



Doral Academy of Technology
WL# 3029
(A Charter School under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Doral, Florida

Financial Statements and
Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2024

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Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

W/L#: 3029

2601 NW 112th Avenue
Doral, FL 33172

2023-2024

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Angela Ramos, President and Chair, Director
Rene Rovirosa, Secretary and Treasurer, Director
Kim Guilarte, Director
Miranda Murillo, Director and Student Alumni Representative

SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Carlos Ferralls, Principal



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Doral Academy of Technology
Doral, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy of Technology (the "School"), a charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc. as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy of Technology as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The Doral Academy, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Doral Academy of Technology's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter – Presentation

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position and change in financial position of Doral Academy of Technology that is attributable to the transactions of the School and is not intended to be a complete presentation of The Doral Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of The Doral Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2024 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 9 and 32 to 33 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 12, 2024 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to solely describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 12, 2024

Management’s Discussion and Analysis
Doral Academy of Technology
(A Charter School Under The Doral Academy, Inc.)
June 30, 2024

The corporate officers of The Doral Academy, Inc. have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the School’s financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Financial Highlights

1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2024 was \$7,544,484.
2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$7,286,063.
3. The net position of the School increased by \$2,116,611 during the year.
4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$6,918,930.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School’s basic financial statements. The School’s financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School’s finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School’s assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as *net position*. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the School’s net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 - 11 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A “fund” is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. *Governmental Funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental Fund financial statements, however, focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government’s requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School’s budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 15 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 31 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school’s financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$7,544,484 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School’s net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Cash	\$ 7,685	\$ 4,016
Investments	6,249,000	5,220,000
Prepaid expenses and other assets	-	11,554
Due from other agencies	1,428,980	495,155
Due from The Doral Academy, Inc., long-term	50,000	50,000
Capital assets and right-of-use assets, net	<u>3,867,468</u>	<u>4,113,066</u>
Total Assets	<u>11,603,133</u>	<u>9,893,791</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	65,684	293,940
Lease liability	<u>3,992,965</u>	<u>4,171,978</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>4,058,649</u>	<u>4,465,918</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	(97,781)	(58,912)
Restricted	301,449	43,506
Unrestricted	<u>7,340,816</u>	<u>5,443,279</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 7,544,484</u>	<u>\$ 5,427,873</u>

At the end of both fiscal years, the School is able to report positive balances in total net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
REVENUES		
Program Revenues		
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 339,660	\$ 392,146
Capital grants and contributions	221,756	159,705
Charges for services	87,212	110,477
General Revenues		
Local sources	3,519,514	2,286,244
Other revenue	444,643	170,637
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 4,612,785</u>	<u>\$ 3,119,209</u>
EXPENSES		
Instruction	\$ 1,085,216	\$ 928,281
Student support services	78,383	39,428
Instructional staff training	20,244	11,219
Board	18,519	23,226
General administration	39,614	-
School administration	200,321	222,497
Fiscal services	44,175	42,900
Food services	76,978	82,016
Central services	47,956	44,453
Operation of plant	625,632	656,966
Maintenance of plant	44,557	30,487
Administrative technology services	9,010	-
Debt service	203,144	211,858
Total Expenses	<u>2,496,174</u>	<u>2,293,331</u>
Increase in Net Position	2,116,611	825,878
Net Position at Beginning of Year	<u>5,427,873</u>	<u>4,601,995</u>
Net Position at End of Year	<u>\$ 7,544,484</u>	<u>\$ 5,427,873</u>

Doral Academy of Technology's revenues and expenditures increased by \$1,493,576 and \$202,843. The School had an increase in its net position of \$2,116,611 for the year.

School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 2601 N.W. 112th Avenue, Doral, Florida 33172. The facility abuts the neighboring Doral Academy Charter High School.

Capital Improvement Requirements

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature.

At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported a fund balance of \$7,166,639. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$6,918,930. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital and right-of-use lease assets as of June 30, 2024 amounts to \$3,867,468 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes right-of-use lease asset (building), improvements, furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2024, the School had \$3,992,965 in long-term liabilities associated to its capital assets.

The lease asset is amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the lease and the lease liability amortizes based on the effective interest method resulting in a higher liability and expense during the early years of the lease.

Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School’s fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with the School’s budget.

	Governmental Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Program Revenues			
Capital outlay grants and contributions	\$ 648,293	\$ 827,197	\$ 221,756
Federal sources	620,386	741,679	759,585
Charges for services	28,648	26,100	31,692
General Revenues			
State and local sources	2,262,298	2,296,865	3,119,912
Other revenues	350,741	424,582	444,643
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 3,910,366</u>	<u>\$ 4,316,423</u>	<u>\$ 4,577,588</u>
CURRENT EXPENDITURES			
Component Unit Activities			
Instruction	\$ 1,111,578	\$ 1,093,069	\$ 1,051,110
Student support services	125,705	82,007	78,383
Instructional staff training	24,250	24,250	20,244
Board	23,150	19,444	18,519
General administration	44,967	40,200	39,614
School administration	313,033	217,351	200,321
Fiscal services	46,967	45,096	44,175
Food services	78,400	77,734	76,978
Central services	51,967	51,596	47,956
Pupil transportation services	3,000	3,000	2,425
Operation of plant	407,030	393,922	368,079
Maintenance of plant	47,000	45,889	44,404
Administrative technology services	10,000	10,000	9,010
Total Current Expenditures	<u>\$ 2,287,047</u>	<u>\$ 2,103,558</u>	<u>\$ 2,001,218</u>

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024

	<u>Primary Government</u>
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
<u>Assets</u>	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 7,685
Investments	6,249,000
Due from other agencies	<u>1,029,378</u>
Total current assets	7,286,063
Capital assets, net:	
Capital assets, depreciable	233,658
Less: accumulated depreciation	(86,250)
Right-of-use lease asset	4,476,481
Less: accumulated amortization	<u>(756,421)</u>
Total capital assets, net	3,867,468
Due from other agencies, net, long-term	399,602
Due from The Doral Academy, Inc., long-term	<u>50,000</u>
Total Assets	<u>11,603,133</u>
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	25,950
Salaries and wages payable	39,734
Lease liability, current	<u>188,078</u>
Total current liabilities	253,762
Lease liability	<u>3,804,887</u>
Total liabilities	4,058,649
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	(97,781)
Restricted	301,449
Unrestricted	<u>7,340,816</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 7,544,484</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2024

	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>			<u>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position</u>
		<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>	
Primary Government:					
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 1,085,216	\$ -	\$ 220,951	\$ -	\$ (864,265)
Student support services	78,383	-	9,940	-	(68,443)
Instructional staff training	20,244	-	13,614	-	(6,630)
Board	18,519	-	-	-	(18,519)
General administration	39,614	-	-	-	(39,614)
School administration	200,321	-	95,155	-	(105,166)
Fiscal services	44,175	-	-	-	(44,175)
Food services	76,978	31,692	55,520	-	10,234
Central services	47,956	-	-	-	(47,956)
Pupil transportation services	2,425	-	-	-	(2,425)
Operation of plant	625,632	-	-	221,756	(403,876)
Maintenance of plant	44,557	-	-	-	(44,557)
Administrative technology services	9,010	-	-	-	(9,010)
Debt service	203,144	-	-	-	(203,144)
Total governmental activities	<u>2,496,174</u>	<u>31,692</u>	<u>395,180</u>	<u>221,756</u>	<u>(1,847,546)</u>
General revenues:					
State and local sources					3,519,514
Investment earnings					<u>444,643</u>
Change in net position					2,116,611
Net position, beginning					<u>5,427,873</u>
Net position, ending					<u>\$ 7,544,484</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash	\$ 7,685	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,685
Investments	6,249,000	-	-	6,249,000
Due from other agencies	380,574	636,683	12,121	1,029,378
Due from fund	648,804	53,740	-	702,544
Total Assets	<u>7,286,063</u>	<u>690,423</u>	<u>12,121</u>	<u>7,988,607</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Salaries and wages payable	39,734	-	-	39,734
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	25,950	-	-	25,950
Due to fund	53,740	636,683	12,121	702,544
Total Liabilities	<u>119,424</u>	<u>636,683</u>	<u>12,121</u>	<u>768,228</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>Fund balance</u>				
Restricted	247,709	53,740	-	301,449
Unassigned	6,918,930	-	-	6,918,930
	<u>7,166,639</u>	<u>53,740</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,220,379</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 7,286,063</u>	<u>\$ 690,423</u>	<u>\$ 12,121</u>	<u>\$ 7,988,607</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 7,220,379

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.

Capital assets	233,658	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(86,250)	
Right-of-use lease asset	4,476,481	
Less: accumulated amortization	<u>(756,421)</u>	3,867,468

Receivables in governmental activities that are not considered available to pay current liabilities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds 399,602

Long term receivables in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. 50,000

Long term liabilities in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. (3,992,965)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities \$ 7,544,484

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
State passed through local and other local	\$ 2,347,182	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,347,182
State capital outlay funding	-	-	165,477	165,477
Local sources	772,730	-	56,279	829,009
Federal sources	-	759,585	-	759,585
Charges for services	-	31,692	-	31,692
Other revenue	444,643	-	-	444,643
Total Revenues	3,564,555	791,277	221,756	4,577,588
Expenditures:				
Current				
Instruction	942,146	108,964	-	1,051,110
Student support services	68,443	9,940	-	78,383
Instructional staff training	6,630	13,614	-	20,244
Board	18,519	-	-	18,519
General administration	39,614	-	-	39,614
School administration	105,166	95,155	-	200,321
Food services	-	76,978	-	76,978
Fiscal services	44,175	-	-	44,175
Central services	47,956	-	-	47,956
Pupil transportation services	2,425	-	-	2,425
Operation of plant	368,079	-	-	368,079
Maintenance of plant	44,404	-	-	44,404
Administrative technology services	9,010	-	-	9,010
Capital Outlay:				
Other capital outlay	42,247	3,967	-	46,214
Debt Service:				
Redemption of Principal	-	-	179,013	179,013
Interest	-	-	203,144	203,144
Total Expenditures	1,738,814	308,618	382,157	2,429,589
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	1,825,741	482,659	(160,401)	2,147,999
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in (out)	312,024	(472,425)	160,401	-
Net change in fund balance	2,137,765	10,234	-	2,147,999
Fund Balance at beginning of year	5,028,874	43,506	-	5,072,380
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 7,166,639	\$ 53,740	\$ -	\$ 7,220,379

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 2,147,999

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays from differed from depreciation and amortization expense.

Capital outlays	46,214	
Depreciation and amortization expense	<u>(291,812)</u>	(245,598)

Revenues are recognized using the full accrual basis of accounting in the government-wide statements. However, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available in the governmental funds. These revenues did not meet the recognition criteria during the current year and, therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds. 399,602

Prior year revenues recorded this year at the fund level. (364,405)

Increase in long term liabilities is revenue in the governmental funds, but a decrease or repayment of such payables reduces liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term liabilities	<u>179,013</u>	<u>179,013</u>
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Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 2,116,611

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Doral Academy Charter Schools (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by The Doral Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of The Doral Academy, Inc., which is composed of four members and also governs other charter schools. The board has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2025 and it can be renewed in accordance with law. A charter can also be terminated before its date of expiration for reasons set forth in the charter and Section 1002.33 of the Florida Statutes.

The School is located in Doral, Florida for students from sixth to eighth grade. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2024, when on average 279 students were enrolled for the school year. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. In addition, revenues not classified as program revenues are shown as general revenues, which include Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues and other state and local sources.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund – accounts for specific revenues, such as federal funding, federal lunch program, and COVID-19 emergency relief funding that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Projects Fund – accounts for state and local capital outlay funding as authorized by Charter School Capital Outlay, Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance*.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met. Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

“Measurable” means the amount of the transaction can be determined. “Available” means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

Cash and Investments

Cash is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, non-marketable time deposits with maturities of three months or less when purchased, and money market/savings accounts.

The School has not adopted a formal deposit and investment policy that limits the School’s allowable deposits or investments and address specific types of risk; however the School invests excess deposit funds in a government money market mutual fund. The School follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and other related standards which establish accounting and financial reporting standards for all investments (see Note 2). Money market investment that have maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value. Amortized cost closely approximates fair value.

Inter-fund Transfers

Interfund receivables/payables are short-term balances that represent reimbursements between funds for payments made by one fund on behalf of another fund.

Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Other assets consist mainly of prepaid expenses which are payments for goods or services that have not been consumed or used at year end. The expenditure will be recorded when the asset is used. Accordingly, prepaid expenses are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance classification.

Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are sold or disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government wide statements. Proceeds received from the sale or disposal of capital assets are recorded as Other Financing Sources in the governmental funds.

The right to use assets are initially measure at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. Estimated useful lives, in years, for capital assets are as follows:

Right-of-use asset (buildings)	15-27 Years
Improvements	5-10 Years
Furniture, Equipment, and Computers	5 Years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Long-Term Debt and Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District.

Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made. In addition, the School receives a portion of the local operating millage revenues levied by the District (Secure our Future Referendum).

The School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities. In addition, the School may receive a portion of the local capital improvement tax revenues levied by the District.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of personal time off. Full time instructional employees are eligible to receive one day per month up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a “benefit year”). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may “rollover” all unused days for use in future benefit years. Employees may “cash out” unused days for personal time off, however, employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days in order to cash out. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused days. Non-exempt and office salaried employees are not eligible to “cash out” unused personal time off days.

GASB Codification Section C60, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for compensated absences available to be used in future benefits years.

Income Taxes

The Doral Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Net position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets – consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net position - consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- c) Unrestricted net position - all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific purpose, it is the School’s policy to use restricted resources first, until exhausted, before using unrestricted resources.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with prepaid expenses.
- b) Restricted – this classification includes fund balance category amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. The restricted fund balance pertains to the School's National School Lunch Program of \$53,740 and unspent local referendum funds of \$25,950.
- c) Committed - fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) Assigned - fund balance classification that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) Unassigned – portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

Committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

New Accounting Standard Adopted

In fiscal year 2024, the School adopted a new statement of financial accounting standard issued by Governmental Accounting Standards Board: GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. This adoption had no material effect on the School's financial statements as of June 30, 2024.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

GASB has issued GASBS Statement No. 101, Compensating Absences. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for certain types of compensated absences including parental leave, military leave, and injury duty leave. The School is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of the new standard will have on its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 12, 2024 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Deposits

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in one financial institution. Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Doral Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools.

All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Doral Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2024, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage was approximately \$8,400.

Investments

The School follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.); Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (continued)

At June 30, 2024, the School had \$7,240,000 invested in a governmental money market mutual fund that is exempt from GASB 72 fair value hierarchy disclosures. The governmental money market mutual fund values its portfolio securities at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The government money market mutual fund primarily invests in cash, high quality, short-term U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized fully by government securities that have been valued by the fund as Level 2. As of June 30, 2024, maturities of the fund’s portfolio holdings are approximately 86% within 30 days.

Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The School manages its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to highly rated government money market mutual funds. The fund is rated Aaa-mf by Moody’s.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty that is in possession of investment or collateral securities, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2024, all of the School’s investments in government money market mutual funds were held in a separate account and designated as assets of the School.

Note 3 –Due from Other Agencies

The following is due from other agencies as of June 30, 2024:

Funding Source	Fund	
Due from Miami-Dade County Public Schools, referendum	General Fund	\$ 380,574
ESSER II and III	Special Revenue Fund	636,683
Capital Outlay	Capital Projects Fund	12,121
Total Due from Other Agencies, current		\$ 1,029,378
Due from Miami-Dade County Public Schools, referendum, long-term portion		399,602
Total Due from Other Agencies		\$ 1,428,980

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

Note 4 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance 07/01/23	Additions	Retirements	Balance 06/30/24
Capital Assets, depreciable:				
Improvements	\$ 81,872	\$ 18,359	\$ -	\$ 100,231
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	128,053	27,855	(24,856)	131,052
Audiovisual equipment and computer software	3,654	-	(1,279)	2,375
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 213,579</u>	<u>\$ 46,214</u>	<u>\$ (26,135)</u>	<u>\$ 233,658</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Improvements	\$ (16,123)	\$ (16,424)	\$ -	\$ (32,547)
Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(55,311)	(22,501)	25,479	(52,333)
Audiovisual equipment and computer software	(1,279)	(747)	656	(1,370)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(72,713)</u>	<u>(39,672)</u>	<u>26,135</u>	<u>(86,250)</u>
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	<u>\$ 140,866</u>	<u>\$ 6,542</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 147,408</u>
Lease Assets:				
Right of use lease asset (building)	\$ 4,476,481	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,476,481
Less accumulated amortization:	(504,281)	(252,140)	-	(756,421)
Total Lease Assets being amortized, net	<u>3,972,200</u>	<u>(252,140)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,720,060</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	<u><u>\$ 4,113,066</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (245,598)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,867,468</u></u>

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, depreciation and amortization expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

	Depreciation	Amortization
Instruction	\$ 34,106	\$ -
Facilities acquisition	5,413	-
Operation of plant	-	252,140
Maintenance of plant	153	-
Total Expense	<u>\$ 39,672</u>	<u>\$ 252,140</u>

Note 5 – Education Service and Support Provider

Academica Dade, LLC, a professional education service and support provider, offers administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual services. The agreement between the School and the education service and support provider calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Doral Academy, Inc., through June 30, 2028, and unless terminated by the board shall have the option to renew for an additional five year period. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the School incurred \$132,525 in fees.

Note 6 – Transactions with other divisions of The Doral Academy, Inc.

During 2024, the School’s facility was located on the premises of Doral Academy Middle School (a charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.). In addition, the School shares other facilities with Doral Academy High School and Doral Performing Arts and Entertainment Academy. Management allocates a proportionate share of leases, salaries, lunch receipts, food and supplies, and other expenses to each school individually based on student enrollment and usage of facilities and staff to these schools. In addition, the School’s student activities internal fund is held by Doral Academy High School.

The Doral Academy, Inc.

The Doral Academy, Inc. charges all its affiliated schools an assessment for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. The School paid The Doral Academy, Inc. \$41,775 in connection with these charges during the year.

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in long-term receivables for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	Balance 07/01/23	Advances	Collections	Balance 06/30/24
The Doral Academy, Inc.	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,000
Total Long Term Receivable	<u>\$ 50,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 50,000</u>

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities

Usage Fee Agreement – Doral Hall

On January 4, 2018, Miami-Dade County Industrial Development Authority issued tax-exempt revenue bonds, of \$22,045,000, on behalf of The Doral Academy, Inc. (the Organization), to be secured by a first mortgage on the land owned by the Organization as well as revenues of Doral Academy Charter Middle School, Doral Academy Charter High School, Doral Performing Arts & Entertainment Academy, and Doral Academy of Technology (the “Four Schools”). The proceeds of the bond issue have been used to fund the acquisition, design, construction, installation and equipping of a 91,000 square foot, six story building known as the Doral Hall Educational Facility (“Doral Hall”), fund a debt service reserve fund, and pay costs of the bond issuance. The School's revenues are pledged under this bond issuance up to \$20,240,000, the remaining balance as of June 30, 2024.

Through a Usage Fee Agreement approved by the Board of Directors of the Organization, all Capital and Operating costs as defined herein will be due on a monthly basis commencing on the first day of the first full calendar month following the date on which the Organization receives a temporary certificate of occupancy for Doral Hall. All costs of the required annual debt service of Doral Hall, together with an annual administrative fee of 5% of the sum of the Capital and Operating Costs each year, shall be shared among the Four Schools in proportion to their relative annual student enrollments. The annual Usage fee in relation to this agreement is approximately \$1,508,000 allocated among the Four Schools.

The Organization’s debt agreements contain various covenants, restrictions and financial test requirements. In the event an instance of default is not remedied, the maturity can be accelerated and / or the underlying collateral may be subject to foreclosure.

All of the School's revenues (except for revenues restricted or assigned for specific programs) are pledged, under this bond issuance, up to the outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 of \$19,815,000.

Lease Agreement – School Development II, LLC

The School entered into an amended lease and security agreement with School Development II, LLC (the “Landlord”, an affiliate of the School’s education service and support provider – Note 5) for its 65,164 square feet building including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. Fixed initial annual payments under this agreement are based on a rate of \$23.83 per square footage of the building, which amounts to approximately \$1,553,000 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The amended agreement continues through June 30, 2036 with an option to renew for two additional five year terms.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

At the time of the initial measurement, based on the annual usage fee, the allocation used for implementation of the right-of-use asset and liability of Doral Hall was approximately 7% for the School, 10% for Doral Performing Arts, 47% for Doral Academy Charter High School and 35% for Doral Academy Charter Middle. The allocation used for School Development II, LLC was approximately 17% for the School and 83% for Doral Academy Charter Middle School. At the time of the initial measurement, there was no interest rate specified in the original lease or usage agreements. The School has used an average effective interest for comparable borrowings during fiscal years 2021 and 2022. The average borrowing rate was 5% which was used to discount the annual lease payments to recognize the intangible right to use these assets and the lease liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, interest expense totaled \$203,144, as it relates to its agreements. For 2024, variable and other payments of \$64,650 in connection with the lease agreement not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability were recorded in rent expense based on enrollment and usage of facility.

Annual requirements to amortize the lease liabilities and related interest are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 188,078	\$ 193,987	\$ 382,065
2026	197,907	184,360	382,267
2027	207,769	174,241	382,010
2028	218,437	163,610	382,047
2029	229,556	152,436	381,992
2030-2034	1,337,338	573,393	1,910,731 (total for five year period)
2035-2039	822,594	257,999	1,080,593 (total for five year period)
2040-2044	381,388	145,993	527,381 (total for five year period)
2045-2048	382,182	40,307	422,489 (total for four year period)
	<u>\$ 3,965,249</u>	<u>\$ 1,886,325</u>	<u>\$ 5,851,575</u>

Changes in long term lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Balance 07/01/23	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/24
Lease liability - Doral Hall	\$ 1,504,671	\$ -	\$ (31,093)	\$ 1,473,578
Lease liability - School Development II	2,639,591	-	(147,920)	2,491,671
Total Long Term Liabilities	4,144,262	-	(179,013)	3,965,249
Lease liability - deferred CPI adjustment	27,716	-	-	27,716
Total Long Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 4,171,978</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (179,013)</u>	<u>\$ 3,992,965</u>

Note 8 – Contingencies, and Concentrations

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School receives various forms of federal, state and local funding which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of funding, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2024, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$39,614.

Note 9 – Inter-fund Transfers

Inter-fund transfers in governmental funds as of June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
To fund lease liabilities payments from the general fund	\$ (160,401)	\$ -	\$ 160,401
To fund federal expenditures for which revenues were not available	472,425	(472,425)	-
Total Transfers, net	<u>\$ 312,024</u>	<u>\$ (472,425)</u>	<u>\$ 160,401</u>
Due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund for capital outlay	\$ 12,121	\$ -	\$ (12,121)
Due to General Fund from Special Revenue Fund for Federal Funds	636,683	(636,683)	-
Total Due from/(Due to)	<u>\$ 648,804</u>	<u>\$ (636,683)</u>	<u>\$ (12,121)</u>

Note 10 – Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The School’s personnel, who are leased through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc., are eligible to participate in a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored by the leasing company, covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP TotalSource Retirement Savings Plan (the “Plan”), the School approved a match of 100% of the employee’s contribution up to 4% of the employee’s compensation. The School contributed to the Plan \$22,759 for the year ended June 30, 2024. The School does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the Plans’ assets, which are administered by Voya Financial.

Note 11 – Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; administrative errors and omissions; personal injury; workers compensation and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

The School has entered into a strategic relationship with ADP TotalSource, Inc., a human resource management firm, typically known as “Professional Employer Organization” (PEO). Under a co-employment agreement, the PEO is the employer of record and is responsible for administering payroll, payroll taxes, provide employee benefits and assist with human resources and risk management. Accordingly, certain human resource related risks are transferred to the PEO. Nevertheless, the School may be subject to risks, including loss, penalties and fines related to employment practices, administrative error and omissions.

Note 12 – Referendum

On November 6, 2018, and November 8, 2022, the voters of Miami-Dade approved and renewed, respectively, the Secure Our Future Referendum to raise/maintain teacher compensation and improve school safety and security. The Miami-Dade County School District shares a portion with charter schools. The District entered into a settlement agreement with the School for the 2018 Referendum funds not received for the 2019-2020; 2020-2021; 2021-2022 school years. The District agreed to pay these funds totaling \$780,175 (including interest) to the School in two installments in August 2024 and July 2025.

The following is the referendum funds allocated and expended as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2024:

	<u>2022-2023</u>
Funds Allocation	\$ 264,526
Less: Actual Expenditures	<u>9,760</u>
Rollover revenues as of June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 254,766</u>
2022-2023 Funds Re-Allocated from charter holder based on actual expenditures	(117,555)
Less: Actual Expenditures	<u>(137,211)</u>
Restricted 2022-2023 Referendum as of June 30, 2024	-
	<u>2023-2024</u>
Actual Allocation	\$ 406,626
Less: 2023-2024 Contingency	<u>(20,331)</u>
2023-2024 Referendum Funds Recognized, net of contingency	\$ 386,295
Less: Actual Expenditures	<u>(138,586)</u>
Restricted 2023-2024 Referendum as of June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 247,709</u>

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

Note 12 – Referendum (continued)

The following are referendum funds recognized by the School during the School year ended June 30, 2024:

Total Referendum Revenue Recognized:	
2022-2023 Referendum Funds	\$ 137,211
2023-2024 Referendum Funds, net of contingency	386,295
2018 Referendum Settlement Agreement, exclusive of interest of \$131,349	<u>648,826</u>
Total per Government-Wide Statement of Activities	<u>1,172,332</u>
Less: Due from Miami-Dade County Public Schools, referendum, long-term portion	<u>399,602</u>
Total per Statement of Revenues, Exp. and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	<u>\$ 772,730</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
State passed through local	\$ 2,262,298	\$ 2,296,865	\$ 2,347,182
Local sources	437,849	611,107	772,730
Other revenue	350,741	424,582	444,643
Total Revenues	3,050,888	3,332,554	3,564,555
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	959,192	958,090	942,146
Student support services	115,705	72,007	68,443
Instructional staff training	10,000	10,000	6,630
Board	23,150	19,444	18,519
General administration	44,967	40,200	39,614
School administration	212,897	118,894	105,166
Fiscal services	46,967	45,096	44,175
Central services	51,967	51,596	47,956
Pupil transportation services	3,000	3,000	2,425
Operation of plant	407,030	393,922	368,079
Maintenance of plant	47,000	45,889	44,404
Administrative technology services	10,000	10,000	9,010
Total Current Expenditures	1,931,875	1,768,138	1,696,567
Excess of Revenues Over Current Expenditures	1,119,013	1,564,416	1,867,988
Capital Outlay	42,500	42,500	42,247
Total Expenditures	1,974,375	1,810,638	1,738,814
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,034,013	1,479,416	1,825,741
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in (out)	118,149	262,292	312,024
Net change in fund balance	1,152,162	1,741,708	2,137,765
Fund Balance at beginning of year	5,028,874	5,028,874	5,028,874
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 6,181,036	\$ 6,770,582	\$ 7,166,639

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Doral Academy of Technology
(A charter school under The Doral Academy, Inc.)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Federal sources	\$ 620,386	\$ 741,679	\$ 759,585
Charges for services	28,648	26,100	31,692
Total Revenues	<u>649,034</u>	<u>767,779</u>	<u>791,277</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	152,386	134,979	108,964
Student support services	10,000	10,000	9,940
Instructional staff training	14,250	14,250	13,614
School administration	100,136	98,457	95,155
Food services	78,400	77,734	76,978
Total Current Expenditures	<u>355,172</u>	<u>335,420</u>	<u>304,651</u>
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Current Expenditures	<u>293,862</u>	<u>432,359</u>	<u>486,626</u>
Capital Outlay	4,000	4,000	3,967
Total Expenditures	<u>359,172</u>	<u>339,420</u>	<u>308,618</u>
Excess (deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	289,862	428,359	482,659
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in (out)	<u>(289,862)</u>	<u>(428,359)</u>	<u>(472,425)</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	10,234
Fund Balance at beginning of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>43,506</u>
Fund Balance at end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 53,740</u>

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Directors of
Doral Academy of Technology
Doral, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Doral Academy of Technology (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 12, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We issued a separate management letter dated September 12, 2024 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "HLB Gravier, LLP".

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 12, 2024



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of
Doral Academy Charter Schools
Doral, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Doral Academy of Technology, Doral, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 and have issued our report thereon dated September 12, 2024.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Disclosures in those reports and schedules, which are dated September 12, 2024 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education of the entity is Doral Academy of Technology, 3029.

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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2 and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not Doral Academy of Technology has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Doral Academy of Technology did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Doral Academy of Technology. It is management's responsibility to monitor Doral Academy of Technology's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether Doral Academy of Technology maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Doral Academy of Technology maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or fraud, waste, or abuse, that has occurred, or is likely to have occurred, that has an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida
September 12, 2024