

Duval Charter School at Flagler Center

A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc.
(A Component Unit of the Duval
County School Board, Florida)

Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



Duval Charter School at Flagler Center

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc.
Jacksonville, Florida

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Duval Charter School at Flagler Center (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the Duval County School Board, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the School, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Grants Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the School are intended to present the financial position and change in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities and each major fund of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. that is attributable to the transactions of the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and the changes in its financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year ended June 30, 2023 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

CPAs + Trusted Advisors

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2023 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida
September 27, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



**Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Management’s Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023**

As management of Duval Charter School at Flagler Center (the “School”), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the Duval County School Board, Florida (the “School Board”), we offer readers of the School’s basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Management’s discussion and analysis is included at the beginning of the School’s basic financial statements to provide, in layman’s terms, the current position of the School’s financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit, which consists of the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Our basic financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year’s operations.

- As of June 30, 2023, the School’s fund balances were \$ 683,420 as compared to \$ 1,367,801 at June 30, 2022.
- As of June 30, 2023, the School had net position (deficit) of \$ (1,902,825) as compared to \$ (1,415,816) at June 30, 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School’s basic financial statements. The School’s basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide basic financial statements, 2) fund basic financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School’s finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School’s assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the net position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School’s net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this Statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected revenues and services rendered but unpaid).

The government-wide financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by grants and entitlements from the state for full-time equivalent funding. The School does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the School primarily include instruction and instructional support services.

The government-wide basic financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide basic financial statements, governmental fund basic financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The General Fund, Grants Fund, Capital Project Fund and Club and Activities Fund are considered to be the School's major funds.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds, except the Club and Activities Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Grants Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 16 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 26 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

This is the School's seventh year of operations; therefore, comparative government-wide data is presented. The School's net position (deficit) was \$ (1,902,825) at June 30, 2023. This amount represents net investment in capital assets (deficit) of \$ (2,550,616), restricted net position of \$ 34,192 and unrestricted net position \$ 613,599. The School's net position (deficit) was \$ (1,415,816) at June 30, 2022. This amount represented net investment in capital assets (deficit) of \$ (2,747,015), restricted net position of \$ 59,375 and unrestricted net position of \$ 1,271,824.

**Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023**

Our analysis in the table below focuses on the net position (deficit) of the School's governmental activities:

Duval Charter School at Flagler Center Net Position (Deficit)		
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Assets:		
Current and other assets	\$ 1,622,923	\$ 1,921,415
Noncurrent assets	12,821,582	12,915,668
Total assets	14,444,505	14,837,083
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities	1,296,225	891,066
Noncurrent liabilities	15,051,105	15,361,833
Total liabilities	16,347,330	16,252,899
Net Position (Deficit):		
Net investment in capital assets (deficit)	(2,550,616)	(2,747,015)
Restricted	34,192	59,375
Unrestricted	613,599	1,271,824
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (1,902,825)	\$ (1,415,816)

Current and other assets declined due to a drop in the School's cash position. Capital assets, net of depreciation decreased due to depreciation expense of approximately \$ 584,600 offset by the addition of \$ 490,563 in capital assets. Current liabilities rose mainly due to an increase in trade payables. Noncurrent liabilities decreased due to principal payments made on the School's lease liabilities.

Governmental Activities: The results of the year's operations for the School as a whole are reported in the statement of activities on page 10. The table below provides a condensed presentation of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

Duval Charter School at Flagler Center Change in Net Position		
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Revenues:		
General revenues	\$ 7,478,622	\$ 6,844,239
Program revenues	3,376,994	2,947,501
Total revenues	10,855,616	9,791,740
Functions/Program Expenses:		
Instruction	4,175,862	3,694,973
Instructional support services	4,067,718	3,038,360
Operation of noninstructional services	3,099,045	2,769,483
Total expenses	11,342,625	9,502,816
Change in net position	\$ (487,009)	\$ 288,924

**Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Management’s Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023**

General revenues increased compared to the previous year due to a rise in enrollment and Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenue. The program revenues rose due to an increase in local capital improvement funding. Total expenses rose due to an increase in instructional and non-instructional services.

Governmental Fund Expenditures

In the table below, we have presented the cost of the largest functions/programs as a percentage of total governmental expenditures:

Functions/Programs	2023		2022	
	Expenditures	Percent	Expenditures	Percent
Governmental expenditures:				
Instructional expenditures	\$ 3,922,803	35%	\$ 3,514,814	36%
Debt service	1,376,646	12%	1,405,524	15%
Plant operations and maintenance	2,334,290	20%	1,209,025	12%
Administrative services	705,202	6%	740,652	8%
Fiscal services	1,426,875	12%	946,913	10%
All other functions/programs	1,774,181	15%	1,857,648	19%
Total governmental expenditures	\$ <u>11,539,997</u>	<u>100%</u>	\$ <u>9,674,576</u>	<u>100%</u>

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets: At June 30, 2023, the School had capital assets of \$ 12,821,582, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, invested in intangible right to use assets, furniture, fixtures and equipment, computer equipment and improvements other than building as compared to \$ 12,915,668 at June 30, 2022.

Debt: At June 30, 2023, the School had outstanding debt of \$ 15,372,198 as compared to \$ 15,662,683 at June 30, 2022. Additional information on the School’s debt can be found in Notes 7 and 8 on pages 23 and 24.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

State source revenues were consistent to budget projections. Local source revenues were unfavorable to budget due to reduced grant revenues. Total General Fund revenues were unfavorable to budget by \$ 795,792. Total General Fund expenditures were favorable to budget by \$ 724,918 due to savings in operations of plant and capital outlay. Overall, the School ended the year with a decrease in fund balance of \$ 659,198.

Economic Factors and Next Year’s Budget

In fiscal year 2023, the State of Florida continued to include a teacher salary increase allocation (TSIA) of \$ 800 million. The capital outlay funding pool ended up at \$ 196.2 million. In addition to the TSIA, teachers also received a compensation increase to align overall salaries with district levels.

For fiscal year 2024, the teacher salary increase allocation will be \$ 1.1 billion and will continue to be part of FEFP funding. Additionally, the State of Florida approved an increase to the base funding allocation and capital outlay. A 3% merit increase for all staff was included in the budget. All other expenditures are budgeted in alignment with enrollment changes and the School’s strategic objectives.

Requests for Information

If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact Michael Valdes, Controller - School Accounting; Charter Schools USA, 800 Corporate Drive, Suite 700, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33334.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Statement of Net Position (Deficit)
June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,179,202
Other receivables	7,415
Due from related party	446
Due from other governments	171,715
Prepaid items	236,145
Deposits	<u>28,000</u>
Total current assets	<u>1,622,923</u>
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets (depreciable and amortizable), net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>12,821,582</u>
Total assets	<u>14,444,505</u>
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	441,191
Salaries and wages payable	400,251
Due to management company	87,315
Due to related parties	10,746
Compensated absences	26,722
Leases	<u>330,000</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>1,296,225</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Compensated absences	8,907
Leases	<u>15,042,198</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>15,051,105</u>
Total liabilities	<u>16,347,330</u>
Commitments (Note 10)	-
Net Position (Deficit):	
Net investment in capital assets (deficit)	(2,550,616)
Restricted for extracurricular activities	34,192
Unrestricted	<u>613,599</u>
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (1,902,825)</u>

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	<u>Program Revenues</u>				<u>Governmental</u>
	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Activities Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position</u>
Functions/Programs:					
Instruction	\$ 4,175,862	\$ -	\$ 726,604	\$ -	\$ (3,449,258)
Student support services	513,827	-	141,639	-	(372,188)
Instructional media services	-	-	-	-	-
Instruction and curriculum development services	93	-	-	-	(93)
Instruction staff training services	23,195	-	3,584	-	(19,611)
Instruction related technology	160,494	-	-	-	(160,494)
Board	20,596	-	-	-	(20,596)
School administration	705,202	-	45,435	-	(659,767)
Fiscal services	1,426,875	-	-	-	(1,426,875)
Food services	266,700	89,029	233,856	-	56,185
Central services	55,055	-	-	-	(55,055)
Operation of plant	1,394,350	-	52,770	625,334	(716,246)
Maintenance of plant	1,270,557	-	-	-	(1,270,557)
Community services	124,491	295,562	2,551	-	173,622
Extracurricular activities	119,167	-	93,984	-	(25,183)
Interest on long-term debt	1,086,161	-	-	1,066,646	(19,515)
	<u>\$ 11,342,625</u>	<u>\$ 384,591</u>	<u>\$ 1,300,423</u>	<u>\$ 1,691,980</u>	<u>(7,965,631)</u>
Total governmental activities					
General revenues:					
					7,422,922
					29,663
					<u>26,037</u>
					7,478,622
					<u>(487,009)</u>
					(1,415,816)
					<u>\$ (1,902,825)</u>

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2023

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Grants Fund</u>	<u>Capital Project Fund</u>	<u>Club and Activities Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,133,347	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,855	\$ 1,179,202
Other receivables	7,415	-	-	-	7,415
Due from related party	446	-	-	-	446
Due from other governments	-	125,811	45,904	-	171,715
Due from other funds	183,378	-	-	-	183,378
Prepaid items	236,145	-	-	-	236,145
Deposits	28,000	-	-	-	28,000
	<u>1,588,731</u>	<u>125,811</u>	<u>45,904</u>	<u>45,855</u>	<u>1,806,301</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,588,731</u>	<u>\$ 125,811</u>	<u>\$ 45,904</u>	<u>\$ 45,855</u>	<u>\$ 1,806,301</u>
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 441,191	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 441,191
Due to management company	87,315	-	-	-	87,315
Salaries and wages payable	400,251	-	-	-	400,251
Due to related parties	10,746	-	-	-	10,746
Due to other funds	-	125,811	45,904	11,663	183,378
	<u>939,503</u>	<u>125,811</u>	<u>45,904</u>	<u>11,663</u>	<u>1,122,881</u>
Total liabilities	<u>939,503</u>	<u>125,811</u>	<u>45,904</u>	<u>11,663</u>	<u>1,122,881</u>
Commitments (Note 10)	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	236,145	-	-	-	236,145
Deposits	28,000	-	-	-	28,000
Restricted for extracurricular activities	-	-	-	34,192	34,192
Unassigned	385,083	-	-	-	385,083
	<u>649,228</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>34,192</u>	<u>683,420</u>
Total fund balances	<u>649,228</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>34,192</u>	<u>683,420</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,588,731</u>	<u>\$ 125,811</u>	<u>\$ 45,904</u>	<u>\$ 45,855</u>	<u>\$ 1,806,301</u>

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds
 to the Statement of Net Position (Deficit)
 June 30, 2023**

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 683,420

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (deficit) are different because:

The cost of capital assets acquired is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The statement of net position (deficit) includes those capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, among the assets of the School as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$	17,270,033		
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		<u>(4,448,451)</u>		12,821,582

Liabilities not payable with current available resources are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide statements.

Compensated absences	\$	(35,629)		
Leases		<u>(15,372,198)</u>		<u>(15,407,827)</u>

Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities \$ (1,902,825)

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Grants Fund</u>	<u>Capital Project Fund</u>	<u>Club and Activities Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:					
Federal through state	\$ -	\$ 1,145,996	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,145,996
State sources	7,438,958	3,218	533,951	-	7,976,127
Local sources	185,918	-	1,158,029	93,984	1,437,931
Aftercare	295,562	-	-	-	295,562
Total revenues	<u>7,920,438</u>	<u>1,149,214</u>	<u>1,691,980</u>	<u>93,984</u>	<u>10,855,616</u>
Expenditures:					
Instruction	3,335,832	586,971	-	-	3,922,803
Student support services	372,188	141,639	-	-	513,827
Instruction and curriculum development services	93	-	-	-	93
Instructional staff training services	19,611	3,584	-	-	23,195
Instruction related technology	160,494	-	-	-	160,494
Board	20,596	-	-	-	20,596
School administration	659,767	45,435	-	-	705,202
Fiscal services	1,426,875	-	-	-	1,426,875
Food services	32,844	233,856	-	-	266,700
Central services	55,055	-	-	-	55,055
Operation of plant	425,479	12,920	625,334	-	1,063,733
Maintenance of plant	1,270,557	-	-	-	1,270,557
Community services	121,940	2,551	-	-	124,491
Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	119,167	119,167
Capital outlay	422,399	68,164	-	-	490,563
Debt service:					
Principal	310,000	-	-	-	310,000
Interest	-	-	1,066,646	-	1,066,646
Total expenditures	<u>8,633,730</u>	<u>1,095,120</u>	<u>1,691,980</u>	<u>119,167</u>	<u>11,539,997</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(713,292)</u>	<u>54,094</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(25,183)</u>	<u>(684,381)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfer in	54,094	-	-	-	54,094
Transfer out	-	(54,094)	-	-	(54,094)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>54,094</u>	<u>(54,094)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	(659,198)	-	-	(25,183)	(684,381)
Fund Balances, July 1, 2022	<u>1,308,426</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>59,375</u>	<u>1,367,801</u>
Fund Balances, June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 649,228</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 34,192</u>	<u>\$ 683,420</u>

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ (684,381)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as a provision for depreciation and amortization.

Cost of capital assets	\$	490,563	
Provision for depreciation and amortization		<u>(584,649)</u>	(94,086)

Principal payments on long-term debt are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			310,000
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Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Change in compensated absences	\$	973	
Provision for amortization of costs associated with leases		<u>(19,515)</u>	<u>(18,542)</u>

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (487,009)

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Statements of Revenues and Expenditures -
Budget and Actual - General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Revenues:				
State sources	\$ 7,474,768	\$ 7,412,406	\$ 7,438,958	\$ 26,552
Local sources	652,232	1,061,002	185,918	(875,084)
Aftercare	356,426	242,822	295,562	52,740
	<u>8,483,426</u>	<u>8,716,230</u>	<u>7,920,438</u>	<u>(795,792)</u>
Expenditures:				
Instruction	3,344,517	3,174,102	3,335,832	(161,730)
Student support services	201,285	290,471	372,188	(81,717)
Instruction media services	-	1,122	-	1,122
Instruction and curriculum development services	-	1,711	93	1,618
Instructional staff training services	9,500	22,023	19,611	2,412
Instruction related technology	165,185	173,041	160,494	12,547
Board	13,889	16,543	20,596	(4,053)
School administration	746,858	734,403	659,767	74,636
Fiscal services	1,420,645	1,424,891	1,426,875	(1,984)
Food services	-	19,008	32,844	(13,836)
Central services	52,582	51,809	55,055	(3,246)
Operation of plant	1,070,927	1,147,813	425,479	722,334
Maintenance of plant	254,548	262,546	1,270,557	(1,008,011)
Community services	220,695	162,138	121,940	40,198
Capital outlay	700,185	1,010,644	422,399	588,245
Debt service:				
Principal	337,798	327,798	310,000	17,798
Interest	573,822	538,585	-	538,585
	<u>9,112,436</u>	<u>9,358,648</u>	<u>8,633,730</u>	<u>724,918</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(629,010)</u>	<u>(642,418)</u>	<u>(713,292)</u>	<u>(70,874)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfer in	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>54,094</u>	<u>54,094</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (629,010)</u>	<u>\$ (642,418)</u>	<u>\$ (659,198)</u>	<u>\$ (16,780)</u>

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -
Budget and Actual - Grants Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Revenues:				
Federal sources:				
National School Lunch Program	\$ 146,821	\$ 197,720	\$ 230,638	\$ 32,918
21st Century	-	958	-	(958)
Title II	49,101	33,317	20,381	(12,936)
Title IV	36,081	20,432	28,719	8,287
ESSER I	-	-	958	958
ESSER II	21,718	125,692	287,316	161,624
ESSER III	786,463	1,217,637	575,365	(642,272)
IDEA	-	-	2,619	2,619
State sources:				
National School Lunch Program	-	-	3,218	3,218
Total revenues	<u>1,040,184</u>	<u>1,595,756</u>	<u>1,149,214</u>	<u>(446,542)</u>
Expenditures:				
Instruction	461,788	510,783	586,971	(76,188)
Student support services	144,162	231,339	141,639	89,700
Instructional staff training services	39,847	33,879	3,584	30,295
School administration	247,566	593,385	45,435	547,950
Food services	145,759	197,720	233,856	(36,136)
Operation of plant	1,062	-	12,920	(12,920)
Community services	-	-	2,551	(2,551)
Capital outlay	-	28,650	68,164	(39,514)
Total expenditures	<u>1,040,184</u>	<u>1,595,756</u>	<u>1,095,120</u>	<u>500,636</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>54,094</u>	<u>54,094</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfer out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(54,094)</u>	<u>(54,094)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Duval Charter School at Flagler Center (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the Duval County School Board, Florida, was established in July 2015 as a public charter school to serve students from kindergarten to eighth grade in Duval County. Renaissance Charter School, Inc. is a Florida nonprofit corporation organized in August 1998. There were 987 students enrolled for the 2022/2023 school year.

The basic financial statements of the School present only the balances, activity and disclosures related to the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, these basic financial statements only include balances, activity and disclosures related to the School.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring Duval County School Board. The current charter is effective until June 30, 2034, and may be renewed in increments of five years by mutual written agreement between the School and the School Board. At the end of the term of the charter, the School Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter in which case the School Board is required to notify the School in writing at least ninety days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the School Board may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. Duval Charter School at Flagler Center is considered a component unit of the Duval County School Board.

The School may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the School regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly approved board. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As a result of evaluating the above criteria, management has determined that no component units exist for which the School is financially accountable which would require inclusion in the School's basic financial statements.

Basis of presentation: Based on the guidance presented in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide - Not-for-Profit Organizations and provisions of Section 228.056, Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

Government-wide financial statements: Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net position and the statement of activities, present information about the School as a whole.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the School's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School.

Fund financial statements: Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School in the governmental funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

The School's major governmental funds are as follows:

General Fund - this fund is used to account for all operating activities of the School except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Grants Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for federal grants and certain state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for state and local capital outlay funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Club and Activities Fund - This special revenue fund is used to administer funds raised and earned by the various clubs and activities that are part of the School.

Basis of accounting: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, or expenses, are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one hundred and twenty days of the end of the current period. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents: The School considers all demand accounts and money market funds which are not subject to withdrawal restrictions to be cash and cash equivalents.

The School maintains its cash accounts at one financial institution. The School's accounts at this institution, at times, may exceed the federally insured limit. The School has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk (Note 3).

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Revenue recognition: Student funding is provided by the State of Florida through the School Board. Such funding is recorded as entitlement revenue in the government-wide financial statements and state source revenue in the fund financial statements. This funding is received on a prorata basis over the twelve month period and is adjusted for changes in full-time equivalent (FTE) student population.

Income taxes: The School is a division of a nonprofit corporation. Revenue of the School is derived primarily from other governmental entities. The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements.

Capital assets: Property and equipment purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial cost of \$ 750 and useful life of over one year. Donated property and equipment are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Improvements other than building	10 years

The School has recorded a right to use lease asset as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use asset is initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue arises when the School receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Compensated absences: The School's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused paid time off, which is eligible for payment upon separation from services. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Payments for compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

Net position: Net position is classified in three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets (deficit) - represents the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted - consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted - indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations.

Fund balance: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance classifications and also sets a hierarchy which details how the School may spend funds based on certain constraints. The following are the fund balance classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements:

- Nonspendable - this classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School classifies inventories, prepaid items, long-term notes receivable and deposits as nonspendable since they are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted - this classification includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as grantors and creditors or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- Committed - this classification includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes voted on through formal action of the Board of Directors (the highest level of decision making authority). The committed amount cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the commitment through formal action.
- Assigned - this classification includes amounts that the Board of Directors intends to use for a specific purpose but they are neither restricted nor committed. The School classifies existing fund balance to be used in the subsequent year's budget for elimination of a deficit as assigned.
- Unassigned - this classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 11.

When the School incurs expenditures for which restricted or unrestricted fund balance is available, the School would consider restricted funds to be spent first. When the School has expenditures for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance is available, the School would consider committed funds to be spent first, then assigned funds and lastly unassigned funds.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budget: An operating budget is adopted and maintained by the governing board for all governmental funds, except the Club and Activities Fund, pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Date of management review: Subsequent events were evaluated by management through September 27, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the deposits and cash on hand totaled \$ 1,179,202, with a bank balance of \$ 1,190,899.

State statutes require, and it is the School's policy, that all deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified public depositories" as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This Statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintain eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimum collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and the reporting requirements of the qualified public depositor to the Treasurer is defined by statute. Collateral is pooled in a multiple qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess members of the pool should the need arise. The School's deposits are held in a qualified public depository and are covered by the collateral pool because the School has identified itself as a public entity.

Note 4 - Interfund Receivables and Payables and Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds			Amount
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		
General Fund	Grants Fund	\$	125,811
General Fund	Capital Project Fund		45,904
General Fund	Club and Activities Fund		<u>11,663</u>
		\$	<u><u>183,378</u></u>

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	<u>Transfers In</u> <u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>
Transfers Out: Grants Fund	\$ <u><u>54,094</u></u>

During the year, transfers were used to move grant revenue received in the current year for prior year expenditures to the General Fund.

Note 5 - Due To/From Related Party

The School is a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. ("RCS"). The due to/from balances represent amounts that are due to/from RCS and other schools that share common board membership and are departments of RCS.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2022	Additions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2023
Capital assets being depreciated/ amortized:				
Improvements other than building	\$ 76,591	\$ 364,760	\$ -	\$ 441,351
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	758,013	57,639	33,386	849,038
Computer equipment	1,444,766	68,164	(33,386)	1,479,544
Intangible right to use:				
Building	<u>14,500,100</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,500,100</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	<u>16,779,470</u>	<u>490,563</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,270,033</u>

Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

Note 6 - Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance at July 1, 2022	Additions	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2023
Accumulated depreciation/ amortization:				
Improvements other than building	18,399	8,393	(3,102)	23,690
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	695,225	34,783	-	730,008
Computer equipment	1,031,969	219,249	-	1,251,218
Intangible right to use:				
Building	2,118,209	322,224	3,102	2,443,535
 Total accumulated depreciation/ amortization	<u>3,863,802</u>	<u>584,649</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,448,451</u>
 Net capital assets being depreciated/amortized	<u>\$ 12,915,668</u>	<u>\$ (94,086)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 12,821,582</u>

Provision for depreciation and amortization was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 254,032
Operation of plant	<u>330,617</u>
	<u>\$ 584,649</u>

Note 7 - Leases

The School entered into a lease arrangement with Red Apple at Flagler Center, LLC for use of its facility. This lease arrangement was entered into as part of a transaction consisting of a bond issuance by Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and Red Apple Development, Inc. (Note 10). The lease requires monthly principal and interest payments through June 2046. As of June 30, 2023, the net book value of the leased facility is approximately \$ 12,057,000. Amortization of the leased facility is included with depreciation expense.

Future minimum payments at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 330,000	\$ 1,044,865	\$ 1,374,865
2025	355,000	1,021,815	1,376,815
2026	375,000	997,940	1,372,940
2027	400,000	974,990	1,374,990
2028	425,000	950,690	1,375,690
2029-2033	2,545,000	4,331,949	6,876,949
2034-2038	3,430,000	3,452,199	6,882,199
2039-2043	4,635,000	2,246,327	6,881,327
2044-2046	<u>3,326,059</u>	<u>576,903</u>	<u>3,902,962</u>
	<u>\$ 15,821,059</u>	<u>\$ 15,597,678</u>	<u>\$ 31,418,737</u>

Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the School’s long-term liabilities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Amortization	Balance at June 30, 2023	Amount Due Within One Year
Lease - building, net of unamortized costs of \$ 448,861	\$ 15,662,683	\$ -	\$ 310,000	\$ 19,515	\$ 15,372,198	\$ 330,000
Compensated absences	36,602	81,909	82,882	-	35,629	26,722
	<u>\$ 15,699,285</u>	<u>\$ 81,909</u>	<u>\$ 392,882</u>	<u>\$ 19,515</u>	<u>\$ 15,407,827</u>	<u>\$ 356,722</u>

Note 9 - Employee Benefit Plan

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School offered all of its full-time employees who had attained 21 years of age, a retirement plan (the “Plan”) under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The employee is allowed to contribute up to a maximum of 100% of his/her annual gross compensation, subject to certain limitations. The Plan provides for a discretionary employer matching contribution of the participant’s annual elective deferral to the Plan. As determined annually by the School’s management, the School may also make a discretionary profit sharing contribution, which is allocated among the participants based on a pro rata formula. Participants are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions. Participants become vested in School contributions and earnings on School contributions according to the following schedule:

<u>Years of Service</u>	<u>Vesting Percentage</u>
1	25%
2	50%
3	75%
4	100%

Nonvested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment and such forfeitures are used to reduce any employer contribution. For the plan year ended December 31, 2022, there were \$ 2,702 in forfeitures. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School contributed a matching amount of \$ 14,377.

Note 10 - Commitments

Management agreement: The School has a formal agreement with Charter Schools USA at Flagler Center, LLC (“CSUSA”) to manage, staff and operate the School. The agreement states that CSUSA shall be entitled to cost reimbursements and management fees (the “fee”) for its services, subject to availability of funds. The fee is subordinated to all lease payment requirements (Note 7). Total cost reimbursements and management fees amounted to \$ 1,411,330 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The fee ranges from \$ 1,439,556 for fiscal year 2024 to \$ 2,225,524 for fiscal year 2046 as defined in the agreement or the budgeted amount approved by the Board of Directors based on enrollment and School performance. The agreement will automatically renew for five-year periods unless terminated by either party.

The School has an amount of \$ 87,315 due to CSUSA at June 30, 2023 for expenses paid on behalf of the School.

Note 10 - Commitments (continued)

Lease agreement: In November 2015, the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") issued \$ 86,835,000 in Tax Exempt Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A and \$ 9,145,000 in Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2015B pursuant to an Indenture of Trust between the Corporation and a trustee to make a loan to Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. ("REN"), a division of which the School exists, and Red Apple Development, LLC and subsidiaries ("RAD") to finance the acquisition of the facilities of seven charter schools existing under Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. In order to secure the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds, the Corporation assigned all of its rights and interest in the loan agreement to the trustee. The bonds are payable from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of payments to be received by the trustee.

Concurrent with the preceding loan transaction, RAD, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, entered into five lease agreements with REN. The facilities which are owned by RAD are leased by REN on behalf of the schools under a 45-year lease (Note 7). The leases are deemed to be intangible right to use leases and the lease payments are based on the debt service requirements of the bonds which extend through June 2046. These payments are made from the revenues received from the Duval County School Board for the operation of the Schools. REN is obligated under the Indenture to deposit all Charter revenues received from the School Board and additional revenues, if any, directly with the trustee during the term of the lease. The payments are applied by the trustee to make sinking fund payments and pay for operating expenses.

In addition to the lease payments noted in Note 7, the School is required to pay incremental rent payments to RAD. The incremental rent payments range from approximately \$ 138,900 to \$ 139,100 per year over the term of the agreement which is through June 2046. For the year ending June 30, 2023, there was \$ 139,040 paid in incremental rent.

Post-retirement benefits: The School does not provide post-retired benefits to retired employees.

Note 11 - Capital Appropriations Funding

The Florida Department of Education has approved a Charter School Capital Outlay (CSCO) award for the School. In each year that funds are appropriated by the state for charter school capital outlay purposes, those funds are allocated among eligible charter schools. The funds for the School's allocation are transferred to the School once a CSCO Plan has been provided to and approved by the sponsoring School Board. The School's CSCO Award totaled \$ 533,951 for the 2022/2023 school year which has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying financial statements. If the CSCO funds are used to acquire tangible property assets, the School Board has a reversionary interest in those assets. In the event of nonrenewal, termination, or breach of the charter school agreement, ownership of the assets would automatically revert to the School Board. The School has elected to use these funds to pay a portion of interest expense on the lease.

Local Capital Improvement Revenue (LCIR) funds are also appropriated by the School Board for charter school capital outlay purposes, with funds being allocated among eligible charter schools in a similar manner to the CSCO award. The School's LCIR Award totaled \$ 1,158,029 for the 2022/2023 school year which has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets and natural disasters. The School has obtained property insurance from commercial companies including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance. There were no claims in excess of insurance coverage limits during the past three years.

As disclosed in Note 10, CSUSA employs all of the employees of the School. As a result, the School is not exposed to medical or workers' compensation claims for these individuals. In addition, CSUSA carries all required insurance including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER
MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors
Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc.
Jacksonville, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Duval Charter School at Flagler Center (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the Duval County School Board, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida
September 27, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

To the Board of Directors
Duval Charter School at Flagler Center
A Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc.
Jacksonville, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Duval Charter School at Flagler Center (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the Duval County School Board, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2023.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated September 27, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title of the entity and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education be disclosed in this management letter. The official title and the school code assigned by the Florida Department of Education are Duval Charter School at Flagler Center and 165591.

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Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2. and 10.855(11), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Additional Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors and applicable management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.



KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida
September 27, 2023