

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

**Financial Statements
with Independent Auditor's Reports Thereon**

June 30, 2023



McCrary & Associates
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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**PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Princeton House Charter School, Inc. (the "School") offers the following narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Readers are encouraged to use this information in conjunction with information furnished in the School's financial statements. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit, which consists of the basic financial statements and other supplemental information.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ❖ For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the School's revenues exceeded expenses by \$202,207.
- ❖ As of June 30, 2023, the School's net position is \$3,391,719.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the School through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the understanding of the financial condition of the School. This document also includes the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as the management letter required by the Rules of the Auditor General, Chapter 10.850, *Audits of Charter Schools and Similar Entities*.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide a broad overview of the School's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the School's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the School's net position and the current year changes. Net position is the difference between the School's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to evaluate the School's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component units. The governmental activities include the School's basic services. The business-type activities are those services that the School charges for that are not directly related to the School's mission. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School had no business-type activities or component units.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the School's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the operations of the School are presented in governmental funds only.

Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The School's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets that can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the financial resources available to finance the School's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The School adopts an annual budget for its general fund, as required by the Florida Statutes. The budget is legally adopted by management of the School and its Board. A budgetary comparison schedule has been included as part of the required supplementary information. The budgetary comparison schedule shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board, 2) the final budget as amended by the Board, 3) the actual resources, charges and ending balances in the general fund and 4) the variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the information reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 16 of this report.

Other Reports

This report also includes the Report of Independent Auditor's on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as the management letter required by the Rules of the Florida Auditor General, Chapter 10.850, *Audits of Charter Schools and Similar Entities*.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL

Net Position

The School's combined net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 are summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities			
	2023	2022	Variance
Current and other assets	\$ 2,004,178	\$ 1,931,939	\$ 72,239
Capital assets, net	1,461,174	1,555,468	(94,294)
Total Assets	<u>3,465,352</u>	<u>3,487,407</u>	<u>(22,055)</u>
Current and other liabilities	10,324	7,046	3,278
Long-term liabilities	63,309	290,849	(227,540)
Total Liabilities	<u>73,633</u>	<u>297,895</u>	<u>(224,262)</u>
Net position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,397,865	1,264,619	133,246
Unrestricted	1,993,854	1,924,893	68,961
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 3,391,719</u>	<u>\$ 3,189,512</u>	<u>\$ 202,207</u>

The change in current assets is a result of an increase in cash. Capital assets decreased due to current year depreciation expense exceeding current year fixed asset additions. The change in long-term liabilities is a result of current year principal payments. The change in net position is due to the current year operating surplus.

Change in Net Position

The School's total revenues exceeded total expenses by \$202,207 in fiscal 2023—see table below:

	Governmental Activities		
	2023	2022	Variance
Revenue:			
Federal sources passed through local school district	\$ 144,361	\$ 248,410	\$ (104,049)
State and local sources	3,458,590	2,952,884	505,706
Contributions and other revenue	102,094	107,465	(5,371)
Total revenues	<u>3,705,045</u>	<u>3,308,759</u>	<u>396,286</u>
Expenses:			
Instruction	2,417,169	2,248,047	169,122
General administration	54,544	48,150	6,394
School administration	637,269	677,196	(39,927)
Facilities acquisition	84,025	83,888	137
Operation of plant	301,655	313,752	(12,097)
Interest	8,176	17,898	(9,722)
Total expenses	<u>3,502,838</u>	<u>3,388,931</u>	<u>113,907</u>
Change in net position	\$ <u>202,207</u>	\$ <u>(80,172)</u>	\$ <u>282,379</u>

Federal sources passed through local school district revenues decreased due to a decrease in ESSER reimbursements. State and local sources revenue changed due to an increase in Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding which was based on increased student enrollment.

The changes in instruction is due to increased teacher salaries and classroom curriculum which are based on student enrollment and curriculum updates. School administration decreased in the current year due to a decrease in director's salaries. All other functions remained consistent with prior year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

The focus of School's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the School completed the year, the general fund reported a fund balance of \$1,993,854.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Generally, budget amendments fall into one of the three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget once exact information is available, 2) amendments made to recognize changes in funding amount and 3) changes in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, actual revenues were more than budgeted amounts by approximately \$36,000. Budgeted expenditures were approximately \$198,000 more than actual, exclusive of other financing sources.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2023, the School had invested approximately \$3,008,000 in capital assets.

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		Increase
	2023	2022	(Decrease)
Land	\$ 241,502	\$ 241,502	\$ -
Buildings and improvements	2,111,251	2,104,785	6,466
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	655,623	624,250	31,373
Total capital assets	\$ <u>3,008,376</u>	\$ <u>2,970,537</u>	\$ <u>37,839</u>

Current year additions include computer and technological equipment, security cameras, front gate, and classroom flooring.

More detailed information about the School's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt changed due to principal payments of approximately \$228,000. Interest paid during fiscal year June 30, 2023 was approximately \$8,000. More detailed information related to long-term liabilities is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts available for appropriation in total governmental funds are approximately \$3.4 million which is a decrease from the fiscal year 2023 actual amount of \$3.7 million.

Budgeted expenditures are expected to decrease to approximately \$3.4 million.

If these estimates are realized, the School's general fund balance is expected to increase at the close of fiscal 2024.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. Should additional information be required, please contact the School's administrative offices at 1166 Lee Road, Orlando, Florida 32810.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Princeton House Charter School, Inc.
A Charter School and Component Unit of the District
School Board of Orange County, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Princeton House Charter School, Inc. (the "School"), a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Orange County, Florida as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Princeton House Charter School, Inc., a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Orange County, Florida as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,

misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2023, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is

an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McCrady & Associates, PLLC

Altamonte Springs, Florida
August 2, 2023

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,997,240
Due from other agency	6,089
Prepaid insurance	849
Capital assets:	
Land	241,502
Buildings and improvements	2,111,251
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	655,623
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,547,202)
Total capital assets, net	1,461,174
Total assets	\$ 3,465,352
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 10,324
Long-term liabilities:	
Portion due or payable within one year:	
Note payable	63,309
Total liabilities	73,633
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,397,865
Unrestricted	1,993,854
Total net position	\$ 3,391,719

The accompanying notes to the financials statements are in integral part of this statement.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program Specific Revenues				Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$ 2,417,169	\$ 40,501	\$ 144,361	\$ -	\$ (2,232,307)	\$ (2,232,307)
General administration	54,544	-	-	-	(54,544)	(54,544)
School administration	637,269	-	-	-	(637,269)	(637,269)
Facilities acquisition	84,025	-	-	-	(84,025)	(84,025)
Operation of plant	301,655	-	-	84,824	(216,831)	(216,831)
Interest	8,176	-	-	-	(8,176)	(8,176)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 3,502,838</u>	<u>\$ 40,501</u>	<u>\$ 144,361</u>	<u>\$ 84,824</u>	<u>(3,233,152)</u>	<u>(3,233,152)</u>
General revenues:						
State and local sources					3,373,766	3,373,766
Contributions and other revenues					61,593	61,593
Total general revenues					<u>3,435,359</u>	<u>3,435,359</u>
Changes in net position					202,207	202,207
Net position at beginning of year					<u>3,189,512</u>	<u>3,189,512</u>
Net position at end of year					<u>\$ 3,391,719</u>	<u>\$ 3,391,719</u>

The accompanying notes to the financials statements are in integral part of this statement.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,997,240	\$ -	\$ 1,997,240
Due from other agency	-	6,089	6,089
Prepaid insurance	849	-	849
Due from other governmental funds	6,089	-	6,089
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,004,178</u>	<u>\$ 6,089</u>	<u>\$ 2,010,267</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 10,324	\$ -	\$ 10,324
Due to general fund	-	6,089	6,089
Total liabilities	<u>10,324</u>	<u>6,089</u>	<u>16,413</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid insurance	849	-	849
Spendable:			
Unassigned	<u>1,993,005</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,993,005</u>
Total fund balances	<u>1,993,854</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,993,854</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 2,004,178</u>	<u>\$ 6,089</u>	<u>\$ 2,010,267</u>

The accompanying notes to the financials statements are in integral part of this statement.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

**Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet
to the Statement of Net Position**

June 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,993,854
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The cost of the assets at year end consist of:

Capital assets	3,008,376
Accumulated depreciation	(1,547,202)

Long-term liabilities, including note payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

Note payable	<u>(63,309)</u>
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Total net position - governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 3,391,719</u></u>
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The accompanying notes to the financials statements are in integral part of this statement.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Federal sources pass through				
local school district	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 144,361	\$ 144,361
State and local sources	3,373,766	84,824	-	3,458,590
Contributions and other revenues	102,094	-	-	102,094
Total revenues	<u>3,475,860</u>	<u>84,824</u>	<u>144,361</u>	<u>3,705,045</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	2,211,605	-	144,361	2,355,966
General administration	54,544	-	-	54,544
School administration	637,269	-	-	637,269
Facilities acquisition and construction	13,095	-	-	13,095
Operation of plant	216,831	84,824	-	301,655
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	227,540	227,540
Interest	-	-	8,176	8,176
Capital outlay	37,839	-	-	37,839
Total expenditures	<u>3,171,183</u>	<u>84,824</u>	<u>380,077</u>	<u>3,636,084</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>304,677</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(235,716)</u>	<u>68,961</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfer in	-	-	235,716	235,716
Operating transfer out	<u>(235,716)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(235,716)</u>
Total other financing sources	<u>(235,716)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>235,716</u>	<u>-</u>
Net changes in fund balances	68,961	-	-	68,961
Fund balances at beginning of year	<u>1,924,893</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,924,893</u>
Fund balances at end of year	<u><u>\$ 1,993,854</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,993,854</u></u>

The accompanying notes to the financials statements are in integral part of this statement.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

**Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	68,961
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount incurred in the current period:

Capital outlays	37,839
Accumulated depreciation	(132,133)

Principal payments on long-term debt are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

	<u>227,540</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u> <u>202,207</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Princeton House Charter School, Inc. (the "School") is a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-for-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the not-for-profit corporation Board of Directors, which is composed of seven members. The principal of the School holds a non-voting seat on the Board.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter of the sponsoring school district, the District School Board of Orange County Florida, (the "School Board"). The School is considered a component unit of the School Board and meets the definition of a governmental entity under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Charter Contract

The current charter expires June 30, 2031 and may be renewed for a maximum of an additional fifteen years by mutual written agreement between the School and the School Board. Upon the expiration of the charter, the School Board may elect not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter. However, the School Board may terminate the current charter at any time if good cause is shown.

Basis of Presentation

Based on the guidance provided in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide – *Audits for States and Local Governments* and provisions in the Florida Statutes, the School is considered as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes. The School is required by its agreement with the School Board to use the governmental reporting model and follow the fund and accounting structure provided in the "Financial and Program Cost Accounting and Reporting for Florida Schools – The Red Book" issued by the FDOE.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the School in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position and statement of activities are designed to provide financial information about the School as a whole on an accrual basis of accounting. The statement of net position provides information about the School's financial position, its assets and its liabilities, using an economic resources measurement focus.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

**Notes to Financial Statements
(continued)**

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function or program of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of goods and services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted for meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements report detailed information about the School's most significant funds, not the School as a whole. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related requirements. Certain funds are established by law while others are created by grant agreements. The following are governmental funds that are reported in the fund financial statements:

- General Fund – the School's primary operating fund that accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Capital Project Fund – to account for all resources for the acquisition of capital items by the School purchased with capital outlay funds.
- Special Revenue Fund – to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that restricted or committed to expenditures for a specific purpose including all federal grant revenues passed through the School District.
- Debt Service Fund – to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

For the purpose of these statements, the general and capital outlay funds are considered major funds. All other funds are non-major funds and reported as other governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses/expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses/expenditures are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing the related cash flows take place. The governmental funds basic financial statements are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

**Notes to Financial Statements
(continued)**

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectable within a current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal year. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of resources is the prime factor for determining eligibility for Federal, State, and other grant resources, revenues are recognized at the time the expenditure is made.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from the acquisition of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Budgetary Basis Accounting

Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the governing board must approve all budgets and amendments. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level. Budgets may be amended by resolution of the Board prior to the date of the annual report.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Under current regulations, deposit accounts are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 per insured institution. The School currently holds its deposit accounts at one institution; these accounts total approximately \$2,039,000. Approximately \$1,789,000 of these deposits are uninsured by the FDIC. The school does not expect any losses associated with these accounts.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activities between the funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as due to/from other funds. The general fund has recorded total receivables of approximately \$6,000 which relates to amounts paid by the other general fund on behalf of the other governmental fund.

Interfund transfers

The School reports its debt service expenditures in the other governmental funds. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the general fund transferred approximately \$236,000 to the other governmental funds for the current year debt service payments.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

**Notes to Financial Statements
(continued)**

Use of Estimates

In preparing the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the balance sheet and revenues and expenses/expenditures for the period presented. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The School's capital assets with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The School capitalizes assets with a cost of \$750 or more. Expenditures of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the assets value or extend the useful lives are not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	5 - 40
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3 - 7

Net Position and Fund Balance Classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Net position is classified and reported in three components:

- Investment in capital assets, net of related debt – consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributed to the acquisition or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted – consists of amounts with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted – all other amounts that do not meet the definition of “restricted” or “invested in capital assets, net of related debt.”

Fund financial statements

GASB Codification Section 1800.142, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within one of the following fund balance categories:

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
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**Notes to Financial Statements
(continued)**

- Nonspendable – fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned). All nonspendable fund balances at year end relate to assets that are in nonspendable form.
- Restricted – fund balance that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- Committed – fund balance that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Governance.
- Assigned – fund balance that is intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- Unassigned – fund balance that is the residual amount for the School's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

This statement also clarifies the definition of the special revenue fund to denote it may be used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than trusts for individual, private organizations or other governmental agencies or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. First, nonspendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including nonspendable amounts). Any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are to be classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to be classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when nonspendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

Revenue Sources

Revenues for operations are received primarily from the District School Board of Orange County, Florida pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the School Board. The School Board receives a 5% administrative fee from the School, which is withheld from the respective Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) payments. The administrative fee is calculated on gross FEFP revenue, up to 250 students, except when 75% or more of the students enrolled are exceptional students as defined in Section 1003.01(3). The 5% is then calculated based on unweighted full-time equivalent students. The administrative expense is reflected as a general administration expense/expenditure in the accompanying statement of activities and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – governmental funds.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

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**Notes to Financial Statements
(continued)**

Under provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey period. The FDOE may also adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations based on an audit of the School's compliance in determining and reporting FTE and related data. Generally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenues in the year when the adjustments are made.

The basic amount of funding through the FEFP under Section 1011.62 is calculated based on (1) unweighted FTE, multiplied by (2) the cost factor for each program multiplied by (3) the base student allocation established by the Florida legislature. Additional funds for exceptional students who do not have a matrix of services are provided through the guaranteed allocation designated in Section 1011.62(1)(e)2., Florida Statutes. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School reported 125.52 unweighted FTE.

The School received additional funding under other federal and state grants. This assistance is generally received based on applications submitted to various granting agencies. For federal and state grants in which funding is awarded based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized as the amount of eligible expenditures have been incurred.

The School is also eligible for charter school capital outlay funding. The amounts received under this program are based on the School's actual and projected student enrollment during the fiscal year. Funds received under this program may only be used for lawful capital outlay expenditures.

2 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) define fair value for an investment generally as the price an organization would receive upon selling the investment in an orderly transaction to an independent buyer in the principal or most advantageous market for the investment. The information available to measure fair value varies depending on the nature of each investment and its market or markets. Accordingly, GAAP recognizes a hierarchy of "inputs" an organization may use in determining or estimating fair value. The inputs are categorized into "levels" that relate to the extent to which an input is objectively observable and the extent to which markets exist for identical or comparable investments. In determining or estimating fair value, an organization is required to maximize the use of observable market data (to the extent available) and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The hierarchy assigns the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical items (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

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**Notes to Financial Statements
(continued)**

The fair value hierarchy distinguishes between independent observable inputs and unobservable inputs used to measure fair value as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability. Level 3 inputs should be used to measure fair value to the extent that observable level 1 or 2 inputs are not available.

This statement requires disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques. The School's significant financial instruments are cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, short term borrowings, and other short term assets and liabilities. For these financial instruments (level 1), carrying values approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

**Notes to Financial Statements
(continued)**

3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity during the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 241,502	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 241,502
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>241,502</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>241,502</u>
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	2,104,785	6,466	-	2,111,251
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	<u>624,250</u>	<u>31,373</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>655,623</u>
Total other capital assets at historical costs	<u>2,729,035</u>	<u>37,839</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,766,874</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(1,025,269)	(70,930)	-	(1,096,199)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	<u>(389,800)</u>	<u>(61,203)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(451,003)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,415,069)</u>	<u>(132,133)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,547,202)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,555,468</u>	<u>\$ (94,294)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,461,174</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities depreciation:	
Instruction	\$ 61,203
Facilities acquisition and construction	<u>70,930</u>
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	<u>\$ 132,133</u>

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

**Notes to Financial Statements
(continued)**

4 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

In December 2011 the School refinanced the note payable and entered into a bond financing agreement that was not to exceed \$3.4 million. The issuer of the bonds is Orange County Industrial Development Authority (the "Authority") and the bondholder is Truist bank. The amount of bond issuance was \$3,355,555. This debt is the sole responsibility of the School which is obligated to make payment under agreement with the Authority. Principal and interest payments of \$19,643 are due monthly at an interest rate of 4.31% (interest adjusts every five years). The debt matures December 2031. Based on the current loan amortization, the note payable will be satisfied in fiscal year 2024.

Bondholder has the right to tender the note for payment in full every five years beginning December 2018.

Balance outstanding at the beginning of year	\$	290,849
Additions		-
Reductions		<u>(227,540)</u>
Balance outstanding at the end of year	\$	<u>63,309</u>
Amount due within one year	\$	<u>63,309</u>

Interest paid during the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled approximately \$8,000.

Future debt service requirements related to the long-term liability are as follows:

Year ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	<u>\$ 63,309</u>	<u>\$ 469</u>	<u>\$ 63,778</u>
	<u>\$ 63,309</u>	<u>\$ 469</u>	<u>\$ 63,778</u>

The School is in compliance with all the debt covenants of the bond outstanding as of June 30, 2023.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

**Notes to Financial Statements
(continued)**

5 SCHEDULE OF STATE AND LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES

District School Board of Orange County, Florida:

Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 2,162,104
Class size reduction	446,439
Discretionary millage funds	281,440
ESE guaranteed allocation	180,425
Special millage	114,141
Teacher salary increase	106,391
Capital outlay	84,824
Supplemental academic instruction	28,649
Reading allocation	23,473
Instructional materials	9,699
Safe schools	8,818
Compression adjustment	5,033
Teacher supply fund	4,200
Safety and security grant	1,789
Funds compression allocation	1,165
Total	<u>\$ 3,458,590</u>

The administrative fee paid to the School Board during the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled approximately \$55,000, which is reflected as a general administration expenditure in the accompanying statement of activities and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – governmental fund.

6 RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

Workers' compensation coverage, health and hospitalization, general liability, professional liability and property coverage are being provided through purchased commercial insurance with minimum deductibles for each line of coverage. In the past three years, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Grants

The School participates in state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable as year-end may be impaired.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
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**Notes to Financial Statements
(continued)**

Management believes there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provisions has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Legal Matters

In the normal course of conducting its operations, the School occasionally becomes party to various legal actions and proceedings. Any unfavorable outcomes and resulting damages will be covered by the School's insurance, up to the policy limits. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of such legal matters will not have a significant adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

8 SEVERANCE PAY

In the current year, the School Director and Operations Director both retired. Based on the tenure of these individuals, the Board approved a severance pay of 20% of the most recent yearly salary. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School paid severance payments totaling approximately \$43,000.

9 INCOME TAXES

The School qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is therefore, exempt from income taxes. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements. Additionally, no uncertain tax positions have been made requiring disclosure in the related notes to the financial statements. The School's income tax returns for the past three tax years are subject to examination by tax authorities and may change upon examination.

10 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 2, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

PRINCETON HOUSE CHARTER SCHOOL, INC.

**A Charter School and Component Unit of the
District School Board of Orange County, Florida**

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
State and local sources	\$ 3,008,216	\$ 3,355,477	\$ 3,373,766	\$ 18,289
Contributions and other revenues	63,200	84,700	102,094	17,394
Total revenues	3,071,416	3,440,177	3,475,860	35,683
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	2,130,652	2,354,002	2,211,605	(142,397)
General administration	42,064	53,293	54,544	1,251
School administration	624,261	635,475	637,269	1,794
Facilities acquisition and construction	37,978	37,978	13,095	(24,883)
Operation of plant	188,087	243,567	216,831	(26,736)
Capital outlay	-	45,000	37,839	(7,161)
Total expenditures	3,023,042	3,369,315	3,171,183	(198,132)
Excess of revenues over expenses	48,374	70,862	304,677	233,815
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfer out	(18,000)	(8,500)	(235,716)	(227,216)
Total other financing sources	(18,000)	(8,500)	(235,716)	(227,216)
Net changes in fund balances	30,374	62,362	68,961	6,599
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,924,893	1,924,893	1,924,893	-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,955,267	\$ 1,987,255	\$ 1,993,854	\$ 6,599

See Independent auditor's report.



McCRAZY & ASSOCIATES
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

**Report of Independent Auditor's on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based
on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
with Government Auditing Standards**

To the Board of Directors of Princeton House Charter School, Inc.
a Charter School and Component Unit of the District
School Board of Orange County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Princeton House Charter School, Inc. (the "School"), a charter school and component unit of the District School Board of Orange County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 2, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McCrady & Associates, PLLC

Altamonte Springs, Florida
August 2, 2023

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**Additional Information Required by
Rules of the Auditor General,
Chapter 10.850, *Audits of Charter Schools
and Similar Entities***



McCrary & Associates
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

**Management Letter as Required by Rules of the Florida Auditor General,
Chapter 10.850, Florida Statutes, *Charter School Audits***

To the Board of Directors of Princeton House Charter School, Inc.,
a Charter School and Component Unit of the District
School Board of Orange County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Princeton House Charter School, Inc. (the "School") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated August 2, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, if applicable, which is dated, August 2, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5. Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title of the entity be disclosed in this management letter. The official title of the entity is Princeton House Charter School, Inc.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2., and 10.855(11). Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, applicable management, and Orange County School Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McCrady & Associates, PLLC

Altamonte Springs, Florida
August 2, 2023

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