



Somerset Palms Academy
(A charter school under
Somerset Academy, Inc.)
WL# 5015

Miami, Florida

Financial Statements and
Independent Auditors' Report
June 30, 2024

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Somerset Palms Academy
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
WL# 5015

12001 SW 72 Street
Miami, Florida 33183

2023-2024

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Todd German, Treasurer and Board Chair, (Florida)
Ana Mendez, Vice-Chair and Secretary
David Concepcion, Director
Brian M. Cox, Director (Texas)
Taylor Smith, Director

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Adriana Diaz-Garcia, Principal

OTHER NON-VOTING CORPORATE OFFICERS

Bernardo Montero, President
Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Somerset Palms Academy
Miami, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Palms Academy (the “School”), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc. as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School’s basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Palms Academy as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Somerset Palms Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School’s ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of Somerset Palms Academy that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2024 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management’s discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 to 9 and 31 to 32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 12, 2024 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 12, 2024

Management’s Discussion and Analysis
Somerset Palms Academy
(A Charter School under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
June 30, 2024

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School’s financial activities, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Financial Highlights

1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2024 was \$620,609.
2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$997,668.
3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$301,479 for the year ended June 30, 2024.
4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$485,596.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School’s basic financial statements. The School’s financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School’s finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School’s assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between the four is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School’s net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 – 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A “fund” is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government’s requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School’s budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 – 30 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school’s financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$620,609 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School’s net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	2024	2023
Cash	\$ 64,293	\$ 98,851
Investments	142,000	450,000
Prepaid expenses	21,098	19,838
Due from other agencies	973,007	521,824
Deposit receivable	50,000	50,000
Capital and right-of-use capital assets, net	1,322,077	1,713,071
Total Assets	2,572,475	2,853,584
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	178,259	212,938
Salaries and wages payable	155,299	124,703
Current portion of note payable	16,856	36,342
Note payable, long-term	7,319	24,061
Due to Somerset Academy, Inc.	400,000	679,166
Lease liability	1,194,133	1,457,244
Total Liabilities	1,951,866	2,534,454
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	103,769	195,424
Restricted	115,140	-
Unrestricted	401,700	123,706
Total Net Position	\$ 620,609	\$ 319,130

At the end of the fiscal year, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Federal sources	\$ 487,202	\$ 614,565
Capital grants and contributions	247,461	183,970
Charges for services	107,447	106,082
General Revenues		
State and local Sources	3,439,345	2,664,720
Charge for services and other revenue	114,123	36,573
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 4,395,578</u>	<u>\$ 3,605,910</u>
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 2,307,762	\$ 1,578,459
Student support services	41,068	3,085
Instructional staff training services	27,122	22,519
Board	27,912	19,456
General administration	99,060	-
School administration	279,050	374,008
Fiscal services	49,083	45,600
Food services	166,849	171,518
Central services	69,331	73,374
Operation of plant	766,705	684,419
Maintenance of plant	115,705	87,749
Community services	76,259	57,230
Debt service	68,193	311,833
Total Expenses	<u>4,094,099</u>	<u>3,429,250</u>
Change in Net Position	301,479	176,660
Net Position at Beginning of Year	319,130	142,470
Net Position at End of Year	<u>\$ 620,609</u>	<u>\$ 319,130</u>

The school's revenue and expenses increased by \$789,668 and \$664,849, respectively. The School had an increase in its net position of \$301,479 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 12001 SW 72 Street Miami, Florida 33183.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$621,834. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$485,596. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2024 amounts to \$156,281 (net of accumulated depreciation) and right of use lease asset (building) of \$1,165,796 (net of accumulated amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right of use lease asset (building), furniture, fixtures, leasehold improvements and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2024, the School had \$1,218,308 of debt associated to its capital assets.

The lease asset is amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the lease and the lease liability amortizes based on the effective interest method resulting in a higher liability and expense during the early years of the lease.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School’s fiscal year, the Board of the School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School’s budget.

	Governmental Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Program Revenues:			
State capital outlay funding	\$ 165,825	\$ 177,400	\$ 184,226
Local sources	62,000	62,000	63,235
Federal sources	765,967	834,942	856,956
Charges for services and other revenues	104,759	107,800	107,447
General Revenues:			
State and local sources	2,851,357	3,214,088	3,236,615
Charges for services	500	500	1,079
Other revenues	104,759	104,759	113,044
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 4,055,167</u>	<u>\$ 4,501,489</u>	<u>\$ 4,562,602</u>
CURRENT EXPENDITURES			
Instruction	\$ 1,582,562	\$ 1,815,081	\$ 1,758,220
Student support services	87,544	53,158	41,068
Instructional staff training services	41,454	36,384	27,122
Board	47,188	35,325	27,912
General administration	120,306	99,500	99,060
School administration	293,512	281,705	278,251
Fiscal services	51,458	49,083	49,083
Food services	205,925	180,978	166,607
Central services	91,758	75,083	69,331
Operation of plant	462,903	454,563	452,756
Maintenance of plant	122,000	115,000	112,344
Community services	80,000	80,000	76,259
Total Current Expenditures	<u>\$ 3,186,610</u>	<u>\$ 3,275,860</u>	<u>\$ 3,158,013</u>

Most variances occurred as a result of the budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Somerset Palms Academy
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024

	<u>Primary Government</u>
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
<u>Assets</u>	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 64,293
Investments	142,000
Due from other agencies	770,277
Prepaid expenses	21,098
Total Current Assets	<u>997,668</u>
Capital assets, net:	
Capital assets, depreciable	810,958
Less: accumulated depreciation	(654,677)
Right of use lease asset	2,084,076
Less: accumulated amortization	(918,280)
Total Capital Assets, net	<u>1,322,077</u>
Due from other agencies, long-term	202,730
Deposit receivable	50,000
Total Assets	<u>2,572,475</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	178,259
Salaries and wages payable	155,299
Current portion of note payable	16,856
Lease liability, current	276,575
Total Current Liabilities	<u>626,989</u>
Note payable, long-term	7,319
Due to Somerset Academy, Inc.	400,000
Lease liability	917,558
Total Liabilities	<u>1,951,866</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>Net Position</u>	
Net investment in capital assets	103,769
Restricted - District Referendum funds	115,140
Unrestricted	401,700
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 620,609</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Somerset Palms Academy
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2024

	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>			<u>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position</u>
		<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>	
Primary Government					
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 2,307,762	\$ -	\$ 252,233	\$ -	\$ (2,055,529)
Student support services	41,068	-	27,397	-	(13,671)
Instructional staff training services	27,122	-	15,267	-	(11,855)
Board	27,912	-	-	-	(27,912)
General administration	99,060	-	-	-	(99,060)
School administration	279,050	-	23,517	-	(255,533)
Fiscal services	49,083	-	-	-	(49,083)
Food services	166,849	35,024	90,851	-	(40,974)
Central services	69,331	-	-	-	(69,331)
Operation of plant	766,705	1,079	77,937	247,461	(440,228)
Maintenance of plant	115,705	-	-	-	(115,705)
Community services	76,259	72,423	-	-	(3,836)
Debt service	68,193	-	-	-	(68,193)
Total governmental activities	<u>4,094,099</u>	<u>108,526</u>	<u>487,202</u>	<u>247,461</u>	<u>(3,250,910)</u>

General revenues:

State and local sources	3,439,345
Interest and other revenues	<u>113,044</u>

Change in net position 301,479

Net position, beginning	<u>319,130</u>
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 620,609</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Somerset Palms Academy
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Project Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash	\$ 22,017	\$ 42,276	\$ -	\$ 64,293
Investments	142,000	-	-	142,000
Due from other agencies	193,077	564,380	12,820	770,277
Due from fund	577,200	-	-	577,200
Prepaid expenses	21,098	-	-	21,098
Total Assets	<u>955,392</u>	<u>606,656</u>	<u>12,820</u>	<u>1,574,868</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>				
	-	-	-	-
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Salaries and wages payable	155,299	-	-	155,299
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	178,259	-	-	178,259
Due to fund	-	564,380	12,820	577,200
Total Liabilities	<u>333,558</u>	<u>564,380</u>	<u>12,820</u>	<u>910,758</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
	-	-	-	-
<u>Fund balance</u>				
Nonspendable, not in spendable form	21,098	-	-	21,098
Restricted	115,140	-	-	115,140
Assigned	-	42,276	-	42,276
Unassigned	485,596	-	-	485,596
	<u>621,834</u>	<u>42,276</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>664,110</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 955,392</u>	<u>\$ 606,656</u>	<u>\$ 12,820</u>	<u>\$ 1,574,868</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Somerset Palms Academy

(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 664,110

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Depreciable and non-depreciable capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets, depreciable	810,958	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(654,677)	
Right of use lease asset	2,084,076	
Less: accumulated amortization	<u>(918,280)</u>	
		1,322,077

Long term receivables in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. 202,730

Deposit receivables in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund. 50,000

Long term liabilities and debt in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. (1,618,308)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 620,609

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Somerset Palms Academy

(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Project Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 184,226	\$ 184,226
State passed through local	2,616,930	-	-	2,616,930
Local sources	619,685	-	63,235	682,920
Federal sources	-	856,956	-	856,956
Charges for services	1,079	107,447	-	108,526
Other revenues	113,044	-	-	113,044
Total Revenues	3,350,738	964,403	247,461	4,562,602
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	1,562,064	196,156	-	1,758,220
Student support services	13,671	27,397	-	41,068
Instructional staff training services	11,855	15,267	-	27,122
Board	27,912	-	-	27,912
General administration	99,060	-	-	99,060
School administration	254,734	23,517	-	278,251
Fiscal services	49,083	-	-	49,083
Food services	-	166,607	-	166,607
Central services	69,331	-	-	69,331
Operation of plant	374,819	77,937	-	452,756
Maintenance of plant	112,344	-	-	112,344
Community services	-	76,259	-	76,259
Capital Outlay:				
Other capital outlay	16,899	-	-	16,899
Debt Service:				
Repayment of principal	36,228	-	263,111	299,339
Interest	1,305	-	66,888	68,193
Total Expenditures	2,629,305	583,140	329,999	3,542,444
Excess (Deficit) of revenues over expenditures	721,433	381,263	(82,538)	1,020,158
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	302,561	(385,099)	82,538	-
Recoverable grant repayment	(460,000)	-	-	(460,000)
Repayment of long term advances	(279,166)	-	-	(279,166)
Net change in fund balance	284,828	(3,836)	-	280,992
Fund Balance at beginning of year	337,006	46,112	-	383,118
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 621,834	\$ 42,276	\$ -	\$ 664,110

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Somerset Palms Academy

(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 280,992

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays differed depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital Outlay	16,899	
Depreciation and amortization expense	<u>(407,894)</u>	(390,995)

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. This is the difference between the two basis of recognition.

(167,023)

Increase in long term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term liabilities	<u>578,505</u>	578,505
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Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 301,479

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Somerset Palms Academy (the "School"), is a Charter School sponsored by the School Board Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The Schools' charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of five members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2027 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Miami-Dade County and serves students from kindergarten through eighth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2024, when on average 310 students were enrolled for the school year.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services, such as food service and student activity fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other state and local sources.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. Also, accounts for resources of the School's Internal Fund, which is used to administer monies collected in connection with school, student athletics, class, and club activities.

Capital Projects Fund – is used to account for the resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital assets and for state capital outlay funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other miscellaneous sources.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. “Measurable” means the amount of the transaction can be determined. “Available” means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School’s allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that has maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund transfers include reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund. These transfers may result in short-term inter-fund receivables/payables (“due from/to”).

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets of individual items or groups of like items with cost a of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government-wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as Other Financing Sources in the governmental funds.

The right to use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Estimated useful lives for capital assets are as follows:

Right of use asset (building)	2 - 5 Years
Improvements	5 Years
Furniture, Equipment, and Computers	5 Years
Software	3 Years

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of personal time off. Full time instructional employees are eligible to receive one day per month up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a “benefit year”). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may “rollover” all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may “cash out” unused days for personal time off, however, employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused personal time off.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the state through the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made. In addition, the School receives a portion of local operating millage revenues levied by the District (Secure Our Future Referendum).

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement tax revenues levied by the District. Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets - consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position - consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) Unrestricted net position - all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories lists below:

- a) Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned). All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to not in spendable form assets.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- b) Restricted – this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. The restricted fund balances pertain to the unspent local referendum funds.
- c) Committed - fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School’s Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) Assigned - fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School’s management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The school has assigned cash in connection with the School’s internal fund.
- e) Unassigned – portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School’s general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balances classifications could be used.

Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2024, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Charges and Error Corrections. The adoption had no material effect on the School’s financial statements as of June 30, 2024.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASB Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 12, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash in two financial institutions. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2024, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage were approximately \$61,000.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At June 30, 2024, the School had \$710,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2024, maturities of the fund's portfolio holdings are approximately 86% within 30 days.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody's.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2024, all of the School's investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting all investments to government money market mutual funds that can be redeemed daily.

Somerset Palms Academy
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

Note 3 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance 07/01/23	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Balance 06/30/24
Capital Assets, depreciable:				
Computer software	\$ 8,241	\$ 1,450	\$ (8,241)	\$ 1,450
Building and improvements	11,433	3,076	-	14,509
Audio visual	53,791	-	-	53,791
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	733,837	12,373	(5,002)	741,208
Total Capital Assets	807,302	16,899	(13,243)	810,958
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Computer Software	(8,241)	(242)	8,241	(242)
Building and improvements	(5,510)	(1,282)	-	(6,792)
Audio visual	(31,599)	(10,758)	-	(42,357)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(506,124)	(104,164)	5,002	(605,286)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(551,474)	(116,446)	13,243	(654,677)
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 255,828	\$ (99,547)	\$ -	\$ 156,281
Lease Assets:				
Right of use lease asset (building)	\$2,084,076	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,084,076
Less accumulated amortization:	(626,832)	(291,448)	-	(918,280)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	1,457,244	(291,448)	-	1,165,796
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$1,713,072	\$ (390,995)	\$ -	\$ 1,322,077

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, depreciation and amortization expense are allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreciation	Amortization
Instruction	\$ 89,543	\$ -
School administration	799	-
Food services	242	-
Operation of plant	22,501	291,448
Maintenance of plant	3,361	-
Total Expense	<u>\$ 116,446</u>	<u>\$ 291,448</u>

Note 4 – Due from Other Agencies

The following is due from other agencies as of June 30, 2024:

Funding Source	Fund	
Due from Miami-Dade County Public Schools, referendum	General Fund	\$ 193,077
ESSER III	Special Revenue Fund	564,380
Capital Outlay	Capital Projects Fund	<u>12,820</u>
Total Due from Other Agencies, current		770,277
Due from Miami-Dade County Public Schools, referendum, long-term portion		<u>202,730</u>
Total Due from Other Agencies		<u>\$973,007</u>

Note 5 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, an education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services.

The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board shall have the option to renew for an additional five year term. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the School incurred \$147,250 in fees.

Note 6 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

Somerset Academy, Inc. (the “Corporation”) charges an assessment to all its affiliated schools for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. During 2024, the School paid \$46,500 to the Corporation for these shared costs.

Recoverable Grant

In previous years, the School has received a total of \$840,000 of recoverable grants from Somerset Academy, Inc. Repayment of this grants is contingent in the School subsequently meeting certain financial conditions. The School paid \$380,000 of the recoverable grant in previous years and during the fiscal year, the School paid the full balance of \$460,000 to Somerset Academy, Inc.

Note 6 – Transactions With Other Divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. (continued)

The School received long-term, non-interest bearing advances from Somerset Academy, Inc. The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance 07/01/23	Additions	Repayments	Balance 06/30/24
Due to Somerset Academy Inc.	\$ 679,166	\$ -	\$ (279,166)	\$ 400,000
	<u>\$ 679,166</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (279,166)</u>	<u>\$ 400,000</u>

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

Educational Facilities License

The School entered into an educational facilities license agreement with Sunset Church of Christ, Inc. for use of its facility. Initial payments under this agreement are \$225,000 per annum based on \$1,000 per student per annum, with a minimum annual guarantee of 225 students for the use of the facility, with an option to renew for an additional five years. During 2023, the School exercised the option to renew the lease agreement through June 30, 2028.

At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease agreement. The School used an average effective interest rate of 5% to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use this asset and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, interest expense totaled \$66,888 as it relates to its lease agreements. For 2024, there were no variable payments in connection with the lease agreement not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability were recorded in rent expense.

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liability and related interest are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 276,575	\$ 53,425	\$ 330,000
2026	290,725	39,275	330,000
2027	305,599	24,401	330,000
2028	321,234	8,766	330,000
	<u>\$ 1,194,133</u>	<u>\$ 125,867</u>	<u>\$ 1,320,000</u>

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance 07/01/23	Additions	Payments	Balance 06/30/24
Lease Liability	\$ 1,457,244	\$ -	\$ (263,111)	\$ 1,194,133
	<u>\$ 1,457,244</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (263,111)</u>	<u>\$ 1,194,133</u>

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt and Liabilities (continued)

Notes Payable

The School obtained equipment financing from a financial institution for a total amount of \$180,288. The agreement as amended requires 48 monthly payments of principal and interest based on a fixed interest rate of 3.25%. During 2024, this loan was paid in full.

On November 16, 2020, the School obtained a new equipment financing loan from a financial institution for a total amount of \$79,840. The agreement requires 60 monthly payments of principal and interest based on a fixed interest rate of 3.50%. As of June 30, 2024, the outstanding balance was \$24,175. The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year:

	Balance 07/01/23	Advances	Repayments	Balance 06/30/24
Due to Financial Institution	\$ 60,403	\$ -	\$ (36,228)	\$ 24,175
Total Long Term Debt	\$ 60,403	\$ -	\$ (36,228)	\$ 24,175

Future minimum payments for the equipment loan are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 16,856	\$ 573
2026	7,319	63
	\$ 24,175	\$ 636

Note 8 – Contingencies and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School. As of year end June 30, 2024, the School accrued for \$22,636 in accounts payable as contingency for the 2023-2024 referendum revenues recognized. See Note 12.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of up to 5% of the qualifying revenues of the School and up to and including 250 students. For the year ended June 30, 2024, administrative fees totaled \$99,060.

Note 9 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year. The School’s debt agreements contain various covenants, restrictions and financial test requirements. In the event of default, the maturity can be accelerated and/or the underlying collateral may be subject to foreclosure.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as “Professional Employer Organization” (PEO). Under a co-employment agreements, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 10 – Interfund Transfer

Interfund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Outlay Fund
To fund Capital Projects Fund	\$ (82,538)	\$ -	\$ 82,538
To transfer lunch deficit	(40,732)	40,732	-
To reimburse General Fund for prior period's federal expenditures	425,831	(425,831)	-
Total Transfers, net	<u>\$ 302,561</u>	<u>\$ (385,099)</u>	<u>\$ 82,538</u>

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Outlay Fund
Due from/(due to) balances:			
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay	\$ 12,820	\$ -	\$ (12,820)
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for federal funds	564,380	(564,380)	-
Total Due from/(Due to)	<u>\$ 577,200</u>	<u>\$ (564,380)</u>	<u>\$ (12,820)</u>

Note 11 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School’s personnel, who are leased through ADP Total Source Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan, the School matches 100% of the employee’s contributions up to 4% of employee’s compensation. The School contributed \$54,633 to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2024. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans’ assets, which are administered by Voya.

Note 12 – Referendum

On November 6, 2018, and November 8, 2022, the voters of Miami-Dade approved and renewed, respectively, the Secure Our Future Referendum to raise/maintain teacher compensation and improve school safety and security. The Miami-Dade County School District shares a portion with charter schools. The District entered into a settlement agreement with the School for the 2018 Referendum funds not received for the 2019-2020; 2020-2021; 2021-2022 school years. The District agreed to pay these funds totaling \$395,807 (including interest) to the School in two installments in August 2024 and July 2025.

The following is the referendum funds allocated and expended as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2024:

	<u>2022-2023</u>
Funds Allocation	\$ 280,776
Less: Actual Expenditures	<u>(243,409)</u>
Rollover revenues as of June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 37,367</u>
Funds Re-Allocated from charterholder based on actual expenditures	\$ 20,671
Less: Actual Expenditures	<u>(58,038)</u>
Restricted 2022-2023 Referendum as of June 30, 2024	\$ -
	<u>2023-2024</u>
Actual Allocation	\$ 452,715
Less: 2023-2024 Contingency	<u>(22,636)</u>
2023-2024 Referendum Funds, net of contingency	430,079
Less: Actual Expenditures	<u>(314,939)</u>
Restricted 2023-2024 Referendum as of June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 115,140</u>

The following are referendum revenues recognized by the School for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Total Referendum Revenue Recognized for Allowable Expenditures:	
2022-2023 Referendum Funds	\$ 58,038
2023-2024 Referendum Funds, net of contingency	430,079
2018 Referendum Settlement Agreement, excluding interest of \$61,509	<u>334,298</u>
Total per Government-Wide Statement of Activities	<u>822,415</u>
Less: Due from Miami-Dade County Public Schools, referendum, long-term portion	<u>(202,730)</u>
Total per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	<u>\$ 619,685</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Somerset Palms Academy
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
State passed through local	\$ 2,550,732	\$ 2,604,950	\$ 2,616,930
Local sources	300,625	609,138	619,685
Charges for services	500	500	1,079
Other revenue	104,759	104,759	113,044
Total Revenues	<u>2,956,616</u>	<u>3,319,347</u>	<u>3,350,738</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	1,307,495	1,585,239	1,562,064
Student support services	52,094	22,492	13,671
Instructional staff training services	15,500	15,500	11,855
Board	47,188	35,325	27,912
General administration	120,306	99,500	99,060
School administration	262,958	256,831	254,734
Fiscal services	51,458	49,083	49,083
Central services	91,758	75,083	69,331
Operation of plant	377,248	374,152	374,819
Maintenance of plant	122,000	115,000	112,344
Total Current Expenditures	<u>2,448,005</u>	<u>2,628,205</u>	<u>2,574,873</u>
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Current Expenditures	<u>508,611</u>	<u>691,142</u>	<u>775,865</u>
Debt Service:			
Redemption of principal	36,228	36,228	36,228
Interest	1,305	1,305	1,305
Capital Outlay:			
Other Capital Outlay	<u>17,000</u>	<u>17,000</u>	<u>16,899</u>
Total Capital Outlay and Debt Service Expenditures	<u>54,533</u>	<u>54,533</u>	<u>54,432</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>2,502,538</u>	<u>2,682,738</u>	<u>2,629,305</u>
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	454,078	636,609	721,433
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in (out)	29,947	204,488	302,561
Recoverable grant repayment	-	(460,000)	(460,000)
Repayments of long term advances	<u>-</u>	<u>(279,166)</u>	<u>(279,166)</u>
Net change in fund balance	484,025	101,931	284,828
Fund Balance at beginning of year	<u>337,006</u>	<u>337,006</u>	<u>337,006</u>
Fund Balance at end of year	<u>\$ 821,031</u>	<u>\$ 438,937</u>	<u>\$ 621,834</u>

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Somerset Palms Academy
(A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Federal sources	\$ 765,967	\$ 834,942	\$ 856,956
Charges for services	104,759	107,800	107,447
Total Revenues	<u>870,726</u>	<u>942,742</u>	<u>964,403</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	275,067	229,842	196,156
Student support services	35,450	30,666	27,397
Instructional staff training services	25,954	20,884	15,267
School administration	30,554	24,874	23,517
Food services	205,925	180,978	166,607
Operation of plant	85,655	80,411	77,937
Maintenance of plant	-	-	-
Community services	80,000	80,000	76,259
Total Current Expenditures	<u>738,605</u>	<u>647,655</u>	<u>583,140</u>
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Current Expenditures	<u>132,121</u>	<u>295,087</u>	<u>381,263</u>
Total Capital Outlay and Debt Service Expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>738,605</u>	<u>647,655</u>	<u>583,140</u>
Deficit of Revenues Over Expenditures	132,121	295,087	381,263
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	<u>(132,121)</u>	<u>(295,087)</u>	<u>(385,099)</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(3,836)
Fund Balance at beginning of year, as restated	<u>46,112</u>	<u>46,112</u>	<u>46,112</u>
Fund Balance at end of year	<u>\$ 46,112</u>	<u>\$ 46,112</u>	<u>\$ 42,276</u>

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors of
Somerset Palms Academy
Miami, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Palms Academy (the “School”) as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School’s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 12, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School’s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 12, 2024 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 12, 2024



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors of
Somerset Palms Academy
Miami, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Somerset Palms Academy, Miami, Florida as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and have issued our report thereon dated September 12, 2024.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in those reports and schedules which are dated September 12, 2024, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Somerset Palms Academy, (W/L #5015).

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Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Somerset Palms Academy has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Palms Academy did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Palms Academy. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Palms Academy's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Palms Academy maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Palms Academy maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or fraud, or waste abuse, that has occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 12, 2024