custodial Fund includes amounts as “Due to Individuals” which represent funds received by the Clerk and held on deposit pending the decision of the Court or the sale of tax deed certificates and foreclosed property.

I. Encumbrances

Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end represent the estimated amounts of expenditures ultimately to be paid for goods on order or unperformed contracts in process at fiscal year-end. Because appropriations lapse at year-end, it is the Clerk’s policy to liquidate open encumbrances and re-appropriate such amounts at the beginning of the next fiscal year.

J. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

K. Transfers In

In accordance with Florida Statutes, the Board of County Commissioners is required to fund certain operations of the Clerk. These County appropriations are reported as transfers in.

L. Transfers Out

In accordance with Florida Statutes, except for the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund and Article V court-related cumulative excess, all revenues in excess of expenditures as of fiscal year-end are owed to the Board of County Commissioners. These “excess fees” are reported as transfers out.

M. Fund Balance

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the Clerk classifies governmental fund balance as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form (e.g. inventory, prepaid) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g. corpus of permanent fund).

Spendable Fund Balance:

Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers (such as grantors or creditors) or enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.

Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Unassigned fund balance also includes any deficit fund balance of other governmental funds.

The Clerk first uses restricted resources, and then committed, followed by assigned and unassigned resources.

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

N. Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Disclosure

The Clerk applies GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27)*, and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense relating to the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) and Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) deferred benefit plans (the Plans). Additions to and deductions from both Plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans and are recorded in the County's government-wide financial statements. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. See subsequent Retirement note for additional information.

The Clerk applies GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This Statement outlines reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. See subsequent OPEB note for additional information.

O. Implementation of New Governmental Accounting Standard

Fiduciary Activities – GASB issued Statement No.84 – “*Fiduciary Activities*” in January 2017. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This standard was implemented October 1, 2020. A new Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds was created as a result of the implementation of this standard. In addition, the Clerk was required to restate beginning Net Position in the Custodial Funds financial statements by \$29,843,026 as a result of this implementation.

P. Unadopted GASB Statements

- GASB Statement No. 87, “*Leases*”. This Statement outlines new guidance that establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. The goal is to better align reporting these leases with their particular situations, as well as provide greater transparency and usefulness of financial statements. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.
- GASB Statement No. 92, “*Omnibus 2020*”. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Management of the Clerk's Office is still in the process of determining what effect, if any, the above Statements will have on the financial statements and related disclosures.

Q. Net Position

The \$4,844,654 net position balance at September 30, 2021 in the internal service fund is necessary to provide for actuarial soundness pursuant to the State of Florida's Office of Insurance Regulation as detailed under the guidelines of Florida Statute 112.08 and based on recommendation from the Clerk's actuary.

2. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2021, cash, cash equivalents and investments consisted of the following:

	Bank Balance	Carrying Value	Credit Rating	Term
Deposits in Financial Institutions	<u>\$ 105,590,376</u>	\$ 95,632,093	n/a	n/a
Cash on hand		59,776	n/a	n/a
Synovus Bank Money Market Account		11,513,814	n/a	1 day
Total		<u>\$ 107,205,683</u>		

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported in the Financial Statements as follows:

	Governmental Funds	Custodial Fund	Internal Service Fund	Total
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	<u>\$ 31,166,761</u>	<u>\$ 72,058,161</u>	<u>\$ 3,980,761</u>	<u>\$ 107,205,683</u>

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The Clerk follows the local government investment policies per F.S. 218.415 for the investment of the Clerk's funds. In accordance with statutory guidelines, it is the Clerk's practice to invest only in SEC registered money market funds with the highest quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The majority of the Clerk's investments are held in collateralized bank accounts pursuant to F.S. 280.

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

3. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

	<u>For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021</u>	
	<u>Transfers From Other Funds</u>	<u>Transfers To Other Funds</u>
General Fund	\$774,602	\$ -
Public Records Modernization Trust Fund	<u>-</u>	<u>774,602</u>
Total	<u>\$774,602</u>	<u>\$774,602</u>

The transfers from the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund to the General Fund represent reimbursements of Clerk technology costs.

4. RETIREMENT PLANS

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Clerk participates in the Florida Retirement System and provides retirement benefits to employees through the following plans:

Plan Descriptions

The **Florida Retirement System (FRS) Pension Plan** and the **Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program** are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The FRS Pension Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. These benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and may only be amended by the Florida legislature.

The HIS Program benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. The HIS Program was established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time.

A comprehensive annual financial report including financial information and required supplementary information on both plans is publicly available on the web site of the Florida Department of Management Services (<http://www.dms.myflorida.com>).

The Clerk contributes to the **Florida Retirement System Investment Plan (Investment Plan)**, a defined contribution plan, for its eligible employees who elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of participating in the FRS Pension Plan. As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of FRS defined-benefit plan. Clerk employees participating in the DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.) as the FRS Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. The Investment Plan is administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA) and is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida's comprehensive annual financial report. Financial information on this plan is available on the web at <http://www.sbafla.com/>.

FRS and HIS Contributions

The Clerk's employer contributions to both plans totaled \$3,685,981 and employee contributions totaled \$784,240 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. The Clerk contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding two years for both plans.

Net Pension Liability

The Clerk's proportionate share of the aggregate net pension liability for both plans was \$15,897,061 at September 30, 2021. Balances related to the net pension liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and pension expense are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) PENSION PLAN

Benefits Provided

The Florida Retirement System was created on December 1, 1970. Members enrolled in the FRS and actively employed on July 1, 2001, or first enrolled between July 1, 2001 and June 30, 2011, will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 6 years of creditable service. Participants first enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will be vested, or eligible to receive future benefits after 8 years of creditable service. Retirement, disability, and death benefits are based on age, average final compensation and years-of-service credit. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the minimum requirements established by their membership class. For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 62 or if they have 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 65 or if they have 33 years of creditable service regardless of age. Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting. However, there is a 5 percent reduction

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

of benefits for each year prior to normal retirement age or date. The percentage level of employees' payroll contribution rates is determined using the frozen entry age actuarial cost method.

Beginning July 1, 1998, the FRS implemented the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), which is a program within the FRS Pension Plan that allows members to retire without terminating their employment for up to five years while their retirement benefits accumulate and earn interest compounded monthly at a stated effective annual rate. For members who entered DROP prior to July 1, 2011, the rate is 6.5 percent. For members who enter DROP on or after July 1, 2011, the rate is 1.3 percent. Members may participate in DROP when they are vested and have reached their normal retirement date. When the DROP period ends, members must terminate employment. At that time, members will receive their accumulated DROP benefits and begin receiving their monthly retirement benefit.

The FRS was amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution plan is known as the FRS Investment Plan, which is described later in this note.

Contributions

The following membership classes and contribution rates, which apply to both the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan, were in effect at September 30, 2021:

<u>Membership Class</u>	<u>Employee Contribution Rate</u>	<u>Employer Contribution Rate*</u>
Regular	3.00%	10.82%
Special Risk	3.00	25.89
State Attorney/Public Defender	3.00	63.73
County, City, Special District Elected Officers	3.00	51.42
Special Risk Administrative Support	3.00	37.76
Senior Management	3.00	29.01
Deferred Retirement Option Program	N/A	18.34

*Employer contribution rates in the above table include a 1.66% contribution for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program.

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) PROGRAM

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 per month and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Program is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the contribution rate was 1.66 percent of payroll. The Clerk contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. The HIS Program contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. The HIS Program benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM INVESTMENT PLAN

Vesting Provisions

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06 percent of payroll, which is included in the FRS contribution rates, and by forfeited benefits of Investment Plan members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the information for the number of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA, however, management believe that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Clerk. After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

For more detailed information on these plans, please refer to the Retirement Note in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Clerk is covered by the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) insurance programs for workers' compensation exposure. The Clerk maintains commercial insurance for automobile, crime, and employee dishonesty claims. The Clerk's office is self-insured for its health insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the insurance programs in the past three fiscal years.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the BOCC charged the Clerk \$60,389 for worker's compensation insurance. Payments for workers' compensation insurance are made by the Clerk to the BOCC based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

Employee Group Health Insurance

The Clerk's office provides health insurance for its employees and eligible dependents. The Clerk's office is self-insured for its health insurance coverage and beginning with fiscal year 2004 is accounted for as an internal service fund. The claims liability reported in the internal service fund at September 30, 2021 for employee group health insurance is \$725,000 and is actuarially determined.

During claim years 2020 and 2021, changes to the claims liability for health insurance were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	End of Fiscal Year Liability
2020	\$630,000	\$10,033,025	(\$10,145,025)	\$518,000
2021	518,000	13,777,614	(13,570,614)	725,000

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

6. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The total OPEB liability of the Clerk was \$10,090,746 at September 30, 2021. This was calculated in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 (“GASB 75”), *“Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions”*. For the year ended September 30, 2021, OPEB expense for the Clerk totaled \$428,526.

Balances related to the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and OPEB expense are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities as part of the basic financial statements of the County.

Benefits Provided

The Clerk’s defined benefit post-employment healthcare OPEB plan provides OPEB to all eligible retired employees and their dependents. The plan is a single employer plan which is administered by the employer for their employees. Retirees of the healthcare benefit OPEB plan must be offered the same coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more than the premium cost applicable for active employees which results in an implicit subsidy.

Plan Description

The Clerk is required by Florida Statute 112.0801 to allow their retirees (and eligible dependents) to continue participation in the group insurance plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Additionally, there are no legal documents referencing a trust. The healthcare benefits OPEB plan does not issue separate standalone financial reports. The plan consists of 643 active participants and 21 retirees.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using several actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The actuarial valuation method utilized was the entry-age normal level percentage of pay. Other assumptions are as follows:

- Measurement Date: September 30, 2020
- Inflation: 2.50%
- Actuarial Valuation Date: September 30, 2019
- Salary increases: 2.50%
- Discount rate of 2.14%; Source: S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: Initially 7.5% to grade ultimately to 4.0% over a 56-year period
- Mortality Rate: RP-2000 Generational, Scale BB
- A formal experience study was not performed. However, the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were consistent with the Florida Retirement System.

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent lower (1.14%) or 1-percent higher (3.14%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.14%)	Current Discount Rate (2.14%)	1% Increase (3.14%)
Total OPEB liability	\$12,401,753	\$10,090,746	\$8,353,963

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Clerk, as well as what the Clerk's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (6.5% decreasing to 3%) or 1% higher (8.5% decreasing to 5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates		
	1% Decrease 6.50% decreasing to 3% over 56 years	Current 7.50% decreasing to 4% over 56 years	1% Increase 8.50% decreasing to 5% over 56 years
Total OPEB liability	\$8,203,292	\$10,090,746	\$12,630,615

Changes in total OPEB liability

Service cost	\$ 232,600
Interest	272,120
Experience losses (gains)	-
Change of assumptions	2,363,054
Benefit payments	(288,540)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,579,234
Total OPEB liability - beginning	7,511,512
Total OPEB liability - ending	<u>\$ 10,090,746</u>

For more detailed information on the Clerk's OPEB plan, please refer to the OPEB Note in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

**CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021**

7. LEASES

The Clerk has entered into various leases which are classified as operating leases for accounting purposes. Total rent expense for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 amounted to \$173,936.

Future minimum rental payments under non-cancellable operating leases at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$150,598
2023	150,598
2024	150,598
2025	150,598
2026	37,650
Total	<u>\$640,042</u>

8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

	<u>Balances at September 30, 2021</u>	
	<u>Due From Other Funds</u>	<u>Due To Other Funds</u>
General Fund	\$ 589,348	\$ 2,862,419
Public Records Modernization Trust Fund	993,817	269,039
Self-Insurance Fund	<u>1,554,595</u>	<u>6,302</u>
Total	<u>\$3,137,760</u>	<u>\$ 3,137,760</u>

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Clerk and Comptroller Healthcare OPEB Plan
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Required Supplementary Information)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 232,600	\$ 263,756	\$ 306,313	\$ 362,040
Interest	272,120	346,840	320,696	290,214
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(839,792)	-	-
Change of assumptions	2,363,054	(191,497)	(903,998)	(1,092,518)
Benefit payments	(288,540)	(201,247)	(185,481)	(170,557)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,579,234	(621,940)	(462,470)	(610,821)
Total OPEB liability- beginning	7,511,512	8,133,452	8,595,922	9,206,743
Total OPEB liability- ending	\$ 10,090,746	\$ 7,511,512	\$ 8,133,452	\$ 8,595,922

Covered-employee payroll	\$ 31,989,926	\$ 31,209,684	\$ 32,369,379	\$ 30,809,641

Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	31.5%	24.1%	25.1%	27.9%

Notes to Schedule:

(1) GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", was implemented in fiscal year 2018 requiring ten-year trend data. Additional years will be displayed as the data becomes available.

(2) Amounts are as of September 30 of each year.

(3) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) Changes of assumptions: changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate and the assumed trend rate for medical claims each period.

-The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2021	2.14%
2020	3.58%
2019	4.18%
2018	3.64%

-The following are the assumed trend rates for the medical claims used in each period:

2021	Initially 7.5% grading down to the ultimate trend rate of 4.0% in the year 2075.
2020	Initially 7.5% grading down to the ultimate trend rate of 4.0% in the year 2075.
2019	Initially 8.5% grading down to the ultimate trend rate of 4.0% in the year 2074.
2018	Initially 8.5% grading down to the ultimate trend rate of 4.0% in the year 2073.

CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021
(Required Supplementary Information)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,278,114	\$ 3,988,115	\$ 3,703,384	\$ (284,731)
Charges for services	35,447,999	38,397,998	40,668,306	2,270,308
Total revenues	39,726,113	42,386,113	44,371,690	1,985,577
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	60,249,598	59,452,491	58,000,455	1,452,036
Capital outlay	177,500	684,607	602,378	82,229
Total expenditures	60,427,098	60,137,098	58,602,833	1,534,265
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(20,700,985)	(17,750,985)	(14,231,143)	3,519,842
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	3,771,574	821,574	774,602	(46,972)
Transfer in from BOCC	17,429,411	17,429,411	17,014,337	(415,074)
Transfer out - BOCC excess fee	(500,000)	(500,000)	(3,557,796)	(3,057,796)
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,700,985	17,750,985	14,231,143	(3,519,842)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, October 1, 2020	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Section 218.35, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption, and administration of the Clerk's annual budget. The Clerk, as county fee officer, establishes an annual balanced budget for his office, which clearly reflects the revenues available to the office and the functions for which the money is to be expended. The budget for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

CLERK & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
PUBLIC RECORDS MODERNIZATION TRUST FUND
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021
(Required Supplementary Information)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 3,620,007	\$ 3,620,007	\$ 5,033,330	\$ 1,413,323
Interest income	109,947	109,947	26,724	(83,223)
Total revenues	3,729,954	3,729,954	5,060,054	1,330,100
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	2,148,769	2,148,769	758,304	1,390,465
Capital outlay	20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Total expenditures	2,168,769	2,168,769	758,304	1,410,465
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,561,185	1,561,185	4,301,750	2,740,565
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out to other funds	(3,771,574)	(821,574)	(774,602)	46,972
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,771,574)	(821,574)	(774,602)	46,972
Net change in fund balance	(2,210,389)	739,611	3,527,148	2,787,537
Fund balance, October 1, 2020	9,598,227	9,598,227	9,598,227	-
Fund balance, September 30, 2021	\$ 7,387,838	\$ 10,337,838	\$ 13,125,375	\$ 2,787,537

Section 218.35, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption, and administration of the Clerk's annual budget. The Clerk, as county fee officer, establishes an annual balanced budget for his office, which clearly reflects the revenues available to the office and the functions for which the money is to be expended. The budget for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

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**Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed
in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Joseph Abruzzo
Clerk & Comptroller
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk & Comptroller of Palm Beach County, Florida (the Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2022. Our report was modified to reflect that these financial statements were prepared to comply with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes and Section 10.557(3), Rules of the Auditor General for Local Government Entity Audits. Our report also included an emphasis of matter paragraph for the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective October 1, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

**Management Letter in Accordance With the
Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida**

Honorable Joseph Abruzzo
Clerk & Comptroller
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Clerk & Comptroller, Palm Beach County, Florida (the Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2022, which was prepared to comply with State of Florida reporting requirements.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated June 16, 2022, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note 1 of the Clerk's financial statements.

Financial Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendation to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of This Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management of the Clerk's Office and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

RSM VS LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

Independent Accountant's Report

Honorable Joseph Abruzzo
Clerk & Comptroller
Palm Beach County, Florida

We have examined the Clerk & Comptroller of Palm Beach County, Florida's (the Clerk) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies and Sections 28.35, 28.36, and 61.181 Florida Statutes, Clerks of the Circuit Court, during the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021. Management is responsible for the Clerk's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Clerk's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Clerk complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Clerk's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Clerk complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the period October 1, 2020 to September 30, 2021.

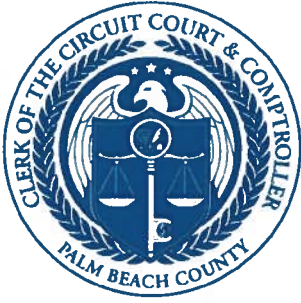
This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Florida Auditor General, the Clerk's Office, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



West Palm Beach, Florida
June 16, 2022

Section IX

IMPACT FEE COMPLIANCE



JOSEPH ABRUZZO
CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT & COMPTROLLER
PALM BEACH COUNTY

Governmental Center
301 N. Olive Ave, 9th Floor
West Palm Beach, FL 33401
P: (561) 355-2996

May 31, 2022

Auditor General's Office
Local Government Audits/342
Claude Pepper Building, Room 401
111 West Madison Street
Tallahassee, FL 32399-1450

RE: Affidavit - Florida Impact Fee Act

Dear Sir/Madam,

In accordance with the Florida Impact Fee Act (the "Act"), Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes, as referenced by Section 10.557(3)(m), Rules of the Auditor General, I hereby certify that Palm Beach County has complied with the Act.

Attached is correspondence received from the County's Office of Financial Management and Budget which states that the County has complied with the Act.

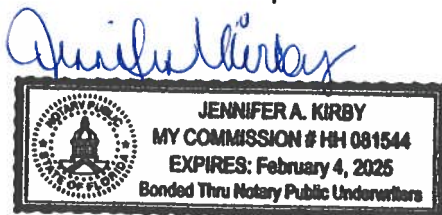
For any questions related to this information, please call Paul A. Guzinski, Manager - Financial Reporting, in my office at 561-355-3984.

Regards,

Joseph Abruzzo
Clerk of the Circuit Court & Comptroller

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Enclosure



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**Office of
Financial Management & Budget**

P.O. Box 1989
West Palm Beach, FL 33402-1989
(561) 355-2580
FAX: (561) 355-2109
www.pbcgov.com



**Palm Beach County
Board of County
Commissioners**

Robert S. Weinroth, Mayor

Gregg K. Weiss, Vice Mayor

Maria G. Marino

Dave Kerner

Maria Sachs

Melissa McKinlay

Mack Bernard

County Administrator

Verdenia C. Baker

INTEROFFICE COMMUNICATION

TO: Joseph Abruzzo
Palm Beach County Clerk & Comptroller

FROM: Sherry Brown, Director 
Office of Financial Management & Budget

DATE: May 20, 2022

SUBJECT: Certification of Compliance (Sec. 163.31801 F.S.)

Pursuant to law, the County's Chief Financial Officer is required to file an affidavit with the County's annual audit submittal to the Auditor General, stating that the County has complied with Sec. 163.31801 F.S.

The County has complied with Sec. 163.31801 F.S. for the fiscal year ended 9/30/2021 and OFMB certifies as follows:

Impact fees are adopted by ordinance.

Fee calculations are based on the most recent and localized data.

The County's impact fee ordinance provides for accounting and reporting of impact fee collections and expenditures.

Revenues and expenditures for each impact fee are accounted for in a separate accounting fund.

Administrative charges are limited to actual costs.

Notice is provided not less than 90 days before any amendment of impact fees.

The County does not require payment of the impact fee before the date of issuance of the building permit.

The impact fee is proportional and reasonably connected to, or has a rational nexus with, the need for additional capital facilities and the increased impact generated by the new residential or commercial construction.

*"An Equal Opportunity
Affirmative Action Employer"*

The County specifically (earmarks) uses the impact fee to acquire, construct or improve capital facilities to benefit new users.

The County does not use revenues generated by the impact fee to pay existing debt for previously approved projects unless the expenditure is reasonably connected to or has a rational nexus with the increased impact generated by the new residential or commercial construction.

If there are questions concerning any of these points, please contact Robyn Lawrence, Director of the Financial Management Division, at 355-4160.

Copies: Robyn Lawrence
 Derrek Moore
 Ryan Maher
 Paul A. Guzenski