

Renaissance Charter School at Pines

A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc.
(A Component Unit of the School
Board of Broward County, Florida)

Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Renaissance Charter School at Pines

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Pembroke Pines, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Renaissance Charter School at Pines (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Grants Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the School are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and each major fund of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. that are attributable to the transactions of the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2024, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.



Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control- related matters that we identified during the audit.

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Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2024, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fort Lauderdale, Florida
September 27, 2024

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2024**

As management of Renaissance Charter School at Pines (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, we offer readers of the School's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Management's discussion and analysis is included at the beginning of the School's basic financial statements to provide, in layman's terms, the current position of the School's financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit which consists of the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Our basic financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations.

- As of June 30, 2024, the School's governmental fund balances totaled \$ 1,836,619 as compared to \$ 237,395 for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- As of June 30, 2024, the School has net position (deficit) of \$ 2,144,988 as compared to \$ (553,487) for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Basic Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the components reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the net position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenues and services rendered but unpaid).

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by grants and entitlements from the state for full-time equivalent funding. The School does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the School primarily include instruction and instructional support services.

The government-wide basic financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund Basic Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide basic financial statements, governmental fund basic financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The General Fund, Grants Fund, Capital Project Fund and Club and Activities Fund are considered to be the School's major funds.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds except for the Club and Activities Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Grants Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 16 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 27 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of financial position. In the case of the School, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 2,144,988 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2024**

Our analysis in the table below focuses on the net position of the School's governmental activities:

Renaissance Charter School at Pines Net Position (Deficit)			
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	Variance
Assets:			
Current and other assets	\$ 4,507,302	\$ 899,486	\$ 3,607,816
Capital assets, net	<u>19,671,843</u>	<u>20,076,069</u>	<u>(404,226)</u>
Total assets	<u>24,179,145</u>	<u>20,975,555</u>	<u>3,203,590</u>
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	1,804,819	988,248	816,571
Noncurrent liabilities	<u>20,229,338</u>	<u>20,540,794</u>	<u>(311,456)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>22,034,157</u>	<u>21,529,042</u>	<u>505,115</u>
Net Position (Deficit):			
Net investment in capital assets	(860,447)	(756,865)	(103,582)
Restricted	116,664	93,027	23,637
Unrestricted	<u>2,888,771</u>	<u>110,351</u>	<u>2,778,420</u>
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ 2,144,988</u>	<u>\$ (553,487)</u>	<u>\$ 2,698,475</u>

Current and other assets increased mainly due to a rise in the monies due from other governments. Capital assets, net of depreciation decreased mainly due to the current year depreciation expense of approximately \$ 631,000 offset by the purchase of new assets of approximately \$ 226,000. Current liabilities increased due to a rise in trade payables and monies owed to management company. Noncurrent liabilities decreased due to the payment of the School's lease payables.

Governmental Activities: The School's overall net position increased \$2,698,475 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following section for governmental activities.

Renaissance Charter School at Pines Change in Net Position			
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	Variance
Revenues:			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 272,266	\$ 304,652	\$ (32,386)
Operating grants and contributions	2,907,140	1,481,946	1,425,194
Capital grants and contributions	596,255	467,048	129,207
General revenues:			
FTE and other nonspecific revenues	9,617,767	6,691,264	2,926,503
Interest income	<u>54,570</u>	<u>9,539</u>	<u>45,031</u>
Total revenues	<u>\$ 13,447,998</u>	<u>\$ 8,954,449</u>	<u>\$ 4,493,549</u>

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Management’s Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2024**

Governmental Activities: (continued)

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	Variance
Functions/Programs:			
Instruction	\$ 3,676,325	\$ 3,221,289	\$ 455,036
Student support services	734,338	552,083	182,255
Instructional and curriculum development services	18,591	-	18,591
Instructional staff training services	16,124	16,988	(864)
Instruction related technology	151,327	79,036	72,291
Board	36,812	21,338	15,474
School administration	1,093,404	841,288	252,116
Fiscal services	1,222,343	743,829	478,514
Food services	417,303	365,999	51,304
Central services	102,040	169,079	(67,039)
Pupil transportation	8,300	-	8,300
Operation of plant	1,707,449	1,708,966	(1,517)
Maintenance of plant	382,113	333,105	49,008
Community services	100,694	49,885	50,809
Extracurricular activities	146,322	110,675	35,647
Interest on long-term debt	936,038	916,594	19,444
Total expenses	<u>10,749,523</u>	<u>9,130,154</u>	<u>1,619,369</u>
Change in net position	2,698,475	(175,705)	2,874,180
Net position (deficit)-beginning	<u>(553,487)</u>	<u>(377,782)</u>	<u>(175,705)</u>
Net position (deficit)-ending	<u>\$ 2,144,988</u>	<u>\$ (553,487)</u>	<u>\$ 2,698,475</u>

Program revenues increased from a rise in ESSER III revenues. General revenues increased due to a rise in student funding and referendum revenues. Total expenses primarily increased due to increases in instruction, school administration and fiscal services expenses.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the School. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$ 1,533,647, while total fund balance increased to \$ 1,719,955. As a measure of the General Fund’s liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 19.9% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 22.4% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the School’s General Fund increased by \$ 1,575,587 during the current fiscal year. The increase was mainly due to referendum settlement.

The Grants Fund doesn’t have an increase or decrease in fund balance during the fiscal year as this fund reports federal and certain state expense reimbursement grants.

The Capital Project Fund doesn’t have an increase or decrease in fund balance during the fiscal year as this fund reports state and local capital outlay funding that is used to cover a portion of interest expense.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds (continued)

The Club and Activities Fund had an increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year due to increased extracurricular activities revenue.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets: At June 30, 2024, the School had capital assets of \$ 19,671,843 net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, invested in lease assets, improvements other than buildings, furniture, fixtures and equipment and computer equipment. Major capital assets additions for the year included \$ 160,173 for improvements other than building and \$ 66,164 for computer equipment. Additional information on the School's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Debt Administration: At June 30, 2024, the School had outstanding debt of \$ 20,532,290 as compared to \$ 20,832,934 at June 30, 2023. The decrease is a result of scheduled debt payments in accordance with the lease agreements. Additional information on the School's debt can be found in Notes 7 and 8 of this report.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

State source revenue decreased from the budget due to the estimation of student revenues. Local source revenue had an increase due to the estimation of referendum funding. Expenditures were favorable to the budget primarily due to instruction and operation of plant expenses.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In fiscal year 2024, the State of Florida continued to include a teacher salary increase allocation (TSIA) of \$ 1.1 billion. The capital outlay funding pool ended up at \$ 213 million. In addition to the TSIA, teachers also received a compensation increase to align overall salaries with district levels.

For fiscal year 2025, the funding for teacher salaries and other instructional personnel will be \$1.25 billion. Additionally, the State of Florida approved an increase to the base funding allocation and capital outlay. A 3% merit increase for all staff was included in the budget. All other expenditures are budgeted in alignment with enrollment changes and the School's strategic objectives.

Requests for Information

If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact Michael Valdes, Controller - School Accounting; Charter Schools USA, 800 Corporate Drive, Suite 700, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33334.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>			<u>Governmental Activities</u>
		<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position</u>
Functions/Programs:					
Instruction	\$ 3,676,325	\$ -	\$ 1,948,958	\$ -	\$ (1,727,367)
Student support services	734,338	-	359,252	-	(375,086)
Instruction and curriculum development services	18,591	-	-	-	(18,591)
Instructional staff training services	16,124	-	14,914	-	(1,210)
Instructional related technology	151,327	-	-	-	(151,327)
Board	36,812	-	-	-	(36,812)
School administration	1,093,404	-	28,240	-	(1,065,164)
Fiscal services	1,222,343	-	-	-	(1,222,343)
Food services	417,303	31,468	352,014	-	(33,821)
Central services	102,040	-	-	-	(102,040)
Transportation	8,300	-	-	-	(8,300)
Operation of plant	1,707,449	-	41,353	98,602	(1,567,494)
Maintenance of plant	382,113	-	-	-	(382,113)
Community services	100,694	240,798	-	-	140,104
Extracurricular activities	146,322	-	162,409	-	16,087
Interest on long-term debt	936,038	-	-	497,653	(438,385)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total governmental activities	\$ <u>10,749,523</u>	\$ <u>272,266</u>	\$ <u>2,907,140</u>	\$ <u>596,255</u>	<u>(6,973,862)</u>
General revenues:					
FTE and other nonspecific revenues					9,617,767
Interest income					<u>54,570</u>
Total general revenues					<u>9,672,337</u>
Change in net position					2,698,475
Net position (deficit) July 1, 2023					<u>(553,487)</u>
Net position, June 30, 2024					\$ <u><u>2,144,988</u></u>

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2024**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Grants Fund</u>	<u>Capital Project Fund</u>	<u>Club and Activities Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 522,899	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 117,660	\$ 640,559
Other receivables	62,502	-	-	-	62,502
Due from other governments	1,887,743	1,641,812	35,704	-	3,565,259
Due from related parties	52,674	-	-	-	52,674
Due from other funds	1,678,512	-	-	-	1,678,512
Prepaid items	186,308	-	-	-	186,308
	<u>4,390,638</u>	<u>1,641,812</u>	<u>35,704</u>	<u>117,660</u>	<u>6,185,814</u>
Total assets	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 319,905	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 319,905
Salaries and wages payable	347,144	-	-	-	347,144
Due to related parties	10,193	-	-	-	10,193
Due to management company	748,954	-	-	-	748,954
Due to other funds	-	1,641,812	35,704	996	1,678,512
	<u>1,426,196</u>	<u>1,641,812</u>	<u>35,704</u>	<u>996</u>	<u>3,104,708</u>
Total liabilities	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Unavailable revenues	1,244,487	-	-	-	1,244,487
	<u>1,244,487</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,244,487</u>
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	186,308	-	-	-	186,308
Restricted for extracurricular activities	-	-	-	116,664	116,664
Unassigned	1,533,647	-	-	-	1,533,647
	<u>1,719,955</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>116,664</u>	<u>1,836,619</u>
Total fund balances	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total liabilities deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ <u>4,390,638</u>	\$ <u>1,641,812</u>	\$ <u>35,704</u>	\$ <u>117,660</u>	\$ <u>6,185,814</u>

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds
 to the Statement of Net Position
 June 30, 2024**

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 1,836,619

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

The cost of capital assets acquired is reported as an expenditure in the governmental fund statements. The statement of net position includes those capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, among the assets of the School as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 24,803,489	
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>(5,131,646)</u>	19,671,843

Unavailable revenue in the governmental funds is susceptible to full accrual in the government-wide statements.		1,244,487
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Liabilities not payable with current available resources are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide statements.

Compensated absences	\$ (34,719)	
Accrued interest payable	(40,952)	
Lease payable	<u>(20,532,290)</u>	<u>(20,607,961)</u>

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 2,144,988

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Grants Fund</u>	<u>Capital Project Fund</u>	<u>Club and Activities Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:					
Federal revenues	\$ -	\$ 2,571,477	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,571,477
State sources	6,918,980	2,814	496,311	-	7,418,105
Local sources	1,656,208	-	99,944	162,409	1,918,561
Aftercare	240,798	-	-	-	240,798
Interest income	47,020	-	-	7,550	54,570
	<u>8,863,006</u>	<u>2,574,291</u>	<u>596,255</u>	<u>169,959</u>	<u>12,203,511</u>
Total revenues					
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	2,216,544	1,309,549	-	-	3,526,093
Student support services	375,086	359,252	-	-	734,338
Instruction and curriculum development services	18,591	-	-	-	18,591
Instructional staff training services	1,210	14,914	-	-	16,124
Instruction related technology	151,327	-	-	-	151,327
Board	36,812	-	-	-	36,812
School administration	1,065,164	28,240	-	-	1,093,404
Fiscal services	1,222,343	-	-	-	1,222,343
Food services	65,289	352,014	-	-	417,303
Central services	102,040	-	-	-	102,040
Pupil transportation	8,300	-	-	-	8,300
Operation of plant	1,105,774	22,040	98,602	-	1,226,416
Maintenance of plant	382,113	-	-	-	382,113
Community services	100,694	-	-	-	100,694
Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	146,322	146,322
Capital outlay	193,657	32,680	-	-	226,337
Debt service:					
Principal	300,644	-	-	-	300,644
Interest	397,433	-	497,653	-	895,086
	<u>7,743,021</u>	<u>2,118,689</u>	<u>596,255</u>	<u>146,322</u>	<u>10,604,287</u>
Total expenditures					
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>1,119,985</u>	<u>455,602</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,637</u>	<u>1,599,224</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfer out	-	(455,602)	-	-	(455,602)
Transfer in	455,602	-	-	-	455,602
	<u>455,602</u>	<u>(455,602)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)					
Net change in fund balances	1,575,587	-	-	23,637	1,599,224
Fund Balances, July 1, 2023	<u>144,368</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>93,027</u>	<u>237,395</u>
Fund Balances, June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 1,719,955</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 116,664</u>	<u>\$ 1,836,619</u>

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 1,599,224

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives as provision for depreciation and amortization.

Cost of capital assets	\$	226,337	
Provision for depreciation and amortization		<u>(630,563)</u>	(404,226)

Unavailable revenue in the governmental funds is susceptible to full accrual in the government-wide statements.			1,244,487
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Principal payments on long-term debt are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position			300,644
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Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Change in compensated absences	\$	(702)	
Change in accrued interest payable		<u>(40,952)</u>	<u>(41,654)</u>

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 2,698,475

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -
Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Revenues:				
State sources	\$ 8,019,473	\$ 8,019,473	\$ 6,918,980	\$ (1,100,493)
Local sources	58,071	58,071	1,656,208	1,598,137
Aftercare	306,565	306,565	240,798	(65,767)
Interest income	9,973	9,973	47,020	37,047
	<u>8,394,082</u>	<u>8,394,082</u>	<u>8,863,006</u>	<u>468,924</u>
Total revenues				
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	2,795,534	2,795,534	2,216,544	578,990
Student support services	254,625	254,625	375,086	(120,461)
Instruction and curriculum development services	-	-	18,591	(18,591)
Instructional staff training services	15,163	15,163	1,210	13,953
Instruction related technology	188,244	188,244	151,327	36,917
Board	19,427	19,427	36,812	(17,385)
School administration	1,024,648	1,024,648	1,065,164	(40,516)
Fiscal services	1,141,902	1,141,902	1,222,343	(80,441)
Food services	-	-	65,289	(65,289)
Central services	176,097	176,097	102,040	74,057
Pupil transportation	-	-	8,300	(8,300)
Operation of plant	1,629,673	1,629,673	1,105,774	523,899
Maintenance of plant	360,271	360,271	382,113	(21,842)
Community services	124,652	124,652	100,694	23,958
Capital outlay	232,678	232,678	193,657	39,021
Debt service:				
Principal	6,207	6,207	300,644	(294,437)
Interest	-	-	397,433	(397,433)
	<u>7,969,121</u>	<u>7,969,121</u>	<u>7,743,021</u>	<u>226,100</u>
Total expenditures				
Excess of revenues over expenditures	424,961	424,961	1,119,985	695,024
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfer in	-	-	455,602	455,602
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>455,602</u>	<u>455,602</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 424,961</u>	<u>\$ 424,961</u>	<u>\$ 1,575,587</u>	<u>\$ 1,150,626</u>

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -
Budget and Actual - Grants Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Revenues:				
Federal sources:				
National School Lunch Program	\$ 422,929	\$ 422,929	\$ 413,281	\$ (9,648)
Title I	285,972	285,972	305,836	19,864
Title III	-	-	2,483	2,483
ESSER II	-	-	272,041	272,041
ESSER III	838,282	838,282	1,577,836	739,554
State sources:				
National School Lunch Program	-	-	2,814	2,814
 Total revenues	 <u>1,547,183</u>	 <u>1,547,183</u>	 <u>2,574,291</u>	 <u>1,027,108</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	834,587	834,587	1,309,549	(474,962)
Student support services	174,167	174,167	359,252	(185,085)
Instructional staff training services	-	-	14,914	(14,914)
School administration	68,000	68,000	28,240	39,760
Food services	379,244	379,244	352,014	27,230
Community services	47,500	47,500	-	47,500
Operation of plant	43,685	43,685	22,040	21,645
Capital outlay	-	-	32,680	(32,680)
 Total expenditures	 <u>1,547,183</u>	 <u>1,547,183</u>	 <u>2,118,689</u>	 <u>(571,506)</u>
 Excess of revenues over expenditures	 -	 -	 455,602	 455,602
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfer out	-	-	(455,602)	(455,602)
 Net change in fund balances	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>	 <u>\$ -</u>

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Renaissance Charter School at Pines (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. ("RCS"), and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, was established in July 2014 as a public charter school to serve students from kindergarten through fifth grade in Broward County. The School is sponsored by its charter-holder, RCS, a Florida nonprofit corporation organized in August 1998. There were 837 students enrolled for the 2023/2024 school year.

The basic financial statements of the School present only the balances, activity and disclosures related to the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of RCS as of June 30, 2024, and its changes in financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, these basic financial statements only include balances, activity and disclosures related to the School.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring school board, the School Board of Broward County. The current charter is effective until June 30, 2029, and may be renewed by mutual written agreement between the School and the School Board. At the end of the term of the charter, the School Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter, in which case, the School Board is required to notify the School in writing at least ninety days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the School Board may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. The School is considered a component unit of the School Board of Broward County.

The School may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the School regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly approved board. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As a result of evaluating the above criteria, management has determined that no component units exist for which the School is financially accountable, which would require inclusion in the School's basic financial statements.

Basis of presentation: The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Government-wide financial statements: Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

Fund financial statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School in the governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

The School's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all operating activities of the School except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Grants Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for federal grants and certain state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for state and local capital outlay funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Club and Activities Fund - This special revenue fund is used to administer funds raised and earned by the various clubs and activities that are part of the School.

During the course of operations, the School has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in the governmental fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Basis of accounting: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one hundred twenty days of the end of the current period. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents: The School considers all demand accounts and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents. The School maintains its cash accounts with one financial institution. The School's accounts at this institution, at times, may exceed the federal insured limit, however, the School is covered by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes (Note 3).

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Revenue recognition: Student funding is provided by the State of Florida through the School Board. Such funding is recorded as entitlement revenue in the government-wide financial statements and state source revenue in the fund financial statements. This funding is received on a prorated basis over a twelve-month period and is adjusted for changes in full-time equivalent (FTE) student population.

Income taxes: The School is a Department of a nonprofit corporation. Revenue of the School is derived primarily from other governmental entities. The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these basic financial statements.

Capital assets: Property and equipment purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with a cost equal to or greater than \$ 750 and useful life of over one year. Donated property and equipment assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all capital assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4-5 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 years

The School has recorded a right-to-use lease asset as required by GAAP. The right-to-use asset is initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right-to-use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue arises when the School receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Compensated absences: The School's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused paid time off, which is eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Payments for compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

Net position: Net position is classified in three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets - represents the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted - consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted - indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, then, unrestricted resources as they are needed

Fund balance: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on the provisions of GAAP which provide clearly defined fund balance classifications and also sets a hierarchy which details how the School may spend funds based on certain constraints. The following are the fund balance classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements:

- Nonspendable - this classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School classifies inventories, prepaid items, long-term notes receivable and deposits as nonspendable since they are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted - this classification includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as grantors and creditors or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- Committed - this classification includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes voted on through formal action of the Board of Directors (the highest level of decision making authority). The committed amount cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the commitment through formal action.
- Assigned - this classification includes amounts that the Board of Directors intends to use for a specific purpose, but they are neither restricted nor committed. The School classifies existing fund balance to be used in the subsequent year's budget for elimination of a deficit as assigned.
- Unassigned - this classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 11.

When the School incurs expenditures for which restricted or unrestricted fund balance is available, the School would consider restricted funds to be spent first. When the School has expenditures for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance is available, the School would consider committed funds to be spent first, then assigned funds and lastly unassigned funds.

Budget: An operating budget is adopted and maintained by the governing board for all governmental funds, except for the Club and Activities Fund, pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassification: Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation.

Date of management review: Subsequent events were evaluated by management through September 27, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the deposits and cash on hand totaled \$ 640,559 with a bank balance of \$ 660,436.

State statutes require, and it is the School's policy, that all deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified public depositories" as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintain eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimum collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and reporting requirements of the qualified public depositor to the treasurer is defined by the statute. Collateral is pooled in a multiple qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess members of the pool should the need arise. The School's deposits of \$ 410,436 in excess of the federal insured level of \$ 250,000 are held in a qualified public depository and are covered by the collateral pool because the School has identified itself as a public entity.

Note 4 - Interfund Receivables and Payables and Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2024, is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds			Amount
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		
General Fund	Grants Fund	\$	1,641,812
General Fund	Capital Project Fund		35,704
General Fund	Club and Activities Fund		996
		\$	<u>1,678,512</u>

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Transfers In General Fund
Transfers Out:	
Grants Fund:	\$ <u>455,602</u>

During the year, transfers were used to move grant revenue received in the current year for prior year expenditures to the General Fund.

Note 5 - Due From/To Related Parties

The School is a Department of RCS. The due from/to balances represent amounts that are due from/to RCS and other schools that share common board membership and are departments of RCS and are expected to be repaid within one year.

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2024**

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2023	Additions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2024
Capital assets being depreciated/ amortized:				
Improvements other than building	\$ 146,956	\$ 160,173	\$ -	\$ 307,129
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	983,267	-	-	983,267
Computer equipment	1,464,160	66,164	-	1,530,324
Lease assets:				
Building	8,251,582	-	-	8,251,582
Land	<u>13,731,187</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,731,187</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	<u>24,577,152</u>	<u>226,337</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,803,489</u>
Accumulated depreciation/ amortization:				
Improvements other than building	58,891	16,031	-	74,922
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	934,459	39,170	-	973,629
Computer equipment	1,307,600	110,360	-	1,417,960
Lease assets:				
Building	1,358,015	184,296	-	1,542,311
Land	<u>842,118</u>	<u>280,706</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,122,824</u>
Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization	<u>4,501,083</u>	<u>630,563</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,131,646</u>
Net capital assets being depreciated/amortized	<u>\$ 20,076,069</u>	<u>\$ (404,226)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 19,671,843</u>

Provision for depreciation and amortization was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 149,530
Operation of plant	<u>481,033</u>
	<u>\$ 630,563</u>

Note 7 – Lease Payables

In 2015, the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the “Corporation”) issued \$ 86,835,000 in Tax Exempt Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A and \$ 9,145,000 in Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2015B pursuant to an Indenture of Trust between the Corporation and a trustee to make a loan to RCS, a division of which the School exists, and Red Apple Development, LLC and subsidiaries (“RAD”) to finance the acquisition of the facilities of seven charter schools existing under RCS. In order to secure the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds, the Corporation assigned all of its rights and interest in the loan agreement to the trustee. The bonds are payable from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of payments to be received by the trustee.

Note 7 – Lease Payables (continued)

Concurrent with the preceding loan transaction, RAD, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, entered into five lease agreements with RCS. The facilities which are owned by RAD are leased by RCS on behalf of the schools under a 45-year lease. The leases are deemed to be intangible right-to-use leases and the lease payments are based on the debt service requirements of the bonds which extend through June 2046. These payments are made from the revenues received from the School Board of Broward County for the operation of the Schools. RCS is obligated under the indenture to deposit all Charter revenues received from the School Board and additional revenues, if any, directly with the trustee during the term of the lease. The payments are applied by the trustee to make sinking fund payments and pay for operating expenses. The lease requires monthly principal and interest payments through June 2046.

Future minimum payments on the lease at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 170,614	489,293	\$ 659,907
2026	180,850	480,234	661,084
2027	191,087	469,178	660,265
2028	204,736	457,508	662,244
2029	214,973	445,121	660,094
2030-2034	1,289,840	2,012,271	3,302,111
2035-2039	1,743,672	1,564,372	3,308,044
2040-2044	2,351,057	951,448	3,302,505
2045-2046	1,012,173	151,221	1,163,394
	<u>\$ 7,359,002</u>	<u>\$ 7,020,646</u>	<u>\$ 14,379,648</u>

In addition to the lease payments the School is required to pay incremental rent payments to RAD. The incremental rent payments range from approximately \$ 66,900 to \$ 67,200 per year over the term of the agreement which is through June 2046. For the year ended June 30, 2024, \$ 67,083 was paid in incremental rent.

In addition, the School previously entered into a lease agreement for the use of the land where the School is located through May 2069. The lease agreement qualifies as other than short-term leases under GAAP and, therefore has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments and Consumer Price Index as of the implementation date of June 30, 2021. The rent shall increase each year based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index. The lease provides for an option to renew for up to nine additional five-year periods. The School anticipates exercising all options.

**Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2024**

Note 7 – Lease Payable (continued)

Future lease payments before the increase in the Consumer Price Index are approximately as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 141,018	\$ 393,270	\$ 534,288
2026	145,307	388,981	534,288
2027	149,727	384,561	534,288
2028	154,281	380,007	534,288
2029	158,973	375,315	534,288
2030-2034	870,406	1,801,034	2,671,440
2035-2039	1,011,078	1,660,362	2,671,440
2040-2044	1,174,486	1,496,954	2,671,440
2045-2049	1,364,302	1,307,138	2,671,440
2050-2054	1,584,796	1,086,644	2,671,440
2055-2059	1,840,926	830,514	2,671,440
2060-2064	2,138,451	532,989	2,671,440
2065-2069	2,439,537	187,379	2,626,916
	<u>\$ 13,173,288</u>	<u>\$ 10,825,148</u>	<u>\$ 23,998,436</u>

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the School's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2024	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease - building	\$ 7,522,791	\$ -	\$ 163,789	\$ 7,359,002	\$ 170,614
Lease - land	13,310,143	-	136,855	13,173,288	141,018
Compensated absences	34,017	111,337	110,635	34,719	26,039
	<u>\$ 20,866,951</u>	<u>\$ 111,337</u>	<u>\$ 411,279</u>	<u>\$ 20,567,009</u>	<u>\$ 337,671</u>

Note 9 - Commitments

Management agreement: The School has a formal agreement with Charter Schools USA at Pembroke Pines Elementary School, LLC (“CSUSA”) to manage, staff and operate the School. The agreement states that CSUSA shall be entitled to cost reimbursements and management fees (the “fee”) for its services, subject to availability of funds. The fee is subordinated to all lease payment requirements (Note 7). The fee ranges from \$ 1,346,691 for fiscal year 2025 to \$ 2,041,134 for fiscal year 2046 as defined in the agreement or the budgeted amount approved by the Board of Directors based on enrollment and School performance. Total cost reimbursements and management fees amounted to \$ 1,133,219 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

The School has an amount of \$ 748,954 due to CSUSA at June 30, 2024, for expenses paid on behalf of the School.

Post-employment benefits: The School does not provide post-employment benefits to retired employees.

Note 10 - Employee Benefit Plan

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the School offered all of its full-time employees who had attained 21 years of age, a retirement plan (the “Plan”) under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The employee is allowed to contribute up to a maximum of 100% of his/her annual gross compensation, subject to certain limitations. The Plan provides for a discretionary employer matching contribution of the participant’s annual elective deferral to the Plan. As determined annually by the School’s management, the School may also make a discretionary profit-sharing contribution, which is allocated among the participants based on a pro rata formula. Participants are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions. Participants become vested in School contributions and earnings on School contributions according to the following schedule:

<u>Years of Service</u>	<u>Vesting Percentage</u>
1	25%
2	50%
3	75%
4	100%

Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment and such forfeitures are used to reduce any employer contribution. For the Plan year ended December 31, 2023, the School had no forfeitures. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School contributed a matching amount of \$ 24,434.

Note 11 - Capital Appropriations Funding

The Florida Department of Education has approved a Charter School Capital Outlay (“CSCO”) award for the School. In each year that funds are appropriated by the state for charter school capital outlay purposes, those funds are allocated among eligible charter schools. The funds for the School’s allocation are transferred to the School once a CSCO Plan has been provided to and approved by the sponsoring district. The School’s CSCO award totaled \$ 496,311 for the 2023/2024 school year, which has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying basic financial statements. If the CSCO funds are used to acquire tangible property assets, the School Board has a reversionary interest in those assets. In the event of non-renewal, termination, or breach of the charter school agreement, ownership of the assets would automatically revert to the School Board. The School has elected to use these funds to pay a portion of the lease expense on the facility.

Local Capital Improvement Revenue (“LCIR”) funds are also appropriated by the School Board for charter school capital outlay purposes, with funds being allocated among eligible charter schools in a similar manner to the CSCO award. The School’s LCIR Award totaled \$ 99,944 for the 2023/2024 school year which has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets and natural disasters. The School has obtained property insurance from commercial companies including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance. There were no claims in excess of insurance coverage limits during the past three years.

As disclosed in Note 9, CSUSA employs all of the employees of the School. As a result, the School is not exposed to medical or workers’ compensation claims for these individuals. In addition, CSUSA carries all required insurance including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance.

Note 13 - Referendum Settlement

In 2018, the voters of Broward County approved a Referendum allowing the Broward County School Board (“the School Board”) to levy an ad valorem tax for fiscal years July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2023 to enhance funding for school resource officers, hire school security staff, and increase compensation to recruit and retain highly qualified district teachers. The School Board previously levied and distributed all revenue generated pursuant to the 2018 Referendum to non-public schools for 2019-2023 school years.

Renaissance Charter School, Inc. filed an action against the School Board asserting that the School Board breached its contractual obligation to pay Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. their proportionate share of the 2018 Referendum Levy. In March 2024, the Florida Commissioner of Education directed a Memorandum to the Florida State Board of Education, finding probable cause that the School Board was not in compliance with Florida law as a result of not sharing revenues generated by the 2018 Referendum. A settlement was reached between the School Board and Renaissance Charter School Inc., with a payment plan beginning in July 2024. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School recognized \$1,866,730 in the government-wide financial statements as general revenues, \$ 622,243 in the governmental funds financial statements as local source revenue and \$ 1,244,487 as a deferred inflow of resources because it does not meet the availability criteria as described in Note 2. Deferred amounts will be recognized as revenue over the next two years.

OTHER INDEPENDENT
AUDITOR'S REPORTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors
Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Pembroke Pines, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Renaissance Charter School at Pines (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Broward County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fort Lauderdale, Florida
September 27, 2024

MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.850 OF THE RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

To the Board of Directors
Renaissance Charter School at Pines
Pembroke Pines, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Renaissance Charter School at Pines, Florida, (the "School"), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2024.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated September 27, 2024, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity are Renaissance Charter School at Pines and 065710.



Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management’s responsibility to monitor the School’s financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Section 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fort Lauderdale, Florida
September 27, 2024

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